97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

HB3562

Introduced 2/24/2011, by Rep. Dwight Kay

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-170 35 ILCS 200/15-172

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, if a person turns 70 years of age or older during the taxable year and he or she qualified for a Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption or a Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption in the previous taxable year, then the person qualifying need not reapply for the exemption. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOUSING AFFORDABILITY IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning revenue.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing
Sections 15-170 and 15-172 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 200/15-170)

7 Sec. 15-170. Senior Citizens Homestead Exemption. An 8 annual homestead exemption limited, except as described here 9 with relation to cooperatives or life care facilities, to a maximum reduction set forth below from the property's value, as 10 equalized or assessed by the Department, is granted for 11 property that is occupied as a residence by a person 65 years 12 of age or older who is liable for paying real estate taxes on 13 14 the property and is an owner of record of the property or has a legal or equitable interest therein as evidenced by a written 15 instrument, except for a leasehold interest, other than a 16 17 leasehold interest of land on which a single family residence is located, which is occupied as a residence by a person 65 18 19 years or older who has an ownership interest therein, legal, 20 equitable or as a lessee, and on which he or she is liable for 21 the payment of property taxes. Before taxable year 2004, the 22 maximum reduction shall be \$2,500 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$2,000 in all other counties. For taxable 23

years 2004 through 2005, the maximum reduction shall be \$3,000 in all counties. For taxable years 2006 and 2007, the maximum reduction shall be \$3,500 and, for taxable years 2008 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$4,000 in all counties.

5 For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative, the maximum reduction from the value 6 7 of the property, as equalized by the Department, shall be 8 multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a 9 person 65 years of age or older who is liable, by contract with 10 the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the 11 property and is an owner of record of a legal or equitable 12 interest in the cooperative apartment building, other than a 13 leasehold interest. For land improved with a life care 14 facility, the maximum reduction from the value of the property, as equalized by the Department, shall be multiplied by the 15 16 number of apartments or units occupied by persons 65 years of 17 age or older, irrespective of any legal, equitable, or leasehold interest in the facility, who are liable, under a 18 contract with the owner or owners of record of the facility, 19 20 for paying property taxes on the property. In a cooperative or a life care facility where a homestead exemption has been 21 22 granted, the cooperative association or the management firm of 23 the cooperative or facility shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to the apportioned tax liability of 24 25 the owner or resident who qualified for the exemption. Any 26 person who willfully refuses to so credit the savings shall be

1 guilty of a Class B misdemeanor. Under this Section and 2 Sections 15-175, 15-176, and 15-177, "life care facility" means 3 a facility, as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities 4 Act, with which the applicant for the homestead exemption has a 5 life care contract as defined in that Act.

6 When a homestead exemption has been granted under this 7 Section and the person qualifying subsequently becomes a 8 resident of a facility licensed under the Assisted Living and 9 Shared Housing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, or the MR/DD 10 Community Care Act, the exemption shall continue so long as the 11 residence continues to be occupied by the qualifying person's 12 spouse if the spouse is 65 years of age or older, or if the 13 residence remains unoccupied but is still owned by the person 14 qualified for the homestead exemption.

A person who will be 65 years of age during the current assessment year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead exemption during that assessment year. Application shall be made during the application period in effect for the county of his residence.

If a person turns 70 years of age or older during the taxable year, and he or she qualified for an exemption under this Section in the previous taxable year, then the person gualifying need not reapply for the exemption.

Beginning with assessment year 2003, for taxes payable in 25 2004, property that is first occupied as a residence after 26 January 1 of any assessment year by a person who is eligible

for the senior citizens homestead exemption under this Section 1 must be granted a pro-rata exemption for the assessment year. 2 3 The amount of the pro-rata exemption is the exemption allowed in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied 4 5 by the number of days during the assessment year the property is occupied as a residence by a person eligible for the 6 7 exemption under this Section. The chief county assessment 8 officer must adopt reasonable procedures to establish 9 eligibility for this pro-rata exemption.

