

HB1308



98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2013 and 2014

HB1308

by Rep. Pam Roth

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates a deduction in an amount equal to the premium costs paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year for a qualified long term care insurance contract. Effective immediately.

LRB098 06013 HLH 36052 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

1 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 administered by the State that is not used for
4 qualified expenses at an eligible education
5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
6 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
10 beneficiary's death or disability;

11 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
18 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
19 any compensation (including but not limited to any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

1 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
4 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
8 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
11 resident by reason of being a member of any component
12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
24 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
26 distributions under the provisions of any retirement

1 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
2 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
3 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
4 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
6 thereto;

7 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
12 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
14 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
15 of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total which were paid by a corporation which
18 conducts business operations in a River Edge
19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
21 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge
22 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

24 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total that were paid by a corporation that
26 conducts business operations in a federally designated

1 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
2 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
3 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
4 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
5 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
6 this subparagraph (K);

7 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
8 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
9 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
10 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
11 Revenue Code;

12 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
13 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
15 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
16 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
17 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
18 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
19 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
20 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
21 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
25 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
26 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the

1 provisions of Section 250;

2 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
3 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
4 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
5 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
6 United States; provided that, in the case of any
7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
8 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
9 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
12 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
13 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
17 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
18 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
19 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
20 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
21 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

22 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
23 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
24 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
25 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
26 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

1 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
2 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

3 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
4 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
5 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
6 medical care savings account established under the
7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
8 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
9 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
10 as provided in that Act;

11 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
12 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
13 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
14 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
15 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
16 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
17 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

18 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
19 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
20 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
21 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
22 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
23 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

24 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
25 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
26 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the

1 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
2 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
3 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
4 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
5 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
6 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
7 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
8 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
9 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
10 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
11 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
12 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
13 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
14 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
15 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
16 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
17 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
18 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
19 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
20 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
21 times a number that represents the fractional
22 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
23 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
24 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

25 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
26 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal

1 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
2 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
3 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

4 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
5 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
6 extent includible in gross income for federal income
7 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
8 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
17 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
18 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
19 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
21 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
22 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
23 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
24 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
25 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
26 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall

1 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
2 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
5 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
6 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
7 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
8 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
9 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
10 of Section 250;

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
12 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
13 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
14 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
15 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
16 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
18 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
21 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the
25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes

1 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
2 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
3 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
4 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
5 from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
20 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
21 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (3) for taxable years ending after December
24 31, 2005:

25 (i) for property on which a bonus
26 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

1 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
2 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
3 0.429); and

4 (ii) for property on which a bonus
5 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
6 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
7 1.0.

8 The aggregate amount deducted under this
9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
20 an amount equal to that addition modification.

21 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
22 the last day of the last tax year for which the
23 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
24 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
25 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
26 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

1 equal to that addition modification.

2 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
3 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
4 piece of property.

5 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
8 other than salary, received by a driver in a
9 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
14 modification with respect to such transaction under
15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
18 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
21 is required to make an addition modification with
22 respect to such transaction under Section
23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that
25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

1 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
2 into account for the taxable year (net of the
3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
4 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
5 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
10 who would be a member of the same unitary business
11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
14 required to apportion business income under different
15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
16 addition modification required to be made for the same
17 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

21 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
22 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
23 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
24 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
26 the fact that the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
10 addition modification required to be made for the same
11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
14 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
15 provisions of Section 250;

16 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
17 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
18 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
19 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
20 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250; ~~and~~

22 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
23 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
24 add back any insurance premiums under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
26 that part of a reimbursement received from the

1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
2 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
3 company) that would have been taken into account as a
4 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
6 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
7 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
8 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
9 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
10 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

11 -

12 (HH) For taxable years ending on or after December
13 31, 2013, an amount equal to the premium costs paid by
14 the taxpayer during the taxable year for a qualified
15 long term care insurance contract, as defined by
16 Section 7702B of the Internal Revenue Code, that offers
17 coverage to either the individual or the individual's
18 spouse, parent, or dependent, as defined in Section 152
19 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (HH) is
20 exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

21 (b) Corporations.

