98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB2531

by Rep. La Shawn K. Ford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 2630/5.2

Amends the Criminal Identification Act. Permits the sealing of records for Class 4 felony offenses under the Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act, Class 4 felony offenses under the Steroid Control Act, Class 3 and 4 felony offenses of possession of cannabis under the Cannabis Control Act, Class 3 felony offenses of possession of methamphetamine under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, and Class 2, 3, and 4 felony offenses of manufacturing or delivering controlled substances under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; felony prostitution; Class 3 and 4 felony offenses of theft, retail theft), deceptive practices, forgery, and possession of burglary tools; Class 2 felony offenses of burglary; and certain theft and VIN alteration offenses related to motor vehicles and other vehicles under the Illinois Vehicle Code.

LRB098 09501 RLC 39644 b

AN ACT concerning State government.

1

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by
changing Section 5.2 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 2630/5.2)

7 Sec. 5.2. Expungement and sealing.

8 (a) General Provisions.

9 (1) Definitions. In this Act, words and phrases have 10 the meanings set forth in this subsection, except when a 11 particular context clearly requires a different meaning.

12 (A) The following terms shall have the meanings
13 ascribed to them in the Unified Code of Corrections,
14 730 ILCS 5/5-1-2 through 5/5-1-22:

(i) Business Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-2), 15 16 (ii) Charge (730 ILCS 5/5-1-3), 17 (iii) Court (730 ILCS 5/5-1-6), 18 (iv) Defendant (730 ILCS 5/5-1-7), 19 (v) Felony (730 ILCS 5/5-1-9), 20 (vi) Imprisonment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-10), 21 (vii) Judgment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-12), 22 (viii) Misdemeanor (730 ILCS 5/5-1-14), 23 (ix) Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-15),

- 2 - LRB098 09501 RLC 39644 b

1 (x) Parole (730 ILCS 5/5-1-16), 2 (xi) Petty Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-17), 3 (xii) Probation (730 ILCS 5/5-1-18), 4 (xiii) Sentence (730 ILCS 5/5-1-19), 5 (xiv) Supervision (730 ILCS 5/5-1-21), and 6 (xv) Victim (730 ILCS 5/5-1-22).

HB2531

(B) As used in this Section, "charge not initiated
by arrest" means a charge (as defined by 730 ILCS
5/5-1-3) brought against a defendant where the
defendant is not arrested prior to or as a direct
result of the charge.

12 (C) "Conviction" means a judgment of conviction or 13 sentence entered upon a plea of guilty or upon a 14 verdict or finding of guilty of an offense, rendered by 15 a legally constituted jury or by a court of competent 16 jurisdiction authorized to try the case without a jury. 17 An order of supervision successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of qualified 18 19 probation (as defined in subsection (a) (1) (J)) 20 successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of supervision or an order of 21 22 qualified probation is terminated that 23 unsatisfactorily conviction, is а unless the 24 unsatisfactory termination is reversed, vacated, or 25 modified and the judgment of conviction, if any, is 26 reversed or vacated.

- 3 - LRB098 09501 RLC 39644 b

1 (D) "Criminal offense" means a petty offense, 2 business offense, misdemeanor, felony, or municipal 3 ordinance violation (as defined in subsection 4 (a)(1)(H)). As used in this Section, a minor traffic 5 offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)) shall not 6 be considered a criminal offense.

7 (E) "Expunge" means to physically destroy the 8 records or return them to the petitioner and to 9 obliterate the petitioner's name from any official 10 index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act 11 shall require the physical destruction of the circuit 12 court file, but such records relating to arrests or 13 charges, or both, ordered expunged shall be impounded 14 required by subsections (d)(9)(A)(ii) as and 15 (d)(9)(B)(ii).