10 The assessor or chief county assessment officer may 11 determine the eligibility of a life care facility to receive 12 the benefits provided by this Section, by affidavit, visual inspection, 13 application, questionnaire or other reasonable methods in order to insure that the tax savings 14 15 resulting from the exemption are credited by the management 16 firm to the apportioned tax liability of each qualifying 17 resident. The assessor may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so credited the exemption. 18

19 The chief county assessment officer of each county with 20 less than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall provide to each person allowed a homestead exemption under this Section a form to 21 22 designate any other person to receive a duplicate of any notice 23 of delinquency in the payment of taxes assessed and levied 24 under this Code on the property of the person receiving the 25 exemption. The duplicate notice shall be in addition to the 26 notice required to be provided to the person receiving the

exemption, and shall be given in the manner required by this 1 2 Code. The person filing the request for the duplicate notice shall pay a fee of \$5 to cover administrative costs to the 3 supervisor of assessments, who shall then file the executed 4 5 designation with the county collector. Notwithstanding any 6 other provision of this Code to the contrary, the filing of 7 such an executed designation requires the county collector to 8 provide duplicate notices as indicated by the designation. A 9 designation may be rescinded by the person who executed such 10 designation at any time, in the manner and form required by the 11 chief county assessment officer.

12 assessor or chief county assessment officer The may 13 determine the eligibility of residential property to receive 14 homestead exemption provided by this Section the bv application, 15 visual inspection, questionnaire or other 16 reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in 17 accordance with guidelines established by the Department.

In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, beginning 18 19 in taxable year 2010, each taxpayer who has been granted an 20 exemption under this Section must reapply on an annual basis. The chief county assessment officer shall mail the application 21 22 the taxpaver. In counties with less than 3,000,000 to 23 inhabitants, the county board may by resolution provide that if a person has been granted a homestead exemption under this 24 25 Section, the person qualifying need not reapply for the 26 exemption.

In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if the assessor or chief county assessment officer requires annual application for verification of eligibility for an exemption once granted under this Section, the application shall be mailed to the taxpayer.

6 The assessor or chief county assessment officer shall 7 notify each person who qualifies for an exemption under this 8 Section that the person may also qualify for deferral of real 9 estate taxes under the Senior Citizens Real Estate Tax Deferral 10 Act. The notice shall set forth the qualifications needed for 11 deferral of real estate taxes, the address and telephone number 12 of county collector, and a statement that applications for 13 deferral of real estate taxes may be obtained from the county 14 collector.

15 Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act, 16 reimbursement by the State is required for no the 17 implementation of any mandate created by this Section. (Source: P.A. 95-644, eff. 10-12-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 18 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-355, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 19 96-1418, eff. 8-2-10.) 20

21 (35 ILCS 200/15-172)

Sec. 15-172. Senior Citizens Assessment Freeze Homestead
 Exemption.

(a) This Section may be cited as the Senior CitizensAssessment Freeze Homestead Exemption.

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(b) As used in this Section:

2 "Applicant" means an individual who has filed an3 application under this Section.

"Base amount" means the base year equalized assessed value
of the residence plus the first year's equalized assessed value
of any added improvements which increased the assessed value of
the residence after the base year.

8 "Base year" means the taxable year prior to the taxable 9 year for which the applicant first qualifies and applies for 10 the exemption provided that in the prior taxable year the 11 property was improved with a permanent structure that was 12 occupied as a residence by the applicant who was liable for 13 paying real property taxes on the property and who was either 14 (i) an owner of record of the property or had legal or 15 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written 16 instrument or (ii) had a legal or equitable interest as a 17 lessee in the parcel of property that was single family residence. If in any subsequent taxable year for which the 18 applicant applies and qualifies for the exemption the equalized 19 20 assessed value of the residence is less than the equalized 21 assessed value in the existing base year (provided that such 22 equalized assessed value is not based on an assessed value that 23 results from a temporary irregularity in the property that reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years), then 24 25 that subsequent taxable year shall become the base year until a 26 new base year is established under the terms of this paragraph.

