## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2011 and 2012

### HB5867

Introduced 2/16/2012, by Rep. Michael J. Zalewski

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/201

from Ch. 120, par. 2-201

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning the tax imposed.

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1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 201 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-636)

8 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

9 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby 10 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust <u>and</u> and estate 11 for each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the 12 privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of 13 this State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other 14 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any 15 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

16 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this 17 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by 18 subsection (d-1):

(1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
year.

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(2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for

1 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending 2 after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2 3 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to 4 July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 5 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 6 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

7 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
8 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending
9 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the
10 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and
ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of
the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and
ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum
of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and

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(ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

3 (5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
4 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015,
5 and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
6 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

7 (5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and 8 9 ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum 10 of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period 11 prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 12 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 13 202.5. 14

(5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an
amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the
taxable year.

19 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
20 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
21 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30,
1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the
taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989,
as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the

1 2 taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

(8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
income for the taxable year.

(9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after
December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to
January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's
net income for the taxable year.

(11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
 beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to

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January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's
 net income for the taxable year.

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(13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after
December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

10 (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
11 beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to
12 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

13 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the 14 provisions of Section 201.5.

15 (C) Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax. 16 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such 17 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every 18 19 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership 20 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving 21 22 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property 23 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in 24 25 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by 26 this State or by any municipal corporation or political - 6 - LRB097 18418 HLH 63644 b

1 subdivision thereof.

2 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 3 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section 4 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S 5 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall 6 7 be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net 8 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 9 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this 10 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a 11 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an 12 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 13 for the taxable year.

(d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the 14 15 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the 16 Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile 17 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed 18 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined 19 20 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except 21 that for purposes of this determination premiums from 22 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate 23 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax 24 25 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not 26 increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed

under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, 1 2 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for 3 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of 4 5 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes 6 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits 7 8 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such 9 income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the 10 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes 11 a mutual insurer under common management.

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12 (1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event
13 shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections
14 (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

(A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
credits allowed under this Act, plus

(B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the
Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company
tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation
Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under
Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,
equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31,

24 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after 25 December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for 26 the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in
 no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b)
 and (d).

4 (2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this 5 subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed 6 by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by 7 subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this 8 Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i) 9 has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by 10 subsection (d).

11 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of 12 Section 250.

(e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit
against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for
investment in qualified property.

16 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5% 17 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in 18 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an 19 20 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified 21 property placed in service during the taxable year, 22 provided such property is placed in service on or after 23 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within 24 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding 25 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records 26 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security.

Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have 1 2 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in 3 which they file employment records with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to 4 5 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public 6 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing 7 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the 8 increase in base employment within Illinois over the 9 preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall 10 limited to that percentage times a fraction, the be 11 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 12 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall 13 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 14 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may 15 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year 16 other than the year in which the property was placed in 17 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the 18 19 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the 20 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the 21 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it 22 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later 23 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to 24 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the 25 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments 26 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time

Illinois, (ii) is located 1 equivalent jobs in in an 2 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois 3 Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) is certified by the of Commerce and Community Affairs 4 Department (now 5 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as 6 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and 7 (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and 8 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic 9 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all 10 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending 11 after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for 12 the tax year in which the property is placed in service, 13 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 14 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or 15 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried 16 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 17 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a 18 19 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 20 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit 21 shall be applied first.

(2) The term "qualified property" means propertywhich:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
signs that are real property, but not including land or

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improvements to real property that are not a structural component of a building such as landscaping, sewer lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and other appurtenances;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (e);

(C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal 13 14 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment 15 16 Zone established pursuant to the River Edge 17 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

(E) has not previously been used in Illinois in
such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
the credit provided by this subsection (e) or
subsection (f).

22 of this subsection (3) For purposes (e), 23 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production 24 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly 25 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or 26 assembling which changes some existing material into new

1 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of 2 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same 3 meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), 4 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal 5 6 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or 7 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible 8 personal property for use or consumption and not for 9 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible personal property" has the same meaning as when that term 10 11 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for 12 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not

13 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of 14 electricity.

15 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
16 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
17 income tax purposes.

(5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such
increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the
date of such increase in basis.

(6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within

48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 1 2 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 3 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be 4 5 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 6 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 7 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 8 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 9 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 10 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 11 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of 12 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 13 14 property to the extent of such reduction.

(8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
incurred after December 31, 2013, except for costs incurred
pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
December 31, 2013.