22 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
23 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
24 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

25 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in

1 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
2 of the following amounts:

3 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
4 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
5 received from regulated investment companies during
6 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
7 income in the computation of taxable income;

8 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
9 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
10 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

11 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
12 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
13 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
14 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
15 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
17 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
18 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
19 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
20 law and is not a new enactment);

21 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
22 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
23 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
24 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

25 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
26 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending

1 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
2 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
3 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
4 the amount by which addition modifications other than
5 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
6 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
7 year, with the following limitations applied in the
8 order that they are listed:

9 (i) the addition modification relating to the
10 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
11 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
12 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
13 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
14 which related to that net operating loss and which
15 was taken into account in calculating the base
16 income of an earlier taxable year, and

17 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
18 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
19 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
20 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
21 such carryback or carryforward;

22 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
23 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
24 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
25 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
26 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed

1 independently under the preceding provisions of this
2 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

3 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
4 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
5 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
6 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
7 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

8 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
9 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
10 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
11 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code;

13 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
14 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
15 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
16 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
17 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
18 deductions taken in all taxable years under
19 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
25 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
26 equal to that subtraction modification.

1 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
2 modification under this subparagraph only once with
3 respect to any one piece of property;

4 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
5 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
7 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
9 member of the same unitary business group but for the
10 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
11 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
12 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
13 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
14 who would be a member of the same unitary business
15 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
16 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
17 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
18 required to apportion business income under different
19 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
20 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
21 extent that dividends were included in base income of
22 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
23 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
24 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
25 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
26 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts

1 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
3 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
4 incurred.

5 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

6 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
8 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
9 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
10 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
11 with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
14 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
16 following:

17 (a) the person, during the same taxable
18 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
19 to a person that is not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
22 person did not have as a principal purpose the
23 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
24 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
25 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
26 terms; or

1 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
2 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
4 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
5 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
6 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

7 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
9 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
10 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
11 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
12 to the application or use of an alternative method
13 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

14 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
15 Director from making any other adjustment
16 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
18 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
19 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
20 and such regulations provide methods and standards
21 by which the Department will utilize its authority
22 under Section 404 of this Act;

23 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
24 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
25 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
2 foreign person who would be a member of the same
3 unitary business group but for the fact that the
4 foreign person's business activity outside the United
5 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
6 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
8 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
9 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
10 from being included in the unitary business group
11 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
12 business income under different subsections of Section
13 304. The addition modification required by this
14 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
15 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
16 group for the same taxable year and received by the
17 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
18 business group (including amounts included in gross
19 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
21 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
22 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
23 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
24 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
25 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
26 dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
2 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
3 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
4 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
5 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
6 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
7 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
9 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
10 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
11 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
12 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
13 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
14 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
15 similar types of intangible assets.

16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

17 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
20 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
21 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
22 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
23 to such item; or

24 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
26 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based

1 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
2 following:

3 (a) the person during the same taxable
4 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
5 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
6 not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 intangible expense or cost between the
9 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
10 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
11 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
12 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
13 or

14 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
17 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
19 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
20 writing to the application or use of an alternative
21 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
26 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

1 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
2 and such regulations provide methods and standards
3 by which the Department will utilize its authority
4 under Section 404 of this Act;

5 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
7 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
8 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
10 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
11 business group but for the fact that the person is
12 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
13 included in the unitary business group because he or
14 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
15 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
16 addition modification required by this subparagraph
17 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
18 included in base income of the unitary group for the
19 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
20 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
21 (including amounts included in gross income under
22 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
23 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
24 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
25 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
26 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The

1 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
2 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
3 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
4 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

5 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
6 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
7 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
8 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
9 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

10 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
11 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
12 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
13 Act;

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
15 following amounts:

16 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
17 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
18 and included in such total for the taxable year;

19 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
20 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

21 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
22 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
23 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
24 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
25 for the taxable year;

26 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted

1 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
2 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
3 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
4 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
5 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
6 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
7 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
8 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
9 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
10 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
11 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
12 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
13 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
14 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
15 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
16 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
17 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
18 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
19 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
20 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
21 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
22 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
23 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax
24 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
25 from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such

1 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
2 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
3 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
4 United States; provided that, in the case of any
5 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
6 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
7 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
8 of bond premium amortization;

