## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2011 and 2012

#### HB6146

by Rep. Wayne Rosenthal - Bill Mitchell - Adam Brown - Dwight Kay - Richard Morthland, et al.

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

30 ILCS 105/6z-18	from Ch. 127, par. 142z-18
30 ILCS 105/6z-20	from Ch. 127, par. 142z-20
35 ILCS 105/3-10	
35 ILCS 110/3-10	from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10
35 ILCS 115/3-10	from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10

Amends the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. Provides that, beginning on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012, with respect to motor fuel and gasohol the tax under the Acts is imposed at the rate of 1.25% (now, 6.25%). Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing
Sections 6z-18 and 6z-20 as follows:

6 (30 ILCS 105/6z-18) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-18)

7 Sec. 6z-18. A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from sales of food for human consumption 8 9 which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has 10 been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 11 12 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and 13 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by 14 diabetics, which occurred in municipalities, shall be distributed to each municipality based upon the sales which 15 16 occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be 17 distributed to each county based upon the sales which occurred in the unincorporated area of that county. 18

A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from the 6.25% general use tax rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by any agency of this State's government shall be

distributed to municipalities as provided in this paragraph. 1 2 Each municipality shall receive the amount attributable to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration 3 purposes are given as being in such municipality. The remainder 4 5 of the money paid into the Local Government Tax Fund from such 6 sales shall be distributed to counties. Each county shall 7 receive the amount attributable to sales for which Illinois 8 addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as 9 being located in the unincorporated area of such county.

10 A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax 11 Fund from the 6.25% general rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 12 and through December 31, 2000 and beginning again on July 1, 13 2012 and through December 31, 2012, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol, and beginning on August 6, 2010 through 14 15 August 15, 2010, the 1.25% rate on sales tax holiday items) on 16 sales subject to taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax 17 Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act, which occurred in municipalities, shall be distributed to each municipality, 18 based upon the sales which occurred in that municipality. The 19 20 remainder shall be distributed to each county, based upon the sales which occurred in the unincorporated area of such county. 21

For the purpose of determining allocation to the local government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other

1 mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the 2 purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is 3 exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in 4 interstate or foreign commerce.

5 Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money 6 paid into the Local Government Tax Fund should be made to a 7 claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department 8 shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order 9 to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, 10 in such notification from the Department. Such refund shall be 11 paid by the State Treasurer out of the Local Government Tax 12 Fund.

13 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 14 beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department 15 of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred, and the 16 Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the 17 local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation Development and Economy Act, collected during the second 18 preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district 19 20 and deposited into the Local Government Tax Fund, less 3% of that amount, which shall be transferred into the Tax Compliance 21 22 and Administration Fund and shall be used by the Department, 23 subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the Department 24 in administering the Innovation Development and Economy Act.

After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the

Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 1 2 disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities 3 and counties, the municipalities and counties to be those entitled to distribution of taxes or penalties paid to the 4 5 Department during the second preceding calendar month. The 6 amount to be paid to each municipality or county shall be the 7 amount (not including credit memoranda) collected during the 8 second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid into 9 the Local Government Tax Fund, plus an amount the Department 10 determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were 11 erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including 12 an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, and not including 13 14 any amount which the Department determines is necessary to 15 offset any amounts which are payable to a different taxing body 16 but were erroneously paid to the municipality or county, and 17 not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt, by the 18 19 Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the 20 municipalities and counties, provided for in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller 21 22 shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts 23 accordance with the directions contained in in such certification. 24

25 When certifying the amount of monthly disbursement to a 26 municipality or county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is discovered.

5 The provisions directing the distributions from the 6 special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section 7 shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation 8 of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and 9 State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions 10 as provided in this Section.