(9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000,
a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the
credits to which the partnership is entitled under this
subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the
credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only
against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this
Section. If the partnership makes that election, those

1 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the 2 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in 3 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of 4 5 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that 6 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on 7 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for 8 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits 9 shall be irrevocable.

10 For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, 11 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction 12 under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter 13 14 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of 15 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be 16 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its 17 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S 18 19 corporation, determined in accordance with the 20 determination of income and distributive share of income 21 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal 22 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 23 of Section 250.

24 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge25 Redevelopment Zone.

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(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the

tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 1 2 investment in qualified property which is placed in service 3 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on 4 5 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone 6 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 7 partners, shareholders of Subchapter Act. For S 8 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, 9 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for 10 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall 11 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be 12 determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 13 14 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit 15 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit 16 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or 17 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to 18 19 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for 20 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 21 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 22 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in 23 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount 24 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, 25 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability 26 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and - 16 - LRB097 18418 HLH 63644 b

applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

10 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the 11 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" 12 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 13 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 14 (f);

15 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
16 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

(E) has not been previously used in Illinois in
such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for
the credit provided by this subsection (f) or
subsection (e).

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

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(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax

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depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.

(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

8 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to 9 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 10 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 11 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone 12 or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections 13 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be 14 15 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been 16 17 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 18 19 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 20 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 21 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of 22 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 23 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 24 property to the extent of such reduction.

(7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal
to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in

taxable 1 service during the year in а River Edge 2 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base 3 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over 4 5 preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's the 6 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of 7 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois 8 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base 9 employment for the first year in which they file employment 10 records with the Illinois Department of Employment 11 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment 12 within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, 13 the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage 14 times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the 15 denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

(g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone, River Edge
 Redevelopment Zone, and Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.

(1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an 18 19 enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by the 20 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a 21 22 River Edge Redevelopment Zone conducting a trade or 23 business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or 24 Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 25 by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of 26 \$500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during

1 the taxable year.

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(2) To qualify for the credit:

(A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible
employees to work in an enterprise zone, River Edge
Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign
Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the taxable year;

7 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the 8 enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or 9 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone 10 must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond 11 the total employed in that zone at the end of the 12 previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under 13 this Section was taken, or beyond the total employed by 14 the taxpayer as of December 31, 1985, whichever is 15 later; and

16 (C) the eligible employees must be employed 180
17 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for
18 purposes of this subsection.

(3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:

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20 (A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and 21 Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services" 22 pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with 23 Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training 24 Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training 25 26 Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

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(B) Hired after the enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone was designated or the trade or business was located in that zone, whichever is later.

5 (C) Employed in the enterprise zone, River Edge 6 Redevelopment Zone, or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone. 7 An employee is employed in an enterprise zone or 8 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if 9 his services are rendered there or it is the base of 10 operations for the services performed.

(D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hoursper week.

(4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985 13 14 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed 15 for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired. 16 For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the 17 credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately following the tax year in which the eligible employees are 18 19 hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 20 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 21 22 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 23 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 24 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which 25 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one 26 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier

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1 credit shall be applied first.

(5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such
rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry
out the purposes of this subsection (g).

(6) The credit shall be available for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

8 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 9 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be 10 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 11 and (b) of this Section for investment in qualified 12 property which is placed in service by a Department of 13 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such 14 15 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the 16 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in 17 subdivision (a)(3)(A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the 18 19 time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois 20 Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact 21 Businesses under subdivisions (a) (3) (B), (a) (3) (C), and 22 (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone 23 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would 24 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by 25 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The 26 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the

1 taxable year in which such investments have been completed. 2 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum 3 investment by a designated high impact business authorized under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 4 5 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable 6 year in which the property is placed in service and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 7 8 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) 9 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending 10 on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed 11 for the tax year in which the property is placed in 12 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 13 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 14 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 15 16 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 17 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one 18 19 tax year that is available to offset a liability, the 20 credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

21 Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 22 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and 23 reflect existing law.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
 buildings and structural components of buildings;

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1 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the 2 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" 3 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 4 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 5 (h);

6 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 7 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

8 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone 9 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this 10 Section.

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on
the date of such increase in basis.

