97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

SB2876

Introduced 2/1/2012, by Sen. William R. Haine

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

215 ILCS 5/4

from Ch. 73, par. 616

Amends the Illinois Insurance Code in the provision concerning classes of insurance. Provides that the insurance laws of the State, including the Illinois Insurance Code, do not apply to medical fee sharing arrangements between a religious organization and the organization's members or participants if (1) the organization limits its operations to those activities permitted by the provision concerning medical fee sharing arrangements between a religious organization and the organization's members or participants and (2) the medical fee sharing arrangement and organization meet certain criteria. Effective immediately.

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1

AN ACT concerning insurance.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Insurance Code is amended by 5 changing Section 4 as follows:

6 (215 ILCS 5/4) (from Ch. 73, par. 616)

Sec. 4. Classes of insurance. Insurance and insurancebusiness shall be classified as follows:

9 Class 1. Life, Accident and Health.

(a) Life. Insurance on the lives of persons and every 10 insurance appertaining thereto or connected therewith and 11 12 granting, purchasing or disposing of annuities. Policies of 13 life or endowment insurance or annuity contracts or contracts 14 supplemental thereto which contain provisions for additional benefits in case of death by accidental means and provisions 15 operating to safeguard such policies or contracts against 16 17 lapse, to give a special surrender value, or special benefit, or an annuity, in the event, that the insured or annuitant 18 19 shall become totally and permanently disabled as defined by the 20 policy or contract, or which contain benefits providing 21 acceleration of life or endowment or annuity benefits in 22 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable, as an indemnity for long term care which is certified or ordered by a 23

physician, including but not limited to, professional nursing 1 2 expenses, custodial nursing care, care, medical care non-nursing custodial care provided in a nursing home or at a 3 residence of the insured, or which contain benefits providing 4 5 acceleration of life or endowment or annuity benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be payable, at any 6 7 time during the insured's lifetime, as an indemnity for a terminal illness shall be deemed to be policies of life or 8 9 endowment insurance or annuity contracts within the intent of 10 this clause.

11 Also to be deemed as policies of life or endowment 12 insurance or annuity contracts within the intent of this clause 13 shall be those policies or riders that provide for the payment of up to 75% of the face amount of benefits in advance of the 14 15 time they would otherwise be payable upon a diagnosis by a 16 physician licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches 17 that the insured has incurred a covered condition listed in the 18 policy or rider.

"Covered condition", as used in this clause, means: heart attack, stroke, coronary artery surgery, life threatening cancer, renal failure, alzheimer's disease, paraplegia, major organ transplantation, total and permanent disability, and any other medical condition that the Department may approve for any particular filing.

The Director may issue rules that specify prohibited policy provisions, not otherwise specifically prohibited by law,

1 which in the opinion of the Director are unjust, unfair, or 2 unfairly discriminatory to the policyholder, any person 3 insured under the policy, or beneficiary.

4 (b) Accident and health. Insurance against bodily injury, 5 disablement or death by accident and against disablement resulting from sickness or old age and every insurance 6 7 appertaining thereto, including stop-loss insurance. Stop-loss insurance is insurance against the risk of economic loss issued 8 9 to a single employer self-funded employee disability benefit 10 plan or an employee welfare benefit plan as described in 29 11 U.S.C. 100 et seq.

12 (b-5) The insurance laws of this State, including this 13 Code, do not apply to medical fee sharing arrangements between 14 a religious organization and the organization's members or 15 participants if (1) the organization limits its operations to 16 those activities permitted by this subsection (b-5) and (2) the 17 medical fee sharing arrangement and organization meet all of 18 the following criteria:

(i) the organization is described in Section 501(c) (3)
 of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from taxation
 under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(ii) members of the organization share a common set of religious beliefs, hold a bona fide conviction that the acquisition of insurance is contrary to such ethical or religious beliefs, and share medical expenses among members in accordance with those beliefs;

