97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

HB3794

Introduced 10/5/2011, by Rep. Bill Mitchell - Adam Brown - Chapin Rose

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Family and Personal Protection Act. Provides that in a county which by a majority vote of the county board authorizes the sheriff to issue concealed carry licenses, the sheriff shall issue a license to carry a loaded or unloaded handgun to an applicant who meets specified qualifications, has provided the application and specified documentation, and has submitted the requisite fees. Provides that a license to carry a handgun entitles a licensee to carry a loaded handgun, either concealed or openly, on or about his or her person or in a vehicle in the county of issuance and in any county that authorizes the sheriff to issue concealed carry licenses, except in certain prohibited locations. Provides that the license shall be valid in the authorized counties for a period of 5 years from the date of issuance. Provides for renewal of licenses. Establishes qualifications for licensees, certified firearms instructors, and instructor trainers. Provides for home rule preemption. Provides that the provisions of the Act are severable. Amends the Freedom of Information Act and the Criminal Code of 1961 to make conforming changes. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning firearms.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Familyand Personal Protection Act.

6 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

7 "Concealed firearm" means a loaded or unloaded handgun 8 carried on or about a person completely or mostly concealed 9 from view of the public, or carried in a vehicle in such a way 10 as it is concealed from view of the public.

11 "Sheriff" means the sheriff of the county in which an 12 applicant for a concealed carry license resides.

"Department" means the Department of State Police.

14 "Fund" means the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust 15 Fund.

16 "Handgun" means any device which is designed to expel a 17 projectile or projectiles by the action of an explosion, 18 expansion of gas, or escape of gas that is designed to be held 19 and fired by the use of a single hand, and includes a 20 combination of parts from which such a firearm can be 21 assembled. "Handgun" does not include a stun gun or taser.

"License" means a license issued by the sheriff to carry aloaded or unloaded concealed firearm.

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"Licensee" means a person issued a license to carry a
 concealed firearm.

"Peace officer" means (i) any person who by virtue of his 3 or her office or public employment is vested by law with a duty 4 5 to maintain public order or to make arrests for offenses, whether that duty extends to all offenses or is limited to 6 7 specific offenses, or (ii) any person who, by statute, is 8 granted and authorized to exercise powers similar to those 9 conferred upon any peace officer employed by a law enforcement 10 agency of this State.

11 Section 15. Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund. The 12 county board of each county that by a majority vote of the county board authorizes the sheriff to issue concealed carry 13 14 licenses shall create a Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust 15 Fund as a special fund in the county treasury. Fees from 16 applications for licenses shall be deposited into the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund. Moneys in the Fund may be 17 18 invested and any income from investments shall be deposited 19 into the Fund. Subject to appropriation, moneys in the Fund 20 shall exclusively be used to assist the sheriff with the 21 administrative costs associated with this Act.

22 Section 20. Issuance of licenses to carry a concealed 23 firearm.

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(a) The sheriff shall issue a license to an applicant who

(i) meets the qualifications of Section 25; (ii) has provided
the application and documentation required in Section 30; and
(iii) has submitted the requisite fees. The sheriff shall issue
a renewal, corrected, or duplicate license in accordance with
this Act.

(a-5) A licensee shall possess a license at all times the 6 7 licensee carries a concealed firearm except (i) if the person 8 is carrying or possessing a concealed firearm and the person is 9 on his or her land or in his or her abode or legal dwelling or 10 in the abode or legal dwelling of another person as an invitee 11 with that person's permission; (ii) if the person is authorized 12 to carry a firearm under Section 24-2 of the Criminal Code of 13 (iii) if the handgun is broken down 1961; or in а non-functioning state, is not immediately accessible, or is 14 enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or 15 16 other container.

17 (a-10) A licensee shall display the license upon the 18 request of a peace officer or person designated to enforce the 19 provisions of Section 70.

(b) If the county board authorizes the sheriff to issue concealed carry licenses, the sheriff shall make applications for a license available no later than 180 days after such authorization. Applications shall be available at county sheriff offices, on the county sheriff's official website, and any other location designated by the sheriff.

26 (c) A completed application for a license shall be

submitted to the office of the sheriff of the county in which 1 2 the applicant resides with all accompanying materials and fees. 3 The sheriff shall review the application within 30 days of receipt. The sheriff shall promptly return an incomplete 4 5 application to the applicant. Each applicant for a license shall submit a \$100 application fee which shall be transmitted 6 7 to the county treasurer and deposited into the Citizen Safety and Self Defense Trust Fund. 8

9 (d) Upon request of a municipal law enforcement agency, the 10 sheriff shall notify the municipal law enforcement agency of 11 the name, address, and date of birth of any person submitting 12 an application for a license. The municipal law enforcement agency may submit to the sheriff information deemed to be 13 14 relevant to the application, and the sheriff may consider such 15 information when determining whether to issue a concealed carry 16 license. Any objection submitted to a sheriff, including 17 reports submitted to a sheriff by a municipal law enforcement agency, must be disclosed to the applicant unless disclosure 18 would interfere with a criminal investigation, or as determined 19 by the sheriff, disclosure may threaten the safety or welfare 20 of the sheriff or local law enforcement agency. 21

(e) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the sheriff may consider any objection or recommendation made to the sheriff and may determine the applicant is ineligible based solely on those objections. If the applicant is found by the sheriff to be ineligible, the sheriff shall deny the application and

notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for 1 2 denial. The notice of denial must inform the applicant that he 3 or she may, within 30 days, appeal the denial and submit additional materials relevant to the grounds for denial. Upon 4 5 receiving any additional documentation, the sheriff shall reconsider his or her decision and inform the applicant within 6 30 days of the result of the reconsideration. If upon 7 8 reconsideration the sheriff denies the application, the 9 applicant must be informed of the right to administrative 10 review.