9 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
10 such total which were paid by a corporation which
11 conducts business operations in a River Edge
12 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
13 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
14 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
15 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total that were paid by a corporation that
19 conducts business operations in a federally designated
20 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
21 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
22 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
23 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
24 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
25 this subparagraph (L);

26 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial

1 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
2 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
3 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
4 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
5 property which is eligible for the River Edge
6 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the
7 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property
8 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the
9 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or
10 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be
11 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment
12 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using
13 for this purpose the original basis of such property on
14 the date that it was placed in service in the River
15 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification
16 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection
17 shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the
18 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the
19 eligible property as calculated under the previous
20 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
23 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
24 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
25 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
26 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by

1 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
2 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
3 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
4 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
5 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
6 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
7 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
8 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
9 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
10 date that it was placed in service in a federally
11 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
12 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
13 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
14 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
15 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
16 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
17 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
18 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
19 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
20 calculated under the previous sentence;

21 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
22 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
23 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
24 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
25 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
26 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the

1 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
2 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
3 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
4 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
5 Section 250;

6 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
7 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
8 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
9 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
10 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
11 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
12 and received from a corporation that is not created or
13 organized under the laws of the United States or any
14 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
15 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
16 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
17 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
19 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of
20 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
21 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
23 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
24 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
25 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
26 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed

1 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
2 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
3 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
4 dividends received from a captive real estate
5 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
6 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
7 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
8 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
9 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
10 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
11 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
12 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
13 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
15 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
16 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

17 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
18 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
19 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
20 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
21 the Internal Revenue Code;

22 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
23 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
24 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
25 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
26 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the

1 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
2 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
3 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
4 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
5 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
6 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
7 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
10 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
11 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
12 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
13 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
14 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
15 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
16 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
17 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
18 provisions of Section 250;

19 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
20 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
21 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
22 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
23 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
24 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

25 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
26 deduction taken for the taxable year on the

1 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
2 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
3 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
4 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
5 the bonus depreciation deduction;

6 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
7 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
8 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9 0.429); and

10 (3) for taxable years ending after December
11 31, 2005:

12 (i) for property on which a bonus
13 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
14 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
15 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

17 (ii) for property on which a bonus
18 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
19 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20 1.0.

21 The aggregate amount deducted under this
22 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
23 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
24 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
25 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
26 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This

1 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
4 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
5 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
9 the last day of the last tax year for which the
10 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
11 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
16 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
17 piece of property.

18 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
21 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
22 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
23 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
24 modification with respect to such transaction under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
26 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed

1 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
2 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
3 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
4 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
5 is required to make an addition modification with
6 respect to such transaction under Section
7 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
8 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
9 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
10 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
11 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
12 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
13 addition modification with respect to such transaction
14 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
15 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
16 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
17 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
18 from the provisions of Section 250;

19 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken
20 into account for the taxable year (net of the
21 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
22 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
24 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
25 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
26 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable

1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
2 who would be a member of the same unitary business
3 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
4 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
5 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
6 required to apportion business income under different
7 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
8 addition modification required to be made for the same
9 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
10 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
12 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

13 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
14 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
15 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
16 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
18 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
19 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
2 addition modification required to be made for the same
3 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
4 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
6 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
7 provisions of Section 250;

8 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
9 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
10 add back any insurance premiums under Section
11 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
12 that part of a reimbursement received from the
13 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
14 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
15 company) that would have been taken into account as a
16 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
17 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
18 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
19 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
20 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
21 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
22 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

23 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
24 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
25 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
26 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to

1 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
2 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
3 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
4 Section 250.

5 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
6 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
7 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
8 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment
9 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
10 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
11 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a) (3) of the
12 Internal Revenue Code.

13 (c) Trusts and estates.

