

Sen. Kwame Raoul

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	09700SB2776sam002 LRB097 16188 RLC 68009 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2776
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 2776 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4 5	"Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 5-401.5 as follows:
6	(705 ILCS 405/5-401.5)
7	Sec. 5-401.5. When statements by minor may be used.
8	(a) In this Section, "custodial interrogation" means any
9	interrogation (i) during which a reasonable person in the
10	subject's position would consider himself or herself to be in
11	custody and (ii) during which a question is asked that is
12	reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response.
13	In this Section, "electronic recording" includes motion
14	picture, audiotape, videotape, or digital recording.
15	In this Section, "place of detention" means a building or a
16	police station that is a place of operation for a municipal

police department or county sheriff department or other law 1 enforcement agency at which persons are or may be held in 2 detention in connection with criminal charges against those 3 4 persons or allegations that those persons are delinquent 5 minors.

In this Section, "violent crime" means any act that if 6 committed by an adult would be a felony offense defined in 7 8 subsection (c) of Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and 9 Witnesses Act.

10 (b) An oral, written, or sign language statement of a minor 11 who, at the time of the commission of the offense was under the age of 17 years, made as a result of a custodial interrogation 12 13 conducted at a police station or other place of detention on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 14 15 General Assembly shall be presumed to be inadmissible as 16 evidence against the minor in any criminal proceeding or juvenile court proceeding, for an act that if committed by an 17 adult would be <u>a violent crime</u> brought under Section 9 1, 18 9 1.2, 9 2, 9 2.1, 9 3, 9 3.2, or 9 3.3, of the Criminal Code 19 20 of 1961 or under clause (d) (1) (F) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code unless: 21

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(1) an electronic recording is made of the custodial 23 interrogation; and

24 (2) the recording is substantially accurate and not 25 intentionally altered.

26 (c) Every electronic recording required under this Section 09700SB2776sam002 -3- LRB097 16188 RLC 68009 a

1 must be preserved until such time as the minor's adjudication 2 for any offense relating to the statement is final and all 3 direct and habeas corpus appeals are exhausted, or the 4 prosecution of such offenses is barred by law.

5 (d) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, 6 that the minor was subjected to a custodial interrogation in violation of this Section, then any statements made by the 7 during 8 minor or following that non-recorded custodial 9 interrogation, even if otherwise in compliance with this 10 Section, are presumed to be inadmissible in any criminal 11 proceeding or juvenile court proceeding against the minor except for the purposes of impeachment. 12

13 (e) Nothing in this Section precludes the admission (i) of 14 a statement made by the minor in open court in any criminal 15 proceeding or juvenile court proceeding, before a grand jury, 16 or at a preliminary hearing, (ii) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that was not recorded as required by 17 this Section because electronic recording was not feasible, 18 19 (iii) of a voluntary statement, whether or not the result of a 20 custodial interrogation, that has a bearing on the credibility 21 of the accused as a witness, (iv) of a spontaneous statement 22 that is not made in response to a question, (v) of a statement 23 made after questioning that is routinely asked during the 24 processing of the arrest of the suspect, (vi) of a statement 25 made during a custodial interrogation by a suspect who 26 requests, prior to making the statement, to respond to the 09700SB2776sam002 -4- LRB097 16188 RLC 68009 a

1 interrogator's questions only if an electronic recording is not made of the statement, provided that an electronic recording is 2 the statement of agreeing to respond to the 3 made of 4 interrogator's question, only if a recording is not made of the 5 statement, (vii) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that is conducted out-of-state, (viii) (blank) 6 7 of a statement given at a time when the interrogators are 8 unaware that a death has in fact occurred, or (ix) of any other 9 statement that may be admissible under law. The State shall 10 bear the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, 11 that one of the exceptions described in this subsection (e) is applicable. Nothing in this Section precludes the admission of 12 13 a statement, otherwise inadmissible under this Section, that is 14 used only for impeachment and not as substantive evidence.

(f) The presumption of inadmissibility of a statement made by a suspect at a custodial interrogation at a police station or other place of detention may be overcome by a preponderance of the evidence that the statement was voluntarily given and is reliable, based on the totality of the circumstances.

(g) Any electronic recording of any statement made by a minor during a custodial interrogation that is compiled by any law enforcement agency as required by this Section for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Section shall be confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying, as provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act, and the information shall not be transmitted to anyone except 09700SB2776sam002 -5- LRB097 16188 RLC 68009 a

1 as needed to comply with this Section.

