1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Illinois Residential Real Property Transfer on Death
- 6 Instrument Act.
- 7 Section 5. Definitions. In this Act:
- 8 "Beneficiary" means a person that receives residential
- 9 real estate under a transfer on death instrument.
- "Designated beneficiary" means a person designated to
- 11 receive residential real estate in a transfer on death
- 12 instrument.
- 13 "Joint owner" means an individual who owns residential real
- 14 estate concurrently with one or more other individuals with a
- 15 right of survivorship. The term includes a joint tenant or a
- tenant by the entirety. The term does not include a tenant in
- 17 common.
- 18 "Owner" means an individual who makes a transfer on death
- 19 instrument.
- "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust,
- 21 land trust, estate, inter-vivos revocable or irrevocable
- 22 trust, testamentary trust, partnership, limited liability
- 23 company, association, joint venture, public corporation,

- 1 government or governmental subdivision, agency, or
- instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 3 "Residential real estate" means real property improved
- 4 with not less than one nor more than 4 residential dwelling
- 5 units, units in residential cooperatives; or, condominium
- 6 units, including the limited common elements allocated to the
- 7 exclusive use thereof that form an integral part of the
- 8 condominium unit; or a single tract of agriculture real estate
- 9 consisting of 40 acres or less which is improved with a single
- 10 family residence.
- 11 "Transfer on death instrument" means an instrument
- 12 authorized under this Act.
- 13 Section 10. Applicability. This Act applies to only a
- 14 transfer of residential real estate as defined in this Act by
- 15 means of a transfer on death instrument made before, on, or
- after the effective date of this Act, by an owner dying on or
- 17 after the effective date of this Act.
- 18 Section 15. Non-exclusivity. This Act does not affect any
- 19 method of transferring residential real estate otherwise
- 20 permitted under the law of this State.
- 21 Section 20. Transfer on death instrument authorized. An
- 22 owner may transfer residential real estate by a transfer on
- 23 death instrument to one or more beneficiaries as owners,

- concurrently or successively, and upon any contingency, 1
- 2 effective at the owner's death.
- 3 Section 25. Transfer on death instrument revocable. A
- 4 transfer on death instrument is revocable even if the
- 5 instrument or another instrument contains
- 6 provision.
- 7 Section 30. Transfer on death instrument nontestamentary.
- 8 A transfer on death instrument is a nontestamentary instrument
- 9 and is subject to all other laws governing or affecting
- 10 nontestamentary instruments.
- Section 35. Capacity of owner and agent's authority. The 11
- 12 capacity required to make or revoke a transfer on death
- 13 instrument is the same as the capacity required to make a will.
- 14 Unless expressly authorized by the owner under a power of
- attorney or similar instrument creating an agency, an agent for 15
- an owner does not have the authority to create or revoke a 16
- transfer on death instrument. 17
- 18 Section 40. Requirements. A transfer on death instrument:
- 19 contain the essential elements (1)must.
- formalities of a properly recordable inter vivos deed; and 20
- must be executed, witnessed, and acknowledged in 21
- 22 compliance with Section 45;

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

- 1 (2) must state that the transfer to the designated 2 beneficiary is to occur at the owner's death; and
 - (3) must be recorded before the owner's death in the public records in the office of the recorder of the county or counties in which any part of the residential real estate is located.
 - Section 45. Signing, attestation, and acknowledgement. Every transfer on death instrument shall be signed by the owner or by some person in his or her presence and by his or her direction, and shall be attested in writing by 2 or more credible witnesses, whose signatures along with the owner's signature shall be acknowledged by a notary public. The witnesses shall attest in writing that on the date thereof the owner executed the transfer on death instrument in their presence as his or her own free and voluntary act, and that at the time of the execution the witnesses believed the owner to be of sound mind and memory.
 - Section 50. Notice, delivery, or consideration not required. A transfer on death instrument is effective without:
- 20 (1) notice or delivery to the designated beneficiary 21 during the owner's life; or
- 22 (2) consideration.
- 23 Section 55. Revocation by recorded instrument authorized;

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

| L | revocation : | bv ac | ct or | unrecorded | instrument. | not | authorized. |
|---|--------------|-------|-------|------------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| | | | | | | | |

