

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 SB0058

Introduced 1/27/2011, by Sen. Ira I. Silverstein

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

730 ILCS 5/5-4-3 30 ILCS 805/8.35 new from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-3

Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that a person arrested for the commission or attempted commission of a violent crime shall submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police for DNA analysis and categorization into genetic marker groupings. Sets forth procedures to be followed if the charge for which the specimens were taken is dismissed or the defendant is acquitted at trial and procedures to be followed if the person is convicted of, granted court supervision for, or found guilty under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of the offense for which the person was arrested. Amends the State Mandates Act to require implementation without reimbursement.

LRB097 02745 RLC 42767 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 5-4-3 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-3)
- Sec. 5-4-3. Persons <u>required to submit</u> <del>convicted of, or</del>

  8 <del>found delinquent for, certain offenses or institutionalized as</del>

  9 <del>sexually dangerous;</del> specimens; genetic marker groups.
  - (a) Any person convicted of, found guilty under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for, or who received a disposition of court supervision for, a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense, convicted or found guilty of any offense classified as a felony under Illinois law, convicted or found guilty of any offense requiring registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act, found guilty or given supervision for any offense classified as a felony under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, convicted or found guilty of, under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, any offense requiring registration under the Sex Offender Registration Act, or institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person under the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or committed as a sexually violent person under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall, regardless of

- the sentence or disposition imposed, be required to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police in accordance with the provisions of this Section, provided such person is:
  - (1) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense on or after July 1, 1990 and sentenced to a term of imprisonment, periodic imprisonment, fine, probation, conditional discharge or any other form of sentence, or given a disposition of court supervision for the offense:
  - (1.5) found guilty or given supervision under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense on or after January 1, 1997;
  - (2) ordered institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person on or after July 1, 1990;
  - (3) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense before July 1, 1990 and is presently confined as a result of such conviction in any State correctional facility or county jail or is presently serving a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or periodic imprisonment as a result of such conviction;
  - (3.5) convicted or found guilty of any offense classified as a felony under Illinois law or found guilty or given supervision for such an offense under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 on or after August 22, 2002;

(4)	presently	!	institution	nalized	as	а	sexua	lly
dangerous	person	or	presently	insti	tution	naliz	ed as	a
person fou	and guilty	, bu	it mentally	ill of	a sexu	ıal c	offense	or
attempt to	o commit a	se	xual offens	e;				

- (4.5) ordered committed as a sexually violent person on or after the effective date of the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act; or
- (5) seeking transfer to or residency in Illinois under Sections 3-3-11.05 through 3-3-11.5 of the Unified Code of Corrections and the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision or the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Notwithstanding other provisions of this Section, any person incarcerated in a facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections or the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice on or after August 22, 2002, whether for a term of years, natural life, or a sentence of death, who has not yet submitted a sample of blood, saliva, or tissue shall be required to submit a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue prior to his or her final discharge, or release on parole or mandatory supervised release, as a condition of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release, or within 6 months from August 13, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-426), whichever is sooner. A person incarcerated on or after August 13, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 96-426) shall be required to submit a sample within 45 days of incarceration, or prior to

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his or her final discharge, or release on parole or mandatory supervised release, as a condition of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release, whichever is sooner. These specimens shall be placed into the State or national DNA database, to be used in accordance with other provisions of this Section, by the Illinois State Police.

Notwithstanding other provisions of this Section, person sentenced to life imprisonment in a facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly or sentenced to death after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall be required to provide a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue within 45 days after sentencing or disposition at a collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State Police. Any person serving a sentence of life imprisonment in a facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly or any person who is under a sentence of death on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly shall be required to provide a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue upon request at a collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State Police.

(a-5) Any person who was otherwise convicted of or received a disposition of court supervision for any other offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or who was found guilty or given supervision for such a violation under the Juvenile Court Act

- of 1987, may, regardless of the sentence imposed, be required
- 2 by an order of the court to submit specimens of blood, saliva,
- 3 or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police in
- 4 accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- 5 (b) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(1.5),
- 6 (a) (2), (a) (3.5), and (a-5) to provide specimens of blood,
- 7 saliva, or tissue shall provide specimens of blood, saliva, or
- 8 tissue within 45 days after sentencing or disposition at a
- 9 collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State
- 10 Police.
- (c) Any person required by paragraphs (a) (3), (a) (4), and
- 12 (a) (4.5) to provide specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue shall
- be required to provide such samples prior to final discharge or
- 14 within 6 months from August 13, 2009 (the effective date of
- 15 Public Act 96-426), whichever is sooner. These specimens shall
- 16 be placed into the State or national DNA database, to be used
- in accordance with other provisions of this Act, by the
- 18 Illinois State Police.
- 19 (c-5) Any person required by paragraph (a)(5) to provide
- 20 specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue shall, where feasible, be
- 21 required to provide the specimens before being accepted for
- 22 conditioned residency in Illinois under the interstate compact
- or agreement, but no later than 45 days after arrival in this
- 24 State.
- 25 (c-6) The Illinois Department of State Police may determine
- 26 which type of specimen or specimens, blood, saliva, or tissue,