In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, 11 12 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to 13 September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 14 15 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such 16 description or reference shall be deemed to include the 17 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed from the Local Government Tax Fund. 18

19 (Source: P.A. 96-939, eff. 6-24-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10; 20 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

(30 ILCS 105/6z-20) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-20)
Sec. 6z-20. Of the money received from the 6.25% general
rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000
and beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31,
2012, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol, and beginning

on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, the 1.25% rate on 1 2 sales tax holiday items) on sales subject to taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and Service Occupation Tax Act 3 and paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, 4 distribution to the Regional Transportation Authority tax 5 6 fund, created pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, for deposit therein shall be made 7 based upon the retail sales occurring in a county having more 8 9 than 3,000,000 inhabitants. The remainder shall be distributed 10 to each county having 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants based upon 11 the retail sales occurring in each such county.

12 For the purpose of determining allocation to the local 13 government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place 14 15 where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted 16 from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other 17 mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is 18 exempt under the United States Constitution as a sale in 19 20 interstate or foreign commerce.

Of the money received from the 6.25% general use tax rate on tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by any agency of this State's government and paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the amount for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration purposes

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are given as being in each county having more than 3,000,000 1 2 distributed inhabitants shall be into the Regional 3 Transportation Authority tax fund, created pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act. 4 The 5 remainder of the money paid from such sales shall be 6 distributed to each county based on sales for which Illinois 7 addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as 8 being located in the county. Any money paid into the Regional 9 Transportation Authority Occupation and Use Tax Replacement 10 Fund from the County and Mass Transit District Fund prior to 11 January 14, 1991, which has not been paid to the Authority 12 prior to that date, shall be transferred to the Regional 13 Transportation Authority tax fund.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money 14 15 paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund should be 16 made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the 17 Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the 18 19 person named, in such notification from the Department. Such 20 refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the County and Mass Transit District Fund. 21

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, beginning January 1, 2011, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred, and the Treasurer shall transfer, to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund the local sales tax increment, as defined in the Innovation

1 Development and Economy Act, collected during the second 2 preceding calendar month for sales within a STAR bond district 3 and deposited into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, less 3% of that amount, which shall be transferred into the Tax 4 5 Compliance and Administration Fund and shall be used by the 6 Department, subject to appropriation, to cover the costs of the 7 Department in administering the Innovation Development and 8 Economy Act.

9 After the monthly transfer to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund, 10 on or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the 11 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 12 disbursement of stated sums of money to the Regional 13 Transportation Authority and to named counties, the counties to 14 be those entitled to distribution, as hereinabove provided, of 15 taxes or penalties paid to the Department during the second 16 preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to the Regional 17 Transportation Authority and each county having 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants shall be the amount (not including credit 18 19 memoranda) collected during the second preceding calendar 20 month by the Department and paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, plus an amount the Department determines 21 22 is necessary to offset any amounts which were erroneously paid 23 to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding 24 25 calendar month by the Department, and not including any amount 26 which the Department determines is necessary to offset any

amounts which were payable to a different taxing body but were 1 2 erroneously paid to the Regional Transportation Authority or 3 county, and not including any amounts that are transferred to the STAR Bonds Revenue Fund. Within 10 days after receipt, by 4 5 the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the Regional Transportation Authority and counties, provided for 6 7 in this Section to be given to the Comptroller by the 8 Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn 9 for the respective amounts in accordance with the directions 10 contained in such certification.

11 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to the 12 Regional Transportation Authority or to a county under this 13 Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of previous 14 15 disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount 16 erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding the time a 17 misallocation is discovered.

provisions directing the distributions 18 The from the 19 special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section 20 and from the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund created by Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act 21 22 shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation 23 of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions 24 25 as provided in this Section.