14 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
15 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
16 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

17 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
18 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
19 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
20 following amounts:

21 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
22 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
23 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
24 in the computation of taxable income;

25 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a

1 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
2 required to distribute all of its income currently,
3 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
4 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
5 the computation of taxable income;

6 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
7 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
8 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

9 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
10 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
11 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
12 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

13 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
14 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
15 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
16 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
17 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
18 the amount by which addition modifications other than
19 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
20 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
21 the following limitations applied in the order that
22 they are listed:

23 (i) the addition modification relating to the
24 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
25 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
26 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of

1 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
2 which related to that net operating loss and which
3 was taken into account in calculating the base
4 income of an earlier taxable year, and

5 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
6 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
7 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
8 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
9 such carryback or carryforward;

10 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
11 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
12 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
13 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
14 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
15 independently under the preceding provisions of this
16 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

17 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
18 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
19 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
20 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
21 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
22 Act;

23 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
24 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
25 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
26 computation of taxable income;

1 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
2 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
3 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
4 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
5 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

6 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
7 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
8 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
9 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code; and

11 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
12 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
13 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
14 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
15 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
16 deductions taken in all taxable years under
17 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

18 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
19 the last day of the last tax year for which the
20 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
21 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
22 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
23 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
24 equal to that subtraction modification.

25 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
26 modification under this subparagraph only once with

1 respect to any one piece of property;

2 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
3 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
4 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
5 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
6 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the same unitary business group but for the
8 fact that the foreign person's business activity
9 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
18 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
19 extent that dividends were included in base income of
20 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
21 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
22 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
23 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
24 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
25 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
26 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the

1 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
2 incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
19 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
20 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
21 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
22 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
23 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
24 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
25 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
26 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term

1 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
2 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
3 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
4 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
5 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
7 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
8 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing
9 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
10 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
11 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
12 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
13 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(c) (2) (G-12) or
2 Section 203(c) (2) (G-13) of this Act;

3 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
4 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
5 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
6 Act;

7 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
8 following amounts:

9 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
10 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
11 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
12 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
13 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
14 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
15 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
16 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
17 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
19 thereto;

20 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

21 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
22 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
23 and included in such total for the taxable year;

24 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
25 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
26 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from

1 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
2 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
3 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
4 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
5 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
6 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
7 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
8 amortization;

9 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
10 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
11 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
12 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
13 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
14 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
15 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
16 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
17 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
18 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
20 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
22 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
23 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
24 provisions of Section 250;

25 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
26 such total which were paid by a corporation which

1 conducts business operations in a River Edge
2 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
3 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
4 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment
5 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
6 provisions of Section 250;

7 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
8 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
9 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

10 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
11 such total that were paid by a corporation that
12 conducts business operations in a federally designated
13 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
14 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
15 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
16 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
17 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
18 this subparagraph (O);

19 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
20 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
21 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
22 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code;

24 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
25 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
26 extent includible in gross income for federal income

1 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
2 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
3 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
4 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
5 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
6 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
7 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
8 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
10 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
11 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
12 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
13 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
14 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
15 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
16 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
17 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
18 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
19 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
20 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
21 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
22 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
23 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
24 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
25 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
26 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is

1 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
2 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
3 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
4 of Section 250;

5 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
6 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
7 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
8 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
10 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

11 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
12 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
13 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
14 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
15 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
16 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
17 the bonus depreciation deduction;

18 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
19 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
20 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
21 0.429); and

22 (3) for taxable years ending after December
23 31, 2005:

24 (i) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (ii) for property on which a bonus
4 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
5 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6 1.0.

7 The aggregate amount deducted under this
8 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
9 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
10 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
11 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
12 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
13 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
16 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
17 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
18 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
19 equal to that addition modification.

20 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
21 the last day of the last tax year for which the
22 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
23 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
24 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
25 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
26 equal to that addition modification.

1 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
2 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
3 piece of property.

4 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
7 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
8 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
9 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
10 modification with respect to such transaction under
11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
12 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
13 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
14 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
15 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
17 is required to make an addition modification with
18 respect to such transaction under Section
19 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
21 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
22 from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
24 into account for the taxable year (net of the
25 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
16 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
19 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
8 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
10 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
11 provisions of Section 250;

12 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
13 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
14 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
15 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
16 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
17 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
18 Section 250;

19 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
20 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
21 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
22 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

24 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
25 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
26 add back any insurance premiums under Section

1 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
2 that part of a reimbursement received from the
3 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
4 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
5 company) that would have been taken into account as a
6 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
7 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
8 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
9 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
10 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
11 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
12 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

13 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
14 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
15 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
16 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
17 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
18 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
19 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

20 (d) Partnerships.

