

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB2841

Introduced 2/22/2011, by

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 2630/5 from Ch. 38, par. 206-5
705 ILCS 405/5-301
705 ILCS 405/5-915
730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.17
705 ILCS 405/5-622 rep.
775 ILCS 5/2-103 from Ch. 68, par. 2-103

Amends the Criminal Identification Act. Eliminates the provision that policing bodies must submit fingerprint and descriptions of minors 10 and older who are arrested on charges that are classified as felonies and Class A and Class B misdemeanors. Provides that such information shall be submitted if the person is over the age of 18. Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides for the automatic expungement of law enforcement records of a minor who has been arrested if: (1) the minor had been arrested but no delinquency petition was filed with the clerk of the circuit court; (2) the minor has attained the age of 18; and (3) since the date of the minor's most recent arrest, at least 2 years have elapsed without an additional arrest. Provides for expungement of minor's law enforcement records in other cases. Repeals provision relating to expungement review by the Court. Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Increases from \$10 to \$15 the additional fine imposed for expungement of juvenile records. Amends the Illinois Human Rights Act. Provides that it is a civil rights violation for an employer to use records expunged under the Juvenile Courts Act of 1987 as a basis to make employment decisions.

LRB097 08029 RLC 48151 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 2630/5) (from Ch. 38, par. 206-5)

Sec. 5. Arrest reports. All policing bodies of this State shall furnish to the Department, daily, in the form and detail the Department requires, fingerprints and descriptions of all persons over the age of 18 who are arrested on charges of violating any penal statute of this State for offenses that are classified as felonies and Class A or B misdemeanors and of all minors of the age of 10 and over who have been arrested for an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult, and may forward such fingerprints and descriptions for minors arrested for Class A or B misdemeanors. Moving or nonmoving traffic violations under the Illinois Vehicle Code shall not be reported except for violations of Chapter 4, Section 11-204.1, or Section 11-501 of that Code. In addition, conservation offenses, as defined in the Supreme Court Rule 501(c), that are classified as Class B misdemeanors shall not be reported. Those law enforcement records maintained by the Department for minors arrested for an offense prior to their 18th 17th birthday, or

- 1 minors arrested for a non-felony offense, if committed by an
- 2 adult, prior to their 18th birthday, shall not be forwarded to
- 3 the Federal Bureau of Investigation unless those records relate
- 4 to an arrest in which a minor was charged as an adult under any
- of the transfer provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 95-955, eff. 1-1-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09;
- 7 96-409, eff. 1-1-10; 96-707, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff.
- 8 7-2-10.
- 9 Section 10. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 10 changing Sections 5-301, 5-305, and 5-915 as follows:
- 11 (705 ILCS 405/5-301)
- 12 Sec. 5-301. Station adjustments. A minor arrested for any
- offense or a violation of a condition of previous station
- 14 adjustment may receive a station adjustment for that arrest as
- 15 provided herein. In deciding whether to impose a station
- 16 adjustment, either informal or formal, a juvenile police
- officer shall consider the following factors:
- 18 (A) The seriousness of the alleged offense.
- 19 (B) The prior history of delinquency of the minor.
- 20 (C) The age of the minor.
- 21 (D) The culpability of the minor in committing the alleged
- 22 offense.
- 23 (E) Whether the offense was committed in an aggressive or
- 24 premeditated manner.

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- 1 (F) Whether the minor used or possessed a deadly weapon 2 when committing the alleged offenses. 3 (1) Informal station adjustment.
 - (a) An informal station adjustment is defined as a procedure when a juvenile police officer determines that there is probable cause to believe that the minor has committed an offense.
 - (b) A minor shall receive no more than 3 informal station adjustments statewide for a misdemeanor offense within 3 years without prior approval from the State's Attorney's Office.
 - (c) A minor shall receive no more than 3 informal station adjustments statewide for a felony offense within 3 years without prior approval from the State's Attorney's Office.
 - (d) A minor shall receive a combined total of no more than 5 informal station adjustments statewide during his or her minority.
 - (e) The juvenile police officer may make reasonable conditions of an informal station adjustment which may include but are not limited to:
 - (i) Curfew.
 - (ii) Conditions restricting entry into designated geographical areas.
 - (iii) No contact with specified persons.
 - (iv) School attendance.

