

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 SB2957

Introduced 2/1/2012, by Sen. Donne E. Trotter

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

225 ILCS 25/4 from Ch. 111, par. 2304 225 ILCS 25/18 from Ch. 111, par. 2318

Amends the Illinois Dental Practice Act. Provides that a dental hygienist may be employed or retained by a health care facility, program, or nonprofit organization to perform dental hygiene services without the patient first being examined by a licensed dentist if the dental hygienist (i) has engaged in active practice of clinical dental hygiene for a minimum of 2,400 hours in the past 18 months or a career total of 3,000 hours, (ii) has entered into a collaborative agreement with a licensed dentist, (iii) had documented participation in course in infection control and medical emergencies, and (iv) maintains current CPR certification. Authorizes the dental hygienist to perform limited specified services. Provides that a licensed dentist may not have a collaborative agreement with more than 2 dental hygienist unless otherwise authorized by the Board. Provides that the collaborative agreement must (i) include certain provisions and it must be signed and maintained by the dentist, the dental hygienist, and the facility, program, or organization, (ii) be reviewed yearly, and (iii) be made available to the Board upon request. Effective immediately.

LRB097 18307 CEL 63533 b

1 AN ACT concerning regulation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,

represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Dental Practice Act is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 4 and 18 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 25/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 2304)
- 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 8 Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 9 (a) "Department" means the Illinois Department of
- 10 Professional Regulation.
- 11 (b) "Director" means the Director of Professional
- 12 Regulation.
- 13 (c) "Board" means the Board of Dentistry established by
- 14 Section 6 of this Act.
- 15 (d) "Dentist" means a person who has received a general
- license pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 11 of this Act and
- who may perform any intraoral and extraoral procedure required
- in the practice of dentistry and to whom is reserved the
- responsibilities specified in Section 17.
- 20 (e) "Dental hygienist" means a person who holds a license
- 21 under this Act to perform dental services as authorized by
- 22 Section 18.
- 23 (f) "Dental assistant" means an appropriately trained

- person who, under the supervision of a dentist, provides dental services as authorized by Section 17.
- 3 (g) "Dental laboratory" means a person, firm or corporation
 4 which:
 - (i) engages in making, providing, repairing or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues; and
 - (ii) utilizes or employs a dental technician to provide such services; and
- 12 (iii) performs such functions only for a dentist or dentists.
 - (h) "Supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist or a dental assistant requiring that a dentist authorize the procedure, remain in the dental facility while the procedure is performed, and approve the work performed by the dental hygienist or dental assistant before dismissal of the patient, but does not mean that the dentist must be present at all times in the treatment room.
 - (i) "General supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist requiring that the patient be a patient of record, that the dentist examine the patient in accordance with Section 18 prior to treatment by the dental hygienist, and that the dentist authorize the procedures which are being carried out by a notation in the patient's record, but not requiring that a

- dentist be present when the authorized procedures are being
- 2 performed. The issuance of a prescription to a dental
- 3 laboratory by a dentist does not constitute general
- 4 supervision.
- 5 (j) "Collaborative agreement" means a written agreement
- 6 between a licensed dental hygienist and a collaborating
- 7 <u>licensed dentist.</u>
- 8 $\underline{\text{(k)}}$ "Public member" means a person who is not a health
- 9 professional. For purposes of board membership, any person with
- 10 a significant financial interest in a health service or
- 11 profession is not a public member.
- 12 $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ "Dentistry" means the healing art which is
- concerned with the examination, diagnosis, treatment planning
- 14 and care of conditions within the human oral cavity and its
- 15 adjacent tissues and structures, as further specified in
- 16 Section 17.
- 17 (m) (l) "Branches of dentistry" means the various
- 18 specialties of dentistry which, for purposes of this Act, shall
- 19 be limited to the following: endodontics, oral and
- 20 maxillofacial surgery, orthodontics and dentofacial
- 21 orthopedics, pediatric dentistry, periodontics,
- 22 prosthodontics, and oral and maxillofacial radiology.
- 23 (n) (m) "Specialist" means a dentist who has received a
- specialty license pursuant to Section 11(b).
- 25 <u>(o)</u> "Dental technician" means a person who owns,
- operates or is employed by a dental laboratory and engages in

- making, providing, repairing or altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues.
 - (p) (e) "Impaired dentist" or "impaired dental hygienist" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is unable to practice with reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental disability as evidenced by a written determination or written consent based on clinical evidence, including deterioration through the aging process, loss of motor skills, abuse of drugs or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient degree to diminish the person's ability to deliver competent patient care.
 - (q) (p) "Nurse" means a registered professional nurse, a certified registered nurse anesthetist licensed as an advanced practice nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed under the Nurse Practice Act.
 - <u>(r)</u> "Patient of record" means a patient for whom the patient's most recent dentist has obtained a relevant medical and dental history and on whom the dentist has performed an examination and evaluated the condition to be treated.
 - $\underline{\text{(s)}}$ "Dental emergency responder" means a dentist or dental hygienist who is appropriately certified in emergency medical response, as defined by the Department of Public Health.