21 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
22 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
23 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

24 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
25 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum

1 of the following amounts:

2 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
3 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
4 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
5 in the computation of taxable income;

6 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
7 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
8 the taxable year;

9 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
10 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
11 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

12 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
13 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
14 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
15 computation of taxable income;

16 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
17 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
19 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code;

21 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
22 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
23 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
24 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
25 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
26 deductions taken in all taxable years under

1 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

2 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
3 the last day of the last tax year for which the
4 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
5 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
6 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
7 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
8 equal to that subtraction modification.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
10 modification under this subparagraph only once with
11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
13 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
14 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
15 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
17 member of the same unitary business group but for the
18 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
19 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
20 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
21 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
22 who would be a member of the same unitary business
23 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
24 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
25 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
26 required to apportion business income under different

1 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
2 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
3 extent that dividends were included in base income of
4 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
5 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
6 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
7 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
8 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
9 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
11 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
12 incurred.

13 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

14 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
16 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
17 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
18 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
19 with respect to such interest; or

20 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
23 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
24 following:

25 (a) the person, during the same taxable
26 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

1 to a person that is not a related member, and

2 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
3 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
4 person did not have as a principal purpose the
5 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
6 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
7 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
8 terms; or

9 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
10 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
11 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
12 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
13 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
14 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

15 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
18 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
19 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
20 to the application or use of an alternative method
21 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

22 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
23 Director from making any other adjustment
24 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
25 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
26 this amendment provided such adjustment is made

1 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
2 and such regulations provide methods and standards
3 by which the Department will utilize its authority
4 under Section 404 of this Act; and

5 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
6 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
7 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
8 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
9 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
10 foreign person who would be a member of the same
11 unitary business group but for the fact that the
12 foreign person's business activity outside the United
13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
14 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
15 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
16 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
17 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
18 from being included in the unitary business group
19 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
20 business income under different subsections of Section
21 304. The addition modification required by this
22 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
23 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
24 group for the same taxable year and received by the
25 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
26 business group (including amounts included in gross

1 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
3 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
4 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
5 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
6 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
7 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
8 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
9 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
10 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
11 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
12 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
13 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
14 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
15 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
17 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
18 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
19 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
20 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
21 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
22 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
23 similar types of intangible assets;

24 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

25 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
26 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

1 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
2 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
3 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
4 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
5 to such item; or

6 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
8 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
9 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
10 following:

11 (a) the person during the same taxable
12 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
13 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
14 not a related member, and

15 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
16 intangible expense or cost between the
17 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
18 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
19 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
20 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
21 or

22 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
25 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;

1 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
2 writing to the application or use of an alternative
3 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
10 and such regulations provide methods and standards
11 by which the Department will utilize its authority
12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
14 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
15 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
16 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
17 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
18 person who would be a member of the same unitary
19 business group but for the fact that the person is
20 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
21 included in the unitary business group because he or
22 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
23 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
24 addition modification required by this subparagraph
25 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
26 included in base income of the unitary group for the

1 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
3 (including amounts included in gross income under
4 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
5 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
6 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
7 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
8 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
9 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
10 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
11 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
12 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

13 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
18 amounts:

19 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

20 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
21 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
22 and included in such total for the taxable year;

23 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
24 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
25 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
26 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution

1 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
2 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
3 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
4 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
5 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
6 of bond premium amortization;

7 (H) Any income of the partnership which
8 constitutes personal service income as defined in
9 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
10 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
11 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
12 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
13 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
14 Section 250;

15 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
16 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
17 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
18 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
19 including amounts distributable to organizations
20 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
21 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph
22 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
24 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
25 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
26 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
2 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
3 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
4 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2),
5 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
6 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal
8 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
10 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
11 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
14 such total which were paid by a corporation which
15 conducts business operations in a River Edge
16 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
17 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
18 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment
19 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
22 job training project established pursuant to the Real
23 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

24 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
25 such total that were paid by a corporation that
26 conducts business operations in a federally designated

1 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
2 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
3 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
4 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
5 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
6 this subparagraph (M);

7 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
8 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
9 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
10 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
11 the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
13 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
14 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
15 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
16 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
17 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

18 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
19 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
20 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
21 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
22 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
23 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
24 the bonus depreciation deduction;

25 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
26 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30

1 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
2 0.429); and

3 (3) for taxable years ending after December
4 31, 2005:

5 (i) for property on which a bonus
6 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
7 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
8 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
9 0.429); and

10 (ii) for property on which a bonus
11 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
12 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
13 1.0.