16 (F) As used in this Section, "last sentence" means 17 the sentence, order of supervision, or order of 18 qualified probation (as defined by subsection 19 (a) (1) (J), for a criminal offense (as defined by 20 subsection (a)(1)(D)) that terminates last in time in any jurisdiction, regardless of whether the petitioner 21 has included the criminal offense for which the 22 23 order of supervision sentence or or qualified 24 probation was imposed in his or her petition. If 25 multiple sentences, orders of supervision, or orders 26 of qualified probation terminate on the same day and are last in time, they shall be collectively considered
 the "last sentence" regardless of whether they were
 ordered to run concurrently.

4 (G) "Minor traffic offense" means a petty offense, 5 business offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the 6 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a 7 municipal or local ordinance.

8 (H) "Municipal ordinance violation" means an 9 offense defined by a municipal or local ordinance that 10 is criminal in nature and with which the petitioner was 11 charged or for which the petitioner was arrested and 12 released without charging.

(I) "Petitioner" means an adult or a minor
prosecuted as an adult who has applied for relief under
this Section.

16 (J) "Qualified probation" means an order of 17 probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, 18 19 Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and 20 Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of Corrections, Section 12-4.3(b)(1) and 21 22 (2) of the Criminal Code of 1961 (as those provisions 23 existed before their deletion by Public Act 89-313), Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other 24 25 Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism 26 and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10

of the Steroid Control Act. For the purpose of this 1 2 Section, "successful completion" of an order of 3 qualified probation under Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act and 4 5 Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act means that the probation was 6 7 terminated satisfactorily and the judgment of 8 conviction was vacated.

9 (K) "Seal" means to physically and electronically 10 maintain the records, unless the records would 11 otherwise be destroyed due to age, but to make the 12 records unavailable without a court order, subject to 13 the exceptions in Sections 12 and 13 of this Act. The 14 petitioner's name shall also be obliterated from the 15 official index required to be kept by the circuit court 16 clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 17 any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order to seal shall not be affected. 18

(L) "Sexual offense committed against a minor"
includes but is not limited to the offenses of indecent
solicitation of a child or criminal sexual abuse when
the victim of such offense is under 18 years of age.

(M) "Terminate" as it relates to a sentence or
 order of supervision or qualified probation includes
 either satisfactory or unsatisfactory termination of
 the sentence, unless otherwise specified in this

1 Section.

2 (2) Minor Traffic Offenses. Orders of supervision or 3 convictions for minor traffic offenses shall not affect a 4 petitioner's eligibility to expunge or seal records 5 pursuant to this Section.

6 (3) Exclusions. Except as otherwise provided in 7 subsections (b)(5), (b)(6), (e), and (e-5) of this Section, 8 the court shall not order:

9 (A) the sealing or expungement of the records of arrests or charges not initiated by arrest that result 10 11 in an order of supervision for or conviction of: (i) 12 any sexual offense committed against a minor; (ii) 13 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or 14 (iii) Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 15 16 similar provision of a local ordinance, unless the 17 arrest or charge is for a misdemeanor violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-503 or a similar provision 18 19 of a local ordinance, that occurred prior to the 20 offender reaching the age of 25 years and the offender has no other conviction for violating Section 11-501 or 21 22 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar 23 provision of a local ordinance.

(B) the sealing or expungement of records of minor
 traffic offenses (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)),
 unless the petitioner was arrested and released

- 7 - LRB098 09501 RLC 39644 b

HB2531

18

19

20

26

1 without charging.

(C) the sealing of the records of arrests or
 charges not initiated by arrest which result in
 <u>convictions</u> an order of supervision, an order of
 qualified probation (as defined in subsection
 (a) (1) (J)), or a conviction for the following
 offenses:

8 (i) offenses included in Article 11 of the 9 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 10 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, except 11 Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the 12 Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar provision of a 13 local ordinance;

 14
 (ii) Section 11-1.50, 12-3.4, 12-15, 12-30,

 15
 26-5, or 48-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the

 16
 Criminal Code of 2012, or a similar provision of a

 17
 local ordinance;

(iii) offenses defined as "crimes of violence" in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

(iv) offenses which are Class A misdemeanors
 under the Humane Care for Animals Act; or

(v) any offense or attempted offense that
would subject a person to registration under the
Sex Offender Registration Act.

