1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 1-129.1, 6-206.1, and 6-208.1 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/1-129.1)
- 7 Sec. 1-129.1. Ignition interlock device, breath alcohol
- 8 ignition interlock device (BAIID). A device installed in a
- 9 motor vehicle that prevents the vehicle from starting until the
- device has determined by an analysis of the driver's breath
- 11 that the driver's <u>breath</u> blood alcohol is below a certain
- 12 preset level.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 91-127, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 14 (625 ILCS 5/6-206.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1)
- 15 Sec. 6-206.1. Monitoring Device Driving Permit.
- Declaration of Policy. It is hereby declared a policy of the
- 17 State of Illinois that the driver who is impaired by alcohol,
- other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds is a
- 19 threat to the public safety and welfare. Therefore, to provide
- 20 a deterrent to such practice, a statutory summary driver's
- 21 license suspension is appropriate. It is also recognized that
- 22 driving is a privilege and therefore, that the granting of

driving privileges, in a manner consistent with public safety, 1 2 is warranted during the period of suspension in the form of a 3 monitoring device driving permit. A person who drives and fails 4 to comply with the requirements of the monitoring device

driving permit commits a violation of Section 6-303 of this

Code.

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The following procedures shall apply whenever a first offender, as defined in Section 11-500 of this Code, is arrested for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance and is subject to the provisions of Section 11-501.1:

(a) Upon mailing of the notice of suspension of driving privileges as provided in subsection (h) of Section 11-501.1 of this Code, the Secretary shall also send written notice informing the person that he or she will be issued a monitoring device driving permit (MDDP). The notice shall include, at minimum, information summarizing the procedure to be followed for issuance of the MDDP, installation of the breath alcohol ignition installation device (BAIID), as provided in this Section, exemption from BAIID installation requirements, and procedures to be followed by those seeking indigent status, as provided in this Section. The notice shall also include information summarizing the procedure to be followed if the person wishes to decline issuance of the MDDP. A copy of the notice shall also be sent to the court of venue together with the notice of suspension of driving privileges, as provided in

subsection (h) of Section 11-501. However, a MDDP shall not be
issued if the Secretary finds that: Subsequent to a
notification of a statutory summary suspension of driving
privileges as provided in Section 11-501.1, the court, after
informing the first offender, as defined in Section 11 500, of
his or her right to a monitoring device driving permit,
hereinafter referred to as a MDDP, and of the obligations of
the MDDP, shall enter an order directing the Secretary of State
(hereinafter referred to as the Secretary) to issue a MDDP to
the offender, unless the offender has opted, in writing, not to
have a MDDP issued. After opting out of having a MDDP issued,
at any time during the summary suspension, the offender may
petition the court for an order directing the Secretary to
issue a MDDP. However, the court shall not enter the order
directing the Secretary to issue the MDDP, in any instance, if
the court finds:

- (1) The offender's driver's license is otherwise invalid;
- (2) Death or great bodily harm resulted from the arrest for Section 11-501;
- (3) The That the offender has been previously convicted of reckless homicide or aggravated driving under the influence involving death; or
- (4) The That the offender is less than 18 years of age. Any offender participating in the MDDP program must Any court order for a MDDP shall order the person to pay the

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Secretary a MDDP Administration Fee in an amount not to exceed \$30 per month, to be deposited into the Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration Fee Fund. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these fees. The The order shall further specify that the offender must have an ignition interlock device installed within 14 days of the date the Secretary issues the MDDP. The ignition interlock device provider must notify the Secretary, in a manner and form prescribed by the Secretary, of the installation. If the Secretary does not receive notice of installation, the Secretary shall cancel the MDDP.

A MDDP shall not become effective prior to the 31st day of the original statutory summary suspension.

Upon receipt of the notice, as provided in paragraph (a) of this Section, the person may file a petition to decline issuance of the MDDP with the court of venue. The court shall admonish the offender of all consequences of declining issuance of the MDDP including, but not limited to, the enhanced penalties for driving while suspended. After being so admonished, the offender shall be permitted, in writing, to execute a notice declining issuance of the MDDP. This notice shall be filed with the court and forwarded by the clerk of the court to the Secretary. The offender may, at any time thereafter, apply to the Secretary for issuance of a MDDP.

