

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB3075

Introduced 2/23/2011, by Rep. Daniel V. Beiser

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

40 ILCS 5/1-160

40 ILCS 5/14-152.1

40 ILCS 5/15-198

40 ILCS 5/16-203

30 ILCS 805/8.35 new

Amends the Illinois Pension Code. Provides that a member or participant who first becomes a member of one of the specified pension or retirement systems on or after January 1, 2011 is entitled to a retirement annuity upon written application if he or she has attained age 62 (rather than 67), has at least 10 years of service credit, and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article. Provides that if such a person has attained age 57 (rather than 62), has at least 10 years of service credit, and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article, then he or she may elect to retire early and receive a lower retirement annuity. Exempts these benefit changes from the new benefit increase provisions added by Public Act 94-4 in each of the affected Articles. Amends the State Mandates Act to require implementation without reimbursement. Effective immediately.

LRB097 08879 JDS 49009 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

PENSION IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT 1 AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing Sections 1-160, 14-152.1, 15-198, and 16-203 as follows:
- 6 (40 ILCS 5/1-160)

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- 7 Sec. 1-160. Provisions applicable to new hires.
- 8 (a) The provisions of this Section apply to a person who, 9 on or after January 1, 2011, first becomes a member or a participant under any reciprocal retirement system or pension 10 fund established under this Code, other than a retirement 11 system or pension fund established under Article 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12 or 18 of this Code, notwithstanding any other provision of this 13 14 Code to the contrary, but do not apply to any self-managed plan established under this Code, to any person with respect to 15 16 service as a sheriff's law enforcement employee under Article 17 7, or to any participant of the retirement plan established under Section 22-101. 18
 - (b) "Final average salary" means the average monthly (or annual) salary obtained by dividing the total salary or earnings calculated under the Article applicable to the member or participant during the 96 consecutive months (or 8 consecutive years) of service within the last 120 months (or 10

- years) of service in which the total salary or earnings
 calculated under the applicable Article was the highest by the
 number of months (or years) of service in that period. For the
 purposes of a person who first becomes a member or participant
 of any retirement system or pension fund to which this Section
 applies on or after January 1, 2011, in this Code, "final
 average salary" shall be substituted for the following:
 - (1) In Articles 7 (except for service as sheriff's law enforcement employees) and 15, "final rate of earnings".
 - (2) In Articles 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, "highest average annual salary for any 4 consecutive years within the last 10 years of service immediately preceding the date of withdrawal".
 - (3) In Article 13, "average final salary".
 - (4) In Article 14, "final average compensation".
 - (5) In Article 17, "average salary".
- 17 (6) In Section 22-207, "wages or salary received by him at the date of retirement or discharge".
 - (b-5) Beginning on January 1, 2011, for all purposes under this Code (including without limitation the calculation of benefits and employee contributions), the annual earnings, salary, or wages (based on the plan year) of a member or participant to whom this Section applies shall not exceed \$106,800; however, that amount shall annually thereafter be increased by the lesser of (i) 3% of that amount, including all previous adjustments, or (ii) one-half the annual unadjusted

percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, including all previous adjustments.

For the purposes of this Section, "consumer price index-u" means the index published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor that measures the average change in prices of goods and services purchased by all urban consumers, United States city average, all items, 1982-84 = 100. The new amount resulting from each annual adjustment shall be determined by the Public Pension Division of the Department of Insurance and made available to the boards of the retirement systems and pension funds by November 1 of each year.

(c) A member or participant is entitled to a retirement annuity upon written application if he or she has attained age 62 67 and has at least 10 years of service credit and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article.

A member or participant who has attained age $\underline{57}$ $\underline{62}$ and has at least 10 years of service credit and is otherwise eligible under the requirements of the applicable Article may elect to receive the lower retirement annuity provided in subsection (d) of this Section.

(d) The retirement annuity of a member or participant who is retiring after attaining age $\underline{57}$ $\underline{62}$ with at least 10 years of service credit shall be reduced by one-half of 1% for each full month that the member's age is under age $\underline{62}$ $\underline{67}$.