26 In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation,

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preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to 1 2 September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 3 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such 4 5 description or reference shall be deemed to include the 6 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed from the County and Mass Transit District Fund or Local Government 7 8 Distributive Fund, as the case may be.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-939, eff. 6-24-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10; 10 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)

Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing Section 3-10 as follows:

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

13 (35 ILCS 105/3-10)

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15 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of 16 either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of 17 18 the tangible personal property. In all cases where property 19 functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that 20 was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling 21 price of the property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 22 23 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at 24 retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market

value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State 1 2 or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the 3 price at which property would change hands between a willing 4 5 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion 6 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 7 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by 8 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that 9 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by 10 the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of like kind and character in Illinois. 11

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u> <u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%,

1 then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the 2 proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and 8 9 no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies 10 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 11 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and (ii) 100% of the 12 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 13 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the 14 15 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%16 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 17 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

23 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 24 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 25 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 26 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and

medicines, drugs, 1 nonprescription medical appliances, 2 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 3 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 4 5 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 6 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic 7 8 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 9 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 10 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 11 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 12 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 13 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 14 15 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 16 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 17 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

24 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 25 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 26 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all

food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 1 2 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 3 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 4 5 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 6 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 7 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 8 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 9 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 11 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 12 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 13 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 14 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 15 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 16 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 17 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration. 18

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 20 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 21 22 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 23 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 24 25 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 26 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the

definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

7 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
8 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
9 substance or preparation.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

17 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
18 eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10.)

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(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the selling

price of the property. In all cases where property functionally 1 2 used or consumed is a by-product or waste product that has been 3 refined, manufactured, or produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is imposed on the lower of the fair market 4 5 value, if any, of the specific property so used in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. 6 7 For purposes of this Section "fair market value" means the 8 price at which property would change hands between a willing 9 buyer and a willing seller, neither being under any compulsion 10 to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the 11 relevant facts. The fair market value shall be established by 12 Illinois sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that 13 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of property of 14 15 like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u> <u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 3-6 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the

1 proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or 2 before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the proceeds of 3 sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under 4 this Act on sales of gasohol is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, 5 then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the 6 proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

7 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, the tax 8 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales 9 made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 10 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made 11 thereafter.

12 With respect to biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies 13 14 to (i) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the 15 16 proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, however, 17 the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the 18 19 rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100%20 of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 21

With respect to 100% biodiesel and biodiesel blends with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

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With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 1 2 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 3 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 4 5 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, 6 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 7 8 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 9 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 10 11 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic 12 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 13 14 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 15 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 16 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 17 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 18 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 19 20 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 21 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater - 19 - LRB097 20947 HLH 68068 b

1 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

2 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 3 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 4 5 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 6 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 7 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 8 9 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 10 11 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 12 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 13 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act. beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 15 16 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 17 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 18 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 19 20 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 21 22 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products"

includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 1 2 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 3 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 4 5 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 6 7 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 8 9 label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a list of those ingredients contained in the compound, substance or preparation.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38, 22 eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10; 23 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

24 Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by changing 25 Section 3-10 as follows:

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(35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

3 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 4 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of 5 the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as 6 an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of 7 computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less 8 than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u>
<u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>,
with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of
the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

14 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price 15 16 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% 17 of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 18 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 19 December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the selling price 20 21 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 22 sales of qasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 23 24 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time. 25 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 6 7 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 8 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 9 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 10 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and 11 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 12 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 13 14 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 15 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 16 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 17 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

At the election of any registered serviceman made for each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual

cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 1 2 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 3 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 4 5 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 6 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 7 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of those services. 8

9 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 10 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 11 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 12 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 13 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 14 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care 15 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on 16 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 17 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate 18 consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 19 20 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of 21 22 rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine 23 testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 24 25 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 26 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not,

including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, 1 2 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 3 that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, 4 5 or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 6 7 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 8 9 natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

16 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 17 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 18 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 19 20 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 21 22 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 23 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 24 25 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 26 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,

1 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

2 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 3 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 4 5 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 6 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 7 8 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 9 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 10 flour or requires refrigeration.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 12 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 13 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 14 15 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 16 17 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 18 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 19 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 20 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 21 22 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 23 label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
 list of those ingredients contained in the compound,

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substance or preparation.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
10 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38,
11 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; revised 9-12-11.)