(a-1) A person issued a MDDP may drive for any purpose and

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at any time, subject to the rules adopted by the Secretary under subsection (q). The person must, at his or her own expense, drive only vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1, but in no event shall such person drive a commercial motor vehicle.

Persons who are issued a MDDP and must drive employer-owned vehicles in the course of their employment duties may seek permission to drive an employer-owned vehicle that does not have an ignition interlock device. The employer shall provide to the Secretary a form, as prescribed by the Secretary, completed by the employer verifying that the employee must drive an employer-owned vehicle in the course of employment. If approved by the Secretary, the form must be in the driver's possession while operating an employer-owner vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device. No person may use this exemption to drive a school bus, school vehicle, or a vehicle designed to transport more than 15 passengers. No person may use this exemption to drive an employer-owned motor vehicle that is owned by an entity that is wholly or partially owned by the person holding the MDDP, or by a family member of the person holding the MDDP. No person may use this exemption to drive an employer-owned vehicle that is made available to the employee for personal use. No person may drive the exempted vehicle more than 12 hours per day, 6 days per week.

(a-3) Persons who are issued a MDDP and who must drive a

- farm tractor to and from a farm, within 50 air miles from the 1
- 2 originating farm are exempt from installation of a BAIID on the
- 3 farm tractor, so long as the farm tractor is being used for the
- exclusive purpose of conducting farm operations. 4
- 5 (b) (Blank).
- 6 (c) (Blank).

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- (c-1) If the holder of the MDDP is convicted of or receives 7 court supervision for a violation of Section 6-206.2, 6-303, 8 11-204, 11-204.1, 11-401, 11-501, 11-503, 11-506 or a similar 9 10 provision of a local ordinance or a similar out-of-state 11 offense or is convicted of or receives court supervision for 12 any offense for which alcohol or drugs is an element of the 13 offense and in which a motor vehicle was involved (for an arrest other than the one for which the MDDP is issued), or 14 15 de-installs the BAIID without prior authorization from the 16 Secretary, the MDDP shall be cancelled.
 - (c-5) If the Secretary court determines that the person seeking the MDDP is indigent, the Secretary court shall provide the person with a written document, in a form prescribed by the Secretary, as evidence of that determination, and the person shall provide that written document to an ignition interlock device provider. The provider shall install an ignition interlock device on that person's vehicle without charge to the person, and seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund. If the Secretary court has deemed an offender indigent, the BAIID provider shall also provide the normal monthly monitoring

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services and the de-installation without charge to the offender and seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund. Any other monetary charges, such as a lockout fee or reset fee, shall be the responsibility of the MDDP holder. A BAIID provider may not seek a security deposit from the Indigent BAIID Fund. The court shall also forward a copy of the indigent determination to the Secretary, in a manner and form as prescribed by the Secretary.

(d) MDDP The Secretary shall, upon receiving a court order, issue a MDDP to a person who applies for a MDDP under this Section. Such court order shall contain the name, driver's license number, and legal address of the applicant. This information shall be available only to the courts, police officers, and the Secretary, except during the actual period the MDDP is valid, during which time it shall be a public record. The Secretary shall design and furnish to the courts an official court order form to be used by the courts directing the Secretary to issue a MDDP.

Any submitted court order that contains insufficient data or fails to comply with this Code shall not be utilized for MDDP issuance or entered to the driver record but shall be returned to the issuing court indicating why the MDDP cannot be entered. A notice of this action shall also be sent to the MDDP applicant by the Secretary.

