

Rep. Barbara Flynn Currie

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1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 3669
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 3669 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
5	Sections 7-41, 17-29, 19-2.2, and 19A-70 as follows:
6	(10 ILCS 5/7-41) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-41)
7	Sec. 7-41. (a) All officers upon whom is imposed by law the
8	duty of designating and providing polling places for general
9	elections, shall provide in each such polling place so
10	designated and provided, a sufficient number of booths for such
11	primary election, which booths shall be provided with shelves,
12	such supplies and pencils as will enable the voter to prepare
13	his ballot for voting and in which voters may prepare their
14	ballots screened from all observation as to the manner in which
15	they do so. Such booths shall be within plain view of the
16	election officers and both they and the ballot boxes shall be

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within plain view of those within the proximity of the voting booths. No person other than election officers and the challengers allowed by law and those admitted for the purpose of voting, as hereinafter provided, shall be permitted within the proximity of the voting booths, except by authority of the primary officers to keep order and enforce the law.

7 (b) The number of such voting booths shall not be less than 8 one to every seventy-five voters or fraction thereof, who voted 9 at the last preceding election in the precinct or election 10 district.

11 (c) No person shall do any electioneering or soliciting of votes on primary day within any polling place or within one 12 13 hundred feet of any polling place, or, at the option of a church or private school, on any of the property of that church 14 15 or private school that is a polling place. Election officers 16 shall place 2 or more cones, small United States national flags, or some other marker a distance of 100 horizontal feet 17 from each entrance to the room used by voters to engage in 18 voting, which shall be known as the polling room. If the 19 20 polling room is located within a building that is a private business, a public or private school, or a church or other 21 22 organization founded for the purpose of religious worship and 23 the distance of 100 horizontal feet ends within the interior of 24 the building, then the markers shall be placed outside of the 25 building at each entrance used by voters to enter that building 26 on the grounds adjacent to the thoroughfare or walkway. If the 09700SB3669ham001 -3- LRB097 18256 PJG 69131 a

1 polling room is located within a public or private building 2 with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on the 3 ground floor, then the markers shall be placed 100 horizontal 4 feet from each entrance to the polling room used by voters to 5 engage in voting. If the polling room is located in a public or 6 private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on a floor above or below the ground floor, then the 7 8 markers shall be placed a distance of 100 feet from the nearest elevator or staircase used by voters on the ground floor to 9 10 access the floor where the polling room is located. The area 11 within where the markers are placed shall be known as a campaign free zone, and electioneering is prohibited pursuant 12 13 to this subsection. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 14 Section, a church or private school may choose to apply the 15 campaign free zone to its entire property, and, the 16 markers shall be placed near the boundaries on the grounds 17 adjacentto the thoroughfares or walkways leading to the entrances used by the voters. At or near the door of each 18 polling place, the election judges shall place signage 19 20 indicating the proper entrance to the polling place. In 21 addition, the election judges shall ensure that a sign 22 identifying the location of the polling place is placed on a nearby public roadway. The State Board of Elections shall 23 24 establish quidelines for the placement of polling place 25 signage.

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The area on polling place property beyond the campaign free

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1 zone, whether publicly or privately owned, is a public forum 2 for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At the request of election officers any publicly owned building must 3 4 be made available for use as a polling place. A person shall 5 have the right to congregate and engage in electioneering on 6 any polling place property while the polls are open beyond the campaign free zone, except for including but not limited to, 7 the placement of temporary signs. This subsection shall be 8 9 construed liberally in favor of persons engaging in 10 electioneering on all polling place property beyond the 11 campaign free zone for the time that the polls are open on an election day. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the 12 13 placement of temporary signs within a private dwelling in a 14 public or private building where a polling place is located. 15 Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the placement of 16 temporary signs on the doors or windows of a private dwelling in a public or private building where a polling place is 17 located so long as that private dwelling is located on a 18 19 different floor than the polling room or that private dwelling 20 is located a distance of at least 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the polling room if the private dwelling and 21 22 polling room are located on the same floor.