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- (e) Any retirement annuity or supplemental annuity shall be subject to annual increases on the January 1 occurring either on or after the attainment of age 62 67 or the first anniversary of the annuity start date, whichever is later. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the originally granted retirement annuity. Ιf t.he annual unadjusted percentage change in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1 is zero or there is a decrease, then the annuity shall not be increased.
- (f) The initial survivor's or widow's annuity of an otherwise eligible survivor or widow of a retired member or participant who first became a member or participant on or after January 1, 2011 shall be in the amount of 66 2/3% of the retired member's or participant's retirement annuity at the date of death. In the case of the death of a member or participant who has not retired and who first became a member or participant on or after January 1, 2011, eligibility for a survivor's or widow's annuity shall be determined by the applicable Article of this Code. The initial benefit shall be 66 2/3% of the earned annuity without a reduction due to age. A child's annuity of an otherwise eligible child shall be in the amount prescribed under each Article if applicable. Any

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survivor's or widow's annuity shall be increased (1) on each January 1 occurring on or after the commencement of the annuity if the deceased member died while receiving a retirement annuity or (2) in other cases, on each January 1 occurring after the first anniversary of the commencement of the annuity. Each annual increase shall be calculated at 3% or one-half the annual unadjusted percentage increase (but not less than zero) in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, whichever is less, of the originally granted survivor's annuity. Ιf t.he unadjusted percentage change in the consumer price index-u for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1 is zero or there is a decrease, then the annuity shall not be increased.

(g) The benefits in Section 14-110 apply only if the person is a State policeman, a fire fighter in the fire protection service of a department, or a security employee of the Department of Corrections or the Department of Juvenile Justice, as those terms are defined in subsection (b) of Section 14-110. A person who meets the requirements of this Section is entitled to an annuity calculated under the provisions of Section 14-110, in lieu of the regular or minimum retirement annuity, only if the person has withdrawn from service with not less than 20 years of eligible creditable service and has attained age 60, regardless of whether the attainment of age 60 occurs while the person is still in

1 service.

- (h) If a person who first becomes a member or a participant of a retirement system or pension fund subject to this Section on or after January 1, 2011 is receiving a retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund and becomes a member or participant under any other system or fund created by this Code and is employed on a full-time basis, except for those members or participants exempted from the provisions of this Section under subsection (a) of this Section, then the person's retirement annuity or retirement pension under that system or fund shall be suspended during that employment. Upon termination of that employment, the person's retirement annuity or retirement pension payments shall resume and be recalculated if recalculation is provided for under the applicable Article of this Code.
 - (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a person who first becomes a participant of the retirement system established under Article 15 on or after January 1, 2011 shall have the option to enroll in the self-managed plan created under Section 15-158.2 of this Code.
- 21 (j) In the case of a conflict between the provisions of 22 this Section and any other provision of this Code, the 23 provisions of this Section shall control.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 96-889, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1490, eff. 1-1-11.)

- Sec. 14-152.1. Application and expiration of new benefit increases.
 - (a) As used in this Section, "new benefit increase" means an increase in the amount of any benefit provided under this Article, or an expansion of the conditions of eligibility for any benefit under this Article, that results from an amendment to this Code that takes effect after June 1, 2005 (the effective date of Public Act 94-4). "New benefit increase", however, does not include any benefit increase resulting from the changes made to this Article by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly or to Section 1-160 of this Code by this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly.
 - (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code or any subsequent amendment to this Code, every new benefit increase is subject to this Section and shall be deemed to be granted only in conformance with and contingent upon compliance with the provisions of this Section.
 - (c) The Public Act enacting a new benefit increase must identify and provide for payment to the System of additional funding at least sufficient to fund the resulting annual increase in cost to the System as it accrues.

Every new benefit increase is contingent upon the General Assembly providing the additional funding required under this subsection. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall analyze whether adequate additional funding has been provided for the new benefit increase and

shall report its analysis to the Public Pension Division of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. A new benefit increase created by a Public Act that does not include the additional funding required under this subsection is null and void. If the Public Pension Division determines that the additional funding provided for a new benefit increase under this subsection is or has become inadequate, it may so certify to the Governor and the State Comptroller and, in the absence of corrective action by the General Assembly, the new benefit increase shall expire at the end of the fiscal year in which the certification is made.