(D) the sealing of the records of <u>arrests or</u>

charges not initiated by arrest an arrest which result 1 results in a felony conviction the petitioner being 2 charged with a felony offense or records of a charge 3 not initiated by arrest for a felony offense unless: 4 5 (i) the charge is amended to a misdemeanor and is otherwise eligible to be sealed pursuant to 6 7 subsection (c); (ii) the charge is brought along with another 8 9 charge as a part of one case and the charge results 10 in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when the 11 conviction was reversed or vacated, and another 12 charge brought in the same case results in a disposition for a misdemeanor offense that is 13 eligible to be sealed pursuant to subsection (c) or 14 a disposition listed in paragraph (i), (iii), or 15 16 (iv) of this subsection; 17 (iii) the charge results in first offender probation as set forth in subsection (c) (2) (E); 18 (iv) the charge is for a Class 4 felony offense 19 20 listed in subsection (c) (2) (F) or the charge is amended to a Class 4 felony offense listed in 21 22 subsection (c)(2)(F). Records of arrests which 23 result in the petitioner being charged with a Class 4 felony offense listed in subsection (c) (2) (F), 24 records of charges not initiated by arrest for 25 26 Class 4 felony offenses listed in subsection

1	(c)(2)(F), and records of charges amended to a
2	Class 4 felony offense listed in (c)(2)(F) may be
3	sealed, regardless of the disposition, subject to
4	any waiting periods set forth in subsection
5	(c)(3);
6	(v) the charge results in acquittal,
7	dismissal, or the petitioner's release without
8	conviction; or
9	(vi) the charge results in a conviction, but
10	the conviction was reversed or vacated.
11	(b) Expungement.
12	(1) A petitioner may petition the circuit court to
13	expunge the records of his or her arrests and charges not
14	initiated by arrest when:
15	(A) He or she has never been convicted of a
16	criminal offense; and
17	(B) Each arrest or charge not initiated by arrest
18	sought to be expunged resulted in: (i) acquittal,
19	dismissal, or the petitioner's release without
20	charging, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B);
21	(ii) a conviction which was vacated or reversed, unless
22	excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (iii) an order of
23	supervision and such supervision was successfully
24	completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by
25	subsection (a)(3)(A) or (a)(3)(B); or (iv) an order of
26	qualified probation (as defined in subsection

(a) (1) (J)) and such probation was successfully
 completed by the petitioner.

3

(2) Time frame for filing a petition to expunge.

(A) When the arrest or charge not initiated by
arrest sought to be expunded resulted in an acquittal,
dismissal, the petitioner's release without charging,
or the reversal or vacation of a conviction, there is
no waiting period to petition for the expundement of
such records.

10 (B) When the arrest or charge not initiated by 11 arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an order of 12 supervision, successfully completed by the petitioner, 13 the following time frames will apply:

14 (i) Those arrests or charges that resulted in 15 orders of supervision under Section 3-707, 3-708, 16 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 17 similar provision of a local ordinance, or under Section 11-1.50, 12-3.2, or 12-15 of the Criminal 18 19 Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a 20 similar provision of a local ordinance, shall not 21 be eligible for expungement until 5 years have 22 passed following the satisfactory termination of 23 the supervision.

24 (i-5) Those arrests or charges that resulted
25 in orders of supervision for a misdemeanor
26 violation of subsection (a) of Section 11-503 of

the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of 1 2 a local ordinance, that occurred prior to the offender reaching the age of 25 years and the 3 offender has no other conviction for violating 4 5 Section 11-501 or 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance 6 7 shall not be eligible for expungement until the 8 petitioner has reached the age of 25 years.

9 (ii) Those arrests or charges that resulted in 10 orders of supervision for any other offenses shall 11 not be eligible for expungement until 2 years have 12 passed following the satisfactory termination of 13 the supervision.

14 (C) When the arrest or charge not initiated by 15 arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an order of 16 qualified probation, successfully completed by the 17 petitioner, such records shall not be eligible for 18 expungement until 5 years have passed following the 19 satisfactory termination of the probation.