(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before
December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified
property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months
after being placed in service, or the situs of any
qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48

months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under 1 2 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable 3 year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have 4 5 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from 6 7 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed 8 credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For 9 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the 10 basis of qualified property resulting from а 11 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a 12 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction. 13

14 (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 15 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this 16 subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and 17 the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18 19 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under 20 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased 21 for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its 22 facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit 23 received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

(i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit
shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and

1 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and 2 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by 3 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 4 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 5 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois 6 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 7 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

8 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this 9 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed 10 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) 11 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original 12 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections 13 14 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit 15 year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be 16 17 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more 18 than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the 19 20 earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. 21

If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by

1 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax 2 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the 3 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different 4 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable 5 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

6 Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years (ij) 7 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 8 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 9 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all 10 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by 11 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside 12 of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational 13 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the 14 15 computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax 16 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such 17 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the 18 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 19 20 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance 21 22 with the determination of income and distributive share of 23 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. 24

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of

the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is 1 2 first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If 3 there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax 4 5 year that is available to offset a liability the earliest 6 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No 7 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or 8 after December 31, 2003.

9

(k) Research and development credit.

10 For tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and prior to 11 December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on 12 or after December 31, 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2011, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 13 14 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this State. The credit 15 16 allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) 17 shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State. For partners, 18 19 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of 20 limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State 21 22 income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this 23 subsection to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under 24 25 Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue 26 Code.

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For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" 1 2 means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal credit for increasing research activities which would be 3 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and 4 5 which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in this State" means the excess 6 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which 7 8 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, 9 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average 10 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base 11 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately 12 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being 13 made.

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable 14 15 year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the 16 unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over 17 as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs 18 first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending 19 20 prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003, and no credit may be 21 22 carried forward to any taxable year ending on or after January 23 1, 2011.

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 25 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest 26 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the

given year. If a tax liability for the given year still 1 2 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax 3 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused 4 5 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except 6 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more 7 8 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the 9 credit is given was incurred.

No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999.

13

(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

14 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on 15 or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a 16 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) 17 of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed 18 eligible remediation costs, as specified this in 19 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the 20 21 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under 22 Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were 23 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the 24 25 and recorded under Section 58.10 of Agency the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed 26

for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the 1 2 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not 3 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a 4 5 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial action 6 7 to the Site Remediation Program pursuant of the 8 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control 9 rules adopted pursuant to Illinois Board are the 10 Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and 11 enforcement of Section 58.9 of the Environmental 12 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with 13 14 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" 15 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has 16 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code 17 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of 18 19 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being 20 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The 21 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 22 and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible 23 remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site 24 25 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs 26 (now 1 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with 2 3 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be 4 5 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in determination of 6 accordance with the income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and 7 8 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

9 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 10 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 11 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 12 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of 13 14 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 15 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). 16 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 17 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 18 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 19 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 20 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 21 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 22 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 23 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 24 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 25 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 26 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the

chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

8 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" 9 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the 10 Environmental Protection Act.

11 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years 12 ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit 13 14 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 15 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of 16 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of 17 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the 18 19 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a 20 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt 21 22 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

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For purposes of this subsection:

24 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are 25 residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 26 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is

sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in this subsection.

<sup>5</sup> "Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on <sup>6</sup> behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, <sup>7</sup> book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is <sup>8</sup> enrolled during the regular school year.

9 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or 10 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title 11 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which 12 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, 13 except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to 14 attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for 15 the credit under this Section.

16 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an 17 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal 18 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

19 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax20 credit.

(i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006,
a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax
imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation
costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of
this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs"

1 approved by the Illinois Environmental means costs 2 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the 3 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge 4 Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation 5 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 6 7 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must 8 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of 9 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any 10 11 related party caused or contributed to, in any material 12 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial 13 14 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 15 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit 16 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control 17 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure 18 Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 19 20 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this 21 Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes 22 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the 24 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs 25 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue 26 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any

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of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site.

5 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 6 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 7 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 8 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This 9 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 10 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 11 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 12 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 13 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 14 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 15 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 16 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 17 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 18 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 19 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 20 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 21 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 22 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 23 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 24 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 25 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 26 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

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(iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
 Environmental Protection Act.
 (Source: P.A. 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 96-116, eff. 7-31-09;
 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1496, eff.

6 1-13-11; 97-2, eff. 5-6-11.)

7 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-636)

8 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

9 (a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby 10 imposed on every individual, corporation, trust <u>and</u> and estate 11 for each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the 12 privilege of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of 13 this State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other 14 occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any 15 municipal corporation or political subdivision thereof.

16 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this 17 Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by 18 subsection (d-1):

(1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
year.

