

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB1568

by Rep. Elaine Nekritz

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/6-205 625 ILCS 5/6-206 625 ILCS 5/6-208 625 ILCS 5/6-303

from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that certain persons ineligible to re-apply for a license may instead apply for a restricted driving permit after the expiration of 3 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation, provided the person proves by clear and convincing evidence a minimum 3 years of uninterrupted sobriety from alcohol and other drugs and the successful completion of all rehabilitative activity recommended by a properly licensed service provider. Provides that the Secretary of State shall cancel a restricted driving permit issued under the conditions if the holder fails to comply with ignition interlock device requirements and that such a person shall be ineligible to re-apply for restricted driving privileges. Provides that a bona fide resident of a foreign jurisdiction who would be eligible for a restricted driving permit under the new provisions if the person were a resident of Illinois may make application for termination of the revocation after a period of 10 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation. Provides that if a person who has been granted a termination of revocation subsequently becomes a resident, the revocation shall be reinstated and the person shall be subject to the provisions concerning the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

LRB098 00015 MLW 36392 b

1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 6-205, 6-206, 6-208, and 6-303 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/6-205)

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- Sec. 6-205. Mandatory revocation of license or permit;

 Hardship cases.
- 9 (a) Except as provided in this Section, the Secretary of
 10 State shall immediately revoke the license, permit, or driving
 11 privileges of any driver upon receiving a report of the
 12 driver's conviction of any of the following offenses:
- 13 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle;
 - 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof;
- 3. Any felony under the laws of any State or the federal government in the commission of which a motor vehicle was used;

_	4. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Code relating	, to
2	the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accid	lent
3	involving death or personal injury;	

- 5. Perjury or the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the Secretary of State under this Code or under any other law relating to the ownership or operation of motor vehicles;
- 6. Conviction upon 3 charges of violation of Section 11-503 of this Code relating to the offense of reckless driving committed within a period of 12 months;
- 7. Conviction of any offense defined in Section 4-102 of this Code;
- 8. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Code relating to the offense of drag racing;
 - 9. Violation of Chapters 8 and 9 of this Code;
- 10. Violation of Section 12-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 arising from the use of a motor vehicle;
- 11. Violation of Section 11-204.1 of this Code relating to aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a peace officer;
- 12. Violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507, or a similar law of any other state, relating to the unlawful operation of a commercial motor vehicle;
- 13. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of

this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the driver has been previously convicted of a violation of that Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance and the driver was less than 21 years of age at the time of the offense;

- 14. Violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-506 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of street racing;
- 15. A second or subsequent conviction of driving while the person's driver's license, permit or privileges was revoked for reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense;
- 16. Any offense against any provision in this Code, or any local ordinance, regulating the movement of traffic when that offense was the proximate cause of the death of any person. Any person whose driving privileges have been revoked pursuant to this paragraph may seek to have the revocation terminated or to have the length of revocation reduced by requesting an administrative hearing with the Secretary of State prior to the projected driver's license application eligibility date;
- 17. Violation of subsection (a-2) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 18. A second or subsequent conviction of illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled

substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act. A defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State.

- (b) The Secretary of State shall also immediately revoke the license or permit of any driver in the following situations:
 - 1. Of any minor upon receiving the notice provided for in Section 5-901 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 that the minor has been adjudicated under that Act as having committed an offense relating to motor vehicles prescribed in Section 4-103 of this Code;
 - 2. Of any person when any other law of this State requires either the revocation or suspension of a license or permit;
 - 3. Of any person adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 based on an offense determined to have been committed in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang as provided in Section 5-710 of that Act, and that involved the operation or use of a motor vehicle

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or the use of a driver's license or permit. The revocation shall remain in effect for the period determined by the court. Upon the direction of the court, the Secretary shall issue the person a judicial driving permit, also known as a JDP. The JDP shall be subject to the same terms as a JDP issued under Section 6-206.1, except that the court may direct that a JDP issued under this subdivision (b) (3) be effective immediately.

