1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 2-111, 3-400, 3-413, 6-205, 6-206, 11-204.1, 11-1302,
- 6 11-1403, 11-1403.2, and 12-208 as follows:
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/2-111) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 2-111)
- 8 Sec. 2-111. Seizure or confiscation of documents and
- 9 plates.
- 10 (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to take possession
- of any certificate of title, registration card, permit,
- 12 license, registration plate, plates, disability license plate
- or parking decal or device, or registration sticker issued by
- 14 him upon expiration, revocation, cancellation or suspension
- thereof, or which is fictitious, or which has been unlawfully
- or erroneously issued. Police officers who have reasonable
- 17 grounds to believe that any item or items listed in this
- 18 Section should be seized shall take possession of the items and
- 19 <u>return them or cause them to be returned to request</u> the
- 20 Secretary of State to take possession of such item or items.
- 21 (b) The Secretary of State is authorized to confiscate any
- 22 suspected fraudulent, fictitious, or altered documents
- 23 submitted by an applicant in support of an application for a

- driver's license or permit.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 93-895, eff. 1-1-05; 94-619, eff. 1-1-06.)
- 3 (625 ILCS 5/3-400) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-400)
- 4 Sec. 3-400. Definition. Notwithstanding the definition set
- 5 forth in Chapter 1 of this Act, for the purposes of this
- 6 Article, the following words shall have the meaning ascribed to
- 7 them as follows:
- 8 "Apportionable Fee" means any periodic recurring fee
- 9 required for licensing or registering vehicles, such as, but
- 10 not limited to, registration fees, license or weight fees.
- 11 "Apportionable Vehicle" means any vehicle, except
- 12 recreational vehicles, vehicles displaying restricted plates,
- 13 city pickup and delivery vehicles, buses used in transportation
- of chartered parties, and government owned vehicles that are
- 15 used or intended for use in 2 or more member jurisdictions that
- allocate or proportionally register vehicles, in a fleet which
- is used for the transportation of persons for hire or the
- transportation of property and which has a gross vehicle weight
- in excess of 26,000 pounds; or has three or more axles
- 20 regardless of weight; or is used in combination when the weight
- of such combination exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.
- 22 Vehicles, or combinations having a gross vehicle weight of
- 23 26,000 pounds or less and two-axle vehicles may be
- 24 proportionally registered at the option of such owner.
- 25 "Base Jurisdiction" means, for purposes of fleet

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registration, the jurisdiction where the registrant has an established place of business, where operational records of the fleet are maintained and where mileage is accrued by the fleet. In case a registrant operates more than one fleet, and maintains records for each fleet in different places, the "base jurisdiction" for a fleet shall be the jurisdiction where an established place of business is maintained, where records of the operation of that fleet are maintained and where mileage is accrued by that fleet.

"Operational Records" means documents supporting miles traveled in each jurisdiction and total miles traveled, such as fuel reports, trip leases, and logs.

Owner. A person who holds legal title of a motor vehicle, or in the event a motor vehicle is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or lessee with right of purchase, or in the event a mortgagor of such motor vehicle is entitled to possession, or in the event a lessee of such motor vehicle is entitled to possession or control, then such conditional vendee or lessee with right of purchase or mortgagor or lessee is considered to be the owner for the purpose of this Act.

"Registration plate cover" means any tinted, colored, painted, marked, clear, or illuminated object that is designed to (i) cover any of the characters of a motor vehicle's

- registration plate; or (ii) distort a recorded image of any of 1
- 2 the characters of a motor vehicle's registration plate recorded
- 3 by an automated enforcement system as defined in Section
- 11-208.6, 11-208.8, or 11-1201.1 of this Code or recorded by an 4
- 5 automated traffic control system as defined in Section 15 of
- the Automated Traffic Control Systems in Highway Construction 6
- 7 or Maintenance Zones Act.
- "Rental Owner" means an owner principally engaged, with 8
- 9 respect to one or more rental fleets, in renting to others or
- 10 offering for rental the vehicles of such fleets, without
- 11 drivers.
- 12 "Restricted Plates" shall include but are not limited to
- 13 dealer, manufacturer, transporter, farm, repossessor, and
- 14 permanently mounted type plates. Vehicles displaying any of
- 15 these type plates from a foreign jurisdiction that is a member
- 16 of the International Registration Plan shall be granted
- 17 reciprocity but shall be subject to the same limitations as
- similar plated Illinois registered vehicles. 18
- (Source: P.A. 89-571, eff. 7-26-96; 90-89, eff. 1-1-98.) 19
- 20 (625 ILCS 5/3-413) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-413)
- 21 Sec. 3-413. Display of registration plates, registration
- 22 stickers, and drive-away permits; registration plate covers.
- (a) Registration plates issued for a motor vehicle other 23
- than a motorcycle, trailer, semitrailer, truck-tractor, 24
- 25 apportioned bus, or apportioned truck shall be attached