14 The aggregate amount deducted under this
15 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
16 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
17 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
18 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
19 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
20 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
21 Section 250;

22 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
23 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
24 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
25 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
26 equal to that addition modification.

1 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
2 the last day of the last tax year for which the
3 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
4 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
5 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
6 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
7 equal to that addition modification.

8 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
9 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
10 piece of property.

11 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
12 provisions of Section 250;

13 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
14 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
15 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
16 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
17 modification with respect to such transaction under
18 Section 203(a) (2) (D-17), 203(b) (2) (E-12),
19 203(c) (2) (G-12), or 203(d) (2) (D-7), but not to exceed
20 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
21 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
22 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
23 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
24 is required to make an addition modification with
25 respect to such transaction under Section
26 203(a) (2) (D-18), 203(b) (2) (E-13), 203(c) (2) (G-13), or

1 203(d) (2) (D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
2 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
3 from Section 250;

4 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
5 into account for the taxable year (net of the
6 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
7 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
9 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
10 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a) (27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
19 addition modification required to be made for the same
20 taxable year under Section 203(d) (2) (D-7) for interest
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
22 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
23 Section 250;

24 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
25 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
26 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
2 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
3 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
4 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
5 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
6 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
7 who would be a member of the same unitary business
8 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
9 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
10 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
11 required to apportion business income under different
12 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
13 addition modification required to be made for the same
14 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
15 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
17 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

18 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
24 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
2 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
3 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
4 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
5 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
6 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

7 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

8 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
9 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
10 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
11 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
12 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
13 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
14 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
15 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
16 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
17 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
18 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
19 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
20 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
21 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
22 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
23 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
24 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
25 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the

1 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
2 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
3 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
4 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
5 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
6 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
7 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an
8 addition modification must be made under those
9 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
10 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
11 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
12 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
13 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
14 Revenue Code.

15 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
16 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
17 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

18 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
19 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
20 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
21 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
22 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
23 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
24 Internal Revenue Code;

25 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
26 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax

1 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
2 insurance company taxable income;

3 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
4 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
5 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 investment company taxable income;

7 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a
8 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
9 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
10 estate investment trust taxable income;

11 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
12 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
13 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
14 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
15 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
16 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
17 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
18 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
19 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
20 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
21 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code had been in effect for all such years;

23 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
24 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
25 organization determined in accordance with the
26 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal

1 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
2 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
3 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
4 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
5 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
6 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
7 event such election is made, such losses shall be
8 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
9 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
10 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
11 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
12 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
13 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
14 with original returns due on or after the date of the
15 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
16 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
17 to provide that the election shall be effective for
18 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
19 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
20 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
21 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
22 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
23 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
24 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
25 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
26 existing law;

1 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
2 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
3 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
4 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
5 corporation determined in accordance with Section
6 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
7 taxable income shall take into account those items
8 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
9 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
10 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
11 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
12 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
13 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
14 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
15 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
16 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

17 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
18 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
19 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
20 income shall take into account those items which are
21 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
22 but which would be taken into account by an individual
23 in calculating his taxable income.

24 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
25 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
26 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or

1 business has been classified as business income and in a
2 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
3 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
4 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
5 related to that asset or business that generated the
6 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
7 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset
8 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
9 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
10 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
11 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
12 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
13 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
14 taxable years.

15 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

16 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
17 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
18 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

19 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
20 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
21 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
22 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
23 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

24 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
25 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of

1 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
2 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
3 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
4 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
5 such gain included in the amount determined under
6 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

7 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

8 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
9 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
10 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
11 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
12 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
13 determining gain) for such property on that date
14 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
15 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
16 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
17 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
18 such property.

19 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
20 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
21 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
22 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
23 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
24 property for federal income tax purposes for the
25 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
26 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the

1 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
2 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
3 period for the property.

4 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
5 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
6 purposes of this paragraph.

7 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
8 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
9 to be deducted more than once.

10 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
11 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
12 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
13 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
14 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
15 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
16 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
17 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
18 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

19 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
20 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
21 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
22 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
23 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

24 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.