- 1 (t) (s) "Mobile dental van or portable dental unit" means
 2 any self-contained or portable dental unit in which dentistry
 3 is practiced that can be moved, towed, or transported from one
 4 location to another in order to establish a location where
 5 dental services can be provided.
- 6 (u) "Public health setting" means a hospital; nursing home; 7 home health agency; group home serving the elderly, disabled or 8 juveniles; State-operated facility licensed by the 9 Commissioner of Human Services or the Commissioner of 10 Corrections; federal, State, or local public health facility; 11 community clinic; school authority; Head start program; 12 Maternal and Child Health WIC program; or a program operated by a non-profit organization that services individuals who are 13 14 uninsured or who are Illinois health care public program 15 recipients.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 97-526, eff. 1-1-12.)
- 17 (225 ILCS 25/18) (from Ch. 111, par. 2318)
- 18 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 19 Sec. 18. Acts constituting the practice of dental hygiene;
- 20 limitations.
- 21 (a) A person practices dental hygiene within the meaning of 22 this Act when he or she performs the following acts under the
- 23 supervision of a dentist:
- 24 (i) the operative procedure of dental hygiene,
- consisting of oral prophylactic procedures;

(ii) the exposure and processing of X-Ray films of

2	the teeth and surrounding structures;
3	(iii) the application to the surfaces of the teeth
4	or gums of chemical compounds designed to be
5	desensitizing agents or effective agents in the
6	prevention of dental caries or periodontal disease;
7	(iv) all services which may be performed by a
8	dental assistant as specified by rule pursuant to
9	Section 17, and a dental hygienist may engage in the
10	placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam
11	restorations only after obtaining formal education and
12	certification as determined by the Department;
13	(v) administration and monitoring of nitrous oxide
14	upon successful completion of a training program
15	approved by the Department;
16	(vi) administration of local anesthetics upon
17	successful completion of a training program approved
18	by the Department; and
19	(vii) such other procedures and acts as shall be
20	prescribed by rule or regulation of the Department.
21	(b) A dental hygienist may be employed or engaged only:
22	(1) by a dentist;
23	(2) by a federal, State, county, or municipal agency or
24	institution;
25	(3) by a public or private school; or
26	(4) by a public clinic operating under the direction of

- a hospital or federal, State, county, municipal, or other public agency or institution.
 - (c) When employed or engaged in the office of a dentist, a dental hygienist may perform, under general supervision, those procedures found in items (i) through (iv) of subsection (a) of this Section, provided the patient has been examined by the dentist within one year of the provision of dental hygiene services, the dentist has approved the dental hygiene services by a notation in the patient's record and the patient has been notified that the dentist may be out of the office during the provision of dental hygiene services.
 - (d) If a patient of record is unable to travel to a dental office because of illness, infirmity, or imprisonment, a dental hygienist may perform, under the general supervision of a dentist, those procedures found in items (i) through (iv) of subsection (a) of this Section, provided the patient is located in a long-term care facility licensed by the State of Illinois, a mental health or developmental disability facility, or a State or federal prison. The dentist shall personally examine and diagnose the patient and determine which services are necessary to be performed, which shall be contained in an order to the hygienist and a notation in the patient's record. Such order must be implemented within 120 days of its issuance, and an updated medical history and observation of oral conditions must be performed by the hygienist immediately prior to beginning the procedures to ensure that the patient's health

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has not changed in any manner to warrant a reexamination by the dentist.

School-based oral health care, consisting of (e) limited oral prophylactic procedures, sealants, fluoride treatments, may be provided by a dental hygienist under the general supervision of a dentist. A dental hygienist may not provide other dental hygiene treatment school-based setting, including but limited not to administration monitoring of nitrous oxide or or administration of local anesthetics. The school-based procedures may be performed provided the patient is located at a public or private school and the program is being conducted by a State, county or local public health department initiative or in conjunction with a dental school or dental hygiene program. The dentist shall personally examine and diagnose the patient and determine which services are necessary to be performed, which shall be contained in an order to the hygienist and a notation in the patient's record. Any such order for sealants must be implemented within 120 days after its issuance. Any such order for oral prophylactic procedures or fluoride treatments must be implemented within 180 days after its issuance. An updated medical history and observation oral conditions must be performed by the hygienist immediately prior to beginning the procedures to ensure that the patient's health has not changed in any manner to warrant a reexamination by the dentist.