plate issued for a motorcycle, trailer or semitrailer required to be registered hereunder and any apportionment plate issued to a bus under the provisions of this Code shall be attached to

thereto, one in the front and one in the rear. The registration

- 5 the rear thereof. The registration plate issued for a
- 6 truck-tractor or an apportioned truck required to be registered
- 7 hereunder shall be attached to the front thereof.
 - (b) Every registration plate shall at all times be securely fastened in a horizontal position to the vehicle for which it is issued so as to prevent the plate from swinging and at a height of not less than 5 inches from the ground, measuring from the bottom of such plate, in a place and position to be clearly visible and shall be maintained in a condition to be clearly legible, free from any materials that would obstruct the visibility of the plate, including, but not limited to, glass covers and plastic covers. A registration plate on a motorcycle may be mounted vertically as long as it is otherwise clearly visible. Registration stickers issued as evidence of renewed annual registration shall be attached to registration plates as required by the Secretary of State, and be clearly visible at all times.
 - (c) Every drive-away permit issued pursuant to this Code shall be firmly attached to the motor vehicle in the manner prescribed by the Secretary of State. If a drive-away permit is affixed to a motor vehicle in any other manner the permit shall be void and of no effect.

- The Illinois prorate decal issued to a foreign 1 (d)
- 2 registered vehicle part of a fleet prorated or apportioned with
- 3 Illinois, shall be displayed on a registration plate and
- 4 displayed on the front of such vehicle in the same manner as an
- 5 Illinois registration plate.
- 6 (e) The registration plate issued for a camper body mounted
- on a truck displaying registration plates shall be attached to 7
- 8 the rear of the camper body.
- 9 (f) No person shall operate a vehicle, nor permit the
- 10 operation of a vehicle, upon which is displayed an Illinois
- 11 registration plate, plates or registration stickers after the
- 12 termination of the registration period for which issued or
- 13 after the expiration date set pursuant to Sections 3-414 and
- 3-414.1 of this Code. 14
- (g) A person may not operate any motor vehicle that is 15
- 16 equipped with registration plate covers. A violation of this
- 17 subsection (g) or a similar provision of a local ordinance is
- an offense against laws and ordinances regulating the movement 18
- 19 of traffic.
- 20 (h) A person may not sell or offer for sale a registration
- plate cover. A violation of this subsection (h) is a business 21
- 22 offense.
- 23 (i) A person may not advertise for the purpose of promoting
- 24 the sale of registration plate covers. A violation of this
- 25 subsection (i) is a business offense.
- 26 (j) A person may not modify the original manufacturer's

- mounting location of the rear registration plate on any vehicle 1
- 2 so as to conceal the registration or to knowingly cause it to
- 3 be obstructed in an effort to hinder a peace officer from
- obtaining the registration for the enforcement of a violation 4
- 5 of this Code, Section 27.1 of the Toll Highway Act concerning
- toll evasion, or any municipal ordinance. Modifications 6
- 7 prohibited by this subsection (j) include but are not limited
- to the use of an electronic device. A violation of this 8
- 9 subsection (j) is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 95-29, eff. 6-1-08; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)
- 11 (625 ILCS 5/6-206)
- 12 Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke
- 1.3 license or permit; Right to a hearing.
- 14 (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or
- 15 revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary
- 16 hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other
- sufficient evidence that the person: 17
- 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory 18
- 19 revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon
- conviction; 20
- 21 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses
- 22 against traffic regulations governing the movement of
- 23 vehicles committed within any 12 month period.
- 24 revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6
- months after the date of last conviction; 25

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- 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
- 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the accident, whichever date occurs later:
- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
 - 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination

- provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
 - 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
 - 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license, identification card, or permit;
 - 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
 - 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a monitoring device driving permit, judicial driving permit issued prior to January 1, 2009, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;
 - 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
 - 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was

- invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110; 1
- 2 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301,
- 3 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B
- of the Illinois Identification Card Act; 4
- 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the
- Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to 6
- 7 vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one
- 8 year;
- 9 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of
- 10 this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;
- 11 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as
- 12 required under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and the person
- 13 has not sought a hearing as provided for in Section
- 14 11-501.1;
- 15 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or
- 16 permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering
- 17 from any mental disability or disease;
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) 18
- 19 of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's
- 20 license:
- 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 21
- 22 relating to classification of driver's license;
- 23 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of
- this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident 24
- 25 resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in
- 26 which case the suspension shall be for one year;

- 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph

 (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of

 the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of

 weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one

 year;
 - 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
 - 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois of or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;
 - 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
 - 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;
 - 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
 - 28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a

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motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 of years а previous conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis Cannabis Control prohibited under the Act, methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;

29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual

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abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, promoting juvenile prostitution as described in subdivision (a)(1), (a)(2), or (a)(3) of Section 11-14.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961, and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year;

- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1;
- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle

- at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
 - 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 7 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;
 - 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code;
 - 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;
 - 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of this Code that resulted in damage to the property of another or the death or injury of another;
 - 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
 - 39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
- 25 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-908 of this Code;

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- 41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of Section 11-605.1 of this Code, a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a similar violation in any other state within 2 years of the date of the previous violation, in which case the suspension shall be for 90 days;
- 42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code;
- 43. Has received a disposition of court supervision for a violation of subsection (a), (d), or (e) of Section 6-20 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, in which case the suspension shall be for a period of 3 months;
- 44. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles after having previously had his or her driving privileges suspended or revoked pursuant to subparagraph 36 of this Section; or
- 45. Has, in connection with or during the course of a formal hearing conducted under Section 2-118 of this Code:

 (i) committed perjury; (ii) submitted fraudulent or falsified documents; (iii) submitted documents that have been materially altered; or (iv) submitted, as his or her own, documents that were in fact prepared or composed for another person; or -
 - 46. Has committed a violation of subsection (j) of

Section 3-413 of this Code.

For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.

- (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.
- (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to the last known address of the person.
 - 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as

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an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a issued prior to the effective date of the permit suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of

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operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship (as defined by the rules of the Secretary of State), issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself, or a family member of the petitioner's household to a medical facility, to receive necessary medical care, to allow the petitioner transport himself or herself to and from alcohol or drug remedial or rehabilitative activity recommended by a licensed service provider, or to allow the petitioner to transport himself or herself or a family member of the petitioner's household to classes, as a student, at an

accredited educational institution, or to allow the petitioner to transport children, elderly persons, or disabled persons who do not hold driving privileges and are living in the petitioner's household to and from daycare. The petitioner must demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and that the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare. Those multiple offenders identified in subdivision (b) 4 of Section 6-208 of this Code, however, shall not be eligible for the issuance of a restricted driving permit.

- (A) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a combination of these offenses, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (B) If a person's license or permit is revoked or suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to any combination of:
 - (i) a single conviction of violating Section

11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or a similar out-of-state offense; or

- (ii) a statutory summary suspension or revocation under Section 11-501.1; or
- (iii) a suspension under Section 6-203.1; arising out of separate occurrences; that person, if issued a restricted driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1.
- (C) The person issued a permit conditioned upon the use of an ignition interlock device must pay to the Secretary of State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$30 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees.
- (D) If the restricted driving permit is issued for employment purposes, then the prohibition against operating a motor vehicle that is not equipped with an ignition interlock device does not apply to the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer when used solely for employment purposes.

(E) In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for а period deemed appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. Secretary may not, however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar out-of-state offense, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, where the use of alcohol or other drugs is recited as an element of the offense, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at least one year from the date of the revocation. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the movement of traffic shall be sufficient for deemed cause the revocation, suspension, or cancellation of a restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require

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the applicant to participate in a designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

- (c-3) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of subsection (a), reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section shall, except during the actual time the suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting authorities, the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the Secretary of State, or the parent or legal guardian of a driver under the age of 18. However, beginning January 1, 2008, if the person is a CDL holder, the suspension shall also be made available to the driver licensing administrator of any other state, the U.S. Department of Transportation, and the affected driver or motor carrier or prospective motor carrier upon request.
- (c-4) In the case of a suspension under paragraph 43 of subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall notify the person by mail that his or her driving privileges and driver's license will be suspended one month after the date of the mailing of the notice.
- (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he

