

Sen. Terry Link

## Filed: 3/18/2009

09600SB0080sam004 LRB096 03305 JAM 24023 a 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 80 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 80, AS AMENDED, by 3 replacing everything after the enacting clause with the 4 following: 5 "Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing 6 Sections 7-41, 17-29, 19-2.2, and 19A-70 as follows: 7 (10 ILCS 5/7-41) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-41) Sec. 7-41. (a) All officers upon whom is imposed by law the 8 duty of designating and providing polling places for general 9 10 elections, shall provide in each such polling place so designated and provided, a sufficient number of booths for such 11 12 primary election, which booths shall be provided with shelves, 13 such supplies and pencils as will enable the voter to prepare his ballot for voting and in which voters may prepare their 14 15 ballots screened from all observation as to the manner in which they do so. Such booths shall be within plain view of the 16

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election officers and both they and the ballot boxes shall be within plain view of those within the proximity of the voting booths. No person other than election officers and the challengers allowed by law and those admitted for the purpose of voting, as hereinafter provided, shall be permitted within the proximity of the voting booths, except by authority of the primary officers to keep order and enforce the law.

8 (b) The number of such voting booths shall not be less than 9 one to every seventy-five voters or fraction thereof, who voted 10 at the last preceding election in the precinct or election 11 district.

(c) No person shall do any electioneering or soliciting of 12 13 votes on primary day within any polling place or within one hundred feet of any polling place, or, at the option of a 14 15 church or private school, on any of the property of that church 16 or private school that is a polling place. Election officers shall place 2 or more cones, small United States national 17 flags, or some other marker a distance of 100 horizontal feet 18 from each entrance to the room used by voters to engage in 19 20 voting, which shall be known as the polling room. If the 21 polling room is located within a building that is a private business, a public or private school, or a church or other 22 23 organization founded for the purpose of religious worship and 24 the distance of 100 horizontal feet ends within the interior of 25 the building, then the markers shall be placed outside of the 26 building at each entrance used by voters to enter that building

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1 on the grounds adjacent to the thoroughfare or walkway. If the 2 polling room is located within a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on the 3 4 ground floor, then the markers shall be placed 100 horizontal 5 feet from each entrance to the polling room used by voters to 6 engage in voting. If the polling room is located in a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is 7 located on a floor above or below the ground floor, then the 8 9 markers shall be placed a distance of 100 feet from the nearest 10 elevator or staircase used by voters on the ground floor to 11 access the floor where the polling room is located. The area within where the markers are placed shall be known as a 12 13 campaign free zone, and electioneering is prohibited pursuant 14 to this subsection. Notwithstanding any other provision of this 15 Section, a church or private school may choose to apply the 16 campaign free zone to its entire property, and, if the 30, 17 markers shall be placed near the boundaries on the grounds 18 to the thoroughfares or walkways leading to the adjacent entrances used by the voters. At or near the door of each 19 20 polling place, the election judges shall place signage 21 indicating the proper entrance to the polling place. In 22 addition, the election judges shall ensure that a sian identifying the location of the polling place is placed on a 23 24 nearby public roadway. The State Board of Elections shall 25 establish guidelines for the placement of polling place 26 signage.

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1 The area on polling place property beyond the campaign free 2 zone, whether publicly or privately owned, is a public forum 3 for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At the 4 request of election officers any publicly owned building must 5 be made available for use as a polling place. A person shall 6 have the right to congregate and engage in electioneering on any polling place property while the polls are open beyond the 7 campaign free zone, <u>except</u> for including but not limited to, 8 9 the placement of temporary signs. This subsection shall be 10 construed liberally in favor of persons engaging in 11 electioneering on all polling place property beyond the campaign free zone for the time that the polls are open on an 12 13 election day.

The regulation of electioneering on polling place 14 (d) 15 property on an election day, including but not limited to the 16 placement of temporary signs, is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate 17 electioneering and any ordinance or local law contrary to 18 subsection (c) is declared void. This is a denial and 19 20 limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. 21 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.) 22

23 (10 ILCS 5/17-29) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-29)

24 Sec. 17-29. (a) No judge of election, pollwatcher, or other 25 person shall, at any primary or election, do any electioneering 09600SB0080sam004 -5- LRB096 03305 JAM 24023 a

1 or soliciting of votes or engage in any political discussion within any polling place, within 100 feet of any polling place-2 or, at the option of a church or private school, on any of the 3 property of that church or private school that is a polling 4 5 place; no person shall interrupt, hinder or oppose any voter 6 while approaching within those areas for the purpose of voting. Judges of election shall enforce the provisions of 7 this 8 Section.