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1	(iii) members of the organization retain membership
2	even after they develop a medical condition;
3	(iv) the arrangement between the organization and its
4	members is limited to the sharing of medical fees directly
5	between members;
6	(v) the organization facilitates the payment of the
7	medical expenses of its members through contributions made
8	directly from one member to another without accepting such
9	funds or depositing with or transferring such funds to a
10	third party, or comingling contributions submitted by
11	members for the medical expenses of other members;
12	(vi) the organization and its members do not assume any
13	risk or make any promise of payment by the organization or
14	its members;
15	(vii) the organization provides to its members, within
16	30 days after enrollment, a complete set of its rules for
17	the sharing of medical expenses, the process for the filing
18	of complaints and appeals of decisions made by the
19	organization, and a complete list of all potential
20	out-of-pocket expenses associated with the submission of a
21	medical expense that may be the member's responsibility;
22	(viii) the organization clearly identifies and
23	separately collects contributions from members for the
24	operations or expenses of the organization and informs its
25	members that any contributions made for the operations or
26	expenses of the organization shall not be used for the

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1	payment of the medical expenses of its members;
2	(ix) within 60 days after the effective date of this
3	amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, and by March 1
4	of each year, the organization files with the Department a
5	copy of its medical fee sharing arrangement and a letter
6	from the organization certifying compliance with each of
7	the requirements of this subsection (b-5);
8	(x) the organization or a predecessor organization has
9	been in existence in this State at all times since December
10	31, 1999, and medical expenses of its members have been
11	shared continuously and without interruption in this State
12	since at least December 31, 1999;
13	(xi) the organization conducts an annual audit that is
14	performed by an independent certified public accounting
15	firm in accordance with generally accepted accounting
16	principles and is made available to the public upon
17	<u>request;</u>
18	(xii) the organization includes the following
19	statement, in writing, on or accompanying all applications
20	and guideline materials: "Notice: The organization
21	facilitating the sharing of medical expenses is not an
22	insurance company, and neither its guidelines nor plan of
23	operation constitute or create an insurance policy. Any
24	assistance you receive with your medical bills will be
25	totally voluntary. As such, participation in the
26	organization or a subscription to any of its documents

1	should never be considered to be insurance. Whether or not
2	you receive any payments for medical expenses and whether
3	or not this organization continues to operate, you are
4	always personally responsible for the payment of your own
5	medical bills."; and
6	(xiii) any membership card or similar document issued

7by the organization and any written communication sent by8the organization to a hospital, physician, or other health9care provider shall include a statement that the10organization does not issue health insurance and that the11member or participant is personally liable for payment of12his or her medical bills.

13 (c) Legal Expense Insurance. Insurance which involves the 14 assumption of a contractual obligation to reimburse the 15 beneficiary against or pay on behalf of the beneficiary, all or 16 a portion of his fees, costs, or expenses related to or arising 17 out of services performed by or under the supervision of an attorney licensed to practice in the jurisdiction wherein the 18 19 services are performed, regardless of whether the payment is 20 made by the beneficiaries individually or by a third person for them, but does not include the provision of or reimbursement 21 22 for legal services incidental to other insurance coverages. The 23 insurance laws of this State, including this Act do not apply 24 to:

(i) Retainer contracts made by attorneys at law with
 individual clients with fees based on estimates of the

1 nature and amount of services to be provided to the 2 specific client, and similar contracts made with a group of 3 clients involved in the same or closely related legal 4 matters;

5 (ii) Plans owned or operated by attorneys who are the 6 providers of legal services to the plan;

7 (iii) Plans providing legal service benefits to groups
8 where such plans are owned or operated by authority of a
9 state, county, local or other bar association;

10 (iv) Any lawyer referral service authorized or 11 operated by state, county, local other а or bar 12 association;

(v) The furnishing of legal assistance by labor unions
and other employee organizations to their members in
matters relating to employment or occupation;

16 (vi) The furnishing of legal assistance to members or 17 churches, consumer dependents, by organizations, cooperatives, educational institutions, credit unions, or 18 19 organizations of employees, where such organizations 20 contract directly with lawyers or law firms for the provision of legal services, and the administration and 21 22 marketing of such legal services is wholly conducted by the 23 organization or its subsidiary;

(vii) Legal services provided by an employee welfare
benefit plan defined by the Employee Retirement Income
Security Act of 1974;

1 (viii) Any collectively bargained plan for legal 2 services between a labor union and an employer negotiated 3 pursuant to Section 302 of the Labor Management Relations 4 Act as now or hereafter amended, under which plan legal 5 services will be provided for employees of the employer 6 whether or not payments for such services are funded to or 7 through an insurance company.

