

## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB3059

Introduced 2/23/2011, by Rep. David Harris

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 2605/2605-25 20 ILCS 2605/2605-52 new was 20 ILCS 2605/55a-1

Amends the Department of State Police Law of the Civil Administrative Code. Creates the Division of Public Corruption within the Department of State Police. Provides that the Division of Public Corruption is created to conduct public corruption investigations. Requires that the Division of Public Corruption work directly with the local prosecutor's office or Office of the Attorney General on investigations. Provides that the head of the Division of Public Corruption shall be appointed by a 7-member panel. Provides that the Governor shall appoint the members of the panel.

LRB097 09437 RLJ 49572 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning State government.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Department of State Police Law of the Civil
- 5 Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by changing Section
- 6 2605-25 and by adding Section 2605-52 as follows:
- 7 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-25) (was 20 ILCS 2605/55a-1)
- 8 Sec. 2605-25. Department divisions. The Department is
- 9 divided into the Illinois State Police Academy and 5 4
- 10 divisions: the Division of Operations, the Division of Forensic
- 11 Services, the Division of Administration, and the Division of
- 12 Internal Investigation, and the Division of Public Corruption.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 90-130, eff. 1-1-98; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 91-760,
- 14 eff. 1-1-01.)
- 15 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-52 new)
- Sec. 2605-52. Division of Public Corruption. The Division
- of Public Corruption is created to conduct public corruption
- 18 <u>investigations</u> regarding criminal matters. The Division of
- 19 Public Corruption must work directly with the appropriate local
- 20 prosecutor's office on investigations. If the investigation
- 21 concerns corruption in State government, then the Division of
- 22 Public Corruption must work directly with the Office of the

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Attorney General, unless the Office of the Attorney General 1 2 refers the matter to a local prosecutor's office.

The head of the Division of Public Corruption shall be appointed by a 7-member panel. The members of the panel shall be appointed by the Governor as follows: one chief of police, one sheriff, one State's attorney, and 4 members of the public. Of the initial members, 4 shall serve for a 5-year term and 3 shall serve for a 7-year term, as determined by lot. Thereafter, all members shall serve for a 7-year term. Members of the panel shall serve without compensation, but they may be reimbursed for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties. The panel may also recommend to the Governor the removal of the head of the Division of Public Corruption.

The officers and staff of the Division of Public Corruption are employees of the Department. The head of the Division of Public Corruption shall hire the officers and staff of the Division of Public Corruption. The Department, by rule or regulation, shall determine the size of the Division of Public Corruption, except that the Division of Public Corruption must consist of at least 10 law enforcement officers and the necessary staff to support those officers.