(3) Those records maintained by the Department for
persons arrested prior to their 17th birthday shall be
expunged as provided in Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court
Act of 1987.

(4) Whenever a person has been arrested for or
convicted of any offense, in the name of a person whose
identity he or she has stolen or otherwise come into

possession of, the aggrieved person from whom the identity 1 was stolen or otherwise obtained without authorization, 2 3 upon learning of the person having been arrested using his or her identity, may, upon verified petition to the chief 4 5 judge of the circuit wherein the arrest was made, have a court order entered nunc pro tunc by the Chief Judge to 6 7 correct the arrest record, conviction record, if any, and 8 all official records of the arresting authority, the 9 Department, other criminal justice agencies, the 10 prosecutor, and the trial court concerning such arrest, if 11 any, by removing his or her name from all such records in 12 connection with the arrest and conviction, if any, and by inserting in the records the name of the offender, if known 13 14 or ascertainable, in lieu of the aggrieved's name. The 15 records of the circuit court clerk shall be sealed until 16 further order of the court upon good cause shown and the name of the aggrieved person obliterated on the official 17 index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under 18 Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall 19 20 not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order. Nothing in this Section 21 22 shall limit the Department of State Police or other 23 criminal justice agencies or prosecutors from listing 24 under an offender's name the false names he or she has 25 used.

26

(5) Whenever a person has been convicted of criminal

1 sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault, 2 predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal 3 sexual abuse, or aggravated criminal sexual abuse, the victim of that offense may request that the State's 4 Attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred 5 6 file a verified petition with the presiding trial judge at 7 the petitioner's trial to have a court order entered to seal the records of the circuit court clerk in connection 8 9 with the proceedings of the trial court concerning that 10 offense. However, the records of the arresting authority 11 and the Department of State Police concerning the offense 12 shall not be sealed. The court, upon good cause shown, 13 shall make the records of the circuit court clerk in 14 connection with the proceedings of the trial court 15 concerning the offense available for public inspection.

16 (6) If a conviction has been set aside on direct review
17 or on collateral attack and the court determines by clear
18 and convincing evidence that the petitioner was factually
19 innocent of the charge, the court shall enter an
20 expungement order as provided in subsection (b) of Section
21 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(7) Nothing in this Section shall prevent the
Department of State Police from maintaining all records of
any person who is admitted to probation upon terms and
conditions and who fulfills those terms and conditions
pursuant to Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section

410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 1 2 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of Corrections, 3 Section 12-4.3 or subdivision (b) (1) of Section 12-3.05 of 4 5 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug 6 7 Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other 8 Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid 9 Control Act.

10 (c) Sealing.

(1) Applicability. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, and cumulative with any rights to expungement of criminal records, this subsection authorizes the sealing of criminal records of adults and of minors prosecuted as adults.

16 (2) Eligible Records. The following records may be 17 sealed:

18 (A) All arrests resulting in release without19 charging;

(B) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
resulting in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when
the conviction was reversed or vacated, except as
excluded by subsection (a) (3) (B);

(C) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
 resulting in orders of supervision successfully
 completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by

1 subsection (a) (3);

(D) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in convictions unless excluded by subsection(a) (3);

(E) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in orders of first offender probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, or Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of Corrections; and

(F) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in Class 4 felony convictions for the following offenses:

(i) Class 4 felony offenses under the 15 16 Methamphetamine Precursor Control Act, Class 4 17 offenses under the Steroid Control Act, Class 3 and 4 offenses under Section 4 of the Cannabis Control 18 19 Act, Class 3 offenses under Section 60 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection 20 Act, and Class 2, 3, and 4 offenses under Section 21 22 401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act; 23 (ii) Prostitution under Section 11-14 of the 24 Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; 25 (iii) Class 3 and 4 offenses under Sections