- (e) (Blank).
- 25 (f) (Blank).
- 26 (q) The Secretary shall adopt rules for implementing this

- Section. The rules adopted shall address issues including, but 1
- 2 not limited to: compliance with the requirements of the MDDP;
- 3 methods for determining compliance with those requirements;
- the consequences of noncompliance with those requirements; 4
- 5 what constitutes a violation of the MDDP; methods for
- determining indigency; and the duties of a person or entity 6
- 7 that supplies the ignition interlock device.
- 8 (h) The rules adopted under subsection (q) shall provide,
- 9 at a minimum, that the person is not in compliance with the
- 10 requirements of the MDDP if he or she:
- 11 (1) tampers or attempts to tamper with or circumvent
- 12 the proper operation of the ignition interlock device;
- 13 (2) provides valid breath samples that register blood
- alcohol levels in excess of the number of times allowed 14
- 15 under the rules;
- 16 (3) fails to provide evidence sufficient to satisfy the
- 17 Secretary that the ignition interlock device has been
- installed in the designated vehicle or vehicles; or 18
- 19 (4) fails to follow any other applicable rules adopted
- 20 by the Secretary.
- 21 Any person or entity that supplies an ignition
- 22 interlock device as provided under this Section shall, in
- 23 addition to supplying only those devices which fully comply
- with all the rules adopted under subsection (g), provide the 24
- 25 Secretary, within 7 days of inspection, all monitoring reports
- 26 of each person who has had an ignition interlock device

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installed. These reports shall be furnished in a manner or form as prescribed by the Secretary.

(j) Upon making a determination that a violation of the requirements of the MDDP has occurred, the Secretary shall extend the summary suspension period for an additional 3 months beyond the originally imposed summary suspension period, during which time the person shall only be allowed to drive vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device; provided further there are no limitations on the total number of times the summary suspension may be extended. The Secretary may, however, limit the number of extensions imposed for violations occurring during any one monitoring period, as set forth by rule. Any person whose summary suspension is extended pursuant to this Section shall have the right to contest the extension through a hearing with the Secretary, pursuant to Section 2-118 of this Code. If the summary suspension has already terminated prior to the Secretary receiving the monitoring report that shows a violation, the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend the person's driving privileges for 3 months, provided that the Secretary may, by rule, limit the number of suspensions to be entered pursuant to this paragraph for violations occurring during any one monitoring period. Any person whose license is suspended pursuant to this paragraph, after the summary suspension had already terminated, shall have the right to contest the suspension through a hearing with the Secretary, pursuant to Section 2-118 of this Code. The only permit the

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person shall be eliqible for during this new suspension period 1 2 is a MDDP.

- (k) A person who has had his or her summary suspension extended for the third time, or has any combination of 3 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle impounded for a period of 30 days, at the person's own expense. A person who has his or her summary suspension extended for the fourth time, or has any combination of 4 extensions and new suspensions, entered as a result of a violation that occurred while holding the MDDP, so long as the extensions and new suspensions relate to the same summary suspension, shall have his or her vehicle subject to seizure and forfeiture. The Secretary shall notify the prosecuting authority of any third or fourth extensions or new suspension entered as a result of a violation that occurred while the person held a MDDP. Upon receipt of the notification, the prosecuting authority shall impound or forfeit the vehicle.
- (1) A person whose driving privileges have been suspended under Section 11-501.1 of this Code and who had a MDDP that was cancelled, or would have been cancelled had notification of a violation been received prior to expiration of the MDDP, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of this Section, shall not be eligible for reinstatement when the summary suspension is scheduled to terminate. Instead, the person's

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Section.

- privileges shall be suspended for a period of not less than 1 twice the original summary suspension period, or for the length of any extensions entered under subsection (j), whichever is longer. During the period of suspension, the person shall be eligible only to apply for a restricted driving permit. If a restricted driving permit is granted, the offender may only operate vehicles equipped with a BAIID in accordance with this
 - Any person or entity that supplies an ignition interlock device under this Section shall, for each ignition interlock device installed, pay 5% of the total gross revenue received for the device, including monthly monitoring fees, into the Indigent BAIID Fund. This 5% shall be clearly indicated as a separate surcharge on each invoice that is issued. The Secretary shall conduct an annual review of the fund to determine whether the surcharge is sufficient to provide for indigent users. The Secretary may increase or decrease this surcharge requirement as needed.
 - Any person or entity that supplies an ignition (n) interlock device under this Section that is requested to provide an ignition interlock device to a person who presents written documentation of indigency from the Secretary court, as provided in subsection (c-5) of this Section, shall install the device on the person's vehicle without charge to the person and shall seek reimbursement from the Indigent BAIID Fund.
 - (o) The Indigent BAIID Fund is created as a special fund in

