1 AN ACT concerning safety.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Section 3.360 as follows:
- 6 (415 ILCS 5/3.360) (was 415 ILCS 5/3.84)
- 7 Sec. 3.360. Potentially infectious medical waste.
- 8 (a) "Potentially infectious medical waste" means the 9 following types of waste generated in connection with the 10 diagnosis, treatment (i.e., provision of medical services), or 11 immunization of human beings or animals; research pertaining to 12 the provision of medical services; or the production or testing
- of biologicals:

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- (1) Cultures and stocks. This waste shall include but not be limited to cultures and stocks of agents infectious to humans, and associated biologicals; cultures from medical or pathological laboratories; cultures and stocks of infectious agents from research and industrial laboratories; wastes from the production of biologicals; discarded live or attenuated vaccines; or culture dishes and devices used to transfer, inoculate, or mix cultures.
- (2) Human pathological wastes. This waste shall include tissue, organs, and body parts (except teeth and

the contiguous structures of bone and gum); body fluids that are removed during surgery, autopsy, or other medical procedures; or specimens of body fluids and their containers.

- (3) Human blood and blood products. This waste shall include discarded human blood, blood components (e.g., serum and plasma), or saturated material containing free flowing blood or blood components.
- (4) Used sharps. This waste shall include but not be limited to discarded sharps used in animal or human patient care, medical research, or clinical or pharmaceutical laboratories; hypodermic, intravenous, or other medical needles; hypodermic or intravenous syringes; Pasteur pipettes; scalpel blades; or blood vials. This waste shall also include but not be limited to other types of broken or unbroken glass (including slides and cover slips) in contact with infectious agents.
- (5) Animal waste. Animal waste means discarded materials, including carcasses, body parts, body fluids, blood, or bedding originating from animals inoculated during research, production of biologicals, or pharmaceutical testing with agents infectious to humans.
- (6) Isolation waste. This waste shall include discarded materials contaminated with blood, excretions, exudates, and secretions from humans that are isolated to protect others from highly communicable diseases. "Highly

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1	communicable diseases" means those diseases identified by
2	the Board in rules adopted under subsection (e) of Section
3	56.2 of this Act.
4	(7) Unused sharps. This waste shall include but not be
5	limited to the following unused, discarded sharps:
6	hypodermic, intravenous, or other needles; hypodermic or
7	intravenous syringes; or scalpel blades.
8	(b) Potentially infectious medical waste does not include:
9	(1) waste generated as general household waste;
10	(2) waste (except for sharps) for which the infectious
11	potential has been eliminated by treatment; or
12	(3) sharps that meet both of the following conditions:
13	(A) the infectious potential has been eliminated
14	from the sharps by treatment; and
15	(B) the sharps are packaged in accordance with
16	Board regulations the sharps are rendered

unrecognizable by treatment.

18 (Source: P.A. 92-574, eff. 6-26-02.)