(f) The license shall be issued by the sheriff within 45 days of receipt of a completed application by the sheriff. A license shall be valid in the county of issuance and in any county that by a majority vote of the county board authorizes the sheriff to issue concealed carry licenses. The license shall be valid for a period of 5 years.

(g) A sheriff authorized to issue concealed carry licenses,
with the approval of the Director of State Police, shall
promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this Section.

20 Section 25. Qualifications of an applicant for a license. 21 The sheriff shall issue a license to an applicant completing an 22 application in accordance with Section 30 of this Act if the 23 person:

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(a) is at least 21 years of age;

25 (b) has a valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card, or

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if applying for a non-resident license, has a notarized document stating the applicant is eligible under federal law and the laws of his or her home state to own a handgun;

(c) resides within the State of Illinois or resides in another state and requests a license under Section 65; 5

6 (d) has not been convicted in Illinois or any other 7 state of (i) a felony, (ii) a misdemeanor involving the use or threat of physical force or violence to any person 8 9 within the 10 years preceding the date of the application, 10 or (iii) a misdemeanor involving the use, possession, or distribution of a controlled substance or cannabis within 11 12 the 10 years preceding the date of the application;

(e) has not been a patient in a mental institution 13 14 within the past 5 years, has not been adjudicated as having 15 a mental defect, or is not mentally retarded;

16 (f) is not free on any form of bond or pretrial release, other than for a traffic offense or other 17 disqualifying act, and has no outstanding warrants in 18 19 Illinois or any other state;

20 (q) does not chronically and habitually abuse 21 alcoholic beverages as evidenced by the applicant having 2 22 or more convictions for violating Section 11-501 of the 23 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local 24 ordinance within 5 years preceding the date of the 25 application, or if the applicant has elected treatment 26 under the supervision of a licensed program in accordance with the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act
 or similar laws of any other state within 5 years preceding
 the date of the application; and

4 (h) has completed firearms training and any
5 educational component required in Section 85 of this Act.

6 Section 30. Contents of application.

7 (a) The application shall be in writing, under oath and 8 penalty of perjury, on a standard form promulgated by the 9 Department and shall be accompanied by the documentation 10 required in this Section and all applicable fees.

11 (b) The application shall contain the following 12 information:

(i) the applicant's name, current address, gender, date and year of birth, place of birth, height, weight, hair color, eye color, maiden name or any other name the applicant has used or identified with, and any address at which the applicant resided for more than 30 days within the 5 years preceding the date of the application;

19 (ii) the applicant's driver's license or state 20 identification card number and the last 4 digits of the 21 applicant's social security number;

22 questions to certify (iii) or demonstrate the applicant 23 has completed firearms training and any 24 educational component required in Section 85 of this Act; 25 (iv) a statement that the applicant is a resident of 1 the State of Illinois, except persons applying under 2 Section 65 shall be instructed to submit the information 3 required in that Section;

(v) a waiver of privacy and confidentiality rights and 4 5 privileges enjoyed by the applicant under all federal and State laws, including those governing access to juvenile 6 court, criminal justice, psychological or psychiatric 7 8 records, or records relating to the applicant's history of 9 institutionalization, and an affirmative request that any 10 person having custody of any such record provide it or 11 information concerning it to the sheriff;

(vi) a conspicuous warning that false statements made by the applicant will result in prosecution for perjury in accordance with Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

15 (vii) an affirmation that the applicant either possesses a currently valid Illinois Firearm Owner's 16 17 Identification Card, in which case the application shall include the card number, or is applying for the card in 18 19 conjunction with the application for a license, except 20 persons applying under Section 65 shall be instructed to 21 submit a copy of a valid license to carry a handgun issued 22 by their home state, if applicable, or submit a notarized 23 document stating the applicant is eligible under the laws 24 of his or her home state to possess a handgun; and

(viii) an affirmation that the applicant has never been
 convicted in Illinois or any other state of (i) a felony,

1 (ii) a misdemeanor involving the use or threat of physical 2 force or violence to any person within the 10 years 3 preceding the date of the application, or (iii) a 4 misdemeanor involving the use, possession, or distribution 5 of a controlled substance or cannabis within the 10 years 6 preceding the date of the application.

7 (c) A person applying for a license shall provide a head 8 and shoulder color photograph in a size specified by the 9 Department that was taken within the 30 days preceding the date 10 of the application. The applicant shall consent to the county 11 sheriff reviewing and using the applicant's digital driver's 12 license or Illinois Identification photograph and signature, if available. The Secretary of State shall allow the county 13 14 sheriff access to the photograph and signature for the purpose 15 of identifying the applicant and issuing to the applicant a 16 license.

17 (d) A person applying for a license shall submit with an application a full set of legible fingerprints. Fingerprinting 18 may be administered by the sheriff or any other federal, State, 19 20 county, or municipal law enforcement agency. The cost of fingerprinting shall be paid by the applicant, provided that 21 22 the sheriff or law enforcement agency may charge no more than 23 \$25 for a single set of fingerprints. The sheriff shall accept a hard copy or electronic version of fingerprints. 24

(e) A person applying for a license shall submit aphotocopy of a certificate or other evidence of completion of a

1 course to show compliance with Section 85 of this Act.

2 (f) The Department is authorized to establish a system for
3 electronically submitting applications, including applications
4 for renewal or a replacement license.

