

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB1563

by Rep. Tom Demmer

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/33-3

from Ch. 38, par. 33-3

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012 concerning official misconduct. Provides that a person who commits the offense with intent to obtain a personal advantage for himself, herself, or another and performs an act in excess of his or her lawful authority, if the personal advantage obtained for himself, herself, or another is property or has a specified monetary value, is guilty of a: (1) Class 2 felony if the value of the personal advantage obtained does not exceed \$10,000; (2) Class 1 felony if the value of the personal advantage obtained exceeds \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000; and (3) Class X felony if the value of the personal advantage obtained exceeds \$100,000.

LRB098 10394 MRW 40585 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing Section 33-3 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/33-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 33-3)
- 7 Sec. 33-3. Official <u>misconduct</u>. <u>Misconduct</u>.)
- 8 <u>(a)</u> A public officer or employee or special government
 9 agent commits <u>official</u> misconduct when, in his <u>or her</u> official
 10 capacity or capacity as a special government agent, he <u>or she</u>
 11 commits any of the following acts:
- 12 <u>(1) intentionally (a) Intentionally</u> or recklessly 13 fails to perform any mandatory duty as required by law; or
 - (2) knowingly (b) Knowingly performs an act which he or she knows he or she is forbidden by law to perform; or
 - (3) with (c) With intent to obtain a personal advantage for himself, herself, or another, he or she performs an act in excess of his or her lawful authority; or
 - (4) solicits (d) Solicits or knowingly accepts for the performance of any act a fee or reward which he or she knows is not authorized by law.
- 22 <u>(b)</u> A public officer or employee or special government 23 agent convicted of violating any provision of this Section

1	forfeits his <u>or her</u> office or employment or position as a
2	special government agent.
3	(c) In addition to the forfeiture of office provided in
4	subsection (b):
5	(1) A person who commits a violation of paragraph (1),
6	(2), or (4) of subsection (a) is quilty of , he commits a
7	Class 3 felony.
8	(2) A person who commits a violation of paragraph (3)
9	of subsection (a), if the personal advantage obtained for
10	himself, herself, or another has no specified monetary
11	value, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
12	(3) A person who commits a violation of paragraph (3)
13	of subsection (a), if the personal advantage obtained for
14	himself, herself, or another is property or has a specified
15	monetary value, is quilty of a:
16	(A) Class 2 felony if the value of the personal
17	advantage obtained does not exceed \$10,000.
18	(B) Class 1 felony if the value of the personal
19	advantage obtained exceeds \$10,000 but does not exceed
20	<u>\$100,000.</u>
21	(C) Class X felony if the value of the personal
22	advantage obtained exceeds \$100,000.
23	(d) For purposes of this Section, "special government
24	agent" has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection (1) of
25	Section 4A-101 of the Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.
26	(Source: P.A. 94-338, eff. 1-1-06.)