16-1 (theft), 16-25 (retail theft), 17-1

HB2531

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

26

1	(deceptive practices), 17-3 (forgery), and 19-2
2	(possession of burglary tools) of the Criminal
3	Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012;
4	(iv) Class 2 offenses under Section 19-1
5	(burglary) of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
6	Criminal Code of 2012 and Section 4-103 (offenses
7	related to motor vehicles and other vehicles) of
8	the Illinois Vehicle Code.
9	(i) Section 11 14 of the Criminal Code of 1961
10	or the Criminal Code of 2012;
11	(ii) Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act;
12	(iii) Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled
13	Substances Act;
14	(iv) the Methamphetamine Precursor Control
15	Act; and
16	(v) the Steroid Control Act.
17	(3) When Records Are Eligible to Be Sealed. Records
18	identified as eligible under subsection (c)(2) may be
19	sealed as follows:
20	(A) Records identified as eligible under
21	subsection (c)(2)(A) and (c)(2)(B) may be sealed at any
22	time.
23	(B) Records identified as eligible under
24	subsection (c)(2)(C) may be sealed (i) 3 years after
25	the termination of petitioner's last sentence (as

1

2

3

4

5

6

never been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(D)); or (ii) 4 years after the termination of the petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(F)) if the petitioner has ever been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(D)).

7 (C) Records identified eligible as under subsections (c) (2) (D), (c) (2) (E), and (c) (2) (F) may be 8 9 sealed 4 years after the termination of the 10 petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection 11 (a) (1) (F)).

12 (D) Records identified in subsection 13 (a)(3)(A)(iii) may be sealed after the petitioner has 14 reached the age of 25 years.

15 (4) Subsequent felony convictions. A person may not 16 have subsequent felony conviction records sealed as 17 provided in this subsection (c) if he or she is convicted of any felony offense after the date of the sealing of 18 19 prior felony convictions as provided in this subsection 20 (c). The court may, upon conviction for a subsequent felony offense, order the unsealing of prior felony conviction 21 22 records previously ordered sealed by the court.

(5) Notice of eligibility for sealing. Upon entry of a
disposition for an eligible record under this subsection
(c), the petitioner shall be informed by the court of the
right to have the records sealed and the procedures for the

- 18 - LRB098 09501 RLC 39644 b

HB2531

1 sealing of the records.

2 (d) Procedure. The following procedures apply to 3 expungement under subsections (b) and (e), and sealing under 4 subsections (c) and (e-5):

5 (1) Filing the petition. Upon becoming eligible to petition for the expungement or sealing of records under 6 7 Section, the petitioner shall file a this petition 8 requesting the expungement or sealing of records with the 9 clerk of the court where the arrests occurred or the charges were brought, or both. If arrests occurred or 10 11 charges were brought in multiple jurisdictions, a petition 12 must be filed in each such jurisdiction. The petitioner shall pay the applicable fee, if not waived. 13

14 (2) Contents of petition. The petition shall be 15 verified and shall contain the petitioner's name, date of 16 birth, current address and, for each arrest or charge not 17 initiated by arrest sought to be sealed or expunged, the case number, the date of arrest (if any), the identity of 18 19 the arresting authority, and such other information as the 20 court may require. During the pendency of the proceeding, 21 the petitioner shall promptly notify the circuit court 22 clerk of any change of his or her address. If the 23 petitioner has received a certificate of eligibility for 24 sealing from the Prisoner Review Board under paragraph (10) 25 of subsection (a) of Section 3-3-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections, the certificate shall be attached to the 26

- 19 - LRB098 09501 RLC 39644 b

HB2531

1

petition.

2 (3) Drug test. The petitioner must attach to the 3 petition proof that the petitioner has passed a test taken within 30 days before the filing of the petition showing 4 5 the absence within his or her body of all illegal 6 substances as defined bv the Illinois Controlled 7 Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community 8 Protection Act, and the Cannabis Control Act if he or she 9 is petitioning to seal felony records under subsection 10 pursuant to clause (c) (2) (E) or (c) (2) (F) (i) or_{τ} 11 (c) (2) (F) (ii) - (v), or (c-5) or if he or she is petitioning 12 to expunge felony records of a qualified probation under 13 subsection pursuant to clause (b) (1) (B) (iv).

