



97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

HB5543

Introduced 2/15/2012, by Rep. John D. Cavaletto

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides that, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2012 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2017, an amount equal to 50% of the amount of expenses incurred by the taxpayer during a taxable year for the construction of a greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to be used for greenhouse purposes may be deducted from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income. Provides that the taxpayer may elect to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in the next taxable year.

LRB097 18834 HLH 64072 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
18 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except
20 stock dividends of qualified public utilities
21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue
22 Code;

23 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the
3 taxable year;

4 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during
5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real
6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's
7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and
8 for which a deduction was previously taken under
9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1,
10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4
11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
13 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property
15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in
21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money
22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a
23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on
24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal
25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical
26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section

1 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

2 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
3 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
4 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted
5 gross income and for which the individual claims a
6 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
13 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
16 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
17 deductions taken in all taxable years under
18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
20 the last day of the last tax year for which the
21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount
25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

1 modification under this subparagraph only once with
2 respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
4 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
8 member of the same unitary business group but for the
9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside
10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
13 who would be a member of the same unitary business
14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
17 required to apportion business income under different
18 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
20 extent that dividends were included in base income of
21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
24 included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964
25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in
26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

1 Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to
2 whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
14 following:

15 (a) the person, during the same taxable
16 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
17 to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
20 person did not have as a principal purpose the
21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
24 terms; or

25 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
26 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

1 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
2 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
3 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
4 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

5 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
6 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
7 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
9 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
10 to the application or use of an alternative method
11 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
22 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
23 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
26 foreign person who would be a member of the same

1 unitary business group but for the fact that the
2 foreign person's business activity outside the United
3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
4 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
6 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
7 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
8 from being included in the unitary business group
9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
10 business income under different subsections of Section
11 304. The addition modification required by this
12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
14 group for the same taxable year and received by the
15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
16 business group (including amounts included in gross
17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under
19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect
20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible
21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid,
22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not
23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a
24 reduction to the addition modification required under
25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this
26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

1 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or
2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use,
3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange,
4 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2)
5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from
6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions;
7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees;
8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and
9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible
10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade
11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask
12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible
13 assets.

14 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
18 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
21 to such item; or

22 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
23 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
24 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
25 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
26 following:

1 (a) the person during the same taxable
2 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
3 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
4 not a related member, and

5 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
6 intangible expense or cost between the
7 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
8 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
9 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
10 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
11 or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
13 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
18 writing to the application or use of an alternative
19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
21 Director from making any other adjustment
22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

1 by which the Department will utilize its authority
2 under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after
4 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
8 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
9 business group but for the fact that the person is
10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
11 included in the unitary business group because he or
12 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
13 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
14 addition modification required by this subparagraph
15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
16 included in base income of the unitary group for the
17 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
19 (including amounts included in gross income under
20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
26 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

1 modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or
2 Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after
4 January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31,
5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified
6 tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a
8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the
9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the
10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to
11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section
12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after
13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a
14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution
16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5
17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from
18 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a
19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under
20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I)
21 adopts and determines that its offering materials
22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's
23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable
24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence
25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing
26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the
2 program to inform in-state residents of the existence
3 of in-state qualified tuition programs at least
4 annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from
5 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

6 For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a
7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts
8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term
9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not
10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified
11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective
12 participants in its offering materials or makes a
13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii)
14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the
15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the
16 out-of-state program distributes its offering
17 materials;

18 (D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after
19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from
20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State
22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the
23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income
24 under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after
26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

1 withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition
2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code
3 administered by the State that is not used for
4 qualified expenses at an eligible education
5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution
6 component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund
7 that was previously deducted from base income under
8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that
9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the
10 beneficiary's death or disability;

11 (D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
12 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
13 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
14 Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31,
18 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of
19 any compensation (including but not limited to any
20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a
21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed
23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any
24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a
25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing
26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

1 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training
2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32,
3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National
4 Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or
5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any
6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after
7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in
8 respect of any compensation (including but not limited
9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman
10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a
11 resident by reason of being a member of any component
12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect
13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who
14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or
15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation
16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of
17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or,
18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after
19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other
20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are
21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

22 (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
23 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
24 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as
26 distributions under the provisions of any retirement

1 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
2 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
3 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
4 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
6 thereto;

7 (G) The valuation limitation amount;

8 (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
9 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
10 and included in such total for the taxable year;

11 (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
12 total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the
13 Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously
14 deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation
15 of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in
17 such total which were paid by a corporation which
18 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
19 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
20 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
21 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts
22 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
23 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
24 zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in

1 such total that were paid by a corporation that
2 conducts business operations in a federally designated
3 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
4 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
5 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
6 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
7 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
8 this subparagraph (K);

9 (L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
10 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
11 and railroad retirement benefits included in such
12 total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
13 Revenue Code;

14 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
15 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of
16 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
17 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
18 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
19 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
20 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
21 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
22 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
23 Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
25 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
26 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income