For taxable year 1999 only, the Chief County Assessment Officer 1 2 shall review (i) all taxable years for which the applicant 3 applied and qualified for the exemption and (ii) the existing base year. The assessment officer shall select as the new base 4 5 year the year with the lowest equalized assessed value. An 6 equalized assessed value that is based on an assessed value 7 that results from a temporary irregularity in the property that 8 reduces the assessed value for one or more taxable years shall 9 not be considered the lowest equalized assessed value. The 10 selected year shall be the base year for taxable year 1999 and 11 thereafter until a new base year is established under the terms 12 of this paragraph.

13 "Chief County Assessment Officer" means the County 14 Assessor or Supervisor of Assessments of the county in which 15 the property is located.

16 "Equalized assessed value" means the assessed value as 17 equalized by the Illinois Department of Revenue.

18 "Household" means the applicant, the spouse of the 19 applicant, and all persons using the residence of the applicant 20 as their principal place of residence.

21 "Household income" means the combined income of the members 22 of a household for the calendar year preceding the taxable 23 year.

24 "Income" has the same meaning as provided in Section 3.07
25 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled Persons Property Tax Relief
26 and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act, except that, beginning in

1 assessment year 2001, "income" does not include veteran's
2 benefits.

3 "Internal Revenue Code of 1986" means the United States
4 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or any successor law or laws
5 relating to federal income taxes in effect for the year
6 preceding the taxable year.

7 "Life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative" means
8 a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities
9 Act.

10 "Maximum income limitation" means:
11 (1) \$35,000 prior to taxable year 1999;
12 (2) \$40,000 in taxable years 1999 through 2003;
13 (3) \$45,000 in taxable years 2004 through 2005;
14 (4) \$50,000 in taxable years 2006 and 2007; and
15 (5) \$55,000 in taxable year 2008 and thereafter.

16 "Residence" means the principal dwelling place and 17 appurtenant structures used for residential purposes in this State occupied on January 1 of the taxable year by a household 18 19 and so much of the surrounding land, constituting the parcel 20 upon which the dwelling place is situated, as is used for residential purposes. If the Chief County Assessment Officer 21 22 has established a specific legal description for a portion of 23 property constituting the residence, then that portion of property shall be deemed the residence for the purposes of this 24 25 Section.

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"Taxable year" means the calendar year during which ad

valorem property taxes payable in the next succeeding year are
 levied.

Beginning in taxable year 1994, a senior citizens 3 (C) assessment freeze homestead exemption is granted for real 4 5 property that is improved with a permanent structure that is 6 occupied as a residence by an applicant who (i) is 65 years of 7 age or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, 8 9 (iii) is liable for paying real property taxes on the property, 10 and (iv) is an owner of record of the property or has a legal or 11 equitable interest in the property as evidenced by a written 12 instrument. This homestead exemption shall also apply to a 13 leasehold interest in a parcel of property improved with a permanent structure that is a single family residence that is 14 15 occupied as a residence by a person who (i) is 65 years of age 16 or older during the taxable year, (ii) has a household income 17 that does not exceed the maximum income limitation, (iii) has a legal or equitable ownership interest in the property as 18 lessee, and (iv) is liable for the payment of real property 19 20 taxes on that property.

In counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the amount of the exemption for all taxable years is the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount. In all other counties, the amount of the exemption is as follows: (i) through taxable year 2005 and for taxable year 2007 and thereafter, the amount of this exemption shall be the equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount; and (ii) for taxable year 2006, the amount of the exemption is as follows:

5 (1) For an applicant who has a household income of 6 \$45,000 or less, the amount of the exemption is the 7 equalized assessed value of the residence in the taxable 8 year for which application is made minus the base amount.

9 (2) For an applicant who has a household income 10 exceeding \$45,000 but not exceeding \$46,250, the amount of 11 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 12 residence in the taxable year for which application is made 13 minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.8.

14 (3) For an applicant who has a household income 15 exceeding \$46,250 but not exceeding \$47,500, the amount of 16 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 17 residence in the taxable year for which application is made 18 minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.6.

19 (4) For an applicant who has a household income 20 exceeding \$47,500 but not exceeding \$48,750, the amount of 21 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the 22 residence in the taxable year for which application is made 23 minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.4.

(5) For an applicant who has a household income
 exceeding \$48,750 but not exceeding \$50,000, the amount of
 the exemption is (i) the equalized assessed value of the

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1 2 residence in the taxable year for which application is made minus the base amount (ii) multiplied by 0.2.