(2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending
after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2

1 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to 2 July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 3 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June 4 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

5 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for 6 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending 7 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the 8 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

9 (4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for 10 taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and 11 ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum 12 of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior 13 to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and 14 (ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after 15 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

16 (5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for 17 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and 18 ending prior to January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 5% of 19 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and
ending after December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum
of (i) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
to January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period
after December 31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

1 (5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 2 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2015, 3 and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 4 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

5 (5.3) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and 6 ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum 7 of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for the period 8 9 prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 10 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the 11 period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 12 202.5.

13 (5.4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 14 for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an 15 amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the 16 taxable year.

17 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
18 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
19 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30,
1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the
taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989,
as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the
taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989,
as calculated under Section 202.3.

(8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
 beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
 income for the taxable year.

5 (9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 6 beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after 7 December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8% 8 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to 9 January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and 10 (ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after 11 December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

12 (10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 13 beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to 14 January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of the taxpayer's 15 net income for the taxable year.

(11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2015, and ending after
December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of
the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January
1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period after December
31, 2014, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning on or after January 1, 2015, and ending prior to
January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 5.25% of the taxpayer's
net income for the taxable year.

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1 (13) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 2 beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after 3 December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25% 4 of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to 5 January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and 6 (ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after 7 December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

8 (14) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 9 beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 10 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

11 The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the 12 provisions of Section 201.5.

13 Personal Property Tax Replacement (C) Income Tax. 14 Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such 15 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property 16 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every 17 corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. 18 19 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving 20 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income 21 22 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in 23 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal corporation or political 24 subdivision thereof. 25

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(d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income

Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax 1 2 imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S 3 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall 4 5 be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 6 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this 7 subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a 8 9 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an 10 additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 11 for the taxable year.

12 (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the 13 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the 14 Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile 15 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax 16 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed 17 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except 18 19 that for purposes of this determination premiums from 20 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending 21 22 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax 23 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed 24 25 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, 26 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed

on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for 1 2 the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of 3 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign 4 insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits 5 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such 6 7 income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the 8 purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes 9 a mutual insurer under common management.

(1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections(b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

(A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign
insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all
credits allowed under this Act, plus

(B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the
Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company
tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation
Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under
Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b)

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and (d).

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(2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
subsection (d).

9 This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of 10 Section 250.

(e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for investment in qualified property.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%14 15 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during 16 the taxable year, provided such property is placed in 17 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified 18 19 property placed in service during the taxable year, 20 provided such property is placed in service on or after 21 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within 22 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding 23 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records 24 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. 25 Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have 26 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in

1 which they file employment records with the Illinois 2 Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to 3 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing 4 5 law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the 6 increase in base employment within Illinois over the 7 preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall 8 limited to that percentage times a fraction, the be 9 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 10 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall 11 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 12 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year 13 14 other than the year in which the property was placed in 15 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after 16 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the 17 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the 18 19 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it 20 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later 21 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to 22 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the 23 excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time 24 25 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an 26 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois

is certified by 1 Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) the 2 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 3 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and 4 5 (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and 6 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic 7 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all 8 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending 9 after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for 10 the tax year in which the property is placed in service, 11 or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 12 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or 13 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried 14 forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 15 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall 16 be applied to the earliest year for which there is a 17 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit 18 19 shall be applied first.

20 (2) The term "qualified property" means property 21 which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
signs that are real property, but not including land or
improvements to real property that are not a structural
component of a building such as landscaping, sewer

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lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and other appurtenances;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not
eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
(e);

8 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 9 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is 11 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal 12 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service 13 on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment 14 Zone established pursuant to the River Edge 15 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

16 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in 17 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 18 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or 19 subsection (f).

20 (3) For purposes of this subsection (e), 21 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production 22 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly 23 regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or 24 assembling which changes some existing material into new 25 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of 26 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same - 47 - LRB097 18418 HLH 63644 b

meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the 1 Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), 2 3 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal property for use or consumption and not for resale, or 4 5 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible personal property for use or consumption and not for 6 7 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible 8 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term 9 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for 10 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not 11 include the generation, transmission, or distribution of 12 electricity.

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13 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
14 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
15 income tax purposes.

16 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 17 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 18 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such 19 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 20 date of such increase in basis.

(6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48

months after being placed in service, the Personal Property 1 2 Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be 3 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been 4 5 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 6 7 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 8 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 9 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of 10 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 11 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 12 property to the extent of such reduction.

(8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred
pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
December 31, 2018.