(c)(1) Whenever a person is convicted of any of the offenses enumerated in this Section, the court may recommend and the Secretary of State in his discretion, without regard to whether the recommendation is made by the court may, upon application, issue to the person a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility for the receipt of necessary medical care or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children, elderly persons, or disabled persons who

do not hold driving privileges and are living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare; provided that the Secretary's discretion shall be limited to cases where undue hardship, as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State, would result from a failure to issue the restricted driving permit. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b)4 of Section 6 208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

(1.5) If a person is convicted of a combination of 4 or more offenses which include a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, Section 11-401 of this Code, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a combination of violations of similar provisions of local ordinances, similar out-of-state offenses, or similar offenses committed on a military installation, the person may make application for a restricted driving permit, at a formal hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code, after the expiration of 3 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation, provided the person, in addition to all other requirements of the Secretary, shows by clear and convincing evidence:

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1	(A) a minimum 3 years of uninterrupted abstinence
2	from alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating
3	compound or compounds, or any combination thereof; and
4	(B) the successful completion of all
5	rehabilitative activity recommended by a properly
6	licensed service provider, pursuant to an assessment
7	of the person's alcohol or drug use.
8	In determining whether an applicant is eligible for a
9	restricted driving permit under this subparagraph (1.5),
10	the Secretary may consider any relevant evidence,
11	including but not limited to testimony, affidavits,
12	records, and the results of regular alcohol or drug tests.
13	A restricted driving permit issued under this
14	subparagraph (1.5) shall provide that the holder may only
15	operate vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock
16	device. The Secretary may cancel a restricted driving
17	permit or amend the conditions of a restricted driving
18	permit issued under this subparagraph (1.5) if the holder
19	operates a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition
20	interlock device, or for any other reason authorized under
21	this Code.
22	(2) If a person's license or permit is revoked or
23	suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section

11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local

ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3

of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012,

where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3) If:

- (A) a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
 - (i) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
 - (ii) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1; or
 - (iii) a suspension pursuant to Section
 6-203.1;

arising out of separate occurrences; or

(B) a person has been convicted of one violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked

because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide where the use of alcohol or other drugs was recited as an element of the offense, or a similar provision of a law of another state;

that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned on the use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- (6) In each case the Secretary of State may issue a restricted driving permit for a period he deems appropriate, except that the permit shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person

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whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of these offenses, until the expiration of at year from the date of the revocation. least one restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the petitioner to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete However, if an individual's program. privileges have been revoked in accordance with paragraph 13 of subsection (a) of this Section, no restricted driving

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- permit shall be issued until the individual has served 6 months of the revocation period.
- (c-5) (Blank).
- (c-6) If a person is convicted of a second violation of 5 operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a 6 7 violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless 8 9 homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person's 10 driving privileges shall be revoked pursuant to subdivision 11 (a) (15) of this Section. The person may not make application 12 for a license or permit until the expiration of five years from 13 the effective date of the revocation or the expiration of five years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment, 14 15 whichever is later.
 - (c-7) If a person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked, where the revocation was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the person may never apply for a license or permit.
 - (d) (1) Whenever a person under the age of 21 is convicted under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary of State shall revoke the driving privileges of that

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person. One year after the date of revocation, and upon application, the Secretary of State may, if satisfied that the person applying will not endanger the public safety or welfare, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle only between the hours of 5 a.m. and 9 p.m. or as otherwise provided by this Section for a period of one year. After this one year period, and upon reapplication for a license as provided in Section 6-106, upon payment of the appropriate reinstatement fee provided under paragraph (b) of Section 6-118, the Secretary of State, in his discretion, may reinstate the petitioner's driver's license and driving privileges, or extend the restricted driving permit as many the Secretary of State deems appropriate, by as additional periods of not more than 12 months each.

suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

(3)	Ιf	a	persor	n's	li	cense	or	per	rmit	is	revo	ked	or
suspende	ed 2	or	more	tim	ies	withir	n a	10	year	pe	riod	due	to
any comb	inat	ion	of:										

- (A) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
- (B) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1; or
- (C) a suspension pursuant to Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (4) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (5) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against driving a vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock

- device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- (6) A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit.
 - (d-5) The revocation of the license, permit, or driving privileges of a person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, is permanent. The Secretary may not, at any time, issue a license or permit to that person.
- (e) This Section is subject to the provisions of the Driver License Compact.
 - (f) Any revocation imposed upon any person under subsections 2 and 3 of paragraph (b) that is in effect on December 31, 1988 shall be converted to a suspension for a like

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- 1 period of time.
 - (g) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose driving privileges have been revoked under any provisions of this Code.
 - (h) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by a person who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense under Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The person must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 for each month that he or she uses the device. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system, the amount of the fee, and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- 16 (i) (Blank).
- (j) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
 CDL whose driving privileges have been revoked, suspended,
 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-607, eff. 8-24-09;
- 23 96-1180, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1305, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1344, eff.
- 7-1-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-838, eff. 1-1-13; 97-844, eff.
- 25 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

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- (625 ILCS 5/6-206) 1
- 2 Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke
- 3 license or permit; Right to a hearing.
- (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other sufficient evidence that the person: 7
 - 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon conviction:
 - 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 12 month period. revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
 - 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
 - 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical

facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the accident, whichever date occurs later;

- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
- 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
- 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license, identification card, or permit;
- 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;

11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this
State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to
obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or
suspended unless the operation was authorized by a
monitoring device driving permit, judicial driving permit
issued prior to January 1, 2009, probationary license to
drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this
Code;

- 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
- 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
- 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;
- 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;
- 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
 - 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as

1	requ	ired	under	Sect	ion 11	1-501	.1	of	this	Code	and	the	person
2	has	not	sough	t a	hear	ing	as	pr	covide	ed f	or :	in S	Section
3	11-5	01 1											

- 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;
- 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;
- 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
- 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the

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United States at a military installation in Illinois of or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;

- 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
- 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
- 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
- 28. Has been convicted for a first time of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled the Illinois substance prohibited under Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report

the violation to the Secretary of State;

- 29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, promoting juvenile prostitution as described in subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of Section 11-14.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year;
- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds

Act,	or	meth	namphetamin	e as	listed	l in	the	Metham	phetar	nine
Contr	col	and	Community	Prote	ection	Act,	in	which	case	the
penal	1 + 17	shal	l he as pre	scrib	ed in S	Secti	on 6-	-208.1:		

- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
- 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code that resulted in damage to the property of another or the death or injury of another;

1	38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20
2	of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of
3	a local ordinance;

- 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
- 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code;
- 41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-605.1 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar violation in any other state within 2 years of the date of the previous violation, in which case the suspension shall be for 90 days;
- 42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 43. Has received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of subsection (a), (d), or (e) of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, in which case the suspension shall be for a period of 3 months;
- 44. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles after having previously had his or her driving privileges suspended or revoked pursuant to subparagraph 36 of this Section;

- formal hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code:

 (i) committed perjury; (ii) submitted fraudulent or
 falsified documents; (iii) submitted documents that have
 been materially altered; or (iv) submitted, as his or her
 own, documents that were in fact prepared or composed for
 another person; or
- 8 46. Has committed a violation of subsection (j) of 9 Section 3-413 of this Code.
 - For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.
 - (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.
 - (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or

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permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.

2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a permit issued prior to the effective date of the suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the

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Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship (as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State), issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between t.he petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to

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transport himself or herself, or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility, to receive necessary medical care, to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children, elderly persons, or disabled persons who do not hold driving privileges and are living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare. The petitioner must demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b) 4 of Section 6 208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

(A) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of

these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.

- (B) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
 - (i) a single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or
 - (ii) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1; or
- (iii) a suspension under Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences; that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (C) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall

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establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.

- (D) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.
- each case the Secretary may issue restricted driving permit for а period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire one year from the date of issuance. within Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or of those offenses, any combination until expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation,

revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

(F) If a person is convicted of a combination of 4 or more offenses which include a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, Section 11-401 of this Code, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a combination of violations of similar provisions of local ordinances, similar out-of-state offenses, or similar offenses committed on a military installation, the person may make application for a restricted driving permit, at a formal hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code, after the expiration of 3 years from the effective date of the

1	most recent revocation, provided the person, in
2	addition to all other requirements of the Secretary,
3	shows by clear and convincing evidence:
4	(i) a minimum 3 years of uninterrupted
5	abstinence from alcohol, other drug or drugs,
6	intoxicating compound or compounds, or any
7	<pre>combination thereof; and</pre>
8	(ii) the successful completion of all
9	rehabilitative activity recommended by a properly
10	licensed service provider, pursuant to an
11	assessment of the person's alcohol or drug use.
12	In determining whether an applicant is eligible
13	for a restricted driving permit under this
14	subparagraph (F), the Secretary may consider any
15	relevant evidence, including but not limited to
16	testimony, affidavits, records, and the results of
17	regular alcohol or drug tests.
18	A restricted driving permit issued under this
19	subparagraph (F) shall provide that the holder may only
20	operate vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock
21	device. The Secretary may cancel a restricted driving
22	permit or amend the conditions of a restricted driving
23	permit issued under this subparagraph (F) if the holder
24	operates a vehicle that is not equipped with an
25	ignition interlock device, or for any other reason
26	authorized under this Code

- (c-3) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of subsection (a), reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall, except during the actual time the suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting authorities, the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the Secretary of State, or the parent or legal guardian of a driver under the age of 18. However, beginning January 1, 2008, if the person is a CDL holder, the suspension shall also be made available to the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the U.S. Department of Transportation, and the affected driver or motor carrier or prospective motor carrier upon request.
- (c-4) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall notify the person by mail that his or her driving privileges and driver's license will be suspended one month after the date of the mailing of the notice.
- (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he or she reached the age of 21 years pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
 - (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the