5 Section 35. Database of applicants and licensees.

6 (a) The sheriff shall submit to the Department, within 30 7 days after application, the information contained in the 8 application of a person seeking to obtain a concealed carry 9 license. The Department shall maintain a database of applicants 10 for a license and licenses. The database shall be available to 11 all Illinois law enforcement agencies, State's Attorneys, and 12 the Attorney General. Members and staff of the judiciary may 13 access the database for the purpose of determining whether to 14 confiscate a license or to ensure compliance with this Act or 15 any other law. The database shall be searchable and provide all 16 information included in the application, a photo of the and any information related 17 applicant or licensee, to violations of this Act. Individual law enforcement agencies 18 19 shall not maintain a separate, searchable database of 20 applicants and licensees containing information included in 21 the database.

(b) The Department shall make available on its website and upon request under the Freedom of Information Act statistical information about the number of licenses issues by county, age, race, or gender. Such report shall be updated monthly. Except

as provided in this subsection, applications and information in 1 2 the database shall be confidential and exempt from disclosure 3 under the Freedom of Information Act. The Department may answer requests to confirm or deny whether a person has been issued a 4 5 license as part of inquiries dealing with a criminal 6 investigation. Individual law enforcement agencies, State's Attorneys, and judicial staff shall sign a confidentiality 7 8 agreement, prepared by the Department, prior to receiving 9 access to the database. No law enforcement agency, State's 10 Attorney, or member or staff of the judiciary, other than the 11 sheriff, shall provide any information to a requester not 12 entitled to it by law, except as required or necessary for the conduct of a criminal investigation. 13

14 Section 40. Suspension or revocation of a license.

15 (a) A license issued or renewed under this Act shall be 16 revoked if, at any time, the licensee is found ineligible for a license based on the criteria set forth in Section 25 of this 17 18 Act or the licensee no longer possesses a Firearm Owner's Identification Card or a non-resident licensee if his or her 19 20 home state has revoked a license to carry a firearm. This 21 subsection shall not apply to a person who has filed an 22 application with the State Police for renewal of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card and who is not otherwise ineligible 23 24 to obtain a Firearm Owner's Identification Card.

(b) A license shall be suspended if an order of protection

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under Section 112A-14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 1 2 or under Section 214 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 3 1986 is issued against a licensee. The license shall be suspended for the duration of the order or until the order is 4 5 terminated by a court and the sheriff shall not reissue or 6 renew a license for the duration of the order or until the 7 order is terminated. If an order of protection is issued 8 against a licensee, the licensee shall surrender the license, 9 as applicable, to the court at the time the order is entered or 10 to the law enforcement agency or entity designated to serve 11 process at the time the licensee is served the order. The 12 court, law enforcement agency, or entity responsible for 13 serving the order shall transmit the license to the sheriff.

14 (c) The sheriff may temporarily or permanently suspend a 15 license for a violation of Section 70 of this Act in accordance 16 with subsection (i) of Section 70.

(d) A license shall be invalid upon expiration of the license, unless the licensee has submitted an application to renew the license. A person who fails to renew his or her application within 6 months after its expiration must reapply for a new license and pay the fee for a new application.

(e) The sheriff may suspend a license if a licensee fails
to submit a change of address or name or fails to report a lost
or destroyed license to the within 30 days.

25 (f) The sheriff shall submit the names and addresses of 26 persons whose concealed carry licenses have been suspended or

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1 revoked to the Department.

Section 45. Renewal of license.

3 (a) Not later than 120 days before the expiration of any 4 license issued under this Act, the sheriff shall notify the 5 licensee in writing of the expiration and furnish an 6 application for renewal of the license or make such an 7 application available on-line.

8 (b) Applications for renewal of a license shall be made directly to the sheriff. A license shall be renewed for a 9 10 period of 5 years upon receipt of a completed renewal 11 application and a \$50 renewal fee. The renewal application 12 shall contain the information required in Section 30, except 13 that the applicant need not resubmit a full set of 14 fingerprints. Each applicant for a renewal shall submit, on a 15 form prescribed by the Department, proof that the applicant (i) 16 has participated in at least one shooting competition with a handgun within 6 months of the application for renewal, (ii) 17 18 has completed an equivalent range exercise as prescribed in 19 Section 85 and attested to by any instructor qualified under 20 this Act, a certified law enforcement instructor, or NRA 21 certified instructor, or (iii) has completed Firearms 22 Instructor Training under Section 90. The office of the county sheriff shall make the range recertification form available on 23 24 its website or as part of a renewal application.

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Section 50. Change of address, change of name, or lost or
 destroyed licenses.

3 (a) The licensee shall notify the sheriff within 30 days of
4 moving or changing a residence or any change of name, and upon
5 the discovery of the loss or destruction of a license.

6 (b) If a licensee changes residence within this State or 7 changes his or her name, the licensee shall request a new license. The licensee shall submit a \$25 fee, a notarized 8 9 statement that the licensee has changed residence or his or her 10 name, and a photograph as required in Section 30 of this Act. 11 The statement must include the prior and current address or 12 name and the date the applicant moved or changed his or her 13 name.

(c) A lost or destroyed license shall be invalid. To request a new license, the licensee shall submit (i) a \$25 fee, (ii) a notarized statement that the licensee no longer possesses the license and that it was lost or destroyed, (iii) a copy of a police report stating that the license was lost, destroyed, or stolen, and (iv) a photograph as required in Section 30 of this Act.

21 Section 65. Non-resident applications. A person from 22 another state or territory of the United States may apply for a 23 non-resident license. The applicant shall apply to the county 24 sheriff of any county that authorized the sheriff to issue 25 concealed carry licenses and must meet the qualifications

established in Section 25. The applicant shall submit (i) the 1 2 application and documentation required in Section 30; (ii) a notarized document stating the applicant (A) is eligible under 3 federal law and the laws of his or her home state to own a 4 5 firearm, (B) if applicable, has a license or permit to carry a 6 firearm or concealed firearm issued by his or her home state 7 and that a copy is attached to the application, (C) understands 8 Illinois laws pertaining to the possession and transport of 9 firearms, and (D) acknowledges that the applicant is subject to 10 the jurisdiction of the and Illinois courts for any violation 11 of this Act; and (iii) a \$100 application fee. In lieu of an 12 Illinois State driver's license or identification card, he or she shall provide similar documentation from his or her state 13 14 or territory.