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1	(v) Performing up to 25 hours of community service
2	work.
3	(vi) Community mediation.
4	(vii) Teen court or a peer court.
5	(viii) Restitution limited to 90 days.
6	(f) If the minor refuses or fails to abide by the
7	conditions of an informal station adjustment, the juvenile
8	police officer may impose a formal station adjustment or
9	refer the matter to the State's Attorney's Office.
10	(g) An informal station adjustment does not constitute
11	an adjudication of delinquency or a criminal conviction.
12	Beginning January 1, 2000, a record shall be maintained
13	with the Department of State Police for informal station
14	adjustments for offenses that would be a felony if
15	committed by an adult, and may be maintained if the offense
16	would be a misdemeanor.
17	(2) Formal station adjustment.
18	(a) A formal station adjustment is defined as a
19	procedure when a juvenile police officer determines that
20	there is probable cause to believe the minor has committed
21	an offense and an admission by the minor of involvement in
22	the offense.
23	(b) The minor and parent, guardian, or legal custodian
24	must agree in writing to the formal station adjustment and

must be advised of the consequences of violation of any

term of the agreement.

Τ	(c) The millor and parent, guardian of legal custodian
2	shall be provided a copy of the signed agreement of the
3	formal station adjustment. The agreement shall include:
4	(i) The offense which formed the basis of the
5	formal station adjustment.
6	(ii) An acknowledgment that the terms of the formal
7	station adjustment and the consequences for violation
8	have been explained.
9	(iii) An acknowledgment that the formal station
10	adjustments record may be expunged under Section 5-915
11	of this Act.
12	(iv) An acknowledgement that the minor understands
13	that his or her admission of involvement in the offense
14	may be admitted into evidence in future court hearings.
15	(v) A statement that all parties understand the
16	terms and conditions of formal station adjustment and
17	agree to the formal station adjustment process.
18	(d) Conditions of the formal station adjustment may
19	include, but are not be limited to:
20	(i) The time shall not exceed 120 days.
21	(ii) The minor shall not violate any laws.
22	(iii) The juvenile police officer may require the
23	minor to comply with additional conditions for the
24	formal station adjustment which may include but are not
25	limited to:

(a) Attending school.

1	(b) Abiding by a set curfew.
2	(c) Payment of restitution.
3	(d) Refraining from possessing a firearm or
4	other weapon.
5	(e) Reporting to a police officer at
6	designated times and places, including reporting
7	and verification that the minor is at home at
8	designated hours.
9	(f) Performing up to 25 hours of community
10	service work.
11	(g) Refraining from entering designated
12	geographical areas.
13	(h) Participating in community mediation.
14	(i) Participating in teen court or peer court.
15	(j) Refraining from contact with specified
16	persons.
17	(e) A formal station adjustment does not constitute an
18	adjudication of delinquency or a criminal conviction.
19	Beginning January 1, 2000, a record shall be maintained
20	with the Department of State Police for formal station
21	adjustments.
22	(f) A minor or the minor's parent, guardian, or legal
23	custodian, or both the minor and the minor's parent,
24	guardian, or legal custodian, may refuse a formal station
25	adjustment and have the matter referred for court action or

other appropriate action.

(g) A minor or the minor's parent, guardian, or legal
custodian, or both the minor and the minor's parent,
guardian, or legal custodian, may within 30 days of the
commencement of the formal station adjustment revoke their
consent and have the matter referred for court action or
other appropriate action. This revocation must be in
writing and personally served upon the police officer or
his or her supervisor.

- (h) The admission of the minor as to involvement in the offense shall be admissible at further court hearings as long as the statement would be admissible under the rules of evidence.
- (i) If the minor violates any term or condition of the formal station adjustment the juvenile police officer shall provide written notice of violation to the minor and the minor's parent, guardian, or legal custodian. After consultation with the minor and the minor's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the juvenile police officer may take any of the following steps upon violation:
 - (i) Warn the minor of consequences of continued violations and continue the formal station adjustment.
 - (ii) Extend the period of the formal station adjustment up to a total of 180 days.
 - (iii) Extend the hours of community service work up to a total of 40 hours.
 - (iv) Terminate the formal station adjustment

unsatisfactorily and take no other action.