1 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
2 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
3 provisions of Section 250;

4 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
5 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
6 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
7 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
8 United States; provided that, in the case of any
9 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
10 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
11 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
12 of bond premium amortization;

13 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
14 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
15 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

16 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
17 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
18 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
19 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
20 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction
21 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of
22 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts
23 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

24 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
25 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
26 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in

1 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
2 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

3 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
4 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

5 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
6 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution
7 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a
8 medical care savings account established under the
9 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care
10 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the
11 contribution is accepted by the account administrator
12 as provided in that Act;

13 (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted
14 gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in
15 the taxable year on a medical care savings account
16 established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act
17 or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on
18 behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added
19 pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

20 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after
21 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of
22 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of
23 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by
24 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance
25 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

26 (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after

1 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
2 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the
3 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed
4 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder
5 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or
6 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that
7 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the
8 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care
9 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the
11 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not
12 exceed the taxable income attributable to that
13 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or
14 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no
15 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the
16 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health
17 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an
18 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The
19 amount of the health insurance and long-term care
20 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be
21 determined by multiplying total health insurance and
22 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer
23 times a number that represents the fractional
24 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section
25 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually
26 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

1 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
2 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal
3 gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted
4 from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is
5 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
7 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
8 extent includible in gross income for federal income
9 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
10 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
11 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
12 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
13 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
14 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived
15 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
16 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
18 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
19 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
20 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
21 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
22 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
23 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
24 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
25 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
26 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired

1 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
2 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
3 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
4 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
5 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
6 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
7 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
8 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
9 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
10 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
11 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
12 of Section 250;

13 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January
14 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004,
15 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College
16 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State
17 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross
18 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal
19 Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
20 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable
21 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum
22 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a
23 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the
24 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid
25 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from
26 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the

1 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys
2 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes
3 of this subparagraph, contributions made by an
4 employer on behalf of an employee, or matching
5 contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as
6 made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt
7 from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
9 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
10 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
11 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
12 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
13 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

14 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
15 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
16 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
17 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
18 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
19 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
20 the bonus depreciation deduction;

21 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
22 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
23 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
24 0.429); and

25 (3) for taxable years ending after December
26 31, 2005:

1 (i) for property on which a bonus
2 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
3 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
4 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
5 0.429); and

6 (ii) for property on which a bonus
7 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
8 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
9 1.0.

10 The aggregate amount deducted under this
11 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
12 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
13 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
14 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
15 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
16 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
17 Section 250;

18 (AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
21 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
22 an amount equal to that addition modification.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
2 modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount
3 equal to that addition modification.

4 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
5 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
6 piece of property.

7 This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the
8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income,
10 other than salary, received by a driver in a
11 ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

12 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
13 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
14 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
15 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
16 modification with respect to such transaction under
17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
18 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
19 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any
20 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
21 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
22 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
23 is required to make an addition modification with
24 respect to such transaction under Section
25 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
26 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that

1 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is
2 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken
4 into account for the taxable year (net of the
5 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
8 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
12 who would be a member of the same unitary business
13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
16 required to apportion business income under different
17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
18 addition modification required to be made for the same
19 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for
20 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD)
22 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

23 (EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible
24 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
25 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
26 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a

1 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
2 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
3 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
4 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
5 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
6 who would be a member of the same unitary business
7 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
8 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
9 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
10 required to apportion business income under different
11 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
12 addition modification required to be made for the same
13 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for
14 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
15 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
16 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
19 taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
20 under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
21 Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
22 This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
23 Section 250; and

24 (GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
25 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
26 add back any insurance premiums under Section

1 203(a) (2) (D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
2 that part of a reimbursement received from the
3 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
4 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
5 company) that would have been taken into account as a
6 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
7 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
8 the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG),
9 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add
10 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
11 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph
12 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

13 (HH) Beginning with taxable years ending on or
14 after December 31, 2012 and ending with taxable years
15 ending on or before December 31, 2017, an amount equal
16 to 50% of the amount of expenses incurred by the
17 taxpayer during a taxable year for the construction of
18 a greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to
19 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect
20 to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the
21 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct
22 the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in
23 the following taxable year.

24 (b) Corporations.

25 (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base

1 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
2 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

3 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
4 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
5 of the following amounts:

6 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
7 to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
8 received from regulated investment companies during
9 the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
10 income in the computation of taxable income;

11 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
12 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
13 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

14 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company,
15 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term
16 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount
17 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in
18 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal
19 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section
20 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code,
21 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act
22 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing
23 law and is not a new enactment);

24 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
25 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
26 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year

1 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

2 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
3 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
4 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
5 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
6 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
7 the amount by which addition modifications other than
8 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
9 subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable
10 year, with the following limitations applied in the
11 order that they are listed:

12 (i) the addition modification relating to the
13 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
14 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
15 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
16 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
17 which related to that net operating loss and which
18 was taken into account in calculating the base
19 income of an earlier taxable year, and

20 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
21 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
22 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
23 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of
24 such carryback or carryforward;

25 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
26 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other

1 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
2 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
3 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
4 independently under the preceding provisions of this
5 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

6 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
7 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
8 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted
9 gross income and for which the corporation claims a
10 credit under subsection (l) of Section 201;

11 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
12 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
13 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
14 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code;

16 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
17 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
18 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
19 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then
20 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
21 deductions taken in all taxable years under
22 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

23 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
24 the last day of the last tax year for which the
25 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
26 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer

1 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
2 modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount
3 equal to that subtraction modification.