- 1 Drivers License Compact.
- 2 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted
- driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 4 driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- 5 provisions of this Code.
- 6 (f) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 7 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- 8 operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 9 CDL whose driving privileges have been suspended, revoked,
- 10 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-607, eff. 8-24-09;
- 12 96-1180, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1305, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1344, eff.
- 7-1-11; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-229, eff. 7-28-11; 97-333,
- 14 eff. 8-12-11; 97-743, eff. 1-1-13; 97-838, eff. 1-1-13; 97-844,
- 15 eff. 1-1-13; 97-1109, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 16 (625 ILCS 5/6-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208)
- 17 Sec. 6-208. Period of Suspension Application After
- 18 Revocation.
- 19 (a) Except as otherwise provided by this Code or any other
- law of this State, the Secretary of State shall not suspend a
- 21 driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive a motor vehicle
- on the highways for a period of more than one year.
- 23 (b) Any person whose license, permit, or privilege to drive
- 24 a motor vehicle on the highways has been revoked shall not be
- 25 entitled to have such license, permit, or privilege renewed or

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restored. However, such person may, except as provided under subsections (d) and (d-5) of Section 6-205, make application for a license pursuant to Section 6-106 (i) if the revocation was for a cause that has been removed or (ii) as provided in the following subparagraphs:

1. Except as provided in subparagraphs 1.5, 2, 3, 4, and 5, the person may make application for a license (A) after the expiration of one year from the effective date of the revocation, (B) in the case of a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, after the expiration of 3 years from the effective date of the revocation, or (C) in the case of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a violation of subparagraph (F) of paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of Section 11-501 of this Code relating to aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, if the violation was the proximate cause of a death, after the expiration of 2 years from the effective date of the revocation or after the expiration of 24 months from the date of release from a period of imprisonment as provided in Section 6-103 of this Code, whichever is later.

1.5. If the person is convicted of a violation of

Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, the person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of 3 years from the date of the conviction.

- 2. If such person is convicted of committing a second violation within a 20-year period of:
 - (A) Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
 - (B) Paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
 - (C) Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide; or
 - (D) any combination of the above offenses committed at different instances;

then such person may not make application for a license until after the expiration of 5 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation. The 20-year period shall be computed by using the dates the offenses were committed and shall also include similar out-of-state offenses and similar offenses committed on a military installation.

- 2.5. If a person is convicted of a second violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while the person's driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state, the person may not make application for a license or permit until the expiration of 5 years from the date of release from a term of imprisonment.
- 3. However, except as provided in subparagraph 4, if such person is convicted of committing a third exsubsequent violation or any combination of the above offenses, including similar out-of-state offenses and similar offenses committed on a military installation, contained in subparagraph 2, then such person may not make application for a license until after the expiration of 10 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation.
- 4. Except as provided in subparagraph (c) (1.5) of Section 6-205 and subparagraph (c) (3) (F) of Section 6-206 of this Code, the The person may not make application for a license if the person is convicted of committing a fourth or subsequent violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, Section 11-401 of this Code, Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, or a combination of these offenses,

similar provisions of local ordinances, similar out-of-state offenses, or similar offenses committed on a military installation.

4.5. A bona fide resident of a foreign jurisdiction who is subject to the provisions of subparagraph 4 may make application for termination of the revocation after a period of 10 years from the effective date of the most recent revocation. However, if a person who has been granted a termination of revocation under this subparagraph 4.5 subsequently becomes a resident of this State, the revocation shall be reinstated and the person shall be subject to the provisions of subparagraph 4.

5. The person may not make application for a license or permit if the person is convicted of a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of this Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, all persons referred to in this paragraph (b) may not have their privileges restored until the Secretary receives payment of the required reinstatement fee pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 6-118.

In no event shall the Secretary issue such license unless

- 1 and until such person has had a hearing pursuant to this Code
- 2 and the appropriate administrative rules and the Secretary is
- 3 satisfied, after a review or investigation of such person, that
- 4 to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the
- 5 highways will not endanger the public safety or welfare.
- 6 (c) (Blank).

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- 7 (Source: P.A. 96-607, eff. 8-24-09; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 8 (625 ILCS 5/6-303) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303)
- 9 Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or 10 privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (a-5), any person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle on any highway of this State at a time when such person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or the privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit is revoked or suspended as provided by this Code or the law of another state, except as may be specifically allowed by a judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, monitoring device driving permit, family financial responsibility driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or under the law of another state, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 23 (a-5) Any person who violates this Section as provided in 24 subsection (a) while his or her driver's license, permit or 25 privilege is revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of

the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide or a similar provision of a law of another state, is guilty of a Class 4 felony. The person shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation, as provided in Section 11-501 of this Code, to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound problem exists and the extent of the problem, and to undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate.