- (v) Terminate the formal station adjustment unsatisfactorily and refer the matter to the juvenile court.
- (j) A minor shall receive no more than 2 formal station adjustments statewide for a felony offense without the State's Attorney's approval within a 3 year period.
- (k) A minor shall receive no more than 3 formal station adjustments statewide for a misdemeanor offense without the State's Attorney's approval within a 3 year period.
- (1) The total for formal station adjustments statewide within the period of minority may not exceed 4 without the State's Attorney's approval.
- (m) If the minor is arrested in a jurisdiction where the minor does not reside, the formal station adjustment may be transferred to the jurisdiction where the minor does reside upon written agreement of that jurisdiction to monitor the formal station adjustment.
- (3) (Blank). Beginning January 1, 2000, the juvenile police officer making a station adjustment shall assure that information about any offense which would constitute a felony if committed by an adult and may assure that information about a misdemeanor is transmitted to the Department of State Police.
- (4) The total number of station adjustments, both formal and informal, shall not exceed 9 without the State's Attorney's approval for any minor arrested anywhere in the State.

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- (Source: P.A. 90-590, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 2 (705 ILCS 405/5-305)
- 3 Sec. 5-305. Probation adjustment.
- 4 (1) The court may authorize the probation officer to confer 5 in a preliminary conference with a minor who is alleged to have 6 committed an offense, his or her parent, guardian or legal 7 custodian, the victim, the juvenile police officer, the State's 8 and other interested persons concerning Attornev, 9 advisability of filing a petition under Section 5-520, with a 10 view to adjusting suitable cases without the filing of a 11 petition as provided for in this Article, the probation officer 12 should schedule a conference promptly except when the State's 1.3 Attorney insists on court action or when the minor has indicated that he or she will demand a judicial hearing and 14
- 16 (1-b) In any case of a minor who is in custody, the holding
 17 of a probation adjustment conference does not operate to
 18 prolong temporary custody beyond the period permitted by
 19 Section 5-415.

will not comply with a probation adjustment.

- (2) This Section does not authorize any probation officer to compel any person to appear at any conference, produce any papers, or visit any place.
- 23 (3) No statement made during a preliminary conference in 24 regard to the offense that is the subject of the conference may 25 be admitted into evidence at an adjudicatory hearing or at any

1	proceeding	against	the	minor	under	the	crimina	l laws	of	this
2	State prior	to his	or he	r conv	iction	undei	r those	laws.		

- (4) When a probation adjustment is appropriate, the probation officer shall promptly formulate a written, non-judicial adjustment plan following the initial conference.
 - (5) Non-judicial probation adjustment plans include but are not limited to the following:
 - (a) up to 6 months informal supervision within the family;
 - (b) up to 12 months informal supervision with a probation officer involved which may include any conditions of probation provided in Section 5-715;
 - (c) up to 6 months informal supervision with release to a person other than a parent;
 - (d) referral to special educational, counseling, or other rehabilitative social or educational programs;
 - (e) referral to residential treatment programs;
 - (f) participation in a public or community service program or activity; and
 - (g) any other appropriate action with the consent of the minor and a parent.
 - (6) The factors to be considered by the probation officer in formulating a non-judicial probation adjustment plan shall be the same as those limited in subsection (4) of Section 5-405.
 - (7) Beginning January 1, 2000, the probation officer who

- 1 imposes a probation adjustment plan shall assure that
- 2 information about an offense which would constitute a felony if
- 3 committed by an adult, and may assure that information about a
- 4 misdemeanor offense, is transmitted to the Department of State
- 5 Police.

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- 6 (Source: P.A. 92-329, eff. 8-9-01.)
- 7 (705 ILCS 405/5-915)
- 8 Sec. 5-915. Expungement of juvenile law enforcement and 9 court records.
- 10 (0.05) For purposes of this Section and Section 5-622:

"Expunge" means to physically destroy the records and to obliterate the minor's name from any official index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act shall require the physical destruction of the internal office records, files, or databases maintained by a State's Attorney's Office or other prosecutor.

"Law enforcement record" includes but is not limited to records of arrest, station adjustments, fingerprints, probation adjustments, the issuance of a notice to appear, or any other records maintained by a law enforcement agency relating to a minor suspected of committing an offense.

(1) (a) Any person may petition the court, at any time, to expunge all law enforcement and juvenile court records relating to any incidents occurring before the person's 18th birthday.