4 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
5 modification under this subparagraph only once with
6 respect to any one piece of property;

7 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
8 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
9 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
10 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
12 member of the same unitary business group but for the
13 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
14 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
15 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
16 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
17 who would be a member of the same unitary business
18 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
19 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
20 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
21 required to apportion business income under different
22 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
23 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
24 extent that dividends were included in base income of
25 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
26 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the

1 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
2 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
4 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
5 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
6 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
7 incurred.

8 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
10 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
11 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
12 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
13 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
14 with respect to such interest; or

15 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
17 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
18 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
19 following:

20 (a) the person, during the same taxable
21 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
22 to a person that is not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
25 person did not have as a principal purpose the
26 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid

1 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
2 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
3 terms; or

4 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
5 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
6 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
7 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
8 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
9 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

10 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
12 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
13 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
14 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
15 to the application or use of an alternative method
16 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

17 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
18 Director from making any other adjustment
19 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
20 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
21 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
22 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
23 and such regulations provide methods and standards
24 by which the Department will utilize its authority
25 under Section 404 of this Act;

26 (E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible

1 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
2 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
4 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
5 foreign person who would be a member of the same
6 unitary business group but for the fact that the
7 foreign person's business activity outside the United
8 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
9 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
10 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
11 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
12 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
13 from being included in the unitary business group
14 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
15 business income under different subsections of Section
16 304. The addition modification required by this
17 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
18 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
19 group for the same taxable year and received by the
20 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
21 business group (including amounts included in gross
22 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
24 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
25 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
26 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or

1 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
2 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
3 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
4 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of
5 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
6 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
7 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
8 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
9 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
10 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
11 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
12 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
13 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
14 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
15 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
16 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service
17 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
18 similar types of intangible assets.

19 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

20 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
21 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
22 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
23 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
24 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
25 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
26 to such item; or

1 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
4 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
5 following:

6 (a) the person during the same taxable
7 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
8 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
9 not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 intangible expense or cost between the
12 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
13 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
14 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
15 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
16 or

17 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
19 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
20 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
21 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
22 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
23 writing to the application or use of an alternative
24 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

25 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
26 Director from making any other adjustment

1 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
2 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
3 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
4 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
5 and such regulations provide methods and standards
6 by which the Department will utilize its authority
7 under Section 404 of this Act;

8 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after
9 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
10 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
11 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
13 a person who would be a member of the same unitary
14 business group but for the fact that the person is
15 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
16 included in the unitary business group because he or
17 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
18 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
19 addition modification required by this subparagraph
20 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
21 included in base income of the unitary group for the
22 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
24 (including amounts included in gross income under
25 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
26 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78

1 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
2 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
3 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
4 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
5 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
6 modification required under Section 203(b) (2) (E-12) or
7 Section 203(b) (2) (E-13) of this Act;

8 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December
9 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive
10 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real
11 estate investment trust under Section 857(b) (2) (B) of
12 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

13 (E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
14 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
15 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
16 Act;

17 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
18 following amounts:

19 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
20 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
21 and included in such total for the taxable year;

22 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
23 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

24 (H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
25 an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
26 dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section

1 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
2 for the taxable year;

3 (I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
4 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of
5 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
6 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as
7 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal
8 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to
9 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section
10 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for
11 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999,
12 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and
13 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus,
14 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011,
15 amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)
16 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years
17 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount
18 included in gross income under Section 87 of the
19 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of
20 tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under
21 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
22 the case of a life insurance company with gross income
23 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or
24 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in
25 the case of a life insurance company allowed a
26 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax

1 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt
2 from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
4 total which are exempt from taxation by this State
5 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by
6 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the
7 United States; provided that, in the case of any
8 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
9 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
10 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
11 of bond premium amortization;

12 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
13 such total which were paid by a corporation which
14 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
15 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
16 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
17 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
18 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
19 Zone or zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
20 zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the
21 provisions of Section 250;

22 (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in
23 such total that were paid by a corporation that
24 conducts business operations in a federally designated
25 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
26 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided

1 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
2 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection
3 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
4 this subparagraph (L);

5 (M) For any taxpayer that is a financial
6 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
7 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
8 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
9 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
10 property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone
11 Investment Credit or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
12 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
13 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
14 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the
15 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
16 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
17 the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit
18 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
19 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
20 date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise
21 Zone or the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The
22 subtraction modification available to taxpayer in any
23 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
24 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
25 such loan attributable to the eligible property as
26 calculated under the previous sentence. This