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- is acceptable for submission to the Division of Forensic Services for analysis.
- (d) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide 3 all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of 5 blood samples. The collection of samples shall be performed in 6 a medically approved manner. Only a physician authorized to 7 practice medicine, a registered nurse or other qualified person 8 trained in venipuncture may withdraw blood for the purposes of 9 this Act. The samples shall thereafter be forwarded to the 10 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic 11 Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker 12 groupings.
  - (d-1) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of saliva samples. The collection of saliva samples shall be performed in a medically approved manner. Only a person trained in the instructions promulgated by the Illinois State Police on collecting saliva may collect saliva for the purposes of this Section. The samples shall thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
  - (d-2) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of tissue samples. The collection of tissue samples shall be performed in a medically approved manner. Only a person trained

- in the instructions promulgated by the Illinois State Police on
- 2 collecting tissue may collect tissue for the purposes of this
- 3 Section. The samples shall thereafter be forwarded to the
- 4 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic
- 5 Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker
- 6 groupings.
- 7 (d-5) To the extent that funds are available, the Illinois
- 8 Department of State Police shall contract with qualified
- 9 personnel and certified laboratories for the collection,
- 10 analysis, and categorization of known samples, except as
- 11 provided in subsection (n) of this Section.
- 12 (d-6) Agencies designated by the Illinois Department of
- 13 State Police and the Illinois Department of State Police may
- 14 contract with third parties to provide for the collection or
- analysis of DNA, or both, of an offender's blood, saliva, and
- tissue samples, except as provided in subsection (n) of this
- 17 Section.
- 18 (e) The genetic marker groupings shall be maintained by the
- 19 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic
- 20 Services.
- 21 (f) The genetic marker grouping analysis information
- 22 obtained pursuant to this Act shall be confidential and shall
- 23 be released only to peace officers of the United States, of
- other states or territories, of the insular possessions of the
- United States, of foreign countries duly authorized to receive
- the same, to all peace officers of the State of Illinois and to

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all prosecutorial agencies, and to defense counsel as provided by Section 116-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. The genetic marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act shall be used only for (i) valid law enforcement identification purposes and as required by the Federal Bureau Investigation for participation in the National (ii) technology validation purposes, database, (iii) population statistics database, (iv) quality assurance purposes if personally identifying information is removed, (v) assisting in the defense of the criminally accused pursuant to Section 116-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, or (vi) identifying and assisting in the prosecution of a person who is suspected of committing a sexual assault as defined in Section 1a of the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment Act. Notwithstanding any other statutory provision to the contrary, all information obtained under this Section shall be maintained in a single State data base, which may be uploaded into a national database, and which information may be subject to expungement only as set forth in subsection (f-1).

(f-1) Upon receipt of notification of a reversal of a conviction based on actual innocence, or of the granting of a pardon pursuant to Section 12 of Article V of the Illinois Constitution, if that pardon document specifically states that the reason for the pardon is the actual innocence of an individual whose DNA record has been stored in the State or national DNA identification index in accordance with this

Section by the Illinois Department of State Police, the DNA record shall be expunged from the DNA identification index, and the Department shall by rule prescribe procedures to ensure that the record and any samples, analyses, or other documents relating to such record, whether in the possession of the Department or any law enforcement or police agency, or any forensic DNA laboratory, including any duplicates or copies thereof, are destroyed and a letter is sent to the court verifying the expungement is completed.

- (f-5) Any person who intentionally uses genetic marker grouping analysis information, or any other information derived from a DNA sample, beyond the authorized uses as provided under this Section, or any other Illinois law, is guilty of a Class 4 felony, and shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$5,000.
- with third parties for the purposes of implementing this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, except as provided in subsection (n) of this Section. Any other party contracting to carry out the functions of this Section shall be subject to the same restrictions and requirements of this Section insofar as applicable, as the Illinois Department of State Police, and to any additional restrictions imposed by the Illinois Department of State Police.
- (g) For the purposes of this Section, "qualifying offense" means any of the following:

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1	(1	any	violation	or	incho	ate	violat	ion	of	Sec	tion
2	11-6,	11-9.1	1, 11-11,	11-	18.1,	12-1	15, or	12	-16	of	the
3	Crimin	al Code	a of 1961.								