2 (h) A statement, admission, confession, or incriminating information made by or obtained from a minor related to the 3 4 instant offense, as part of any behavioral health screening, 5 assessment, evaluation, or treatment, whether or not court-ordered, shall not be admissible as evidence against the 6 minor on the issue of guilt only in the instant juvenile court 7 proceeding. The provisions of this subsection (h) are in 8 addition to and do not override any existing statutory and 9 10 constitutional prohibition on the admission into evidence in 11 delinguency proceedings of information obtained during 12 screening, assessment, or treatment.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-1251, eff. 1-1-11.)

Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Section 103-2.1 as follows:

16 (725 ILCS 5/103-2.1)

17 Sec. 103-2.1. When statements by accused may be used.

(a) In this Section, "custodial interrogation" means any
interrogation during which (i) a reasonable person in the
subject's position would consider himself or herself to be in
custody and (ii) during which a question is asked that is
reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response.

In this Section, "place of detention" means a building or a police station that is a place of operation for a municipal 09700SB2776sam002 -6- LRB097 16188 RLC 68009 a

police department or county sheriff department or other law enforcement agency, not a courthouse, that is owned or operated by a law enforcement agency at which persons are or may be held in detention in connection with criminal charges against those persons.

6 In this Section, "electronic recording" includes motion 7 picture, audiotape, or videotape, or digital recording.

8 <u>In this Section, "violent crime" means any felony offense</u> 9 <u>defined in subsection (c) of Section 3 of the Rights of Crime</u> 10 <u>Victims and Witnesses Act.</u>

11 (b) An oral, written, or sign language statement of an accused made as a result of a custodial interrogation at a 12 13 police station or other place of detention shall be presumed to 14 be inadmissible as evidence against the accused in any criminal 15 proceeding for any violent crime brought under Section 9 1, 16 9 1.2, 9 2, 9 2.1, 9 3, 9 3.2, or 9 3.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or under clause (d) (1) (F) of Section 11 501 of 17 the Illinois Vehicle Code unless: 18

19 (1) an electronic recording is made of the custodial20 interrogation; and

(2) the recording is substantially accurate and notintentionally altered.

(c) Every electronic recording required under this Section must be preserved until such time as the defendant's conviction for any offense relating to the statement is final and all direct and habeas corpus appeals are exhausted, or the 1

prosecution of such offenses is barred by law.

(d) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, 2 3 that the defendant was subjected to a custodial interrogation 4 in violation of this Section, then any statements made by the 5 defendant during or following that non-recorded custodial 6 interrogation, even if otherwise in compliance with this Section, are presumed to be inadmissible in any criminal 7 8 proceeding against the defendant except for the purposes of 9 impeachment.

10 (e) Nothing in this Section precludes the admission (i) of 11 a statement made by the accused in open court at his or her trial, before a grand jury, or at a preliminary hearing, (ii) 12 13 of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that was not recorded as required by this Section, because electronic 14 15 recording was not feasible, (iii) of a voluntary statement, 16 whether or not the result of a custodial interrogation, that has a bearing on the credibility of the accused as a witness, 17 18 (iv) of a spontaneous statement that is not made in response to a question, (v) of a statement made after questioning that is 19 20 routinely asked during the processing of the arrest of the 21 suspect, (vi) of a statement made during a custodial 22 interrogation by a suspect who requests, prior to making the 23 statement, to respond to the interrogator's questions only if 24 an electronic recording is not made of the statement, provided 25 that an electronic recording is made of the statement of 26 agreeing to respond to the interrogator's question, only if a 09700SB2776sam002 -8- LRB097 16188 RLC 68009 a

1 recording is not made of the statement, (vii) of a statement 2 made during a custodial interrogation that is conducted 3 out-of-state, (viii) (blank) of a statement given at a time 4 when the interrogators are unaware that a death has in fact 5 occurred, or (ix) of any other statement that may be admissible 6 under law. The State shall bear the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that one of the exceptions 7 8 described in this subsection (e) is applicable. Nothing in this 9 Section precludes the admission of a statement, otherwise 10 inadmissible under this Section, that is used only for 11 impeachment and not as substantive evidence.

(f) The presumption of inadmissibility of a statement made by a suspect at a custodial interrogation at a police station or other place of detention may be overcome by a preponderance of the evidence that the statement was voluntarily given and is reliable, based on the totality of the circumstances.

(g) Any electronic recording of any statement made by an 17 18 accused during a custodial interrogation that is compiled by 19 any law enforcement agency as required by this Section for the 20 purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Section shall 21 be confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying, as provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act, 22 23 and the information shall not be transmitted to anyone except 24 as needed to comply with this Section.

25 (Source: P.A. 93-206, eff. 7-18-05; 93-517, eff. 8-6-05; 26 94-117, eff. 7-5-05.)".