1 subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
4 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
5 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
6 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a
7 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by
8 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business
9 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan
10 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a
11 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the
12 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between
13 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into
14 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit
15 property which secures the loan or loans, using for
16 this purpose the original basis of such property on the
17 date that it was placed in service in a federally
18 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in
19 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the
20 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph
21 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the
22 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The
23 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any
24 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the
25 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to
26 such loan attributable to the eligible property as

1 calculated under the previous sentence;

2 (N) Two times any contribution made during the
3 taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
4 extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
5 charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
6 Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,
7 by its terms, be used for a project approved by the
8 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under
9 Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under
10 Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act.
11 This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of
12 Section 250;

13 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years
14 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage
15 equal to the percentage allowable under Section
16 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for
17 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the
18 amount by which dividends included in taxable income
19 and received from a corporation that is not created or
20 organized under the laws of the United States or any
21 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for
22 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988,
23 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed
24 paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal
25 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification
26 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of

1 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends,
2 and including, for taxable years ending on or after
3 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive
4 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the
5 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income
6 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or
7 after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed
8 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951
9 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including,
10 for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008,
11 dividends received from a captive real estate
12 investment trust, from any such corporation specified
13 in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of
14 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be
15 treated as a member of the affiliated group which
16 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of
17 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of
18 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related
19 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from
20 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

21 (P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
22 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
23 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

24 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
25 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
26 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of

1 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
2 the Internal Revenue Code;

3 (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
4 attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
5 or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
6 Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.
7 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the
8 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or
9 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the
10 attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that
11 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the
12 attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of
14 this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of
15 Section 250;

16 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December
17 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an
18 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a
19 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax
20 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and
21 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts
22 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
23 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue
24 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the

1 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
2 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
3 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
4 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
5 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

6 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
7 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
8 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
9 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
10 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
11 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
12 the bonus depreciation deduction;

13 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
14 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
15 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
16 0.429); and

17 (3) for taxable years ending after December
18 31, 2005:

19 (i) for property on which a bonus
20 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
21 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
22 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
23 0.429); and

24 (ii) for property on which a bonus
25 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
26 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1 1.0.

2 The aggregate amount deducted under this
3 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
4 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
5 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
6 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
7 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
8 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
9 Section 250;

10 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
11 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
12 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
13 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
14 equal to that addition modification.

15 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
16 the last day of the last tax year for which the
17 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
18 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
19 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
20 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount
21 equal to that addition modification.

22 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
23 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
24 piece of property.

25 This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of
2 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
3 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
4 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
5 modification with respect to such transaction under
6 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
7 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
8 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any
9 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
10 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
11 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
12 is required to make an addition modification with
13 respect to such transaction under Section
14 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
15 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
16 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium
17 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken
18 into account for the taxable year with respect to a
19 transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an
20 addition modification with respect to such transaction
21 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section
22 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section
23 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that
24 addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt
25 from the provisions of Section 250;

26 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken

1 into account for the taxable year (net of the
2 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
3 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
5 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
6 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
7 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
8 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
9 who would be a member of the same unitary business
10 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
11 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
12 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
13 required to apportion business income under different
14 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
15 addition modification required to be made for the same
16 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for
17 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
18 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W)
19 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible
21 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
22 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
25 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
26 outside the United States is 80% or more of that

1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
2 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
3 who would be a member of the same unitary business
4 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
7 required to apportion business income under different
8 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
9 addition modification required to be made for the same
10 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for
11 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
13 person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the
14 provisions of Section 250;

15 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
16 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
17 add back any insurance premiums under Section
18 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
19 that part of a reimbursement received from the
20 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
21 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
22 company) that would have been taken into account as a
23 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
24 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
25 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
26 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back

1 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
2 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
3 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

4 (Z) The difference between the nondeductible
5 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
6 965(e) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable
7 income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
8 Section 965(e) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
9 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
10 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
11 Section 250.

12 (AA) Beginning with taxable years ending on or
13 after December 31, 2012 and ending with taxable years
14 ending on or before December 31, 2017, an amount equal
15 to 50% of the amount of expenses incurred by the
16 taxpayer during a taxable year for the construction of
17 a greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to
18 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect
19 to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the
20 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct
21 the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in
22 the following taxable year.

23 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
24 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
25 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior
26 to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment

1 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or
2 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in
3 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the
4 Internal Revenue Code.

5 (c) Trusts and estates.