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Section 70. Restrictions.

16 (a) No license issued under this Act shall authorize any17 person to knowingly carry a concealed firearm into:

(i) Any building under the control of the Governor,
Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Secretary of State,
Comptroller, or Treasurer.

(ii) Any building under control of the General Assembly
or any of its support service agencies, including the
portion of a building in which a committee of the General
Assembly convenes for the purpose of conducting meetings of
committees, joint committees, or legislative commissions.

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1 (iii) Any courthouse or building occupied in whole or
2 in part by the Circuit, Appellate, or Supreme Court or a
3 room designated as a courtroom for court proceedings by any
4 of these courts.

5 (iv) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of 6 local government or special district.

7 (v) Any establishment licensed to dispense alcoholic
8 beverages for consumption on the premises if less than 50%
9 of its annual gross income comes from the sale of food.

(vi) Any area of an airport to which access iscontrolled by the inspection of persons and property.

12 (vii) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is13 prohibited by federal law.

14 (viii) Any elementary or secondary school without the 15 consent of school authorities. School authorities shall 16 inform the appropriate law enforcement agency and any law 17 enforcement personnel on site of such consent.

18 (ix) Any portion of a building used as a child care 19 facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in 20 this Section shall prevent the operator of a child care 21 facility in a family home from owning or possessing a 22 firearm or license.

(x) Any gaming facility licensed under the Riverboat
 Gambling Act or the Illinois Horse Racing Act of 1975.

25 (xi) Any gated area of an amusement park.

26 (xii) Any stadium, arena, or collegiate or

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1 professional sporting event.

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(xiii) A mental health facility.

3 (xiv) Any community college, college, or university 4 campus without consent of the school authorities. School 5 authorities shall inform the appropriate law enforcement 6 agency and any law enforcement personnel on site of such 7 consent.

8 (xv) A library without the written consent of the 9 library's governing body. The governing body shall inform 10 the appropriate law enforcement agency of such consent.

11 (xvi) Any police, sheriff, or State Police office or 12 station without the consent of the chief law enforcement 13 officer in charge of that office or station.

14 (xvii) Any adult or juvenile detention or correctional15 institution, prison, or jail.

16 (b) A municipality or school district may prohibit or limit 17 licensees from carrying a concealed firearm into or within any building owned, leased, or controlled by that municipality or 18 school district by a majority vote of members of its governing 19 20 board. A resolution or ordinance shall not prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed firearm in any building used for 21 22 public housing, on any sidewalk, on any highway or roadway, or 23 in any public restroom. A resolution or ordinance shall not prohibit a licensee from carrying a concealed firearm in a 24 25 public transportation facility or while accessing the services of a public transportation agency. For purposes of this 26

Section, "public transportation facility" means a terminal or 1 2 other place where one may obtain public transportation. For purposes of this Section, "public transportation agency" means 3 a public or private agency that provides for the transportation 4 5 or conveyance of persons by means available to the general public, except for transportation by automobiles not used for 6 conveyance of the general public as passengers. The resolution 7 8 or ordinance may specify that persons violating the resolution 9 or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building and 10 subjected to a civil fine of no more than \$100 for any 11 violation of the provisions of the resolution or ordinance.

12 (c) The owner, business or commercial lessee, or manager of 13 private business enterprise, or any other private а 14 organization, entity, or person, may prohibit licensees from 15 carrying a concealed firearm on the premises under its control. 16 However, any owner shall allow for any lessee to carry or 17 possess a concealed firearm in accordance with this Act in any part of a building or upon any property he or she leases. 18

(d) Any person licensed under this Act who is prohibited 19 from carrying a concealed firearm into a building or on the 20 premises as specified in subsection (a) or designated in 21 22 accordance with subsection (b) or (c) shall be permitted to 23 store that handgun or ammunition out of plain sight in a locked vehicle or in a locked compartment or container within his or 24 25 her vehicle. A licensee shall not be in violation of this 26 Section while he or she is traveling along a public right of

way that touches or crosses any of the premises specified in 1 2 subsection (a) or designated under subsection (b) or (c) if the handgun is carried on his or her person in accordance with the 3 provisions of this Act or is being transported in a vehicle by 4 5 the licensee in accordance with all other applicable provisions of law. A licensee shall not be in violation of subsection (b) 6 7 or (c) of this Section if a building or premises designated 8 under subsection (b) or (c) fails to post a sign.

9 (e) If a law enforcement officer initiates an investigative 10 stop, including but not limited to a traffic stop, of a 11 licensee who is carrying a concealed firearm, the licensee 12 shall immediately disclose to the officer that he or she is in 13 possession of a concealed firearm pursuant to this Act.

(f) A licensee shall not carry a concealed firearm while under the influence of illegal drugs or hallucinogenic drugs or alcohol. For the purposes of this subsection (f), "under the influence of alcohol" means a blood alcohol content of .08 or greater.

(g) Signs stating that the carrying of a concealed firearm is prohibited shall be clearly and conspicuously posted at every entrance of a building or premises specified in subsection (a) or designated in accordance with subsection (b) or (c). The Department shall promulgate rules for standardized signs to be used under this subsection.

(h) A violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or
(f) is a Class B misdemeanor. A willful violation of subsection

(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) is a Class A misdemeanor. The
court may require a licensee to pay a \$150 fee, in addition to
any other fees or court costs, for a violation of subsection
(e).