(9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, 18 19 a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the 20 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this 21 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the 22 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only 23 against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this Section. If the partnership makes that election, those 24 25 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the 26 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits shall be irrevocable.

For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, 8 9 a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction 10 under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) 11 of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter 12 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be 13 14 allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its 15 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during 16 taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S the 17 determined corporation, in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income 18 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal 19 20 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. 21

22 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge23 Redevelopment Zone.

(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the
 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for
 investment in qualified property which is placed in service

1 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois 2 Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on 3 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 4 5 Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, 6 7 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for 8 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall 9 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be 10 determined in accordance with the determination of income 11 and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 12 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit 13 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit 14 shall be available only in the taxable year in which the 15 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or 16 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to 17 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 18 19 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 20 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in 21 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount 22 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, 23 whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability 24 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and 25 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years 26 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

8 (B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the 9 Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" 10 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 11 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 12 (f);

13 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
14 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge
Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

17 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in 18 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 19 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or 20 subsection (e).

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
 in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge

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- Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.
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(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

6 (6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to 7 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 8 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 9 any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone 10 or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after 11 being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections 12 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be 13 Such increase shall be determined by increased. (i) 14 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 15 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 16 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 17 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 18 19 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of 20 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 21 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 22 property to the extent of such reduction.

(7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal
to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in
service during the taxable year in a River Edge
Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in

service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base 1 2 employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over 3 preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's the employment records filed with the Illinois Department of 4 5 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base 6 7 employment for the first year in which they file employment 8 records with the Illinois Department of Employment 9 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment 10 within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage 11 12 times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the 13 denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

14 (g) Jobs Tax Credit; Enterprise Zone, River Edge
15 Redevelopment Zone, and Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.

16 (1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business in an 17 enterprise zone or a High Impact Business designated by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity or for 18 19 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a 20 River Edge Redevelopment Zone conducting a trade or 21 business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or 22 Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 23 by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of \$500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during 24 25 the taxable year.

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(2) To qualify for the credit:

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(A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible employees to work in an enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone during the taxable year;

5 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the 6 enterprise zone, River Edge Redevelopment Zone, or 7 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone 8 must increase by 5 or more full-time employees beyond 9 the total employed in that zone at the end of the 10 previous tax year for which a jobs tax credit under 11 this Section was taken, or beyond the total employed by 12 the taxpayer as of December 31, 1985, whichever is 13 later; and

14 (C) the eligible employees must be employed 180
15 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for
16 purposes of this subsection.

(3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:

(A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and
Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services"
pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with
Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training
Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job
Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training
Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

(B) Hired after the enterprise zone, River Edge
 Redevelopment Zone, or federally designated Foreign

1 2 Trade Zone or Sub-Zone was designated or the trade or business was located in that zone, whichever is later.

3 (C) Employed in the enterprise zone, River Edge
4 Redevelopment Zone, or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.
5 An employee is employed in an enterprise zone or
6 federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone if
7 his services are rendered there or it is the base of
8 operations for the services performed.

9 (D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hours 10 per week.

11 (4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985 12 and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired. 13 14 For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the 15 credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately 16 following the tax year in which the eligible employees are 17 hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 18 19 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 20 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 21 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 22 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which 23 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one 24 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier 25 credit shall be applied first.

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(5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such

rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this subsection (g).

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(6) The credit shall be available for eligible employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

6 (1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 7 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be 8 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 9 (b) of this Section for investment in qualified and 10 property which is placed in service by a Department of 11 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact 12 Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the 13 14 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in 15 subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 16 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the 17 time authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact 18 19 Businesses under subdivisions (a)(3)(B), (a)(3)(C), and 20 (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would 21 22 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by 23 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The 24 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the 25 taxable year in which such investments have been completed. 26 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum

investment by a designated high impact business authorized 1 2 under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 3 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable year in which the property is placed in service and shall 4 5 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 6 taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) 7 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed 8 9 for the tax year in which the property is placed in 10 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 11 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 12 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 13 14 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 15 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which 16 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the 17 credit accruing first in time shall be applied first. 18

19 Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 20 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and 21 reflect existing law.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
 buildings and structural components of buildings;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"

1 as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not 2 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection 3 (h);

4 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section 5 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

6 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone 7 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this 8 Section.

9 (3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis 10 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal 11 income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or
Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of
such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on
the date of such increase in basis.

18 (5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same19 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable

year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined 1 2 by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have 3 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from 4 5 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For 6 7 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the 8 basis of qualified property resulting from а 9 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such 10 11 reduction.