(d) The regulation of electioneering on polling place property on an election day, including but not limited to the placement of temporary signs, is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate 09700SB3669ham001 -5- LRB097 18256 PJG 69131 a

electioneering and any ordinance or local law contrary to subsection (c) is declared void. This is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

6 (10 ILCS 5/17-29) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-29)

7 Sec. 17-29. (a) No judge of election, pollwatcher, or other 8 person shall, at any primary or election, do any electioneering 9 or soliciting of votes or engage in any political discussion 10 within any polling place, within 100 feet of any polling place or, at the option of a church or private school, on any of the 11 12 property of that church or private school that is a polling 13 place; no person shall interrupt, hinder or oppose any voter 14 while approaching within those areas for the purpose of voting. 15 Judges of election shall enforce the provisions of this 16 Section.

(b) Election officers shall place 2 or more cones, small 17 United States national flags, or some other marker a distance 18 19 of 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the room used by 20 voters to engage in voting, which shall be known as the polling 21 room. If the polling room is located within a building that is 22 a private business, a public or private school, or a church or other organization founded for the purpose of religious worship 23 24 and the distance of 100 horizontal feet ends within the interior of the building, then the markers shall be placed 25

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1 outside of the building at each entrance used by voters to 2 enter that building on the grounds adjacent to the thoroughfare or walkway. If the polling room is located within a public or 3 4 private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is 5 located on the ground floor, then the markers shall be placed 6 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the polling room used by voters to engage in voting. If the polling room is located 7 in a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the 8 9 polling room is located on a floor above or below the ground 10 floor, then the markers shall be placed a distance of 100 feet 11 from the nearest elevator or staircase used by voters on the ground floor to access the floor where the polling room is 12 13 located. The area within where the markers are placed shall be 14 known as a campaign free zone, and electioneering is prohibited 15 pursuant to this subsection. Notwithstanding any other 16 provision of this Section, a church or private school may 17 choose to apply the campaign free zone to its entire property, 18 and, if so, the markers shall be placed near the boundaries on 19 the grounds adjacent to the thoroughfares or walkways leading 20 to the entrances used by the voters.

The area on polling place property beyond the campaign free zone, whether publicly or privately owned, is a public forum for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At the request of election officers any publicly owned building must be made available for use as a polling place. A person shall have the right to congregate and engage in electioneering on -7- LRB097 18256 PJG 69131 a

1 any polling place property while the polls are open beyond the 2 campaign free zone, except for including but not limited to, 3 the placement of temporary signs. Nothing in this Section shall 4 prohibit the placement of temporary signs within a private 5 dwelling in a public or private building where a polling place is located. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the 6 placement of temporary signs on the doors or windows of a 7 private dwelling in a public or private building where a 8 9 polling place is located so long as that private dwelling is 10 located on a different floor than the polling room or that private dwelling is located a distance of at least 100 11 horizontal feet from each entrance to the polling room if the 12 private dwelling and polling room are located on the same 13 14 floor. This subsection shall be construed liberally in favor of 15 persons engaging in electioneering on all polling place 16 property beyond the campaign free zone for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At or near the door of each 17 polling place, the election judges shall place signage 18 19 indicating the proper entrance to the polling place. In 20 addition, the election judges shall ensure that a sign identifying the location of the polling place is placed on a 21 nearby public roadway. The State Board of Elections shall 22 23 establish guidelines for the placement of polling place 24 signage.

(c) The regulation of electioneering on polling placeproperty on an election day, including but not limited to the

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1 placement of temporary signs, is an exclusive power and 2 function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate 3 electioneering and any ordinance or local law contrary to 4 subsection (c) is declared void. This is a denial and 5 limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection 6 (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.