12 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the selling price be less than the cost price of the property to the serviceman.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u> <u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the selling price

of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 1 2 on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to 3 the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 4 5 December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the selling price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 6 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at 7 8 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 9 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

16 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 17 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 18 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 19 20 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 21 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 22 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 23 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 24 25 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 26

1 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

9 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 10 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 11 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an 12 incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 13 14 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 15 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 16 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 17 price of the tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sale of those services. 18

19 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 20 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act 21 22 by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 23 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 24 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care 25 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on 26 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the

premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 1 2 drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 3 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 4 5 appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of 6 rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine 7 testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for 8 human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 9 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 10 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 11 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, 12 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 13 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 14 that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, 15 or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not 16 include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 17 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 18 natural fruit or vegetable juice. 19

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

26 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other

provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 1 2 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 3 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 4 5 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 6 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 7 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 8 9 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 10 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 11 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 13 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 14 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 15 16 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 17 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 18 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 19 20 flour or requires refrigeration.

21 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 22 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 23 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 24 25 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 26

lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

9 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 10 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 11 substance or preparation.

12 If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is 13 acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before 14 being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under 15 this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed 16 shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable 17 allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state 18 use.

19 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
20 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38,
21 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

22 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by 23 changing Section 3-10 as follows:

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(35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

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(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

2 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 3 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 4 5 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be 6 7 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible 8 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 9 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a 10 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on 11 the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the 12 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the 13 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the 14 serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 15 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this 16 17 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred incident 18 to the 19 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u> <u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost

price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of 1 2 service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an 3 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on 4 5 or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of the cost price thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 6 sales of gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at 7 8 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 9 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

16 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 17 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 18 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 19 20 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 and 21 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 22 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of 23 biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 24 25 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 26

1 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

2 With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 3 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax 4 5 imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the 6 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before 7 December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the selling price 8 9 thereafter.

10 At the election of any registered serviceman made for each 11 fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 12 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 13 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 14 15 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate 16 annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 17 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 18 19 the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on

food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 1 2 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 3 and food that has been prepared for immediate drinks, consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 4 5 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of 6 7 rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine 8 testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for 9 human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 10 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 11 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 12 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, 13 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 14 15 that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or 16 container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not 17 include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 18 19 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 20 natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume. - 36 - LRB097 20947 HLH 68068 b

Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 1 2 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 3 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 4 5 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 6 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 7 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 8 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 9 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 10 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 11 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 12 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

13 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 14 15 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 16 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 17 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 18 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 19 20 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains flour or requires refrigeration. 21

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions,

shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 1 2 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 3 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 4 5 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 6 7 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes: 8

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
14 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38,
15 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; revised 9-12-11.)

16 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

17 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this 18 Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the Service Use 19 20 Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. For the purpose of 21 computing this tax, in no event shall the "selling price" be 22 less than the cost price to the serviceman of the tangible 23 personal property transferred. The selling price of each item 24 of tangible personal property transferred as an incident of a 25 sale of service may be shown as a distinct and separate item on

the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If 1 the 2 selling price is not so shown, the selling price of the 3 tangible personal property is deemed to be 50% of the serviceman's entire billing to the service customer. When, 4 5 however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce special order machinery or equipment, the tax imposed by this 6 7 Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the 8 tangible personal property transferred incident to the 9 completion of the contract.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u> <u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

15 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 16 tax imposed by this Act shall apply to (i) 70% of the cost 17 price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, 18 (ii) 80% of the selling price of property transferred as an 19 20 incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of the cost price 21 22 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 23 sales of qasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 24 25 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time. 26 With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined

in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 6 7 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 8 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the selling price 9 of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service 10 on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 and 11 (ii) 100% of the proceeds of the selling price thereafter. If, 12 at any time, however, the tax under this Act on sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less 13 14 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at the rate 15 of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of 16 the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less than 1% 17 and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax 18 19 Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 20 more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel material, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of the 21 22 selling price of property transferred as an incident to the 23 sale of service on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the selling price 24 25 thereafter.

