

# 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB3460

Introduced 2/24/2011, by Rep. JoAnn D. Osmond

### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 200/15-175 35 ILCS 200/15-176

Amends the Property Tax Code. Provides that, when the general homestead exemption applies in counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the exemption shall automatically apply to the new homeowner if the property is sold. Removes a requirement in a Section concerning the alternative general homestead exemption that the assessor may require the new owner of the property to apply for the exemption in the following year if the property is sold.

LRB097 09249 HLH 49384 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

HOUSING
AFFORDABILITY
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Property Tax Code is amended by changing

Sections 15-175 and 15-176 as follows:

#### (35 ILCS 200/15-175)

Sec. 15-175. General homestead exemption. Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, homestead property is entitled to an annual homestead exemption limited, except as described here with relation to cooperatives, to a reduction in the equalized assessed value of homestead property equal to the increase in equalized assessed value for the current assessment year above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth below. If however, the 1977 equalized assessed value upon which taxes were paid is subsequently determined by local assessing officials, the Property Tax Appeal Board, or a court to have been excessive, the equalized assessed value which should have been placed on the property for 1977 shall be used to determine the amount of the exemption.

Except as provided in Section 15-176, the maximum reduction before taxable year 2004 shall be \$4,500 in counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants and \$3,500 in all other counties.

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Except as provided in Sections 15-176 and 15-177, for taxable years 2004 through 2007, the maximum reduction shall be \$5,000, for taxable year 2008, the maximum reduction is \$5,500, and, for taxable years 2009 and thereafter, the maximum reduction is \$6,000 in all counties. If a county has elected to subject itself to the provisions of Section 15-176 as provided in subsection (k) of that Section, then, for the first taxable year only after the provisions of Section 15-176 no longer apply, for owners who, for the taxable year, have not been granted a senior citizens assessment freeze exemption under Section 15-172 or a long-time homestead exemption under Section 15-177, there shall be an additional exemption of \$5,000 for owners with a household income of \$30,000 or less.

In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, if, based on the most recent assessment, the equalized assessed value of the homestead property for the current assessment year is greater than the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, the owner of the property shall automatically receive the exemption granted under this Section in an amount equal to the increase over the 1977 assessment up to the maximum reduction set forth in this Section.

If in any assessment year beginning with the 2000 assessment year, homestead property has a pro-rata valuation under Section 9-180 resulting in an increase in the assessed valuation, a reduction in equalized assessed valuation equal to

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the increase in equalized assessed value of the property for the year of the pro-rata valuation above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977 shall be applied to the property on a proportionate basis for the period the property qualified as homestead property during the assessment year. The maximum proportionate homestead exemption shall not exceed the maximum homestead exemption allowed in the county under this Section divided by 365 and multiplied by the number of days the property qualified as homestead property.

"Homestead property" under this Section includes residential property that is occupied by its owner or owners as his or their principal dwelling place, or that is a leasehold interest on which a single family residence is situated, which is occupied as a residence by a person who has an ownership interest therein, legal or equitable or as a lessee, and on which the person is liable for the payment of property taxes. For land improved with an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative or a building which is a life care facility as defined in Section 15-170 and considered to be a cooperative under Section 15-170, the maximum reduction from the equalized assessed value shall be limited to the increase in the value above the equalized assessed value of the property for 1977, up to the maximum reduction set forth above, multiplied by the number of apartments or units occupied by a person or persons who is liable, by contract with the owner or owners of record, for paying property taxes on the property and is an owner of

- 1 record of a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative
- 2 apartment building, other than a leasehold interest. For
- 3 purposes of this Section, the term "life care facility" has the
- 4 meaning stated in Section 15-170.
- 5 "Household", as used in this Section, means the owner, the
- 6 spouse of the owner, and all persons using the residence of the
- 7 owner as their principal place of residence.
- 8 "Household income", as used in this Section, means the
- 9 combined income of the members of a household for the calendar
- 10 year preceding the taxable year.
- "Income", as used in this Section, has the same meaning as
- 12 provided in Section 3.07 of the Senior Citizens and Disabled
- 13 Persons Property Tax Relief and Pharmaceutical Assistance Act,
- 14 except that "income" does not include veteran's benefits.
- 15 In a cooperative where a homestead exemption has been
- 16 granted, the cooperative association or its management firm
- shall credit the savings resulting from that exemption only to
- 18 the apportioned tax liability of the owner who qualified for
- 19 the exemption. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit
- the savings shall be quilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 21 Where married persons maintain and reside in separate
- 22 residences qualifying as homestead property, each residence
- 23 shall receive 50% of the total reduction in equalized assessed
- valuation provided by this Section.
- In all counties, the assessor or chief county assessment
- officer may determine the eligibility of residential property