14 (4) Service of petition. The circuit court clerk shall
15 promptly serve a copy of the petition on the State's
16 Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting
17 the offense, the Department of State Police, the arresting
18 agency and the chief legal officer of the unit of local
19 government effecting the arrest.

20

(5) Objections.

(A) Any party entitled to notice of the petition
may file an objection to the petition. All objections
shall be in writing, shall be filed with the circuit
court clerk, and shall state with specificity the basis
of the objection.

26

(B) Objections to a petition to expunge or seal

1 must be filed within 60 days of the date of service of 2 the petition.

3 (6) Entry of order.

(A) The Chief Judge of the circuit wherein the 4 5 charge was brought, any judge of that circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less 6 than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge 7 at the petitioner's trial, if any, shall rule on the 8 9 petition to expunge or seal as set forth in this 10 subsection (d)(6).

(B) Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, the arresting agency, or the chief legal officer files an objection to the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days from the date of service of the petition, the court shall enter an order granting or denying the petition.

17 (7) Hearings. If an objection is filed, the court shall set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and all 18 19 parties entitled to notice of the petition of the hearing 20 date at least 30 days prior to the hearing, and shall hear evidence on whether the petition should or should not be 21 22 granted, and shall grant or deny the petition to expunge or 23 seal the records based on the evidence presented at the 24 hearing.

(8) Service of order. After entering an order to
 expunge or seal records, the court must provide copies of

1 the order to the Department, in a form and manner 2 prescribed by the Department, to the petitioner, to the 3 State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of 4 prosecuting the offense, to the arresting agency, to the 5 chief legal officer of the unit of local government 6 effecting the arrest, and to such other criminal justice 7 agencies as may be ordered by the court.

8

9

10

(9) Effect of order.

(A) Upon entry of an order to expunge records pursuant to (b)(2)(A) or (b)(2)(B)(ii), or both:

11 (i) the records shall be expunded (as defined 12 in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency, 13 the Department, and any other agency as ordered by 14 the court, within 60 days of the date of service of 15 the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or 16 reconsider the order is filed pursuant to 17 paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

(ii) the records of the circuit court clerk 18 shall be impounded until further order of the court 19 20 upon good cause shown and the name of the 21 petitioner obliterated on the official index 22 required to be kept by the circuit court clerk 23 under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall not affect any index issued by the 24 25 circuit court clerk before the entry of the order; 26 and

1 (iii) in response to an inquiry for expunged 2 records, the court, the Department, or the agency 3 receiving such inquiry, shall reply as it does in 4 response to inquiries when no records ever 5 existed.

(B) Upon entry of an order to expunge records pursuant to (b)(2)(B)(i) or (b)(2)(C), or both:

8 (i) the records shall be expunded (as defined 9 in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency 10 and any other agency as ordered by the court, 11 within 60 days of the date of service of the order, 12 unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider 13 the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of 14 subsection (d) of this Section;

15 (ii) the records of the circuit court clerk 16 shall be impounded until further order of the court 17 upon good cause shown and the name of the petitioner obliterated on the official 18 index 19 required to be kept by the circuit court clerk 20 under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 21 the order shall not affect any index issued by the 22 circuit court clerk before the entry of the order;

(iii) the records shall be impounded by the
Department within 60 days of the date of service of
the order as ordered by the court, unless a motion
to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed

6

7

1 2 pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

(iv) records impounded by the Department may 3 be disseminated by the Department only as required 4 5 by law or to the arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the 6 7 same or a similar offense or for the purpose of 8 sentencing for any subsequent felony, and to the 9 Department of Corrections upon conviction for any 10 offense; and

(v) in response to an inquiry for such records from anyone not authorized by law to access such records the court, the Department, or the agency receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed.