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At the election of any registered serviceman made for each

fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate annual 1 2 cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 75% in 3 the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or 4 5 servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax 6 7 imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost 8 price of the tangible personal property transferred incident to 9 the sale of those services.

10 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food prepared 11 for immediate consumption and transferred incident to a sale of 12 service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital Licensing Act, the 13 14 Nursing Home Care Act, the ID/DD Community Care Act, the 15 Specialized Mental Health Rehabilitation Act, or the Child Care 16 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on 17 food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft 18 19 drinks. and food that has been prepared for immediate 20 consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 21 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical 22 appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of 23 rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for 24 25 human use. For the purposes of this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 26

ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 1 2 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 3 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description 4 5 that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or 6 container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 7 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 8 9 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 10 natural fruit or vegetable juice.

11 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 12 beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic 13 beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft 14 drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk 15 products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater 16 than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

17 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 18 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 19 20 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 21 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 22 23 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 24 25 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 26 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,
 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

3 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 4 5 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 6 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 7 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 8 9 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 10 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 11 flour or requires refrigeration.

12 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 13 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 14 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 15 16 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 17 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 18 19 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 20 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 21 22 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 23 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 24 label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

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(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a

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list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
 substance or preparation.

3 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,

4 eff. 7-13-09; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 97-38,

5 eff. 6-28-11; 97-227, eff. 1-1-12; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

- 6 Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended by7 changing Section 2-10 as follows:
- 8 (35 ILCS 120/2-10)

9 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u> <u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

22 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory 23 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 24 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a

prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 1 2 is used to dispense motor fuel or qasohol in the State of 3 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has 4 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 5 6 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 7 8 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 9 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty 10 11 offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 12 retail premises where a violation occurs.

13 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 14 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a 15 16 prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 17 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2012, the State of Illinois has 18 19 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and 20 gasohol through December 31, 2012. The price on this pump should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be 21 22 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 23 24 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a 25 required sign through December 31, 2012 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 26

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## 1 retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 2 3 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 4 5 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013, and (iii) 100% of 6 7 the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, 8 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined 9 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the 10 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of 11 sales of gasohol made during that time.

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

17 With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the 18 19 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of 20 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 100% of the proceeds of sales made 21 31, 2013 and (ii) 22 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 23 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at 24 25 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 26

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than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time.

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2013 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

8 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 9 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 10 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 11 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 12 medicines, drugs, nonprescription medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 13 14 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 15 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 16 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 17 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic 18 19 drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 20 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 21 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 22 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 23 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 24 25 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as 26 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,

1 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable
2 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

9 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 10 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 11 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 12 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 13 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 14 15 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 16 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 17 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 18 19 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 20 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other 1 ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 2 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 3 flour or requires refrigeration.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 4 5 beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 6 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" 7 8 includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 9 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 10 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by 11 prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 12 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human 13 14 use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug 15 as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" 16 label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

(B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a
list of those ingredients contained in the compound,
substance or preparation.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
22 eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10.)

(Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)
Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this
Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of

1 gross receipts from sales of tangible personal property made in 2 the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000 <u>and</u> <u>beginning again on July 1, 2012 and through December 31, 2012</u>, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

8 Beginning on August 6, 2010 through August 15, 2010, with 9 respect to sales tax holiday items as defined in Section 2-8 of 10 this Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

11 Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory 12 Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel 13 and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that 14 15 is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of 16 Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the State of Illinois has 17 eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. The price on this pump 18 should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be 19 20 printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to 21 22 customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a 23 required sign through December 31, 2000 is guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each 24 25 retail premises where a violation occurs.