- or she reached the age of 21 years pursuant to any of the
- 2 provisions of this Section, require the applicant to
- 3 participate in a driver remedial education course and be
- 4 retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.
- 5 (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the
- 6 Drivers License Compact.
- 7 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted
- 8 driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 9 driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- 10 provisions of this Code.
- 11 (f) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of
- 12 State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the
- operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a
- 14 CDL whose driving privileges have been suspended, revoked,
- 15 cancelled, or disqualified under any provisions of this Code.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-607, eff. 8-24-09;
- 17 96-1180, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1305, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1344, eff.
- 18 7-1-11; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-229, eff. 7-28-11; 97-333,
- 19 eff. 8-12-11; revised 9-15-11.)
- 20 (625 ILCS 5/11-204.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-204.1)
- 21 Sec. 11-204.1. Aggravated fleeing or attempting to elude a
- 22 peace officer.
- 23 (a) The offense of aggravated fleeing or attempting to
- 24 elude a peace officer is committed by any driver or operator of
- a motor vehicle who flees or attempts to elude a peace officer,

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- after being given a visual or audible signal by a peace officer 1
- 2 in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of Section 11-204 of
- 3 this Code, and such flight or attempt to elude:
- (1) is at a rate of speed at least 21 miles per hour 4 over the legal speed limit;
 - (2) causes bodily injury to any individual;
 - (3) causes damage in excess of \$300 to property; or
- (4) involves disobedience of 2 or more official traffic 8 9 control devices; or -
- 10 (5) involves the concealing or altering of the 11 vehicle's registration plate.
 - (b) Any person convicted of a first violation of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony. Upon notice of such a conviction the Secretary of State shall forthwith revoke the driver's license of the person so convicted, as provided in Section 6-205 of this Code. Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 3 felony, and upon notice of such a conviction the Secretary of State shall forthwith revoke the driver's license of the person convicted, as provided in Section 6-205 of the Code.
- (c) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section 21 22 is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 23 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09.) 24

- Sec. 11-1302. Officers authorized to remove vehicles. (a) Whenever any police officer finds a vehicle in violation of any of the provisions of Section 11-1301 such officer is hereby authorized to move such vehicle, or require the driver or other person in charge of the vehicle to move the same, to a position off the roadway.
 - (b) Any police officer is hereby authorized to remove or cause to be removed to a place of safety any unattended vehicle illegally left standing upon any highway, bridge, causeway, or in a tunnel, in such a position or under such circumstances as to obstruct the normal movement of traffic.
 - Whenever the Department finds an abandoned or disabled vehicle standing upon the paved or main-traveled part of a highway, which vehicle is or may be expected to interrupt the free flow of traffic on the highway or interfere with the maintenance of the highway, the Department is authorized to move the vehicle to a position off the paved or improved or main-traveled part of the highway.
 - (c) Any police officer is hereby authorized to remove or cause to be removed to the nearest garage or other place of safety any vehicle found upon a highway when:
- 1. Report has been made that such vehicle has been stolen or taken without the consent of its owner, or
- 24 2. The person or persons in charge of such vehicle are unable to provide for its custody or removal, or
 - 3. When the person driving or in control of such vehicle is

- 1 arrested for an alleged offense for which the officer is
- 2 required by law to take the person arrested before a proper
- 3 magistrate without unnecessary delay, or -
- 4. When the registration of the vehicle has been suspended,
- 5 <u>cancelled</u>, or revoked.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 79-1069.)
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/11-1403) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-1403)
- 8 Sec. 11-1403. Riding on motorcycles. (a) A person operating
- 9 a motorcycle shall ride only upon the permanent and regular
- 10 seat attached thereto, and such operator shall not carry any
- other person nor shall any other person ride on a motorcycle
- 12 unless such motorcycle is designed to carry more than one
- 13 person, in which event a passenger may ride upon the permanent
- and regular seat if designed for 2 persons, or upon another
- 15 seat firmly attached to the motorcycle at the rear or side of
- 16 the operator.
- 17 (b) A person shall ride upon a motorcycle only while
- 18 sitting astride the seat, facing forward, with one leg on each
- 19 side of the motorcycle.
- 20 (c) No person shall operate any motorcycle with handlebar
- 21 grips handlebars higher than the height of the head shoulders
- of the operator when the operator is seated in the normal
- 23 driving position astride that portion of the seat or saddle
- occupied by the operator.
- 25 (d) The operator of any motorcycle shall keep at least one