The court may order the expungement of law enforcement and

1	juvenile court records if it finds that expungement would be
2	consistent with the public welfare after considering the
3	<pre>following factors:</pre>
4	(i) The type of offense;
5	(ii) The person's age, history of employment, and
6	history of criminal activity;
7	(iii) Adverse consequences that the person may suffer
8	if the law enforcement and juvenile court records are not
9	expunged; and
10	(iv) Whether retention of the records is required for
11	purposes of protection of the public safety.
12	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a) of this subsection (1),
13	the court shall presume that expungement would be consistent
14	with the public welfare if:
15	(i) The minor was arrested and no petition for
16	delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
17	<u>or</u>
18	(ii) The minor was charged with an offense and was
19	found not delinquent of that offense.
20	(1) Whenever any person has attained the age of 17 or
21	whenever all juvenile court proceedings relating to that person
22	have been terminated, whichever is later, the person may
23	petition the court to expunge law enforcement records relating
24	to incidents occurring before his or her 17th birthday or his
25	or her juvenile court records, or both, but only in the
26	following circumstances:

Τ	(a) the minor was affested and no petition for
2	delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
3	Or
4	(b) the minor was charged with an offense and was found
5	not delinquent of that offense; or
6	(c) the minor was placed under supervision pursuant to
7	Section 5 615, and the order of supervision has since been
8	successfully terminated; or
9	(d) the minor was adjudicated for an offense which
10	would be a Class B misdemeanor, Class C misdemeanor, or a
11	petty or business offense if committed by an adult.
12	(2) All policing bodies of this State maintaining law
13	enforcement records pertaining to a minor who has been arrested
14	shall automatically expunge those records if:
15	(a) The minor has been arrested but no petition for
16	delinquency was filed with the clerk of the circuit court;
17	(b) The minor has attained the age of 18; and
18	(c) Since the date of the minor's most recent arrest, at
19	<u>least 2 years have elapsed without an additional arrest.</u> Any
20	person may petition the court to expunge all law enforcement
21	records relating to any incidents occurring before his or her
22	17th birthday which did not result in proceedings in criminal
23	court and all juvenile court records with respect to any
24	adjudications except those based upon first degree murder and
25	sex offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult,
26	if the person for whom expungement is sought has had no

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convictions for any crime since his or her 17th birthday and:

(a) has attained the age of 21 years; or

(b) 5 years have clapsed since all juvenile court proceedings relating to him or her have been terminated or his or her commitment to the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to this Act has been terminated;

whichever is later of (a) or (b). Nothing in this Section 5 915 precludes a minor from obtaining expungement under Section 5 622.

If a minor is arrested and no petition for delinquency is filed with the clerk of the circuit court as provided in paragraph (a) of subsection (1) at the time the minor is released from custody, the youth officer, applicable, or other designated person from the arresting agency, shall notify verbally and in writing to the minor or the minor's parents or quardians that if the State's Attorney does not file a petition for delinquency, the minor has a right to petition to have his or her law enforcement arrest record expunged as provided in subsection (1) when the minor attains the age of 17 or when all juvenile court proceedings relating to that minor have been terminated and that unless a petition to expunge is filed or the minor's law enforcement records are automatically expunged pursuant to subsection (2), the minor will shall have a law enforcement an arrest record. The youth officer, if applicable, or other designated person from the arresting agency and shall provide the minor and the minor's

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parents or quardians with an expundement information packet, written in plain language, including a petition to expunge juvenile records obtained from the clerk of the circuit court, a sample completed petition, information about the adverse consequences of having a law enforcement record, expungement instructions. These instructions shall include information informing the minor that (i) the minor may apply to have petition fees waived if he or she files a petition pursuant to subsection (1), (ii) the minor may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney, (iii) once the arrest is expunded pursuant to either subsection (1) or subsection (2), it shall be treated as if it never occurred, and (iv) once the minor obtains an expungement pursuant to either subsection (1) or subsection (2), the minor shall not be required to disclose that he or she had a law enforcement record.

completion of the minor's sentence or upon disposition of the charge, whichever is later and is found not delinquent of that offense; or if a minor is placed under supervision under Section 5-615, and the order of supervision is successfully terminated; or if a minor is adjudicated for an offense that would be a Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a business or petty offense if committed by an adult; or if a minor has incidents occurring before his or her 17th birthday that have not resulted in proceedings in criminal court, or