(b) (Blank).

(b-1) Upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary of State or the driver's licensing administrator of another state, except as specifically allowed by a probationary license, judicial driving permit, restricted driving permit or monitoring device driving permit the Secretary shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension unless the suspension has already expired, in which case the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving privileges for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension.

(b-2) Except as provided in subsection (b-6), upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked by

the Secretary of State or the driver's license administrator of any other state, except as specifically allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction indicating such person was operating a vehicle during such period of revocation.

(b-3) (Blank).

- (b-4) When the Secretary of State receives a report of a conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle that was not equipped with an ignition interlock device during a time when the person was prohibited from operating a motor vehicle not equipped with such a device, the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license to that person for an additional period of one year from the date of the conviction.
- (b-5) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 consecutive days or 300 hours of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
- (b-6) Upon receiving a report of a first conviction of operating a motor vehicle while the person's driver's license, permit or privilege was revoked where the revocation was for a

- violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
 Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense of reckless
 homicide or a similar out-of-state offense, the Secretary shall
 not issue a driver's license for an additional period of three
 years from the date of such conviction.
 - (c) Except as provided in subsections (c-3) and (c-4), any person convicted of violating this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service when the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:
 - (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of operating or being in physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug or any combination thereof; or
 - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or
 - (3) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
 - Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence.
 - (c-1) Except as provided in subsections (c-5) and (d), any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be ordered by the court to serve a minimum of 100 hours of

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- 1 community service.
- 2 (c-2) In addition to other penalties imposed under this 3 Section, the court may impose on any person convicted a fourth 4 time of violating this Section any of the following:
- 5 (1) Seizure of the license plates of the person's vehicle.
- 7 (2) Immobilization of the person's vehicle for a period 8 of time to be determined by the court.
 - (c-3) Any person convicted of a violation of this Section during a period of summary suspension imposed pursuant to Section 11-501.1 when the person was eligible for a MDDP shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
 - driving permit which requires the person to operate only motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device and who is convicted of a violation of this Section as a result of operating or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device at the time of the offense shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days.
 - (c-5) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and shall serve a mandatory term of imprisonment, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the

- 1 Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless 2 homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
 - (d) Any person convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, if the original revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
 - (d-1) Except as provided in subsections (d-2), (d-2.5), and (d-3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation of this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court.
 - (d-2) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
 - (d-2.5) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve a mandatory term of imprisonment if the revocation or suspension was for a

- 1 violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
- 2 Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless
- 3 homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense. The person's
- 4 driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of the
- 5 person's life.
- 6 (d-3) Any person convicted of a fourth, fifth, sixth,
- 7 seventh, eighth, or ninth violation of this Section is guilty
- 8 of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of
- 9 imprisonment of 180 days if the revocation or suspension was
- for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a
- 11 similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local
- ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation
- under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
- 14 (d-3.5) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent
- 15 violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 1 felony, is not
- 16 eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and must serve
- 17 a mandatory term of imprisonment, and is eligible for an
- 18 extended term, if the revocation or suspension was for a
- 19 violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the
- 20 Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless
- 21 homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense.
- 22 (d-4) Any person convicted of a tenth, eleventh, twelfth,
- 23 thirteenth, or fourteenth violation of this Section is guilty
- of a Class 3 felony, and is not eligible for probation or
- 25 conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for
- 26 a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a

- similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
 - (d-5) Any person convicted of a fifteenth or subsequent violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.
 - (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement officer. The motor vehicle may be released to any licensed driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for the vehicle that was impounded and the notarized written consent for the release by the vehicle owner.
 - (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction.
 - (g) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 2012 if the person's driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:

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1	(1)	а	violatio	on	of	Section	11-501	of	thi	İS	Code,	a
2	similar	pr	rovision	of	ā	local	ordinanc	ce,	or	а	simil	ar
3	provisio	n c	of a law	of	ano	ther sta	te;					

- (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar provision of a law of another state;
- (3) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a law of another state; or
- 10 (4) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of
 11 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 relating to the offense
 12 of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of
 13 another state.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 96-502, eff. 1-1-10; 96-607, eff. 8-24-09;
- 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1344, eff. 7-1-11; 97-984, eff.
- 16 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)