- hand on a handlebar grip at all times the motorcycle is in 1
- 2 motion.
- (Source: P.A. 84-602.) 3
- 4 (625 ILCS 5/11-1403.2) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-1403.2)
- 5 Sec. 11-1403.2. Operating a motorcycle, motor driven
- cycle, or moped on one wheel; aggravated operating a 6
- motorcycle, motor driven cycle, or moped on one wheel. 7
- 8 (a) No person shall operate a motorcycle, motor driven
- 9 cycle, or moped on one wheel.
- 10 (b) Aggravated operating a motorcycle, motor driven cycle,
- 11 or moped on one wheel. A person commits aggravated operating a
- 12 motorcycle, motor driven cycle, or moped on one wheel when he
- 13 or she violates subsection (a) of this Section while committing
- a violation of subsection (b) of Section 11-601 of this Code. A 14
- violation of this subsection is a petty offense with a minimum 15
- 16 fine of \$100, except a second conviction of a violation of this
- subsection is a Class B misdemeanor and a third or subsequent 17
- 18 conviction of a violation of this subsection is a Class A
- 19 misdemeanor.
- (Source: P.A. 96-554, eff. 1-1-10.) 20
- 21 (625 ILCS 5/12-208) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 12-208)
- 22 Sec. 12-208. Signal lamps and signal devices.
- 23 (a) Every vehicle other than an antique vehicle displaying
- 24 an antique plate or an expanded-use antique vehicle displaying

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expanded-use antique vehicle plates operated in this State shall be equipped with a stop lamp or lamps on the rear of the vehicle which shall display a red or amber light visible from a distance of not less than 500 feet to the rear in normal sunlight and which shall be actuated upon application of the (foot) brake, and which may but need not incorporated with other rear lamps. During times when lighted lamps are not required, an antique vehicle or an expanded-use antique vehicle may be equipped with a stop lamp or lamps on the rear of such vehicle of the same type originally installed by the manufacturer as original equipment and in working order. However, at all other times, except as provided in subsection (a-1), such antique vehicle or expanded-use antique vehicle must be equipped with stop lamps meeting the requirements of Section 12-208 of this Act.

- An antique vehicle or an expanded-use antique vehicle, including an antique motorcycle, may display a blue light or lights of up to one inch in diameter as part of the vehicle's rear stop lamp or lamps.
- (b) Every motor vehicle other than an antique vehicle displaying an antique plate or an expanded-use antique vehicle displaying expanded-use antique vehicle plates shall equipped with an electric turn signal device which shall indicate the intention of the driver to turn to the right or to the left in the form of flashing lights located at and showing to the front and rear of the vehicle on the side of the vehicle

toward which the turn is to be made. The lamps showing to the front shall be mounted on the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable and, when signaling, shall emit a white or amber light, or any shade of light between white and amber. The lamps showing to the rear shall be mounted on the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable and, when signaling, shall emit a red or amber light. An antique vehicle or expanded-use antique vehicle shall be equipped with a turn signal device of the same type originally installed by

the manufacturer as original equipment and in working order.

- (c) Every trailer and semitrailer shall be equipped with an electric turn signal device which indicates the intention of the driver in the power unit to turn to the right or to the left in the form of flashing red or amber lights located at the rear of the vehicle on the side toward which the turn is to be made and mounted on the same level and as widely spaced laterally as practicable.
- (d) Turn signal lamps must be visible from a distance of not less than 300 feet in normal sunlight.
 - (e) Motorcycles and motor-driven cycles need not be equipped with electric turn signals. Antique vehicles and expanded-use antique vehicles need not be equipped with turn signals unless such were installed by the manufacturer as original equipment.
- 25 (f) (Blank).
- 26 (g) Motorcycles and motor-driven cycles may be equipped

- with a stop lamp or lamps on the rear of the vehicle that
- 2 display a red or amber light, visible from a distance of not
- 3 less than 500 feet to the rear in normal sunlight, that flashes
- and becomes steady only when the brake is actuated. 4
- (Source: P.A. 96-487, eff. 1-1-10; 97-412, eff. 1-1-12.) 5
- (625 ILCS 5/12-610.5 rep.) 6
- 7 Section 10. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- repealing Section 12-610.5. 8