(i) The sheriff may suspend a license for up to 90 days for
a violation of subsection (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) or up
to 180 days for a willful violation of subsection (a), (b),
(c), (d), (e), or (f). The sheriff shall permanently revoke a
license for 3 or more violations of this Section.

Section 75. Immunity of sheriff's employees and agents. 10 11 The office of the sheriff or any employee or agent of the 12 sheriff shall not be liable for damages in any civil action 13 arising from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, 14 or failure to revoke licenses issued under this Act, except for 15 willful or wanton misconduct. The office of the sheriff and any 16 employees or agents shall not be liable for submitting specific or articulable reasons why an applicant should be denied a 17 license, unless the objection contains false, malicious, or 18 inaccurate information and the objection constituted willful 19 and wanton misconduct. 20

21 Section 80. Fees.

(a) Fees collected under this Act by the and deposited into
 the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund shall be
 appropriated by the county board for administration of this

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- 1 Act.
- 2 (b) Fees shall be:
- 3 New license: \$100.

4 Renewal of license: \$50.

5 Duplicate license due to lost or destroyed: \$25.

6 Corrected license due to change of address or name: \$25.

7 Late renewal fee: \$25.

8 (c) By March 1 of each year, each sheriff in counties that 9 have authorized the sheriff to issue concealed carry licenses 10 shall submit a statistical report to the Governor, the 11 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 12 Representatives indicating the number of licenses in the county 13 issued, revoked, suspended, denied, and issued after appeal 14 since the last report and in total and also the number of 15 licenses currently valid in the county. The report shall also 16 include the number of arrests and convictions and the types of 17 crimes committed since the last report by licensees.

(d) The Secretary of State shall conduct a study to determine the cost and feasibility of creating a method of adding an identifiable code, background, or other means to show that an individual has been issued a license by the county sheriff on the person's driver's license.

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Section 85. Applicant training.

(a) The applicant training course shall be the standardizedtraining course furnished by the Department and taught by a

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1 qualified firearms instructor, consisting of 8 hours of 2 instruction covering at least the following topics:

(i) handgun safety in the classroom, at home, on the 3 firing range, or while carrying the firearm; 4 5 (ii) the basic principles of marksmanship; (iii) care and cleaning of handguns; and 6 7 (iv) by means of a videotape produced or approved by 8 the Department: 9 (A) the requirements for obtaining a license to 10 carry a concealed firearm in this State; 11 (B) laws relating to firearms as prescribed in the

Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961, and 18 U.S.C. 921 through 930; and

15 (C) laws relating to the justifiable use of force
16 as prescribed in Article 7 of the Criminal Code of
17 1961; and

18 (v) live firing exercises of sufficient duration for19 each applicant to fire a handgun:

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(A) a minimum of 30 rounds; and

(B) 20 rounds from a distance of 7 yards and 10
rounds from a distance of 15 yards at a B-21 silhouette
or equivalent target as approved by the Department.

(b) The classroom portion of the course may, at the qualified firearms instructor's discretion, be divided into segments of not less than 2 hours each. 1 (c) Applicant training courses shall not be open to anyone 2 under the age of 16 and no certificate of completion shall be 3 issued to persons less than 20 years of age.

4 (c-5) Instructors shall maintain all records for students'
5 performance for not less than 5 years.

6 (d) Qualified firearms instructors may only discuss the 7 contents of the video or the statutory provisions of listed in 8 clauses (A), (B), and (C) of subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (a) 9 to ensure the students comprehend the subject matter for 10 preparation of the written exam.

(e) At the conclusion of the classroom portion of the applicant training course, the qualified firearms instructor shall:

14 (1) distribute a standard course examination to the 15 students;

16 (2) not leave the room in which the examination is
17 being held while the examination is in progress;

18 (3) collect examination booklets and answer sheets19 from each student at the end of the examination period; and

20 (4) not grade the examinations in the presence of21 students.

22 (f) A person shall not:

(1) make an unauthorized copy of the applicant training
course examination, in whole or in part;

(2) possess the applicant training course examination,
 or questions from the examination, unless authorized by the

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Department; or
 (3) divulge the contents of an applicant training
 course examination guestions to another person.

course examination questions to another person. (g) Students shall provide their own safe, functional

5 handgun and factory-loaded ammunition.

6 (h) Grades of "passing" shall not be given on range work to 7 an applicant who:

8 (1) does not follow the orders of the certified
9 firearms instructor;

10 (2) in the judgment of the certified firearms 11 instructor, handles a firearm in a manner that poses a 12 danger to the applicant or to others; or

(3) during the testing portion of the range work fails
to hit the silhouette portion of the target with 70% of the
30 rounds fired.

16 (i) Certified firearms instructors shall:

17 (1) allow monitoring of their classes by officials of18 any certifying agency;

19 (2) make all course records available upon demand to20 authorized personnel of the Department; and

(3) not divulge course records except as authorized bythe certifying agency.

23 (j) Fees for applicant training courses shall be set by the 24 instructor.

(k) An applicant training course shall not have more than
40 students in the classroom portion or more than 5 students

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1 per range officer engaged in range firing.

2 (1) Within 3 business days after the completion of the 3 course, the certified firearms instructor shall:

(1) grade the examinations; and

(2) issue to the student:

6 (i) a certificate of successful course completion; 7 nothing in this Section shall prevent the instructor 8 from issuing the certificate on the same day as the 9 course was completed; or

10 (ii) notification that the applicant has failed 11 the written portion of the course, the live firing 12 portion of the course, or both, and will not be issued 13 a certificate of completion.

14 (m) A student shall be issued a certificate of completion 15 if he or she:

(i) answers at least 70% of the written examination
questions correctly. The Department shall develop the
written exam not to exceed 50 questions; and

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(ii) achieves a grade of "passing" on the range work.