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resulted in proceedings in juvenile court, and the adjudications were not based upon first degree murder or sex offenses that would be felonies if committed by an adult; then at the time of sentencing or dismissal of the case, the judge shall inform the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for expungement as provided by law, and the clerk of the circuit court shall provide an expungement information packet to the delinquent minor, written in plain language, including a petition for expungement, a sample of a completed petition, information about the adverse consequences of having a law enforcement and juvenile court record, and expungement instructions. These instructions that shall include information informing the minor that (i) the minor may apply to have petition fees waived, (ii) the minor may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney, (iii) once the case is expunded, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, and (iv) once the minor obtains an expungement, the court shall provide a certified copy of the expungement order, and the minor shall not be required to disclose that he or she had a juvenile or law enforcement record (i) once the case is expunged, it shall be treated as if it never occurred, (ii) he or she may apply to have petition fees waived, (iii) once he or obtains an expungement, he or she may not be required disclose that he or she had a juvenile record, and (iv) he or she may file the petition on his or her own or with the assistance of an attorney. The failure of the judge to inform

the delinquent minor of his or her right to petition for
expungement as provided by law does not create a substantive
right, nor is that failure grounds for: (i) a reversal of an
adjudication of delinquency, (ii) a new trial; or (iii) an
appeal.

- (2.7) For counties with a population over 3,000,000, the clerk of the circuit court shall send a "Notification of a Possible Right to Expungement" post card to the minor at the address last received by the clerk of the circuit court on the date that the minor attains the age of 17 based on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or her guardian in cases under paragraph (a) paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (1); and when the minor attains the age of 21 based on the birthdate provided to the court by the minor or his or her guardian in cases under subsection (2).
- (2.8) The petition for expungement for subsection (1) <u>may</u> include multiple offenses on the same petition and shall be substantially in the following form:

19 IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
20 JUDICIAL CIRCUIT

21	IN THE INTEREST OF)	NO.
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24	······)	
25	(Name of Petitioner)	

1	PETITION TO EXPUNCE JUVENILE RECORDS
2	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 1))
3	(Please prepare a separate petition for each offense)
4	Now comes petitioner, and respectfully requests
5	that this Honorable Court enter an order expunging all juvenile
6	law enforcement and court records of petitioner and in support
7	thereof states that: Petitioner has attained the age of 17,
8	his/her birth date being, or all Juvenile Court
9	proceedings terminated as of, whichever occurred later.
10	Petitioner was arrested on by the Police
11	Department for the offense of, and:
12	(Check One:)
13	() a. no petition was filed with the Clerk of the Circuit
14	Court.
15	() b. was charged with and was found not delinquent of
16	the offense.
17	() c. a petition was filed and the petition was dismissed
18	without a finding of delinquency on
19	() d. on placed under supervision pursuant to Section
20	5-615 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 and such order of
21	supervision successfully terminated on
22	() e. was adjudicated for the offense, which would have been a
23	Class B misdemeanor, a Class C misdemeanor, or a petty offense
24	or business offense if committed by an adult.
25	Petitioner has has not been arrested on charges in

1	this or any county other than the charges listed above. If
2	petitioner has been arrested on additional charges, please list
3	the charges below:
4	Charge(s):
5	Arresting Agency or Agencies:
6	Disposition/Result: (choose from a. through e., above):
7	WHEREFORE, the petitioner respectfully requests this Honorable
8	Court to (1) order all law enforcement agencies to expunge all
9	records of petitioner to this incident, and (2) to order the
10	Clerk of the Court to expunge all records concerning the
11	petitioner regarding this incident.
12	***************************************
13	Petitioner (Signature)
14	•••••••
15	Petitioner's Street Address
16	••••••
17	City, State, Zip Code
18	***************************************
19	Petitioner's Telephone Number
20	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
21	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1 109, I hereby certify that the

1	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on
2	information and belief I believe the same to be true.
3	
4	Petitioner (Signature)
5	The Petition for Expungement for subsection (2) shall be
6	substantially in the following form:
7	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
8	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
9	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
10)
11)
12)
13	(Name of Petitioner)
14	PETITION TO EXPUNGE JUVENILE RECORDS
15	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION $\underline{1}$ $\underline{2}$))
16	(If this is a petition for multiple offenses, please attach an
17	Appendix listing each offense Please prepare a separate
18	petition for each offense)
19	Now comes <u>Petitioner</u> petitioner , and
20	respectfully requests that this Honorable Court enter an order
21	expunging all Juvenile Law Enforcement and Court records of
22	Petitioner petitioner and in support thereof states that:

- 1 The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement
- occurred before the Petitioner's 18th 17th birthday. and did
- 3 not result in proceedings in criminal court and the Petitioner
- 4 has not had any convictions for any crime since his/her 17th
- 5 birthday; and
- 6 The incident for which the Petitioner seeks expungement
- 7 occurred before the Petitioner's 17th birthday and the
- 8 adjudication was not based upon first degree murder or sex
- 9 offenses which would be felonies if committed by an adult, and
- 10 the Petitioner has not had any convictions for any crime since
- 11 <u>his/her 17th birthday.</u>
- 12 Expungement is consistent with the public welfare.
- 13 Petitioner was arrested on by the Police
- Department for the offense of, and:
- 15 (Check whichever one occurred the latest:)
- () a. The Petitioner has attained the age of 21 years, his/her
- 17 birthday being; or
- 18 () b. 5 years have elapsed since all juvenile court
- 19 proceedings relating to the Petitioner have been terminated; or
- 20 the Petitioner's commitment to the Department of Juvenile
- 21 Justice pursuant to the expungement of juvenile law enforcement
- 22 and court records provisions of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987
- 23 has been terminated. Petitioner ...has ...has not been arrested
- on charges in this or any other county other than the charge

1	listed above. If <u>Petitioner</u> petitioner has been arrested on
2	additional charges, please list the charges below:
3	Charge(s):
4	Arresting Agency or Agencies:
5	Disposition/Result: (choose from a or b, above):
6	WHEREFORE, the <u>Petitioner</u> petitioner respectfully requests
7	this Honorable Court to (1) <u>to</u> order all law enforcement
8	agencies to expunge all records of <u>Petitioner</u> petitioner
9	related to this incident, and (2) to order the Clerk of the
10	Court to expunge all records concerning the Petitioner
11	petitioner regarding this incident.
12	
13	Petitioner (Signature)
14	
15	Petitioner's Street Address
16	
17	City, State, Zip Code
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19	Petitioner's Telephone Number
20	Pursuant to the penalties of perjury under the Code of Civil
21	Procedure, 735 ILCS 5/1-109, I hereby certify that the
22	statements in this petition are true and correct, or on

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1 information and belief I believe the same to be true.

3 Petitioner (Signature)

(3) The chief judge of the circuit in which an arrest was made or a charge was brought or any judge of that circuit designated by the chief judge may, upon verified petition of a person who is the subject of an arrest or a juvenile court proceeding under subsection (1) $\frac{1}{2}$ of this Section, order the law enforcement records or official court file, or both, to be expunded from the official records of the arresting authority and 7 the clerk of the circuit court and the Department of State Police. The person whose records are to be expunded shall petition the court using the appropriate form containing his or her current address and shall promptly notify the clerk of the circuit court of any change of address. Notice of the petition shall be served upon the State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting the offense, the Department of State Police, and the arresting agency or agencies by the clerk of the circuit court. If an objection is filed within 45 days of the notice of the petition, the clerk of the circuit court shall set a date for hearing after the 45 day objection period. At the hearing the court shall hear evidence on whether the expungement should or should not be granted. Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the Department of State Police, or an arresting agency objects to the expungement within 45 days of the notice, the court may

enter an order granting expungement. The person whose records
are to be expunged shall pay the clerk of the circuit court a
fee equivalent to the cost associated with expungement of
records by the clerk and the Department of State Police. The
clerk shall forward a certified copy of the order to the
Department of State Police, the appropriate portion of the fee
to the Department of State Police for processing, and deliver a
certified copy of the order to the arresting agency.
(3.1) The Notice of Expungement shall be in substantially
the following form:
IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
)
)
)
(Name of Petitioner)
NOTICE
TO: State's Attorney
TO: Arresting Agency
•••••

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(Check One:)

- 25 - LRB097 08029 RLC 48151 b

- 26 - LRB097 08029 RLC 48151 b

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DOB

1	Arresting Agency/Agencies
2	ORDER OF EXPUNGEMENT
3	(705 ILCS 405/5-915 (SUBSECTION 3))
4	This matter having been heard on the petitioner's motion and
5	the court being fully advised in the premises does find that
6	the petitioner is indigent or has presented reasonable cause to
7	waive all costs in this matter, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:
8	() 1. Clerk of Court and Department of State Police costs
9	are hereby waived in this matter.
10	() 2. The Illinois State Police Bureau of Identification
11	and the following law enforcement agencies expunge all records
12	of petitioner relating to an arrest dated for the
13	offense of
14	Law Enforcement Agencies:
15	
16	
17	() 3. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of the Circuit
18	Court expunge all records regarding the above-captioned case.
19	ENTER:
20	
21	JUDGE
22	DATED:
23	Name:
24	Attorney for:
25	Address: City/State/Zip:
26	Attorney Number:

1	(3.3) The Notice of Objection shall be in substantially the
2	following form:
3	IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF, ILLINOIS
4	JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
5	IN THE INTEREST OF) NO.
6)
7)
8)
9	(Name of Petitioner)
10	NOTICE OF OBJECTION
11	TO: (Attorney, Public Defender, Minor)
12	
13	
14	TO: (Illinois State Police)
15	•••••
16	•••••
17	TO: (Clerk of the Court)
18	
19	
20	TO: (Judge)
21	
22	
23	TO: (Arresting Agency/Agencies)
24	

- 1
- 2 ATTENTION: You are hereby notified that an objection has been
- 3 filed by the following entity regarding the above-named minor's
- 4 petition for expungement of juvenile records:
- 5 () State's Attorney's Office;
- 6 () Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
- 7 with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be
- 8 expunded;
- 9 () Department of Illinois State Police; or
- 10 () Arresting Agency or Agencies.
- 11 The agency checked above respectfully requests that this case
- 12 be continued and set for hearing on whether the expungement
- should or should not be granted.
- 14 DATED:
- 15 Name:
- 16 Attorney For:
- 17 Address:
- 18 City/State/Zip:
- 19 Telephone:
- 20 Attorney No.:
- FOR USE BY CLERK OF THE COURT PERSONNEL ONLY
- 22 This matter has been set for hearing on the foregoing
- objection, on in room, located at, before the
- 24 Honorable, Judge, or any judge sitting in his/her stead.
- 25 (Only one hearing shall be set, regardless of the number of
- Notices of Objection received on the same case).

- A copy of this completed Notice of Objection containing the 1
- 2 court date, time, and location, has been sent via regular U.S.
- 3 Mail to the following entities. (If more than one Notice of
- Objection is received on the same case, each one must be
- 5 completed with the court date, time and location and mailed to
- 6 the following entities):
- 7 () Attorney, Public Defender or Minor;
- 8 () State's Attorney's Office;
- 9 () Prosecutor (other than State's Attorney's Office) charged
- 10 with the duty of prosecuting the offense sought to be
- 11 expunged;
- 12 () Department of Illinois State Police; and
- () Arresting agency or agencies. 13
- Date: 14
- 15 Initials of Clerk completing this section:
- 16 (4) Upon entry of an order expunging records or files, the
- 17 offense, which the records or files concern shall be treated as
- if it never occurred. Law enforcement officers and other public 18
- offices and agencies shall properly reply on inquiry that no 19
- 20 record or file exists with respect to the person. The person
- 21 whose records are expunged shall not have to disclose the fact
- 22 of the records or any matter relating thereto on an application
- 23 for employment, credit, or other type of application.
- 24 (5) Records which have not been expunded are sealed, and
- 25 may be obtained only under the provisions of Sections 5-901,
- 5-905 and 5-915. 26

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(6) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit
the maintenance of information relating to an offense after
records or files concerning the offense have been expunged if
the information is kept in a manner that does not enable
identification of the offender. This information may only be
used for statistical and bona fide research purposes.

- (7) (a) The State Appellate Defender shall establish, maintain, and carry out, by December 31, 2004, a juvenile expungement program to provide information and assistance to minors eligible to have their juvenile records expunged.
- (b) The State Appellate Defender shall develop brochures, pamphlets, and other materials in printed form and through the agency's World Wide Web site. The pamphlets and other materials shall include at a minimum the following information:
- (i) An explanation of the State's juvenile expungement process;
- 17 (ii) The circumstances under which juvenile 18 expungement may occur;

(iii) The juvenile offenses that may be expunded;

- (iii) (iv) The steps necessary to initiate and complete the juvenile expungement process; and
- 22 <u>(iv)</u> Directions on how to contact the State 23 Appellate Defender.
- 24 (c) The State Appellate Defender shall establish and 25 maintain a statewide toll-free telephone number that a person 26 may use to receive information or assistance concerning the