6 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base
7 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
8 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

9 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of
10 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph
11 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the
12 following amounts:

13 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
14 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
15 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
16 in the computation of taxable income;

17 (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
18 trust which, under its governing instrument, is
19 required to distribute all of its income currently,
20 \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
21 case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
22 the computation of taxable income;

23 (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
24 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
25 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

1 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
2 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
3 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
4 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

5 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
6 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending
7 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable
8 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or
9 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e),
10 the amount by which addition modifications other than
11 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded
12 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with
13 the following limitations applied in the order that
14 they are listed:

15 (i) the addition modification relating to the
16 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
17 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
18 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of
19 addition modification under this subparagraph (E)
20 which related to that net operating loss and which
21 was taken into account in calculating the base
22 income of an earlier taxable year, and

23 (ii) the addition modification relating to the
24 net operating loss carried back or forward to the
25 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to
26 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of

1 such carryback or carryforward;

2 For taxable years in which there is a net operating
3 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other
4 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the
5 addition modification provided in this subparagraph
6 (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
7 independently under the preceding provisions of this
8 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

9 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1,
10 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to
11 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust
12 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the
13 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this
14 Act;

15 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
16 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
17 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
18 computation of taxable income;

19 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31,
20 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
21 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted
22 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a
23 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

24 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
25 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
26 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the

1 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
2 Internal Revenue Code; and

3 (G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
4 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
5 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
6 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then
7 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
8 deductions taken in all taxable years under
9 subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

10 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
11 the last day of the last tax year for which the
12 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
13 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
14 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
15 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount
16 equal to that subtraction modification.

17 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
18 modification under this subparagraph only once with
19 respect to any one piece of property;

20 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
21 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
22 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
23 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
24 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
25 member of the same unitary business group but for the
26 fact that the foreign person's business activity

1 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
4 who would be a member of the same unitary business
5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
8 required to apportion business income under different
9 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
10 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
11 extent that dividends were included in base income of
12 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
13 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
14 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
15 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
16 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
17 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
18 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
19 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
20 incurred.

21 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

22 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
24 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
25 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
26 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income

1 with respect to such interest; or

2 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
4 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
5 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
6 following:

7 (a) the person, during the same taxable
8 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
9 to a person that is not a related member, and

10 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
11 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
12 person did not have as a principal purpose the
13 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
14 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
15 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
16 terms; or

17 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
18 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
19 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
20 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
21 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
22 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

23 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
25 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
26 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or

1 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
2 to the application or use of an alternative method
3 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

4 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
5 Director from making any other adjustment
6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
8 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
9 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
10 and such regulations provide methods and standards
11 by which the Department will utilize its authority
12 under Section 404 of this Act;

13 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
14 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
15 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
16 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
17 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
18 foreign person who would be a member of the same
19 unitary business group but for the fact that the
20 foreign person's business activity outside the United
21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
22 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
23 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
24 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
25 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
26 from being included in the unitary business group

1 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
2 business income under different subsections of Section
3 304. The addition modification required by this
4 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
5 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
6 group for the same taxable year and received by the
7 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
8 business group (including amounts included in gross
9 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
11 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
12 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
13 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
14 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding
15 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
16 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
17 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of
18 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
19 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)
20 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the
21 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or
22 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other
23 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring
25 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty,
26 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing

1 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For
2 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property"
3 includes patents, patent applications, trade names,
4 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works,
5 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

6 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
8 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
10 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
11 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
12 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
13 to such item; or

14 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
15 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
16 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
17 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
18 following:

19 (a) the person during the same taxable
20 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
21 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
22 not a related member, and

23 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
24 intangible expense or cost between the
25 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
26 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

1 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
2 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
3 or

4 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
7 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
8 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
9 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
10 writing to the application or use of an alternative
11 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
13 Director from making any other adjustment
14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
18 and such regulations provide methods and standards
19 by which the Department will utilize its authority
20 under Section 404 of this Act;

21 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after
22 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of
23 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed
24 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were
25 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
26 a person who would be a member of the same unitary

1 business group but for the fact that the person is
2 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
3 included in the unitary business group because he or
4 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
5 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
6 addition modification required by this subparagraph
7 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
8 included in base income of the unitary group for the
9 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
11 (including amounts included in gross income under
12 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
13 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
14 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
15 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
16 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
17 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
18 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
19 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or
20 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

21 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
22 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
23 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
24 Act;

25 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
26 following amounts:

1 (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
2 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
3 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
5 distributions under the provisions of any retirement
6 or disability plan for employees of any governmental
7 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired
8 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net
9 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the
10 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant
11 thereto;

12 (I) The valuation limitation amount;

13 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
14 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
15 and included in such total for the taxable year;

16 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in
17 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
18 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from
19 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes
20 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution,
21 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided
22 that, in the case of any statute of this State that
23 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations
24 from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount
25 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium
26 amortization;

1 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
2 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
4 171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
5 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
6 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
7 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
8 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
9 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
10 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
12 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
13 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
14 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
15 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
16 provisions of Section 250;

17 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
18 such total which were paid by a corporation which
19 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
20 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or
21 a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under
22 the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts
23 substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
24 Zone or Zones or a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
25 zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the
26 provisions of Section 250;

1 (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
2 job training project established pursuant to the Tax
3 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

4 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
5 such total that were paid by a corporation that
6 conducts business operations in a federally designated
7 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
8 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
9 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
10 subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
11 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
12 this subparagraph (O);

13 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
14 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
15 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
16 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
17 the Internal Revenue Code;