When the applicant is a surviving spouse of an applicant for a prior year for the same residence for which an exemption under this Section has been granted, the base year and base amount for that residence are the same as for the applicant for the prior year.

Each year at the time the assessment books are certified to the County Clerk, the Board of Review or Board of Appeals shall give to the County Clerk a list of the assessed values of improvements on each parcel qualifying for this exemption that were added after the base year for this parcel and that increased the assessed value of the property.

14 In the case of land improved with an apartment building 15 owned and operated as a cooperative or a building that is a 16 life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative, the maximum 17 reduction from the equalized assessed value of the property is limited to the sum of the reductions calculated for each unit 18 19 occupied as a residence by a person or persons (i) 65 years of 20 age or older, (ii) with a household income that does not exceed 21 the maximum income limitation, (iii) who is liable, by contract 22 with the owner or owners of record, for paying real property 23 taxes on the property, and (iv) who is an owner of record of a 24 legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment 25 building, other than a leasehold interest. In the instance of a 26 cooperative where a homestead exemption has been granted under 1 this Section, the cooperative association or its management 2 firm shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption 3 only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner who 4 qualified for the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses 5 to credit that savings to an owner who qualifies for the 6 exemption is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

7 When a homestead exemption has been granted under this 8 Section and an applicant then becomes a resident of a facility 9 licensed under the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act, the 10 Nursing Home Care Act, or the MR/DD Community Care Act, the 11 exemption shall be granted in subsequent years so long as the 12 residence (i) continues to be occupied by the qualified 13 applicant's spouse or (ii) if remaining unoccupied, is still 14 owned by the qualified applicant for the homestead exemption.

Beginning January 1, 1997, when an individual dies who 15 16 would have qualified for an exemption under this Section, and 17 the surviving spouse does not independently qualify for this exemption because of age, the exemption under this Section 18 19 shall be granted to the surviving spouse for the taxable year 20 preceding and the taxable year of the death, provided that, 21 except for age, the surviving spouse meets all other 22 qualifications for the granting of this exemption for those 23 vears.

When married persons maintain separate residences, the exemption provided for in this Section may be claimed by only one of such persons and for only one residence.

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For taxable year 1994 only, in counties having less than 1 2 3,000,000 inhabitants, to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application by February 15, 1995 to the Chief County 3 Assessment Officer of the county in which the property is 4 5 located. In counties having 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, for 6 taxable year 1994 and all subsequent taxable years, to receive the exemption, a person may submit an application to the Chief 7 8 County Assessment Officer of the county in which the property 9 is located during such period as may be specified by the Chief 10 County Assessment Officer. The Chief County Assessment Officer 11 in counties of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants shall annually 12 give notice of the application period by mail or by counties having less 13 publication. In than 3,000,000 14 inhabitants, beginning with taxable year 1995 and thereafter, 15 to receive the exemption, a person shall submit an application 16 by July 1 of each taxable year to the Chief County Assessment 17 Officer of the county in which the property is located. A county may, by ordinance, establish a date for submission of 18 19 applications that is different than July 1. The applicant shall 20 submit with the application an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, marital status (and if married the 21 22 name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and 23 principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 24 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall establish, by rule, 25 a method for verifying the accuracy of affidavits filed by applicants under this Section, and the Chief County Assessment 26

Officer may conduct audits of any taxpayer claiming an 1 2 exemption under this Section to verify that the taxpayer is 3 eligible to receive the exemption. Each application shall contain or be verified by a written declaration that it is made 4 5 under the penalties of perjury. A taxpayer's signing a 6 fraudulent application under this Act is perjury, as defined in 7 Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961. The applications 8 shall be clearly marked as applications for the Senior Citizens 9 Assessment Freeze Homestead Exemption and must contain a notice 10 that any taxpayer who receives the exemption is subject to an 11 audit by the Chief County Assessment Officer.