17 (C) Upon entry of an order to seal records under subsection (c), the arresting agency, any other agency 18 19 as ordered by the court, the Department, and the court 20 shall seal the records (as defined in subsection 21 (a) (1) (K)). In response to an inquiry for such records 22 from anyone not authorized by law to access such 23 records the court, the Department, or the agency 24 receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in 25 response to inquiries when no records ever existed. 26 (10) Fees. The Department may charge the petitioner a

fee equivalent to the cost of processing any order to 1 expunge or seal records. Notwithstanding any provision of 2 3 the Clerks of Courts Act to the contrary, the circuit court clerk may charge a fee equivalent to the cost associated 4 5 with the sealing or expungement of records by the circuit court clerk. From the total filing fee collected for the 6 7 petition to seal or expunge, the circuit court clerk shall deposit \$10 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 8 9 Administrative Fund, to be used to offset the costs 10 incurred by the circuit court clerk in performing the 11 additional duties required to serve the petition to seal or 12 expunge on all parties. The circuit court clerk shall collect and forward the Department of State Police portion 13 14 of the fee to the Department and it shall be deposited in 15 the State Police Services Fund.

16 (11) Final Order. No court order issued under the
17 expungement or sealing provisions of this Section shall
18 become final for purposes of appeal until 30 days after
19 service of the order on the petitioner and all parties
20 entitled to notice of the petition.

(12) Motion to Vacate, Modify, or Reconsider. The petitioner or any party entitled to notice may file a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order granting or denying the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days of service of the order.

26 (e) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense

is granted a pardon by the Governor which specifically 1 2 authorizes expungement, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been 3 convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief 4 5 Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial, have a court 6 7 order entered expunging the record of arrest from the official 8 records of the arresting authority and order that the records 9 of the circuit court clerk and the Department be sealed until 10 further order of the court upon good cause shown or as 11 otherwise provided herein, and the name of the defendant 12 obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the 13 circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the 14 15 offense for which he or she had been pardoned but the order 16 shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk 17 before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the Department may be disseminated by the Department only to the 18 19 arresting authority, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a 20 later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose 21 of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for 22 any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall 23 have access to all sealed records of the Department pertaining 24 to that individual. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the 25 circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to 26 the person who was pardoned.

(e-5) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an 1 2 offense is granted a certificate of eligibility for sealing by the Prisoner Review Board which specifically authorizes 3 sealing, he or she may, upon verified petition to the Chief 4 5 Judge of the circuit where the person had been convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in 6 7 counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding 8 trial judge at the petitioner's trial, have a court order 9 entered sealing the record of arrest from the official records 10 of the arresting authority and order that the records of the 11 circuit court clerk and the Department be sealed until further 12 order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the petitioner obliterated 13 14 from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act in 15 16 connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for 17 which he or she had been granted the certificate but the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk 18 before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the 19 20 Department may be disseminated by the Department only as required by this Act or to the arresting authority, a law 21 22 enforcement agency, the State's Attorney, and the court upon a 23 later arrest for the same or similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any subsequent felony. Upon conviction for 24 25 any subsequent offense, the Department of Corrections shall 26 have access to all sealed records of the Department pertaining

to that individual. Upon entry of the order of sealing, the circuit court clerk shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was granted the certificate of eligibility for sealing.

5 (f) Subject to available funding, the Illinois Department 6 of Corrections shall conduct a study of the impact of sealing, 7 especially on employment and recidivism rates, utilizing a 8 random sample of those who apply for the sealing of their criminal records under Public Act 93-211. At the request of the 9 10 Illinois Department of Corrections, records of the Illinois 11 Department of Employment Security shall be utilized as 12 appropriate to assist in the study. The study shall not 13 data in а manner that would disclose any allow the identification of any particular individual or employing unit. 14 15 The study shall be made available to the General Assembly no 16 later than September 1, 2010.

17 (Source: P.A. 96-409, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1401, eff. 7-29-10;
18 96-1532, eff. 1-1-12; 96-1551, Article 1, Section 905, eff.
19 7-1-11; 96-1551, Article 2, Section 925, eff. 7-1-11; 97-443,
20 eff. 8-19-11; 97-698, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1026, eff. 1-1-13;
21 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1109, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1118, eff.
22 1-1-13; 97-1120, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)