8 Class 2. Casualty, Fidelity and Surety.

9 (a) Accident and health. Insurance against bodily injury, 10 disablement or death by accident and against disablement 11 resulting from sickness or old age and every insurance 12 appertaining thereto, including stop-loss insurance. Stop-loss insurance is insurance against the risk of economic loss issued 13 to a single employer self-funded employee disability benefit 14 plan or an employee welfare benefit plan as described in 29 15 16 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.

17 (b) Vehicle. Insurance against any loss or liability resulting from or incident to the ownership, maintenance or use 18 of any vehicle (motor or otherwise), draft animal or aircraft. 19 20 Any policy insuring against any loss or liability on account of the bodily injury or death of any person may contain a 21 22 provision for payment of disability benefits to injured persons 23 and death benefits to dependents, beneficiaries or personal representatives of persons who are killed, including the named 24 25 insured, irrespective of legal liability of the insured, if the 26 injury or death for which benefits are provided is caused by accident and sustained while in or upon or while entering into or alighting from or through being struck by a vehicle (motor or otherwise), draft animal or aircraft, and such provision shall not be deemed to be accident insurance.

5 (c) Liability. Insurance against the liability of the 6 insured for the death, injury or disability of an employee or 7 other person, and insurance against the liability of the 8 insured for damage to or destruction of another person's 9 property.

10 (d) Workers' compensation. Insurance of the obligations 11 accepted by or imposed upon employers under laws for workers' 12 compensation.

13 (e) Burglary and forgery. Insurance against loss or damage 14 by burglary, theft, larceny, robbery, forgery, fraud or 15 otherwise; including all householders' personal property 16 floater risks.

17 (f) Glass. Insurance against loss or damage to glass 18 including lettering, ornamentation and fittings from any 19 cause.

(g) Fidelity and surety. Become surety or guarantor for any person, copartnership or corporation in any position or place of trust or as custodian of money or property, public or private; or, becoming a surety or guarantor for the performance of any person, copartnership or corporation of any lawful obligation, undertaking, agreement or contract of any kind, except contracts or policies of insurance; and underwriting

blanket bonds. Such obligations shall be known and treated as suretyship obligations and such business shall be known as surety business.

(h) Miscellaneous. Insurance against loss or damage to 4 5 property and any liability of the insured caused by accidents 6 to boilers, pipes, pressure containers, machinerv and 7 apparatus of any kind and any apparatus connected thereto, or 8 used for creating, transmitting or applying power, light, heat, 9 steam or refrigeration, making inspection of and issuing 10 certificates of inspection upon elevators, boilers, machinery 11 and apparatus of any kind and all mechanical apparatus and 12 appliances appertaining thereto; insurance against loss or 13 damage by water entering through leaks or openings in 14 buildings, or from the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, 15 pumps, water pipes, plumbing and all tanks, apparatus, conduits 16 and containers designed to bring water into buildings or for 17 its storage or utilization therein, or caused by the falling of a tank, tank platform or supports, or against loss or damage 18 from any cause (other than causes specifically enumerated under 19 20 Class 3 of this Section) to such sprinkler, pumps, water pipes, plumbing, tanks, apparatus, conduits or containers; insurance 21 22 against loss or damage which may result from the failure of 23 debtors to pay their obligations to the insured; and insurance of the payment of money for personal services under contracts 24 25 of hiring.

26

(i) Other casualty risks. Insurance against any other

casualty risk not otherwise specified under Classes 1 or 3,
 which may lawfully be the subject of insurance and may properly
 be classified under Class 2.

(j) Contingent losses. Contingent, consequential and
indirect coverages wherein the proximate cause of the loss is
attributable to any one of the causes enumerated under Class 2.
Such coverages shall, for the purpose of classification, be
included in the specific grouping of the kinds of insurance
wherein such cause is specified.

10 (k) Livestock and domestic animals. Insurance against 11 mortality, accident and health of livestock and domestic 12 animals.

13 (1) Legal expense insurance. Insurance against risk 14 resulting from the cost of legal services as defined under 15 Class 1(c).

16

Class 3. Fire and Marine, etc.

17 (a) Fire. Insurance against loss or damage by fire, smoke18 and smudge, lightning or other electrical disturbances.