18 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount
19 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the
20 extent includible in gross income for federal income
21 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or
22 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or
23 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis
24 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of
25 income, to the extent includible in gross income for
26 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived

1 from or in any way related to assets stolen from,
2 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of
3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
4 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to,
5 during, and immediately after World War II, including,
6 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable
7 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of
8 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
9 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance
10 companies immediately prior to and during World War II;
11 provided, however, this subtraction from federal
12 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired
13 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of
14 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall
15 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of
16 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of
17 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi
18 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the
19 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any
20 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is
21 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of
22 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax
23 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions
24 of Section 250;

25 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
26 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction

1 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
2 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
3 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
4 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

5 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
6 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
7 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
8 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
9 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
10 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
11 the bonus depreciation deduction;

12 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
13 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
14 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
15 0.429); and

16 (3) for taxable years ending after December
17 31, 2005:

18 (i) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
22 0.429); and

23 (ii) for property on which a bonus
24 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
25 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
26 1.0.

1 The aggregate amount deducted under this
2 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
3 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
4 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
5 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection
6 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
7 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of
8 Section 250;

9 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
10 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
11 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
12 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
13 equal to that addition modification.

14 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
15 the last day of the last tax year for which the
16 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
17 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
18 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
19 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount
20 equal to that addition modification.

21 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
22 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
23 piece of property.

24 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
25 provisions of Section 250;

26 (T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of

1 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
2 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
3 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
4 modification with respect to such transaction under
5 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),
6 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed
7 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
8 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
9 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
10 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
11 is required to make an addition modification with
12 respect to such transaction under Section
13 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or
14 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
15 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt
16 from the provisions of Section 250;

17 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken
18 into account for the taxable year (net of the
19 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
20 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
22 the fact the foreign person's business activity
23 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
24 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
25 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
26 who would be a member of the same unitary business

1 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
2 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
3 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
4 required to apportion business income under different
5 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
6 addition modification required to be made for the same
7 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for
8 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U)
10 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

11 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
12 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
13 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
14 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
15 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
16 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
17 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
18 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
19 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
20 who would be a member of the same unitary business
21 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
22 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
23 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
24 required to apportion business income under different
25 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
26 addition modification required to be made for the same

1 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for
2 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
3 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign
4 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the
5 provisions of Section 250;

6 (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
7 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
8 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code
9 as a recovery of items previously deducted by the
10 decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation
11 of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from
12 Section 250;

13 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such
14 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax
15 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back
16 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is
17 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

18 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
20 add back any insurance premiums under Section
21 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
22 that part of a reimbursement received from the
23 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
24 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
25 company) that would have been taken into account as a
26 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the

1 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
2 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the
3 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
4 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
5 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph
6 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

7 (Z) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after
8 December 31, 2012 and ending with taxable years ending
9 on or before December 31, 2017, an amount equal to 50%
10 of the amount of expenses incurred by the taxpayer
11 during a taxable year for the construction of a
12 greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to
13 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect
14 to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the
15 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct
16 the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in
17 the following taxable year.

18 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification
19 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under
20 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by
21 any amounts included therein which were properly paid,
22 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set
23 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue
24 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

25 (d) Partnerships.

1 (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
3 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

4 (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
5 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
6 of the following amounts:

7 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
8 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
9 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
10 in the computation of taxable income;

11 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
12 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
13 the taxable year;

14 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the
15 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

17 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
18 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
19 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
20 computation of taxable income;

21 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
22 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken
23 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
24 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the
25 Internal Revenue Code;

26 (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,

1 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
2 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
3 addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then
4 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the
5 deductions taken in all taxable years under
6 subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

7 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
8 the last day of the last tax year for which the
9 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
10 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
11 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction
12 modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount
13 equal to that subtraction modification.

14 The taxpayer is required to make the addition
15 modification under this subparagraph only once with
16 respect to any one piece of property;

17 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise
18 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for
19 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
20 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after
21 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a
22 member of the same unitary business group but for the
23 fact the foreign person's business activity outside
24 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign
25 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
26 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person

1 who would be a member of the same unitary business
2 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
3 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
4 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
5 required to apportion business income under different
6 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification
7 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the
8 extent that dividends were included in base income of
9 the unitary group for the same taxable year and
10 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the
11 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts
12 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951
13 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts
14 included in gross income under Section 78 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the
16 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or
17 incurred.