7 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

8 (10 ILCS 5/19-2.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-2.2)

9 Sec. 19-2.2. (a) During the period beginning on the 40th 10 day preceding an election and continuing through the day preceding such election, no advertising pertaining to any 11 12 candidate or proposition to be voted upon shall be displayed in or within 100 feet of any room used by voters pursuant to this 13 14 Article, or, at the option of a church or private school, on any of the property of that church or private school that is a 15 16 polling place; nor shall any person engage in electioneering in or within 100 feet of any such room, or, at the option of a 17 church or private school, on any of the property of that church 18 19 or private school that is a polling place. Any person who 20 violates this Section may be punished as for contempt of court.

21 (b) Election officers shall place 2 or more cones, small 22 United States national flags, or some other marker a distance 23 of 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the room used by 24 voters to engage in voting, or, at the option of a church or 25 private school, on any of the property of that church or 09700SB3669ham001 -9-LRB097 18256 PJG 69131 a

1 private school that is a polling place, which shall be known as the polling room. If the polling room is located within a 2 building that is a private business, a public or private 3 4 school, or a church or other organization founded for the 5 purpose of religious worship and the distance of 100 horizontal 6 feet ends within the interior of the building, then the markers shall be placed outside of the building at each entrance used 7 by voters to enter that building on the grounds adjacent to the 8 9 thoroughfare or walkway. If the polling room is located within 10 a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the 11 polling room is located on the ground floor, then the markers shall be placed 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the 12 13 polling room used by voters to engage in voting. If the polling room is located in a public or private building with 2 or more 14 15 floors and the polling room is located on a floor above or 16 below the ground floor, then the markers shall be placed a distance of 100 feet from the nearest elevator or staircase 17 used by voters on the ground floor to access the floor where 18 the polling room is located. The area within where the markers 19 20 are placed shall be known as a campaign free zone, and electioneering is prohibited pursuant to this subsection. 21 22 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a church 23 or private school may choose to apply the campaign free zone to 24 its entire property, and, if so, the markers shall be placed 25 the boundaries on the grounds adjacent 26 thoroughfares or walkways leading to the entrances used by the

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1 voters.

2 The area on polling place property beyond the campaign free zone, whether publicly or privately owned, is a public forum 3 4 for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At the 5 request of election officers any publicly owned building must 6 be made available for use as a polling place. A person shall have the right to congregate and engage in electioneering on 7 8 any polling place property while the polls are open beyond the 9 campaign free zone, except for including but not limited to, 10 the placement of temporary signs. Nothing in this Section shall 11 prohibit the placement of temporary signs within a private dwelling in a public or private building where a polling place 12 13 is located. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit the 14 placement of temporary signs on the doors or windows of a 15 private dwelling in a public or private building where a 16 polling place is located so long as that private dwelling is located on a different floor than the polling room or that 17 private dwelling is located a distance of at least 100 18 19 horizontal feet from each entrance to the polling room if the 20 private dwelling and polling room are located on the same 21 floor. This subsection shall be construed liberally in favor of 22 persons engaging in electioneering on all polling place 23 property beyond the campaign free zone for the time that the 24 polls are open on an election day.

(c) The regulation of electioneering on polling placeproperty on an election day, including but not limited to the

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1	placement of temporary signs, is an exclusive power and
2	function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate
3	electioneering and any ordinance or local law contrary to
4	subsection (b) is declared void. This is a denial and
5	limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection
6	(h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
7	(Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)
8	(10 ILCS 5/19A-70)
9	Sec. 19A-70. Advertising or campaigning in proximity of
10	polling place; penalty. During the period prescribed in Section
11	19A-15 for early voting by personal appearance, the provisions
12	of Sections 7-41, 17-29, and 19-2.2 shall apply. This provision
13	is a denial and limitation of home rule powers and functions in
14	accordance with subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of
15	the Illinois Constitution. no advertising pertaining to any
16	candidate or proposition to be voted on may be displayed in or
17	within 100 feet of any polling place used by voters under this
18	Article. No person may engage in electioneering in or within
19	100 feet of any polling place used by voters under this
20	Article. The provisions of Section 17-29 with respect to
21	establishment of a campaign free zone apply to polling places
22	under this Article.
23	Any person who violates this Section may be punished for

24 contempt of court.

25 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

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Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
becoming law.".