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to receive the homestead exemption and the amount of the exemption by application, visual inspection, questionnaire or other reasonable methods. The determination shall be made in accordance with quidelines established by the Department, provided that the taxpayer applying for an additional general exemption under this Section shall submit to the chief county assessment officer an application with an affidavit of the applicant's total household income, age, marital status (and, if married, the name and address of the applicant's spouse, if known), and principal dwelling place of members of the household on January 1 of the taxable year. The Department shall issue guidelines establishing a method for verifying the accuracy of the affidavits filed by applicants under this paragraph. The applications shall be clearly marked as applications for the Additional General Homestead Exemption.

In counties with fewer than 3,000,000 inhabitants, in the event of a sale of homestead property the homestead exemption shall remain in effect for the remainder of the assessment year of the sale. The assessor or chief county assessment officer may require the new owner of the property to apply for the homestead exemption for the following assessment year. In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the exemption under this Section shall automatically apply to the new homeowner if the property is sold.

Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates Act, reimbursement by the State is required for the no

- 1 implementation of any mandate created by this Section.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 95-644, eff. 10-12-07.)
- 3 (35 ILCS 200/15-176)
- 4 Sec. 15-176. Alternative general homestead exemption.
- 5 (a) For the assessment years as determined under subsection
- 6 (j), in any county that has elected, by an ordinance in
- accordance with subsection (k), to be subject to the provisions
- 8 of this Section in lieu of the provisions of Section 15-175,
- 9 homestead property is entitled to an annual homestead exemption
- 10 equal to a reduction in the property's equalized assessed value
- 11 calculated as provided in this Section.
- 12 (b) As used in this Section:
- 13 (1) "Assessor" means the supervisor of assessments or
- the chief county assessment officer of each county.
- 15 (2) "Adjusted homestead value" means the lesser of the
- 16 following values:
- 17 (A) The property's base homestead value increased
- 18 by 7% for each tax year after the base year through and
- including the current tax year, or, if the property is
- sold or ownership is otherwise transferred, the
- 21 property's base homestead value increased by 7% for
- 22 each tax year after the year of the sale or transfer
- 23 through and including the current tax year. The
- increase by 7% each year is an increase by 7% over the
- 25 prior year.

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(B) The property's equalized assessed value for the current tax year minus: (i) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax year 2003; (ii) \$5,000 in all counties in tax years 2004 and 2005; and (iii) the lesser of the amount of the general homestead exemption under Section 15-175 or an amount equal to the increase in the equalized assessed value for the current tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977 in tax year 2006 and thereafter.

### (3) "Base homestead value".

(A) Except as provided in subdivision (b) (3) (A-5) (b)(3)(B), "base homestead value" means or equalized assessed value of the property for the base year prior to exemptions, minus (i) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax year 2003, (ii) \$5,000 in all counties in tax years 2004 and 2005, or (iii) the lesser of the amount of the general homestead exemption under Section 15-175 or an amount equal to the increase in the equalized assessed value for the current tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977 in tax year 2006 and thereafter, provided that it was assessed for that vear as residential property qualified for any of homestead exemptions under Sections 15-170 through 15-175 of this Code, then in force, and further provided that the property's assessment was not based

on a reduced assessed value resulting from a temporary irregularity in the property for that year. Except as provided in subdivision (b)(3)(B), if the property did not have a residential equalized assessed value for the base year, then "base homestead value" means the base homestead value established by the assessor under subsection (c).

- (A-5) On or before September 1, 2007, in Cook County, the base homestead value, as set forth under subdivision (b)(3)(A) and except as provided under subdivision (b)(3)(B), must be recalculated as the equalized assessed value of the property for the base year, prior to exemptions, minus:
  - (1) if the general assessment year for the property was 2003, the lesser of (i) \$4,500 or (ii) the amount equal to the increase in equalized assessed value for the 2002 tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977;
  - (2) if the general assessment year for the property was 2004, the lesser of (i) \$4,500 or (ii) the amount equal to the increase in equalized assessed value for the 2003 tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977;
  - (3) if the general assessment year for the property was 2005, the lesser of (i) \$5,000 or (ii) the amount equal to the increase in equalized

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assessed value for the 2004 tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977.