12 (7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31, 1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this 13 14 subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and 15 the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of 16 the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 17 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased 18 19 for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its 20 facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit 21 received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

(i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income
Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit
shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and
(b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and
(d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by

1 multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 2 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 3 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois 4 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 5 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

6 Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this 7 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed 8 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) 9 and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original 10 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried 11 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections 12 (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any 13 year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be 14 15 applied first to the earliest year for which there is a 16 liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more 17 than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied 18 19 first.

If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the

reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different
 taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable
 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

(j) Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years 4 5 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 6 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 7 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all 8 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by 9 the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside 10 of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational 11 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled 12 or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the 13 computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax 14 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such 15 training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S 16 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the 17 liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 18 19 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance 20 with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 21 22 Internal Revenue Code.

Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied

first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or after December 31, 2003.

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(k) Research and development credit.

8 For tax years ending after July 1, 1990 and prior to 9 December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on 10 or after December 31, 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 11 2016, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 12 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 13 increasing research activities in this State. The credit 14 allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) 15 shall be equal to 6 1/2% of the qualifying expenditures for 16 increasing research activities in this State. For partners, 17 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is 18 treated as a partnership for purposes of federal and State 19 20 income taxation, there shall be allowed a credit under this determined 21 subsection to be in accordance with the 22 determination of income and distributive share of income under 23 Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue 24 Code.

For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal

credit for increasing research activities which would be 1 2 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for 3 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess 4 5 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, 6 7 "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average 8 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base 9 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately 10 preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being 11 made.

12 Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the 13 unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over 14 15 as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 16 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs 17 first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year 18 ending on or after December 31, 2003. 19

If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest 2 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the 3 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still 24 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be 25 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax 26 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused

1 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next 2 following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except 3 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more 4 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the 5 credit is given was incurred.

No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the
91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable
years beginning before January 1, 1999.

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(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

10 (i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on 11 or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a 12 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed 13 14 eligible remediation costs, as specified in this 15 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed 16 eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the 17 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were 18 19 paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for 20 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the 21 Agency and recorded under Section 58.10 of the 22 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed 23 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the 24 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not 25 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related 26 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a

release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site 1 2 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action 3 to the Site Remediation pursuant Program of the Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control 4 5 Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and 6 the 7 enforcement of Section 58.9 of Environmental 8 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability 9 for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with 10 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" 11 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has 12 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code 13 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a 14 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of 15 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being 16 a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The 17 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible 18 19 remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except 20 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site 21 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the 22 Department of and Community Affairs Commerce (now 23 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The 24 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with 25 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and 26 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be

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allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

5 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 6 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 7 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The 8 9 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of 10 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 11 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 12 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 13 14 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 15 16 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 17 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 18 19 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 20 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 21 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 22 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 23 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 24 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 25 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 26 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

4 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
5 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
6 Environmental Protection Act.

7 (m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years 8 ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian 9 of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit 10 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 11 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of 12 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total 13 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the 14 15 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a 16 credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt 17 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act. 18

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For purposes of this subsection:

20 "Qualifying pupils" means individuals who (i) are residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 21 22 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is 23 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through 24 25 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in 26 this subsection.

"Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is enrolled during the regular school year.

5 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or 6 secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title 7 VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which 8 satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, 9 except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to 10 attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for 11 the credit under this Section.

12 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an 13 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal 14 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

15 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax 16 credit.

17 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 18 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 19 20 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of 21 22 this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" 23 costs approved by the Illinois Environmental means Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the 24 25 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge 26

Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation 1 2 Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 3 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of 4 5 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is 6 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any 7 related party caused or contributed to, in any material 8 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under 9 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial 10 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 11 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit 12 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made 13 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control 14 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 15 16 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes 17 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the 18 19 Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the 20 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs 21 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue 22 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any 23 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed 24 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the 25 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of 26 \$100,000 per site.

(ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 1 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 2 3 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This 4 5 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 6 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 7 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 8 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 9 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 10 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 11 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 12 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 13 14 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 15 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 16 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 17 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 18 19 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 20 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any 21 taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 22 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

(iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
Environmental Protection Act.

26 (Source: P.A. 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 96-116, eff. 7-31-09;

HB5867 - 71 - LRB097 18418 HLH 63644 b 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1496, eff. 1-13-11; 97-2, eff. 5-6-11; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

3 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 4 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 5 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 6 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 7 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 8 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other 9 Public Act.