18 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

19 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
20 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
21 is subject in a foreign country or state, other
22 than a state which requires mandatory unitary
23 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
24 with respect to such interest; or

25 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
26 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if

1 the taxpayer can establish, based on a
2 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
3 following:

4 (a) the person, during the same taxable
5 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
6 to a person that is not a related member, and

7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
8 interest expense between the taxpayer and the
9 person did not have as a principal purpose the
10 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid
11 pursuant to a contract or agreement that
12 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and
13 terms; or

14 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
15 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
16 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
17 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
18 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
19 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

20 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if
22 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
23 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or
24 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing
25 to the application or use of an alternative method
26 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

1 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
2 Director from making any other adjustment
3 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
4 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
5 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
6 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
7 and such regulations provide methods and standards
8 by which the Department will utilize its authority
9 under Section 404 of this Act; and

10 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
11 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
12 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or
13 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a
15 foreign person who would be a member of the same
16 unitary business group but for the fact that the
17 foreign person's business activity outside the United
18 States is 80% or more of that person's total business
19 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after
20 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of
21 the same unitary business group but for the fact that
22 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27)
23 from being included in the unitary business group
24 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion
25 business income under different subsections of Section
26 304. The addition modification required by this

1 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that
2 dividends were included in base income of the unitary
3 group for the same taxable year and received by the
4 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary
5 business group (including amounts included in gross
6 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross
8 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code)
9 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom
10 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or
11 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding
12 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same
13 dividends caused a reduction to the addition
14 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of
15 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term
16 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses,
17 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or
18 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management,
19 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of
20 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or
21 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting
22 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and
23 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other
24 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this
25 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents,
26 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service

1 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and
2 similar types of intangible assets;

3 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
5 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
6 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
7 subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
8 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,
9 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect
10 to such item; or

11 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
12 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
13 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
14 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
15 following:

16 (a) the person during the same taxable
17 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
18 intangible expense or cost to a person that is
19 not a related member, and

20 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
21 intangible expense or cost between the
22 taxpayer and the person did not have as a
23 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
24 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
25 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
26 or

1 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
2 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
3 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the
4 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing
5 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable;
6 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in
7 writing to the application or use of an alternative
8 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

9 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the
10 Director from making any other adjustment
11 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for
12 any tax year beginning after the effective date of
13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made
14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department
15 and such regulations provide methods and standards
16 by which the Department will utilize its authority
17 under Section 404 of this Act;

18 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December
19 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance
20 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a
21 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid,
22 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a
23 person who would be a member of the same unitary
24 business group but for the fact that the person is
25 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being
26 included in the unitary business group because he or

1 she is ordinarily required to apportion business
2 income under different subsections of Section 304. The
3 addition modification required by this subparagraph
4 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were
5 included in base income of the unitary group for the
6 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a
7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group
8 (including amounts included in gross income under
9 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code
10 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78
11 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock
12 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were
13 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The
14 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that
15 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition
16 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or
17 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

18 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
19 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
20 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
21 Act;

22 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
23 amounts:

24 (E) The valuation limitation amount;

25 (F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
26 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer

1 and included in such total for the taxable year;

2 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
3 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
4 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
5 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
6 or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
7 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
8 statute of this State that exempts income derived from
9 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under
10 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net
11 of bond premium amortization;

12 (H) Any income of the partnership which
13 constitutes personal service income as defined in
14 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
15 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance
16 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered
17 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater;
18 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of
19 Section 250;

20 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income
21 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal
22 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by
23 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act
24 including amounts distributable to organizations
25 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section
26 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph

1 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

2 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
3 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
4 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
5 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
6 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
7 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
8 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years
9 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a) (2),
10 265, 280C, and 832(b) (5) (B) (i) of the Internal Revenue
11 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after
12 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e) (3) of the Internal
13 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after
14 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income
15 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the
16 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
17 provisions of Section 250;

18 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
19 such total which were paid by a corporation which
20 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
21 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
22 enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, or a River Edge
23 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River
24 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially
25 all of its operations in an Enterprise Zone or Zones or
26 from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This

1 subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of
2 Section 250;

3 (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
4 job training project established pursuant to the Real
5 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

6 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
7 such total that were paid by a corporation that
8 conducts business operations in a federally designated
9 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
10 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided
11 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in
12 subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
13 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under
14 this subparagraph (M);

15 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
16 used to compute the federal income tax credit for
17 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
18 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
19 the Internal Revenue Code;

20 (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

26 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

1 deduction taken for the taxable year on the
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
3 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
4 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
5 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
6 the bonus depreciation deduction;

7 (2) for taxable years ending on or before
8 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
9 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
10 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December
12 31, 2005:

13 (i) for property on which a bonus
14 depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
15 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
16 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
17 0.429); and

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus
19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
21 1.0.

22 The aggregate amount deducted under this
23 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of
24 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus
25 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the
26 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection

1 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
2 subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of
3 Section 250;

4 (P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
5 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
7 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
8 equal to that addition modification.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through
10 the last day of the last tax year for which the
11 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for
12 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
14 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
15 equal to that addition modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under
17 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one
18 piece of property.