20 (n)(1) Students who score below 70% on the written 21 examination may retake the examination one time without having 22 to retake the course.

(2) Students who do not achieve a grade of "passing" on the range work may repeat the range work one time without having to retake the course.

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(o) The Department shall make materials for applicant

training available to qualified instructors online through the Department's website or Internet. If the Department fails to have training materials available 90 days after the effective date of this Act, then the requirements of this Section shall be deemed to have been met by the applicant providing proof of passage of a National Rifle Association Basic Pistol Course.

7 (p) For purposes of this Section, successful completion of
8 Firearms Instructor Training under Section 90 shall meet the
9 training requirements of this Section.

10

Section 90. Firearms instructors training.

11 (a) Not later than 90 days after the effective date of this 12 Act, the Department shall offer and teach courses to qualify instructors under this Section in each State Police District. 13 14 Courses shall be available at least bi-monthly, or whenever 5 15 or more individuals request a class in any State Police 16 District. However, nothing in this Section shall require a course to be held if there are no requests pending, and 17 18 adjoining districts may combine classes in order to have at 19 least 5 participants.

(b) Persons who are not qualified firearms instructorsshall not teach applicant training courses.

(c) Persons who are not qualified firearms instructors shall not advertise or otherwise represent courses they teach as qualifying their students to meet the requirements to receive a license under this Act.

- 27 - LRB097 12243 RLC 56705 b HB3794 (d) Persons who are not certified instructor trainers shall 1 2 not teach instructor qualification courses. 3 (e) Persons wishing to become qualified firearms instructors shall: 4 5 (1) be at least 21 years of age; (2) be a citizen of the United States; and 6 7 (3) meet the requirements of subsection (c) of Section 25. 8 9 Persons wishing to become instructor trainers, in (f) 10 addition to the requirements of subsection (e) of this Section, 11 shall: 12 (1) possess a high school diploma or GED certificate; 13 and (2) have at least one of the following valid firearms 14 15 instructor certifications: 16 (i) any National Rifle Association Instructor 17 Certification; (ii) certification from a firearms instructor's 18 19 course offered by a State or federal governmental 20 agency; or 21 (iii) a similar firearms instructor qualifying 22 course, approved by the Director of State Police or his 23 or her designee. (g) (1) Applicants shall agree to background checks. 24 25 (2) An applicant may be disqualified from taking firearms 26 instructor training, or have his or her instructor - 28 - LRB097 12243 RLC 56705 b

qualification revoked, if the applicant: 1

2 (A) does not meet the requirements of this Act to 3 possess a license;

(B) provides false or misleading information on the 4 5 application; or

6 (C) has had a prior instructor qualification revoked by 7 the or other issuing body.

8 (h) The training course to certify firearms instructors and 9 instructor trainers shall include:

10 (1) Not more than 16 hours of instruction covering at 11 least the following topics by means of a videotape produced 12 or approved by the Department:

13 (A) the requirements for obtaining a license under 14 this Act:

15 (B) laws relating to firearms as contained in the 16 Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, Article 24 of 17 the Criminal Code of 1961, and 18 U.S.C. 921 through 930; 18

(C) laws relating to the justifiable use of force 19 20 as contained in Article 7 of the Criminal Code of 1961; 21 (D) the conducting of applicant training courses; 22 (E) record-keeping requirements of this Act; 23 (F) the basic nomenclature of handguns; 24 (G) the basic principles of marksmanship; and 25 (H) the safe handling of handguns. (2) A classroom demonstration, during which 26 the

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instructor candidate shall receive instruction on and
 demonstrate competency in the ability to prepare and
 deliver a classroom presentation using materials from the
 applicant curriculum.

5 (3) Range instruction and firing of live ammunition, 6 during which the instructor candidate shall receive 7 instruction on and demonstrate competency in the ability 8 to:

9 (i) handle and fire a handgun safely and 10 accurately;

(ii) conduct a function test and safety inspection of revolvers and pistols;

13 (iii) clean revolvers and pistols; and

14 (iv) supervise and conduct live firing exercises15 in a safe and efficient manner.

16 (i) To qualify as a certified firearms instructor or
 17 instructor trainer, instructor candidates shall achieve:

(1) a minimum score of 70% on a written examination
covering the material taught during the classroom portion
of the course; and

(2) a minimum score of 70% on range firing of a handgun
while aiming at a B-21 silhouette target or an equivalent
as approved by the Department, with a minimum of:

(i) twenty rounds from 7 yards; and
(ii) ten rounds from 15 yards; and
(iii) a score of "passing" from the course

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instructor for demonstrating competency in each of the following:

(A) supervising and conducting live fire;

(B) cleaning and inspecting handguns; and

5 (C) preparing and delivering the classroom 6 lecture.

7 (j) Instructor candidates who fail to meet the minimum 8 requirements of subsection (i) of this Section may retake the 9 examination, range work, or classroom demonstration one time 10 without having to repeat the course.

(k) Qualified firearms instructor and instructor trainer certificates shall be valid for 10 years from the date of issue. Qualified firearms instructors or instructor trainers may renew their certification by successfully completing a refresher course offered or approved by the Department.

16 (1) The fees for instructor courses or refresher courses 17 shall be \$100 per student paid to the Department. Fees shall 18 not be refunded to those who do not pass or otherwise fail to 19 complete a course.

(m) Course participants shall provide their own safe,
functional handgun and factory-loaded ammunition.

(n) Prior to conducting range firing, the course instructorshall:

- 24
- (i) inspect each applicant's firearm; and

(ii) not allow the firing of a handgun which is not insound mechanical condition or otherwise may pose a safety

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1 hazard.