12 Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, in 13 counties having fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the application required by this 14 15 Section in a timely manner and this failure to file is due to a 16 mental or physical condition sufficiently severe so as to 17 render the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County Assessment Officer may extend 18 the filing deadline for a period of 30 days after the applicant 19 20 regains the capability to file the application, but in no case may the filing deadline be extended beyond 3 months of the 21 22 original filing deadline. In order to receive the extension 23 provided in this paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County Assessment Officer with a signed statement from 24 25 the applicant's physician stating the nature and extent of the 26 condition, that, in the physician's opinion, the condition was

1 so severe that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing 2 the application in a timely manner, and the date on which the 3 applicant regained the capability to file the application.

Beginning January 1, 1998, notwithstanding any other 4 5 provision to the contrary, in counties having fewer than 6 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an applicant fails to file the 7 application required by this Section in a timely manner and 8 this failure to file is due to a mental or physical condition 9 sufficiently severe so as to render the applicant incapable of 10 filing the application in a timely manner, the Chief County 11 Assessment Officer may extend the filing deadline for a period 12 of 3 months. In order to receive the extension provided in this 13 paragraph, the applicant shall provide the Chief County 14 Assessment Officer with a signed statement from the applicant's 15 physician stating the nature and extent of the condition, and 16 that, in the physician's opinion, the condition was so severe 17 that it rendered the applicant incapable of filing the application in a timely manner. 18

In counties having less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if an 19 20 applicant was denied an exemption in taxable year 1994 and the denial occurred due to an error on the part of an assessment 21 22 official, or his or her agent or employee, then beginning in 23 taxable year 1997 the applicant's base year, for purposes of determining the amount of the exemption, shall be 1993 rather 24 25 than 1994. In addition, in taxable year 1997, the applicant's exemption shall also include an amount equal to (i) the amount 26

of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1995 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, (ii) the amount of any exemption denied to the applicant in taxable year 1996 as a result of using 1994, rather than 1993, as the base year, and (iii) the amount of the exemption erroneously denied for taxable year 1994.

For purposes of this Section, a person who will be 65 years of age during the current taxable year shall be eligible to apply for the homestead exemption during that taxable year. Application shall be made during the application period in effect for the county of his or her residence.

12 If a person turns 70 years of age or older during the 13 taxable year, and he or she qualified for an exemption under 14 this Section in the previous taxable year, then the person 15 gualifying need not reapply for the exemption.

16 The Chief County Assessment Officer may determine the 17 eligibility of a life care facility that qualifies as a cooperative to receive the benefits provided by this Section by 18 application, visual inspection, 19 of an affidavit, use 20 questionnaire, or other reasonable method in order to insure that the tax savings resulting from the exemption are credited 21 22 by the management firm to the apportioned tax liability of each 23 qualifying resident. The Chief County Assessment Officer may request reasonable proof that the management firm has so 24 25 credited that exemption.

26 Except as provided in this Section, all information

received by the chief county assessment officer or 1 the 2 Department from applications filed under this Section, or from any investigation conducted under the provisions of this 3 Section, shall be confidential, except for official purposes or 4 5 pursuant to official procedures for collection of any State or 6 local tax or enforcement of any civil or criminal penalty or 7 sanction imposed by this Act or by any statute or ordinance 8 imposing a State or local tax. Any person who divulges any such 9 information in any manner, except in accordance with a proper 10 judicial order, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

11 Nothing contained in this Section shall prevent the 12 Director or chief county assessment officer from publishing or 13 available reasonable statistics making concerning the 14 operation of the exemption contained in this Section in which 15 the contents of claims are grouped into aggregates in such a 16 way that information contained in any individual claim shall 17 not be disclosed.

(d) Each Chief County Assessment Officer shall annually 18 publish a notice of availability of the exemption provided 19 20 under this Section. The notice shall be published at least 60 days but no more than 75 days prior to the date on which the 21 22 application must be submitted to the Chief County Assessment 23 Officer of the county in which the property is located. The notice shall appear in a newspaper of general circulation in 24 25 the county.

26 Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act,

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1	no reimbursement by the	State i	is required for the
2	implementation of any mandate	e created by	y this Section.
3	(Source: P.A. 95-644, eff.	10-12-07;	96-339, eff. 7-1-10;
4	96-355, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000,	eff. 7-2-2	10.)

5 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 6 becoming law.