- 2 (a) An instrument is effective to revoke a recorded 3 transfer on death instrument, or any part of it, only if
 - (1) it is:
 - (A) another transfer on death instrument that revokes the instrument or part of the instrument expressly or by inconsistency; or
 - (B) an instrument of revocation that expressly revokes the instrument or part of the instrument; and (2) it is
 - (A) executed, witnessed, and acknowledged in the same manner as is required by Section 45 on a date that is after the date of the acknowledgment of the instrument being revoked; and
 - (B) recorded before the owner's death in the public records in the office of the recorder of the county or counties where the prior transfer on death instrument is recorded.
- (b) A transfer on death instrument executed and recorded in 19 20 accordance with this Act may not be revoked by a revocatory act 21 on the instrument, by an unrecorded instrument, or by a 22 provision in a will.
- 23 Section 60. Effect of transfer on death instrument during 24 owner's life.
 - (a) During an owner's life, a transfer on death instrument

| does not |
|----------|
|----------|

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

| 2 | | (1) | affec | t the | rig | ht of | the | owner, | any | other c | wner, |
|---|-----|------|---------|-------|------|-------|-----|--------|-----|----------|-------|
| 3 | or | an | agent | for | the | owner | to | sell | or | encumbe: | r the |
| 4 | res | ider | ntial r | eal e | stat | e; | | | | | |

- (2) affect an interest or right of a transferee, lienholder, mortgagee, option holder or grantee even if the transferee, lienholder, mortgagee, option holder or grantee has actual or constructive notice of the instrument:
- (3) affect an interest or right of a secured or unsecured creditor or future creditor of the owner, even if the creditor has actual or constructive notice of the instrument;
- (4) affect the owner's or designated beneficiary's eligibility for any form of public assistance;
- (5) create a legal or equitable interest in favor of the designated beneficiary; or
- (6) subject the residential real estate to claims or process of a creditor of the designated beneficiary.
- (b) If after recording a transfer on death instrument, the owner makes a contract for the sale or transfer of the residential real estate or some part thereof that is the subject of the transfer on death instrument and the whole or any part of the contract remains executory at the owner's death, the disposition of the residential real estate by the contract does not revoke the transfer on death instrument but

1.3

- 1 the residential real estate passes to the designated
- 2 beneficiary or beneficiary subject to the contract.
- 3 Section 65. Effect of transfer on death instrument at owner's death.
 - (a) Except as otherwise provided in the transfer on death instrument, in this Section, or in the Probate Act of 1975 or any other Act applicable to nontestamentary instruments, on the death of the owner, the following rules apply to residential real estate that is the subject of a transfer on death instrument and owned by the owner at death:
 - (1) Subject to the beneficiary's right to disclaim or refuse to accept the transfer, the interest in the residential real estate is transferred to the beneficiary in accordance with the instrument.
 - (2) If a designated beneficiary fails to survive the owner or is not in existence on the date of the owner's death, then except as provided in paragraph (3) the residential real estate shall pass to the owner's estate.
 - (3) Unless the owner provides otherwise, if the designated beneficiary is a descendant of the owner who dies before the owner, the descendants of the deceased designated beneficiary living at the time of the owner's death shall take the residential real estate per stirpes. If the designated beneficiary is one of a class of designated beneficiaries, and any member of the class dies

2

3

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

before the owner, the members of the class living when the owner dies shall take the share or shares which the deceased member would have taken if he or she were then living, except that if the deceased member of the class is a descendant of the owner, the descendants of the deceased member then living shall take per stirpes the share or shares which the deceased member would have taken if he or she were then living.

- (b) Subject to the Probate Act of 1975 and the Conveyances Act, a beneficiary takes the residential real estate subject to all conveyances, encumbrances, assignments, contracts, options, mortgages, liens, and other interests to which the residential real estate is subject at the owner's death.
- (c) A transfer on death instrument transfers residential real estate without covenant or warranty of title even if the instrument contains a contrary provision.
 - (d) If there is no sufficient evidence of the order of the owner and designated beneficiary's deaths, otherwise than simultaneously, and there is no other provision in the transfer on death instrument, for purposes of this Section, the designated beneficiary shall be deemed to have predeceased the owner.
- 23 Section 70. Joint owners.
- 24 (a) One or more joint owners may execute a transfer on 25 death instrument.