- (1.1) any violation or inchoate violation of Section 9-1, 9-2, 10-1, 10-2, 12-11, 12-11.1, 18-1, 18-2, 18-3, 18-4, 19-1, or 19-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 for which persons are convicted on or after July 1, 2001;
  - (2) any former statute of this State which defined a felony sexual offense;
- (3) (blank);
- 11 (4) any inchoate violation of Section 9-3.1, 11-9.3, 12 12-7.3, or 12-7.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961; or
- 13 (5) any violation or inchoate violation of Article 29D of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 15 (g-5) (Blank).
- 16 (h) The Illinois Department of State Police shall be the 17 State central repository for all genetic marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act. The 18 Illinois Department of State Police may promulgate rules for 19 20 the form and manner of the collection of blood, saliva, or 21 tissue samples and other procedures for the operation of this 22 Act. The provisions of the Administrative Review Law shall 23 apply to all actions taken under the rules so promulgated.
  - (i) (1) A person required to provide a blood, saliva, or tissue specimen shall cooperate with the collection of the specimen and any deliberate act by that person intended to

impede, delay or stop the collection of the blood, saliva, or tissue specimen is a Class A misdemeanor.

- (2) In the event that a person's DNA sample is not adequate for any reason, the person shall provide another DNA sample for analysis. Duly authorized law enforcement and corrections personnel may employ reasonable force in cases in which an individual refuses to provide a DNA sample required under this Act.
- (j) Any person required by subsection (a) to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police for analysis and categorization into genetic marker grouping, in addition to any other disposition, penalty, or fine imposed, shall pay an analysis fee of \$200. If the analysis fee is not paid at the time of sentencing, the court shall establish a fee schedule by which the entire amount of the analysis fee shall be paid in full, such schedule not to exceed 24 months from the time of conviction. The inability to pay this analysis fee shall not be the sole ground to incarcerate the person.
- (k) All analysis and categorization fees provided for by subsection (j) shall be regulated as follows:
  - (1) The State Offender DNA Identification System Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury.
  - (2) All fees shall be collected by the clerk of the court and forwarded to the State Offender DNA Identification System Fund for deposit. The clerk of the

circuit court may retain the amount of \$10 from each collected analysis fee to offset administrative costs incurred in carrying out the clerk's responsibilities under this Section.

- (3) Fees deposited into the State Offender DNA Identification System Fund shall be used by Illinois State Police crime laboratories as designated by the Director of State Police. These funds shall be in addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing laws and shall be designated for the exclusive use of State crime laboratories. These uses may include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - (A) Costs incurred in providing analysis and genetic marker categorization as required by subsection (d).
  - (B) Costs incurred in maintaining genetic marker groupings as required by subsection (e).
  - (C) Costs incurred in the purchase and maintenance of equipment for use in performing analyses.
  - (D) Costs incurred in continuing research and development of new techniques for analysis and genetic marker categorization.
  - (E) Costs incurred in continuing education, training, and professional development of forensic scientists regularly employed by these laboratories.
- (1) The failure of a person to provide a specimen, or of

any person or agency to collect a specimen, within the 45 day period shall in no way alter the obligation of the person to submit such specimen, or the authority of the Illinois Department of State Police or persons designated by the Department to collect the specimen, or the authority of the Illinois Department of State Police to accept, analyze and maintain the specimen or to maintain or upload results of genetic marker grouping analysis information into a State or national database.

- (m) If any provision of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly is held unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the remainder of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly is not affected.
- (n) Neither the Department of State Police, the Division of Forensic Services, nor any laboratory of the Division of Forensic Services may contract out forensic testing for the purpose of an active investigation or a matter pending before a court of competent jurisdiction without the written consent of the prosecuting agency. For the purposes of this subsection (n), "forensic testing" includes the analysis of physical evidence in an investigation or other proceeding for the prosecution of a violation of the Criminal Code of 1961 or for matters adjudicated under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, and includes the use of forensic databases and databanks, including DNA, firearm, and fingerprint databases, and expert testimony. This subsection (n) does not prohibit the collection of samples

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under subsection (o).

(o) Every person arrested on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly for the commission or attempted commission of a violent crime, as defined in Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, shall submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue within 45 days after arrest to the Illinois Department of State Police at a collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State Police. Subsections (c-6), (d), (d-1), (d-2), (d-5), (d-6), (e), (f), (f-1), (f-5), (f-6), (h), and (i) apply to the collection of samples under this subsection (o). If specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue are submitted by a person under this subsection (o) and the person is subsequently convicted of, granted court supervision for, or found quilty under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of the offense for which the person was arrested, the specimens shall be retained as the specimens required under subsection (a) and the person shall pay the analysis fee in accordance with subsection (j). If the charge for which the specimen was taken is dismissed or the defendant is acquitted at trial, the record and any samples, analyses, or other documents relating to such record shall be expunded and destroyed in the manner prescribed in subsection (f-1), provided there is no other pending warrant that would otherwise require the preservation of the record and any samples, analyses, or other documents relating to such record.

- SB0058
- 1 (Source: P.A. 96-426, eff. 8-13-09; 96-642, eff. 8-24-09;
- 2 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)
- 3 Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding
- 4 Section 8.35 as follows:
- 5 (30 ILCS 805/8.35 new)
- 6 Sec. 8.35. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8
- of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
- 8 <u>implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of</u>
- 9 the 97th General Assembly.