- (d) Every new benefit increase shall expire 5 years after its effective date or on such earlier date as may be specified in the language enacting the new benefit increase or provided under subsection (c). This does not prevent the General Assembly from extending or re-creating a new benefit increase by law.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in the language creating the new benefit increase, a new benefit increase that expires under this Section continues to apply to persons who applied and qualified for the affected benefit while the new benefit increase was in effect and to the affected beneficiaries and alternate payees of such persons, but does not apply to any other person, including without limitation a person who continues in service after the expiration date and did not apply and qualify for the affected benefit while the new

- 1 benefit increase was in effect.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09.)
- 3 (40 ILCS 5/15-198)
- 4 Sec. 15-198. Application and expiration of new benefit
- 5 increases.
- 6 (a) As used in this Section, "new benefit increase" means
- 7 an increase in the amount of any benefit provided under this
- 8 Article, or an expansion of the conditions of eligibility for
- 9 any benefit under this Article, that results from an amendment
- 10 to this Code that takes effect after June 1, 2005 (the
- effective date of Public Act 94-4) this amendatory Act of the
- 12 94th General Assembly. "New benefit increase", however, does
- 13 not include any benefit increase resulting from the changes
- 14 made to Section 1-160 of this Code by this amendatory Act of
- the 97th General Assembly.
- 16 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code or any
- 17 subsequent amendment to this Code, every new benefit increase
- is subject to this Section and shall be deemed to be granted
- only in conformance with and contingent upon compliance with
- the provisions of this Section.
- 21 (c) The Public Act enacting a new benefit increase must
- identify and provide for payment to the System of additional
- 23 funding at least sufficient to fund the resulting annual
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Assembly providing the additional funding required under this subsection. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall analyze whether adequate additional funding has been provided for the new benefit increase and shall report its analysis to the Public Pension Division of the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation. A new benefit increase created by a Public Act that does not include the additional funding required under this subsection is null and void. If the Public Pension Division determines that the additional funding provided for a new benefit increase under this subsection is or has become inadequate, it may so certify to the Governor and the State Comptroller and, in the absence of corrective action by the General Assembly, the new benefit increase shall expire at the end of the fiscal year in which

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- 1 alternate payees of such persons, but does not apply to any
- 2 other person, including without limitation a person who
- 3 continues in service after the expiration date and did not
- 4 apply and qualify for the affected benefit while the new
- 5 benefit increase was in effect.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 94-4, eff. 6-1-05.)
- 7 (40 ILCS 5/16-203)
- 8 Sec. 16-203. Application and expiration of new benefit
- 9 increases.
- 10 (a) As used in this Section, "new benefit increase" means
- an increase in the amount of any benefit provided under this
- 12 Article, or an expansion of the conditions of eligibility for
- any benefit under this Article, that results from an amendment
- 14 to this Code that takes effect after June 1, 2005 (the
- 15 effective date of Public Act 94-4). "New benefit increase",
- however, does not include any benefit increase resulting from
- 17 the changes made to this Article by this amendatory Act of the
- 18 95th General Assembly or to Section 1-160 of this Code by this
- amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly.
- 20 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code or any
- 21 subsequent amendment to this Code, every new benefit increase
- is subject to this Section and shall be deemed to be granted
- only in conformance with and contingent upon compliance with
- the provisions of this Section.
- 25 (c) The Public Act enacting a new benefit increase must

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3 increase in cost to the System as it accrues.

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- 1 the new benefit increase, a new benefit increase that expires
- 2 under this Section continues to apply to persons who applied
- 3 and qualified for the affected benefit while the new benefit
- 4 increase was in effect and to the affected beneficiaries and
- 5 alternate payees of such persons, but does not apply to any
- 6 other person, including without limitation a person who
- 7 continues in service after the expiration date and did not
- 8 apply and qualify for the affected benefit while the new
- 9 benefit increase was in effect.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 94-4, eff. 6-1-05; 95-910, eff. 8-26-08.)
- 11 Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding
- 12 Section 8.35 as follows:
- 13 (30 ILCS 805/8.35 new)
- Sec. 8.35. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8
- of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the
- implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of
- 17 the 97th General Assembly.
- 18 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 19 becoming law.