(b) Elements. Insurance against loss or damage by earthquake, windstorms, cyclone, tornado, tempests, hail, frost, snow, ice, sleet, flood, rain, drought or other weather or climatic conditions including excess or deficiency of moisture, rising of the waters of the ocean or its tributaries.

(c) War, riot and explosion. Insurance against loss or
 damage by bombardment, invasion, insurrection, riot, strikes,
 civil war or commotion, military or usurped power, or explosion

1 (other than explosion of steam boilers and the breaking of fly 2 wheels on premises owned, controlled, managed, or maintained by 3 the insured.)

(d) Marine and transportation. Insurance against loss or 4 5 damage to vessels, craft, aircraft, vehicles of every kind, 6 (excluding vehicles operating under their own power or while in 7 storage not incidental to transportation) as well as all goods, 8 cargoes, merchandise, effects, disbursements, freights, 9 profits, moneys, bullion, precious stones, securities, chooses 10 in action, evidences of debt, valuable papers, bottomry and 11 respondentia interests and all other kinds of property and 12 interests therein, in respect to, appertaining to or in connection with any or all risks or perils of navigation, 13 14 transit, or transportation, including war risks, on or under 15 any seas or other waters, on land or in the air, or while being 16 assembled, packed, crated, baled, compressed or similarly 17 prepared for shipment or while awaiting the same or during any 18 delays, storage, transshipment, or reshipment incident thereto, including marine builder's risks and all personal 19 20 property floater risks; and for loss or damage to persons or property in connection with or appertaining to marine, inland 21 22 marine, transit or transportation insurance, including 23 liability for loss of or damage to either arising out of or in 24 connection with the construction, repair, operation, 25 maintenance, or use of the subject matter of such insurance, 26 (but not including life insurance or surety bonds); but, except

as herein specified, shall not mean insurances against loss by 1 2 reason of bodily injury to the person; and insurance against 3 loss or damage to precious stones, jewels, jewelry, gold, silver and other precious metals whether used in business or 4 5 trade or otherwise and whether the same be in course of 6 transportation or otherwise, which shall include jewelers' block insurance; and insurance against loss or damage to 7 bridges, tunnels and other instrumentalities of transportation 8 9 and communication (excluding buildings, their furniture and 10 furnishings, fixed contents and supplies held in storage) 11 unless fire, tornado, sprinkler leakage, hail, explosion, 12 earthquake, riot and civil commotion are the only hazards to be 13 covered; and to piers, wharves, docks and slips, excluding the 14 risks of fire, tornado, sprinkler leakage, hail, explosion, earthquake, riot and civil commotion; and to other aids to 15 16 navigation and transportation, including dry docks and marine 17 railways, against all risk.

(e) Vehicle. Insurance against loss or liability resulting
from or incident to the ownership, maintenance or use of any
vehicle (motor or otherwise), draft animal or aircraft,
excluding the liability of the insured for the death, injury or
disability of another person.

(f) Property damage, sprinkler leakage and crop. Insurance against the liability of the insured for loss or damage to another person's property or property interests from any cause enumerated in this class; insurance against loss or damage by

water entering through leaks or openings in buildings, or from 1 2 the breakage or leakage of a sprinkler, pumps, water pipes, 3 plumbing and all tanks, apparatus, conduits and containers designed to bring water into buildings or for its storage or 4 5 utilization therein, or caused by the falling of a tank, tank platform or supports or against loss or damage from any cause 6 7 to such sprinklers, pumps, water pipes, plumbing, tanks, 8 apparatus, conduits or containers; insurance against loss or 9 damage from insects, diseases or other causes to trees, crops 10 or other products of the soil.

(g) Other fire and marine risks. Insurance against any other property risk not otherwise specified under Classes 1 or , which may lawfully be the subject of insurance and may properly be classified under Class 3.

(h) Contingent losses. Contingent, consequential and indirect coverages wherein the proximate cause of the loss is attributable to any of the causes enumerated under Class 3. Such coverages shall, for the purpose of classification, be included in the specific grouping of the kinds of insurance wherein such cause is specified.

(i) Legal expense insurance. Insurance against risk resulting from the cost of legal services as defined under Class 1(c).

24 (Source: P.A. 90-741, eff. 8-13-98; 90-810, eff. 1-6-99.)

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.