Section 95. Preemption. It is declared to be the policy of 2 3 this State that it is an exclusive power and function of the 4 State to regulate the possession and transportation of handguns 5 and the issuance of licenses to carry a concealed firearm. A 6 rule unit shall not regulate the possession home or 7 transportation of handguns in a manner inconsistent with this 8 Act. A home rule unit shall not regulate the number of handguns 9 or require registration of handguns possessed by a person 10 licensed under this Act in a manner inconsistent with this Act. 11 This Section is a denial of home rule powers and functions 12 under subsection (q) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. 13

Section 100. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 900. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Section 7.5 as follows:

18 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)

Sec. 7.5. Statutory Exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:

22 (a) All information determined to be confidential under

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Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.

(b) Library circulation and order records identifying
library users with specific materials under the Library Records
Confidentiality Act.

5 (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records 6 received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures 7 Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by 8 the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its 9 staff relating to applications it has received.

10 (d) Information and records held by the Department of 11 Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to 12 known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or 13 any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the 14 Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.

(e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted underSection 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.

17 (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the
18 Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications
19 Based Selection Act.

(g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and
 exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.

(h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act. (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan
 submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local
 emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section
 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

5 (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of 6 surcharge moneys collected and remitted by wireless carriers 7 under the Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act.

8 (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or 9 driver identification information compiled by a law 10 enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under 11 Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

12 (1) Records and information provided to a residential 13 health care facility resident sexual assault and death review 14 team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review 15 Team Act.

16 (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database 17 created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property 18 Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that 19 Article.

(n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.

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(o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed
 under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances
 Registry Act.

(p) Security portions of system safety program plans,
investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or
information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the
Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the
Regional Transportation Authority Act or the St. Clair County
Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act.

10 (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the 11 Personnel Records Review Act.

12 (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the13 Illinois School Student Records Act.

14 (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under15 Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.

16 (t) All identified or deidentified health information in 17 the form of health data or medical records contained in, stored in, submitted to, transferred by, or released from the Illinois 18 19 Health Information Exchange, and identified or deidentified 20 health information in the form of health data and medical records of the Illinois Health Information Exchange in the 21 22 possession of the Illinois Health Information Exchange 23 Authority due to its administration of the Illinois Health "identified" 24 Information Exchange. The terms and 25 "deidentified" shall be given the same meaning as in the Health 26 Insurance Accountability and Portability Act of 1996, Public

Law 104-191, or any subsequent amendments thereto, and any
 regulations promulgated thereunder.

3 (u) (t) Records and information provided to an independent
4 team of experts under Brian's Law.

5 <u>(v) Information maintained by the Department of State</u> 6 <u>Police in accordance with subsection (a) of Section 35 of the</u> 7 <u>Family and Personal Protection Act, except as authorized by</u> 8 <u>that Act.</u>

9 (Source: P.A. 96-542, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1235, eff. 1-1-11;
10 96-1331, eff. 7-27-10; revised 9-2-10.)

Section 910. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Sections 21-6 and 24-2 as follows:

13 (720 ILCS 5/21-6) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-6)

14 Sec. 21-6. Unauthorized Possession or Storage of Weapons.

(a) Whoever possesses or stores any weapon enumerated in Section 33A-1 in any building or on land supported in whole or in part with public funds or in any building on such land without prior written permission from the chief security officer for such land or building commits a Class A misdemeanor.

(b) The chief security officer must grant any reasonablerequest for permission under paragraph (a).

23 (c) This Section shall not apply to a person acting
 24 lawfully under the Family and Personal Protection Act.

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1 (Source: P.A. 89-685, eff. 6-1-97.)

2 (720 ILCS 5/24-2)

3 Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.

4 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(10), and
5 24-1(a)(13) and Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of
6 the following:

7 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
8 officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
9 peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

10 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, 11 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the 12 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense, 13 while in the performance of their official duty, or while 14 commuting between their homes and places of employment.

15 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of 16 the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the 17 Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance 18 of their official duty.

(4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment.

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(5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, 1 2 private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or 3 employed by an agency certified by the Department of Professional Regulation, if their duties include the 4 5 carrying of a weapon under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint 6 7 Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, while actually engaged 8 in the performance of the duties of their employment or 9 commuting between their homes and places of employment, 10 provided that such commuting is accomplished within one 11 hour from departure from home or place of employment, as 12 the case may be. Persons exempted under this subdivision (a) (5) shall be required to have completed a course of 13 14 study in firearms handling and training approved and 15 supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation as 16 prescribed by Section 28 of the Private Detective, Private 17 Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004, prior to becoming eligible for this exemption. 18 The Department of Professional Regulation shall provide 19 20 suitable documentation demonstrating the successful 21 completion of the prescribed firearms training. Such 22 documentation shall be carried at all times when such 23 persons are in possession of a concealable weapon.

(6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or
 industrial operation as a security guard for the protection
 of persons employed and private property related to such

commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged 1 in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between 2 3 sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as a security quard, is a member of a security force of at 4 5 least 5 persons registered with the Department of 6 Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard 7 has successfully completed a course of study, approved by 8 supervised by the Department of Professional and 9 Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of 10 training that includes the theory of law enforcement, 11 liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person 12 shall be considered eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a 13 14 security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, 15 and has been issued a firearm control card by the 16 Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for the 17 renewal of firearm control cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those 18 19 cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective, 20 Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm control card shall be 21 22 carried by the security quard at all times when he or she 23 is in possession of a concealable weapon.

(7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois
 Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the
 Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections

24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of
 any investigation for the Commission.