- 1 the State treasury. The Secretary shall, subject to
- 2 appropriation by the General Assembly, use all money in the
- 3 Indigent BAIID Fund to reimburse ignition interlock device
- 4 providers who have installed devices in vehicles of indigent
- 5 persons pursuant to court orders issued under this Section. The
- 6 Secretary shall make payments to such providers every 3 months.
- 7 If the amount of money in the fund at the time payments are
- 8 made is not sufficient to pay all requests for reimbursement
- 9 submitted during that 3 month period, the Secretary shall make
- 10 payments on a pro-rata basis, and those payments shall be
- 11 considered payment in full for the requests submitted.
- 12 (p) The Monitoring Device Driving Permit Administration
- 13 Fee Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury.
- 14 The Secretary shall, subject to appropriation by the General
- 15 Assembly, use the money paid into this fund to offset its
- administrative costs for administering MDDPs.
- 17 (q) The Secretary is authorized to prescribe such forms as
- 18 it deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this Section.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-578, eff. 1-1-09; 95-855,
- 20 eff. 1-1-09; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 96-184, eff. 8-10-09.)
- 21 (625 ILCS 5/6-208.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1)
- Sec. 6-208.1. Period of statutory summary alcohol, other
- drug, or intoxicating compound related suspension.
- 24 (a) Unless the statutory summary suspension has been
- 25 rescinded, any person whose privilege to drive a motor vehicle

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- on the public highways has been summarily suspended, pursuant 1 2 to Section 11-501.1, shall not be eligible for restoration of 3 the privilege until the expiration of:
 - Twelve months from the effective date of statutory summary suspension for a refusal or failure to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration, pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
 - 2. Six months from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension imposed following the person's submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
 - 3. Three years from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
 - 4. One year from the effective date of the summary

suspension imposed for any person other than a first offender following submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or any amount of a drug, substance or compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.

- (b) Following a statutory summary suspension of the privilege to drive a motor vehicle under Section 11-501.1, driving privileges shall be restored unless the person is otherwise suspended, revoked, or cancelled by this Code. If the court has reason to believe that the person's driving privilege should not be restored, the court shall notify the Secretary of State prior to the expiration of the statutory summary suspension so appropriate action may be taken pursuant to this Code.
- (c) Driving privileges may not be restored until all applicable reinstatement fees, as provided by this Code, have been paid to the Secretary of State and the appropriate entry made to the driver's record.
- (d) Where a driving privilege has been summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 and the person is subsequently convicted

- of violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local 1
- 2 ordinance, for the same incident, any period served on
- statutory summary suspension shall be credited toward the 3
- 4 minimum period of revocation of driving privileges imposed
- 5 pursuant to Section 6-205.
- 6 (e) (Blank). Following a statutory summary suspension of
- 7 driving privileges pursuant to Section 11 501.1, for a first
- offender, the circuit court shall, unless the offender has 8
- 9 opted in writing not to have a monitoring device driving permit
- 10 issued, order the Secretary of State to issue a monitoring
- device driving permit as provided in Section 6-206.1. A 11
- 12 monitoring device driving permit shall not be effective prior
- to the 31st day of the statutory summary suspension. 13
- 14 (f) (Blank).
- (g) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving 15
- 16 privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1 where the person was
- 17 not a first offender, as defined in Section 11-500, the
- Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit. 18
- 19 (h) (Blank).
- 20 (Source: P.A. 95-355, eff. 1-1-08; 95-400, eff. 1-1-09; 95-876,
- eff. 8-21-08.) 21
- 22 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect January
- 1, 2011. 23