- If the property is sold or ownership is otherwise transferred, other than sales or transfers between spouses or between a parent and a child, "base homestead value" means the equalized assessed value of the property at the time of the sale or transfer prior to exemptions, minus: (i) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax year 2003; (ii) \$5,000 in all counties in tax years 2004 and 2005; and (iii) the lesser of the amount of the general homestead exemption under Section 15-175 or an amount equal to the increase in the equalized assessed value for the current tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977 in tax year 2006 and thereafter, provided that it was assessed as residential property qualified for any of the homestead exemptions under Sections 15-170 through 15-175 of this Code, then in force, and further provided that the property's assessment was not based on a reduced assessed value resulting from a temporary irregularity in the property.
- (3.5) "Base year" means (i) tax year 2002 in Cook County or (ii) tax year 2008 or 2009 in all other counties in accordance with the designation made by the county as provided in subsection (k).
  - (4) "Current tax year" means the tax year for which the

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exemption under this Section is being applied.

- (5) "Equalized assessed value" means the property's assessed value as equalized by the Department.
  - (6) "Homestead" or "homestead property" means:
  - (A) Residential property that as of January 1 of the tax year is occupied by its owner or owners as his, her, or their principal dwelling place, or that is a leasehold interest on which a single family residence is situated, that is occupied as a residence by a person who has a legal or equitable interest therein evidenced by a written instrument, as an owner or as a lessee, and on which the person is liable for the payment of property taxes. Residential units in an apartment building owned and operated cooperative, or as a life care facility, which are occupied by persons who hold a legal or equitable interest in the cooperative apartment building or life care facility as owners or lessees, and who are liable by contract for the payment of property taxes, shall be included within this definition of homestead property.
  - (B) A homestead includes the dwelling place, appurtenant structures, and so much of the surrounding land constituting the parcel on which the dwelling place is situated as is used for residential purposes. If the assessor has established a specific legal description for a portion of property constituting the

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homestead, then the homestead shall be limited to the property within that description.

- (7) "Life care facility" means a facility as defined in Section 2 of the Life Care Facilities Act.
- (c) If the property did not have a residential equalized assessed value for the base year as provided in subdivision (b)(3)(A) of this Section, then the assessor shall first determine an initial value for the property by comparison with assessed values for the base year of other properties having physical and economic characteristics similar to those of the subject property, so that the initial value is uniform in relation to assessed values of those other properties for the base year. The product of the initial value multiplied by the equalized factor for the base year for homestead properties in that county, less: (i) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax years 2003; (ii) \$5,000 in all counties in tax year 2004 and 2005; and (iii) the lesser of the amount of the general homestead exemption under Section 15-175 or an amount equal to the increase in the equalized assessed value for the current tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977 in tax year 2006 and thereafter, is the base homestead value.

For any tax year for which the assessor determines or adjusts an initial value and hence a base homestead value under this subsection (c), the initial value shall be subject to review by the same procedures applicable to assessed values

- 1 established under this Code for that tax year.
  - (d) The base homestead value shall remain constant, except that the assessor may revise it under the following circumstances:
    - (1) If the equalized assessed value of a homestead property for the current tax year is less than the previous base homestead value for that property, then the current equalized assessed value (provided it is not based on a reduced assessed value resulting from a temporary irregularity in the property) shall become the base homestead value in subsequent tax years.
    - (2) For any year in which new buildings, structures, or other improvements are constructed on the homestead property that would increase its assessed value, the assessor shall adjust the base homestead value as provided in subsection (c) of this Section with due regard to the value added by the new improvements.
    - (3) If the property is sold or ownership is otherwise transferred, the base homestead value of the property shall be adjusted as provided in subdivision (b)(3)(B). This item (3) does not apply to sales or transfers between spouses or between a parent and a child.
    - (4) the recalculation required in Cook County under subdivision (b) (3) (A-5).
    - (e) The amount of the exemption under this Section is the equalized assessed value of the homestead property for the

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1	current tax year, minus the adjusted homestead value, with the
2	following exceptions:
3	(1) In Cook County, the exemption under this Section
4	shall not exceed \$20,000 for any taxable year through tax
5	year:
6	(i) 2005, if the general assessment year for the
7	property is 2003;
8	(ii) 2006, if the general assessment year for the
9	property is 2004; or
10	(iii) 2007, if the general assessment year for the
11	property is 2005.
12	(1.1) Thereafter, in Cook County, and in all other
13	counties, the exemption is as follows:
14	(i) if the general assessment year for the property
15	is 2006, then the exemption may not exceed: \$33,000 for
16	taxable year 2006; \$26,000 for taxable year 2007;
17	\$20,000 for taxable years 2008 and 2009; \$16,000 for
18	taxable year 2010; and \$12,000 for taxable year 2011;
19	(ii) if the general assessment year for the
20	property is 2007, then the exemption may not exceed:
21	\$33,000 for taxable year 2007; \$26,000 for taxable year
22	2008; \$20,000 for taxable years 2009 and 2010; \$16,000
23	for taxable year 2011; and \$12,000 for taxable year
24	2012; and