19 This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the
20 provisions of Section 250;

21 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of
22 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account
23 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with
24 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition
25 modification with respect to such transaction under
26 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

1 203(c) (2) (G-12), or 203(d) (2) (D-7), but not to exceed
2 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any
3 income from intangible property (net of the deductions
4 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable
5 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that
6 is required to make an addition modification with
7 respect to such transaction under Section
8 203(a) (2) (D-18), 203(b) (2) (E-13), 203(c) (2) (G-13), or
9 203(d) (2) (D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such
10 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt
11 from Section 250;

12 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken
13 into account for the taxable year (net of the
14 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
15 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
16 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
17 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
18 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
19 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
20 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
21 who would be a member of the same unitary business
22 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
23 under Section 1501(a) (27) from being included in the
24 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
25 required to apportion business income under different
26 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the

1 addition modification required to be made for the same
2 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest
3 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to
4 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from
5 Section 250;

6 (S) An amount equal to the income from intangible
7 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
8 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to
9 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a
10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for
11 the fact that the foreign person's business activity
12 outside the United States is 80% or more of that
13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable
14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person
15 who would be a member of the same unitary business
16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited
17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the
18 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily
19 required to apportion business income under different
20 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the
21 addition modification required to be made for the same
22 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for
23 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or
24 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person.
25 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

26 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December

1 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
2 add back any insurance premiums under Section
3 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
4 that part of a reimbursement received from the
5 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or
6 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance
7 company) that would have been taken into account as a
8 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the
9 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes
10 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the
11 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back
12 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer
13 pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph
14 (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

15 (U) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after
16 December 31, 2012 and ending with taxable years ending
17 on or before December 31, 2017, an amount equal to 50%
18 of the amount of expenses incurred by the taxpayer
19 during a taxable year for the construction of a
20 greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to
21 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect
22 to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the
23 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct
24 the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in
25 the following taxable year.

1 (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

2 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph
3 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section
4 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted
5 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall
6 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or
7 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax
8 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the
9 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than
10 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after
11 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from
12 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not
13 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable
14 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess
15 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications
16 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to
17 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in
18 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as
19 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the
20 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of
21 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation),
22 trust, or estate is less than zero and addition
23 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph
24 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or
25 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for
26 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an

1 addition modification must be made under those
2 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the
3 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is
4 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or
5 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection
6 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal
7 Revenue Code.

8 (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
9 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
10 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

11 (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case
12 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed
13 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life
14 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of
15 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus
16 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the
17 Internal Revenue Code;

18 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
19 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
20 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
21 insurance company taxable income;

22 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
23 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
24 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
25 investment company taxable income;

26 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a

1 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed
2 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real
3 estate investment trust taxable income;

4 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a
5 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of
6 corporations filing a consolidated income tax return
7 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes,
8 taxable income determined as if such corporation had
9 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes
10 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year
11 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For
12 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate
13 taxable income shall be determined as if the election
14 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue
15 Code had been in effect for all such years;

16 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative
17 corporation or association, the taxable income of such
18 organization determined in accordance with the
19 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition
21 against offsetting losses from patronage activities
22 against income from nonpatronage activities; except
23 that a cooperative corporation or association may make
24 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment
25 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the
26 event such election is made, such losses shall be

1 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with
2 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and
3 apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by
4 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed
5 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred.
6 The election shall be effective for all taxable years
7 with original returns due on or after the date of the
8 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an
9 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act,
10 to provide that the election shall be effective for
11 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years
12 occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made,
13 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the
14 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting
15 forth requirements for documenting the elections and
16 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be
17 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke
18 elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of
19 existing law;

20 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i)
21 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
22 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of
23 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such
24 corporation determined in accordance with Section
25 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that
26 taxable income shall take into account those items

1 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the
2 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii)
3 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect
4 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the
5 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied
6 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in
7 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such
8 corporation determined in accordance with the federal
9 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

10 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
11 taxable income determined in accordance with Section
12 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable
13 income shall take into account those items which are
14 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated
15 but which would be taken into account by an individual
16 in calculating his taxable income.

17 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of
18 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the
19 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or
20 business has been classified as business income and in a
21 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then
22 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later
23 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years
24 related to that asset or business that generated the
25 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as
26 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset

1 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois
2 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed
3 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the
4 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions
5 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for
6 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding
7 taxable years.

8 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

9 (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
10 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
11 (d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

12 (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
13 amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable
14 under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of
16 which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

17 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
18 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
19 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such
20 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for
21 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the
22 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of
23 such gain included in the amount determined under
24 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

25 (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

1 (A) If the fair market value of property referred
2 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August
3 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for
4 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such
5 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for
6 determining gain) for such property on that date
7 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in
8 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized
9 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in
10 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of
11 such property.

12 (B) If the fair market value of property referred
13 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on
14 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation
15 amount for such property is that amount which bears the
16 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the
17 property for federal income tax purposes for the
18 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in
19 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the
20 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of
21 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding
22 period for the property.

23 (C) The Department shall prescribe such
24 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
25 purposes of this paragraph.

1 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided
2 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item
3 to be deducted more than once.

4 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by
5 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on
6 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into
7 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or
8 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable
9 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
10 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
11 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
12 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
14 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
15 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
16 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
17 eff. 8-23-11.)