3 (8) Persons employed by a financial institution for the protection of other employees and property related to such 4 5 financial institution, while actually engaged in the performance of their duties, commuting between their homes 6 7 and places of employment, or traveling between sites or 8 properties or operated such financial owned by 9 institution, provided that any person so employed has 10 successfully completed a course of study, approved by and 11 supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, 12 consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which 13 includes theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and 14 the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be 15 eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the 16 required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 17 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a firearm control card by the Department of Professional 18 Regulation. Conditions for renewal of firearm control 19 20 cards issued under the provisions of this Section shall be 21 the same as for those issued under the provisions of the 22 Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, 23 Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm 24 control card shall be carried by the person so trained at 25 times when such person is in possession of all a 26 concealable weapon. For purposes of this subsection,

I "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan association, credit union or company providing armored car services.

4 (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to
5 drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the
6 performance of his duties.

7 (10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers
8 pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.

9 (11) Investigators of the Office of the State's 10 Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of 11 governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate 12 Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the 13 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

14 (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's
 15 Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.

16 (12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of 17 their duties, or while commuting between their homes, 18 places of employment or specific locations that are part of 19 their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief judge 20 of the circuit for which they are employed.

(13) Court Security Officers while in the performance of their official duties, or while commuting between their homes and places of employment, with the consent of the Sheriff.

(13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at
 a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or

1 facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission 2 who has completed the background screening and training 3 mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear 4 Regulatory Commission.

(14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weaponsto persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through(13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.

8 (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 9 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

10 (1) Members of any club or organization organized for 11 the purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon 12 established target ranges, whether public or private, and 13 patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are 14 using their firearms on those target ranges.

15 (2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations
16 while parading, with the special permission of the
17 Governor.

18 (3) Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a license or19 permit while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.

20 (4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in a
 21 non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.

(5) Carrying or possessing any pistol, revolver, stun
gun or taser or other firearm on the land or in the legal
dwelling of another person as an invitee with that person's
permission.

(6) A licensee under the Family and Personal Protection

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1Act, notwithstanding Section 70 of that Act, if the2licensee meets the requirements of the Family and Personal3Protection Act.

4 (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect any
5 of the following:

6 (1) Peace officers while in performance of their 7 official duties.

8 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, 9 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the 10 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

(3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine
guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through
(3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the
machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or
are not immediately accessible.

(5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture 19 20 any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, or 21 22 ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the 23 business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but only with respect to activities which are within the lawful 24 25 scope of such business, such as the manufacture, 26 transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition.

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1 This exemption does not authorize the general private 2 possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or 3 bullets can be discharged by a single function of the 4 firing device, but only such possession and activities as 5 are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing 6 business described in this paragraph.

7 During transportation, such weapons shall be broken 8 down in a non-functioning state or not immediately 9 accessible.

(6) 10 The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery, 11 transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental 12 activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for 13 14 such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a 15 person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant 16 to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the 17 United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces 18 19 of the United States, when such activities are necessary 20 and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the scope of his employment, where such activities involving such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately accessible.

4 (d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase,
5 possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace
6 officer.

(e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner,
manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that
subsection nor to any law enforcement officer <u>or a licensee</u>
<u>under the Family and Personal Protection Act, notwithstanding</u>
Section 70 of that Act.

12 (f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and 13 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or 14 organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting 15 at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or 16 private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.

17 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply 18 to:

(1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
the performance of their official duty.

22 (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military23 ordinance.

(3) Laboratories having a department of forensic
 ballistics, or specializing in the development of
 ammunition or explosive ordinance.

(4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of 1 2 explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed 3 by the federal government, in connection with the supply of those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision 4 5 (q) (1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons outside this State, or the transportation of explosive 6 7 bullets to any organization or person exempted in this 8 Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased 9 by an exempted manufacturer.

10 (q-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect 11 persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device or 12 attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or ammunition 13 14 for those firearms equipped with those devices, and actually 15 engaged in the business of manufacturing those devices, 16 firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to activities 17 that are within the lawful scope of that business, such as the manufacture, transportation, or testing of those devices, 18 19 firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the 20 general private possession of any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the 21 22 report of any firearm, but only such possession and activities 23 as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing this 24 business described in subsection (q-5). During 25 transportation, those devices shall be detached from any weapon or not immediately accessible. 26

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1 (g-6) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 2 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any parole agent or parole 3 supervisor who meets the qualifications and conditions 4 prescribed in Section 3-14-1.5 of the Unified Code of 5 Corrections.

6 24-1(a)(4), 24-1(a)(8), (q-10) Subsections and 7 24-1(a)(10), and Sections 24-1.6 and 24-3.1 do not apply to an 8 athlete's possession, transport on official Olympic and 9 Paralympic transit systems established for athletes, or use of 10 competition firearms sanctioned by the International Olympic 11 Committee, the International Paralympic Committee, the 12 International Shooting Sport Federation, or USA Shooting in 13 connection with such athlete's training for and participation in shooting competitions at the 2016 Olympic and Paralympic 14 15 Games and sanctioned test events leading up to the 2016 Olympic 16 and Paralympic Games.

(h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden of proving such an exemption.

21 (i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or 22 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any 23 pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned to a common carrier operating under license of the State of 24 Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation, 25 26 carrying, or possession is incident to the lawful

1 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and 2 nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the 3 transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol, 4 revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not the subject of 5 and regulated by subsection 24-1(a)(7) or subsection 24-2(c) of 6 this Article, which is unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm 7 carrying box, shipping box, or other container, by the possessor of a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card. 8

9 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-613, eff. 9-11-07;
10 95-885, eff. 1-1-09; 96-7, eff. 4-3-09; 96-230, eff. 1-1-10;
11 96-742, eff. 8-25-09; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)

Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

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