(iii) if the general assessment year for the

property is 2008, then the exemption may not exceed:

\$33,000 for taxable year 2008; \$26,000 for taxable year 2009; \$20,000 for taxable years 2010 and 2011; \$16,000 for taxable year 2012; and \$12,000 for taxable year 2013.

- (1.5) In Cook County, for the 2006 taxable year only, the maximum amount of the exemption set forth under subsection (e)(1.1)(i) of this Section may be increased: (i) by \$7,000 if the equalized assessed value of the property in that taxable year exceeds the equalized assessed value of that property in 2002 by 100% or more; or (ii) by \$2,000 if the equalized assessed value of the property in that taxable year exceeds the equalized assessed value of that property in 2002 by more than 80% but less than 100%.
  - qualifies for the exemption under Section 15-172, the property is entitled to the exemption under this Section, limited to the amount of (i) \$4,500 in Cook County or \$3,500 in all other counties in tax year 2003, (ii) \$5,000 in all counties in tax years 2004 and 2005, or (iii) the lesser of the amount of the general homestead exemption under Section 15-175 or an amount equal to the increase in the equalized assessed value for the current tax year above the equalized assessed value for 1977 in tax year 2006 and thereafter.
- (f) In the case of an apartment building owned and operated as a cooperative, or as a life care facility, that contains

residential units that qualify as homestead property under this Section, the maximum cumulative exemption amount attributed to the entire building or facility shall not exceed the sum of the exemptions calculated for each qualified residential unit. The cooperative association, management firm, or other person or entity that manages or controls the cooperative apartment building or life care facility shall credit the exemption attributable to each residential unit only to the apportioned tax liability of the owner or other person responsible for payment of taxes as to that unit. Any person who willfully refuses to so credit the exemption is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.

- (g) When married persons maintain separate residences, the exemption provided under this Section shall be claimed by only one such person and for only one residence.
- (h) In the event of a sale or other transfer in ownership of the homestead property, the exemption under this Section shall remain in effect for the remainder of the tax year and be calculated using the same base homestead value in which the sale or transfer occurs, but (other than for sales or transfers between spouses or between a parent and a child) shall be calculated for any subsequent tax year using the new base homestead value as provided in subdivision (b)(3)(B). The assessor may require the new owner of the property to apply for the exemption in the following year.
  - (i) The assessor may determine whether property qualifies

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- as a homestead under this Section by application, visual 1 2 inspection, questionnaire, or other reasonable methods. Each 3 year, at the time the assessment books are certified to the county clerk by the board of review, the assessor shall furnish 4 5 to the county clerk a list of the properties qualified for the homestead exemption under this Section. The list shall note the 6 7 base homestead value of each property to be used in the 8 calculation of the exemption for the current tax year.
- 9 (j) In counties with 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the 10 provisions of this Section apply as follows:
  - (1) If the general assessment year for the property is 2003, this Section applies for assessment years 2003 through 2011. Thereafter, the provisions of Section 15-175 apply.
  - (2) If the general assessment year for the property is 2004, this Section applies for assessment years 2004 through 2012. Thereafter, the provisions of Section 15-175 apply.
  - (3) If the general assessment year for the property is 2005, this Section applies for assessment years 2005 through 2013. Thereafter, the provisions of Section 15-175 apply.
    - In counties with less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, this Section applies for assessment years (i) 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012 if tax year 2008 is the designated base year or (ii) 2010, 2011, 2012, and 2013 if tax year 2009 is the designated base

- 1 year. Thereafter, the provisions of Section 15-175 apply.
- 2 (k) To be subject to the provisions of this Section in lieu
- of Section 15-175, a county must adopt an ordinance to subject
- 4 itself to the provisions of this Section within 6 months after
- 5 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General
- 6 Assembly. In a county other than Cook County, the ordinance
- 7 must designate either tax year 2008 or tax year 2009 as the
- 8 base year.
- 9 (1) Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of the State Mandates
- 10 Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
- implementation of any mandate created by this Section.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 95-644, eff. 10-12-07; 96-1418, eff. 8-2-10.)