- expungement of juvenile records. The State Appellate Defender shall advertise the toll-free telephone number statewide. The State Appellate Defender shall develop an expungement information packet that may be sent to eligible persons seeking expungement of their juvenile records, which may include, but is not limited to, a pre-printed expungement petition with instructions on how to complete the petition and a pamphlet containing information that would assist individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
- 10 (d) The State Appellate Defender shall compile a statewide 11 list of volunteer attorneys willing to assist eligible 12 individuals through the juvenile expungement process.
 - (e) This Section shall be implemented from funds appropriated by the General Assembly to the State Appellate Defender for this purpose. The State Appellate Defender shall employ the necessary staff and adopt the necessary rules for implementation of this Section.
 - (8) (a) Except with respect to law enforcement agencies, the Department of Corrections, State's Attorneys, or other prosecutors, an expunged juvenile record may not be considered by any private or public entity in employment matters, certification, licensing, revocation of certification or licensure, or registration. Applications for employment must contain specific language that states that the applicant is not obligated to disclose expunged juvenile records of conviction or arrest. Employers may not ask if an applicant has had a

- 1 juvenile record expunged. Effective January 1, 2005, the
- 2 Department of Labor shall develop a link on the Department's
- 3 website to inform employers that employers may not ask if an
- 4 applicant had a juvenile record expunged and that application
- 5 for employment must contain specific language that states that
- 6 the applicant is not obligated to disclose expunged juvenile
- 7 records of arrest or conviction.
- 8 (b) A person whose juvenile records have been expunded is
- 9 not entitled to remission of any fines, costs, or other money
- 10 paid as a consequence of expungement. This amendatory Act of
- 11 the 93rd General Assembly does not affect the right of the
- 12 victim of a crime to prosecute or defend a civil action for
- damages.
- 14 (c) The expungement of juvenile records under this Section
- 5-622 shall be funded by the additional fine imposed under
- 16 Section 5-9-1.17 of the Unified Code of Corrections and
- additional appropriations made by the General Assembly for such
- 18 purpose.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 95-861, eff. 1-1-09; 96-707, eff. 1-1-10.)
- 20 Section 15. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
- 21 changing Section 5-9-1.17 as follows:
- 22 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.17)
- Sec. 5-9-1.17. Additional fine to fund expungement of
- 24 juvenile records.

- 1 (a) There shall be added to every penalty imposed in
- 2 sentencing for a criminal offense an additional fine of \$30 to
- 3 be imposed upon a plea of guilty or finding of guilty resulting
- 4 in a judgment of conviction.
- 5 (b) Fifteen Ten dollars of each such additional fine shall
- 6 be remitted to the State Treasurer for deposit into the State
- 7 Police Services Fund to be used to implement the expungement of
- 8 juvenile records as provided in Section 5 622 of the Juvenile
- 9 Court Act of 1987, \$10 shall be paid to the State's Attorney's
- 10 Office that prosecuted the criminal offense, and $\frac{$15}{}$ \$10 shall
- 11 be retained by the Circuit Clerk for administrative costs
- 12 associated with the expungement of juvenile records and shall
- 13 be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and
- 14 Administrative Fund.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 96-707, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)
- 16 (705 ILCS 405/5-622 rep.)
- 17 Section 20. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 18 repealing Section 5-622.
- 19 Section 25. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by
- 20 changing Section 2-103 as follows:
- 21 (775 ILCS 5/2-103) (from Ch. 68, par. 2-103)
- Sec. 2-103. Arrest Record.
- 23 (A) Unless otherwise authorized by law, it is a civil

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rights violation for any employer, employment agency or labor 1 2 organization to inquire into or to use the fact of an arrest or criminal history record information ordered expunged, sealed 3 or impounded under Section 5.2 of the Criminal Identification 4 5 Act or expunged under Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 as a basis to refuse to hire, to segregate, or to act 6 7 with respect to recruitment, hiring, promotion, renewal of 8 employment, selection for training or apprenticeship, 9 discharge, discipline, tenure or terms, privileges 10 conditions of employment. This Section does not prohibit a 11 State agency, unit of local government or school district, or 12 private organization from requesting or utilizing sealed 13 felony conviction information obtained from the Department of State Police under the provisions of Section 3 of the Criminal 14 Identification Act or under other State or federal laws or 15 16 regulations that require criminal background checks 17 evaluating the qualifications and character of an employee or a prospective employee. 18

(B) The prohibition against the use of the fact of an arrest contained in this Section shall not be construed to prohibit an employer, employment agency, or labor organization from obtaining or using other information which indicates that a person actually engaged in the conduct for which he or she was arrested.

25 (Source: P.A. 96-409, eff. 1-1-10.)