Without the supervision of a dentist, a dental 1 2 hygienist may perform dental health education functions and may record case histories and oral conditions observed. 3 4 (q) The number of dental hygienists practicing in a dental 5 office shall not exceed, at any one time, 4 times the number of dentists practicing in the office at the time. 6 7 (h) Notwithstanding subsections (c), (d), (e), or (f) of 8 Section 18, a dental hygienist licensed under this Act may be 9 employed or retained by a health care facility, program, or nonprofit organization to perform dental hygiene services 10 11 described under subsection (i) of this Section without the 12 patient first being examined by a licensed dentist if the 13 dental hygienist: 14 (1) has been engaged in the active practice of clinical dental hygiene for not less than 2,400 hours in the past 18 15 16 months or a career total of 3,000 hours, including a 17 minimum of 200 hours of clinical practice in 2 of the past 18 3 years; 19 (2) has entered into a collaborative agreement with a 20 licensed dentist that designates authorization for the 21 services provided by the dental hygienist; 22 (3) has documented participation in courses in 23 infection control and medical emergencies within each 24 continuing education cycle; and 25 (4) maintains current CPR certification

completion of the American Heart Association healthcare

1	provider course, the American Red Cross professional
2	rescuer course, or an equivalent entity.
3	(i) The dental hygiene services authorized to be performed
4	by a dental hygienist under this subsection are limited to:
5	(1) screen and assess oral health conditions;
6	(2) preliminary charting of the oral cavity and
7	surrounding structures to include case histories, perform
8	initial and periodic examinations and assessments to
9	determine periodontal status, and formulate a dental
10	hygiene treatment plan in coordination with a dentist's
11	<pre>treatment plan;</pre>
12	(3) removal of deposits and stains from the surfaces of
13	the teeth;
14	(4) prescribe, administer, and dispense fluoride,
15	fluoride varnish, antimicrobial solutions, or resorbable
16	antimicrobial agents;
17	(5) apply sealants;
18	(6) polishing and smoothing restorations;
19	(7) removal of marginal overhangs;
20	(8) performance of preliminary charting;
21	(9) taking of radiographs; and
22	(10) performance of scaling and root planing.
23	(j) A collaborating dentist must be licensed under this Act
24	and may enter into a collaborative agreement with no more than
25	2 dental hygienists unless otherwise authorized by the Board.
26	The Board shall develop parameters and a process for obtaining

1	authorization to collaborate with more than 2 dental
2	hygienists. The collaborative agreement must include:
3	(1) consideration for medically compromised patients
4	and medical conditions for which a dental evaluation and
5	treatment plan must occur prior to the provision of dental
6	hygiene services;
7	(2) age-and procedure-specific standard collaborative
8	practice protocols, including recommended intervals for
9	the performance of dental hygiene services and a period of
10	time that an examination by a dentist should occur;
11	(3) copies of consent to treatment form provided to the
12	patient by the dental hygienist;
13	(4) specific protocols for the placement of pit and
14	fissure sealants and requirements for follow-up care to
15	assure the efficacy of the sealants after application; and
16	(5) a procedure for creating and maintaining dental
17	records for the patients that are treated by the dental
18	hygienist; this procedure must specify where these records
19	are to be located.
20	(k) The collaborative agreement must be (i) signed and
21	maintained by the dentist, the dental hygienist, and the
22	facility, program, or organization, (ii) reviewed annually by
23	the collaborating dentist and dental hygienist, and (iii) made
24	available to the Board upon request.
25	(1) Before performing any services authorized under this
26	subsection, a dental hygienist must provide the patient with a

- 1 consent to treatment form that must include a statement
- 2 advising the patient that the dental hygiene services provided
- 3 are not a substitute for a dental examination by a licensed
- 4 dentist. If the dental hygienist makes any referrals to the
- 5 patient for further dental procedures, the dental hygienist
- 6 must fill out a referral form and provide a copy of the form to
- 7 the collaborating dentist.
- 8 <u>(m) The dental hygienist working under a collaborative</u>
- 9 agreement and the collaborating dentist must agree to maintain
- 10 communication and consultation with each other.
- 11 (n) The dental hygienist working under a collaborative
- 12 agreement must provide the collaborating dentist opportunities
- to review patient records as requested.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 97-526, eff. 1-1-12.)
- 15 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 16 becoming law.