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Within 14 days after the effective date of this amendatory

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1	Act of the 97th General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel
2	and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be posted in a
3	prominently visible place on each retail dispensing device that
4	is used to dispense motor fuel or gasohol in the State of
5	Illinois: "As of July 1, 2012, the State of Illinois has
6	eliminated the State's share of sales tax on motor fuel and
7	gasohol through December 31, 2012. The price on this pump
8	should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be
9	printed in bold print on a sign that is no smaller than 4
10	inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to
11	customers. Any retailer who fails to post or maintain a
12	required sign through December 31, 2012 is guilty of a petty
13	offense for which the fine shall be \$500 per day per each
14	retail premises where a violation occurs.

15 With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the 16 tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 70% of the proceeds of 17 sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, (ii) 80% of the proceeds of sales made on or after July 18 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018, and (iii) 100% of 19 20 the proceeds of sales made thereafter. If, at any time, 21 however, the tax under this Act on sales of gasohol, as defined 22 in the Use Tax Act, is imposed at the rate of 1.25%, then the 23 tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of gasohol made during that time. 24

With respect to majority blended ethanol fuel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

With respect to biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax 4 5 Act, with no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act applies to (i) 80% of the proceeds of 6 7 sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 8 31, 2018 and (ii) 100% of the proceeds of sales made 9 thereafter. If, at any time, however, the tax under this Act on 10 sales of biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with 11 no less than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel is imposed at 12 the rate of 1.25%, then the tax imposed by this Act applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales of biodiesel blends with no less 13 than 1% and no more than 10% biodiesel made during that time. 14

With respect to 100% biodiesel, as defined in the Use Tax Act, and biodiesel blends, as defined in the Use Tax Act, with more than 10% but no more than 99% biodiesel, the tax imposed by this Act does not apply to the proceeds of sales made on or after July 1, 2003 and on or before December 31, 2018 but applies to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

21 With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 22 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 23 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 24 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and medicines, 25 nonprescription drugs, medical appliances, 26 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering

it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing 1 2 materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of 3 this Section, until September 1, 2009: the term "soft drinks" 4 5 means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to 6 7 soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated 8 water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks 9 of whatever kind or description that are contained in any 10 closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless 11 of size; but "soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, 12 non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act,

13 defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, 14 or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable 15 juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "soft drinks" means non-alcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. "Soft drinks" do not include beverages that contain milk or milk products, soy, rice or similar milk substitutes, or greater than 50% of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

22 Until August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other 23 provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to 24 be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all 25 food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and 26 food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine,

1 regardless of the location of the vending machine. Beginning 2 August 1, 2009, and notwithstanding any other provisions of 3 this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed 4 off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold 5 through a vending machine, except soft drinks, candy, and food 6 products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, 7 regardless of the location of the vending machine.

8 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, 9 beginning September 1, 2009, "food for human consumption that 10 is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" does not 11 include candy. For purposes of this Section, "candy" means a 12 preparation of sugar, honey, or other natural or artificial 13 sweeteners in combination with chocolate, fruits, nuts or other ingredients or flavorings in the form of bars, drops, or 14 15 pieces. "Candy" does not include any preparation that contains 16 flour or requires refrigeration.

17 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, beginning September 1, 2009, "nonprescription medicines and 18 drugs" does not include grooming and hygiene products. For 19 20 purposes of this Section, "grooming and hygiene products" includes, but is not limited to, soaps and cleaning solutions, 21 22 shampoo, toothpaste, mouthwash, antiperspirants, and sun tan 23 lotions and screens, unless those products are available by prescription only, regardless of whether the products meet the 24 25 definition of "over-the-counter-drugs". For the purposes of 26 this paragraph, "over-the-counter-drug" means a drug for human

use that contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by 21 C.F.R. § 201.66. The "over-the-counter-drug" label includes:

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(A) A "Drug Facts" panel; or

5 (B) A statement of the "active ingredient(s)" with a 6 list of those ingredients contained in the compound, 7 substance or preparation.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-34, eff. 7-13-09; 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-38,
9 eff. 7-13-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1012, eff. 7-7-10;
10 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.