- 1 (b) If all of the joint owners execute a transfer on death
- 2 instrument, then an instrument of joint owners is revoked only
- 3 if it is revoked by all of the then living joint owners. A
- 4 transfer on death instrument is revocable by the last surviving
- 5 joint owner notwithstanding any contract or agreement between
- 6 the joint owners to the contrary.
- 7 (c) If less than all of the joint owners execute a transfer
- 8 on death instrument, the transfer on death instrument will be
- 9 governed by the designation of the joint owner who is the last
- 10 to die of all the joint owners. If the last to die joint owner
- did not execute a transfer on death instrument, the designation
- of any prior deceased joint owner is ineffective.
- 13 (d) A transfer on death instrument shall not sever a joint
- tenancy or tenancy by the entirety.
- 15 Section 75. Notice of death affidavit, acceptance and
- 16 effective date of transfer. A transfer on death instrument is
- 17 effective as of the owner's death upon the filing of a notice
- 18 of death affidavit and acceptance by the beneficiary or
- 19 beneficiaries in the office of the recorder in the county or
- 20 counties where the residential real estate is located. The
- 21 notice of death affidavit and acceptance shall contain the name
- 22 and address of each beneficiary who shall take under the
- 23 transfer on death instrument, a legal description of the
- 24 property, the street address, and parcel identification number
- of the residential real estate, the name of the deceased owner,

and the date of death. The notice of death affidavit and

- 2 acceptance shall be signed by each beneficiary or by the
- 3 beneficiary's authorized representative.
- 4 Section 80. Disclaimer. A beneficiary may disclaim all or
- 5 part of the beneficiary's interest as provided by Disclaimers
- 6 Under Nontestamentary Instrument Act.
- 7 Section 85. Rights of creditors and statutory claimants. A
- 8 beneficiary of a transfer on death instrument is subject to the
- 9 claims of creditors and statutory claimants to the same extent
- as a beneficiary of any nontestamentary transfer.
- 11 Section 90. Limitations. An action to set aside or contest
- 12 the validity of a transfer on death instrument shall be
- 13 commenced within the earlier of 2 years after the date of the
- owner's death or 6 months from the date that letters of office
- 15 are issued.
- 16 Section 95. Preparation of a transfer on death instrument
- or its revocation is the practice of law. The drafting and
- 18 preparation of a transfer on death instrument or its
- 19 revocation, and the supervision of its execution or revocation
- is the practice of law. Any non-lawyer who drafts, prepares or
- 21 supervises the execution or revocation of a transfer on death
- 22 instrument for another is quilty of an unlawful practice within

- 1 the meaning of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business
- 2 Practices Act. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit an owner
- 3 from drafting or supervising the execution or revocation of his
- 4 or her own transfer on death instrument.
- 5 Section 100. Form of notice of death affidavit and
- 6 acceptance. The following form shall be used to give notice of
- 7 the owner's death and to accept the transfer by the
- 8 beneficiary:
- 9 (front of form)
- 10 NOTICE: This Notice of Death Affidavit and Acceptance form or
- 11 equivalent form must be recorded by the beneficiary after the
- death of the owner to make the transfer on death instrument
- 13 effective. You should consult a lawyer before using this form.
- 14 NOTICE OF DEATH AFFIDAVIT AND ACCEPTANCE OF
- TRANSFER ON DEATH INSTRUMENT
- 16 PREPARED BY AND RETURN TO:
- 17 SEND SUBSEQUENT TAX BILL TO:
- 18 The undersigned beneficiary or beneficiaries, being duly sworn
- on oath, state as follows:
- 20 That [name of owner] died on, 20....., a resident
- of [name of county], [name of state], owning residential real

HB1153 Engrossed - 12 - LRB097 00025 AJO 47182 b

| 1 | I, the undersigned, a Notary Public in and for the State |
|----|--|
| 2 | aforesaid, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT [NAME OF BENEFICIARY OR |
| 3 | BENEFICIARIES] personally known to me to be the same person or |
| 4 | persons whose name or names are subscribed to the foregoing |
| 5 | instrument, appeared before me this day in person and swore on |
| 6 | oath to the above foregoing affidavit. Signed and sworn to |
| 7 | before me this day of, A.D. 20 |
| | |
| 8 | My commission expires on |
| 9 | (SEAL) |
| 10 | |
| 11 | Notary Public |