9 (b) Election officers shall place 2 or more cones, small 10 United States national flags, or some other marker a distance 11 of 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the room used by voters to engage in voting, which shall be known as the polling 12 13 room. If the polling room is located within a building that is a private business, a public or private school, or a church or 14 15 other organization founded for the purpose of religious worship 16 and the distance of 100 horizontal feet ends within the interior of the building, then the markers shall be placed 17 outside of the building at each entrance used by voters to 18 enter that building on the grounds adjacent to the thoroughfare 19 20 or walkway. If the polling room is located within a public or 21 private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is 22 located on the ground floor, then the markers shall be placed 23 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the polling room used 24 by voters to engage in voting. If the polling room is located 25 in a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on a floor above or below the ground 26

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1 floor, then the markers shall be placed a distance of 100 feet 2 from the nearest elevator or staircase used by voters on the 3 ground floor to access the floor where the polling room is 4 located. The area within where the markers are placed shall be 5 known as a campaign free zone, and electioneering is prohibited 6 pursuant to this subsection. Notwithstanding any other 7 provision of this Section, a church or private school may 8 choose to apply the campaign free zone to its entire property, 9 and, if so, the markers shall be placed near the boundaries on 10 the grounds adjacent to the thoroughfares or walkways leading 11 to the entrances used by the voters.

The area on polling place property beyond the campaign free 12 zone, whether publicly or privately owned, is a public forum 13 14 for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At the 15 request of election officers any publicly owned building must 16 be made available for use as a polling place. A person shall have the right to congregate and engage in electioneering on 17 18 any polling place property while the polls are open beyond the campaign free zone, except for including but not limited to, 19 20 the placement of temporary signs. This subsection shall be 21 construed liberally in favor of persons engaging in electioneering on all polling place property beyond the 22 23 campaign free zone for the time that the polls are open on an 24 election day. At or near the door of each polling place, the 25 election judges shall place signage indicating the proper 26 entrance to the polling place. In addition, the election judges

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1 shall ensure that a sign identifying the location of the 2 polling place is placed on a nearby public roadway. The State 3 Board of Elections shall establish guidelines for the placement 4 of polling place signage.

5 (c) The regulation of electioneering on polling place 6 property on an election day, including but not limited to the placement of temporary signs, is an exclusive power and 7 function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate 8 9 electioneering and any ordinance or local law contrary to 10 subsection (c) is declared void. This is a denial and 11 limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. 12 13 (Source: P.A. 95-699, eff. 11-9-07.)

14 (10 ILCS 5/19-2.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-2.2)

15 Sec. 19-2.2. (a) During the period beginning on the 40th day preceding an election and continuing through the day 16 preceding such election, no advertising pertaining to any 17 candidate or proposition to be voted upon shall be displayed in 18 19 or within 100 feet of any room used by voters pursuant to this 20 Article, or, at the option of a church or private school, on 21 any of the property of that church or private school that is a 22 polling place; nor shall any person engage in electioneering in 23 or within 100 feet of any such room, or, at the option of a 24 church or private school, on any of the property of that church or private school that is a polling place. Any person who 25

1 violates this Section may be punished as for contempt of court. 2 (b) Election officers shall place 2 or more cones, small United States national flags, or some other marker a distance 3 4 of 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the room used by 5 voters to engage in voting, or, at the option of a church or private school, on any of the property of that church or 6 private school that is a polling place, which shall be known as 7 the polling room. If the polling room is located within a 8 building that is a private business, a public or private 9 10 school, or a church or other organization founded for the 11 purpose of religious worship and the distance of 100 horizontal feet ends within the interior of the building, then the markers 12 13 shall be placed outside of the building at each entrance used 14 by voters to enter that building on the grounds adjacent to the 15 thoroughfare or walkway. If the polling room is located within 16 a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on the ground floor, then the markers 17 shall be placed 100 horizontal feet from each entrance to the 18 19 polling room used by voters to engage in voting. If the polling 20 room is located in a public or private building with 2 or more floors and the polling room is located on a floor above or 21 22 below the ground floor, then the markers shall be placed a distance of 100 feet from the nearest elevator or staircase 23 24 used by voters on the ground floor to access the floor where 25 the polling room is located. The area within where the markers 26 are placed shall be known as a campaign free zone, and 09600SB0080sam004 -9- LRB096 03305 JAM 24023 a

electioneering is prohibited pursuant to this subsection.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section, a church
or private school may choose to apply the campaign free zone to
its entire property, and, if so, the markers shall be placed
near the boundaries on the grounds adjacent to the
thoroughfares or walkways leading to the entrances used by the

8 The area on polling place property beyond the campaign free 9 zone, whether publicly or privately owned, is a public forum 10 for the time that the polls are open on an election day. At the 11 request of election officers any publicly owned building must be made available for use as a polling place. A person shall 12 have the right to congregate and engage in electioneering on 13 14 any polling place property while the polls are open beyond the 15 campaign free zone, except for including but not limited to, the placement of temporary signs. This subsection shall be 16 liberally in favor of persons engaging 17 construed in electioneering on all polling place property beyond the 18 19 campaign free zone for the time that the polls are open on an 20 election day.

(c) The regulation of electioneering on polling place property on an election day, including but not limited to the placement of temporary signs, is an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate electioneering and any ordinance or local law contrary to subsection (b) is declared void. This is a denial and 09600SB0080sam004

limitation of home rule powers and functions under subsection
 (h) of Section 6 of Article VII of the Illinois Constitution.
 (Source: P.A. 93-574, eff. 8-21-03; 93-847, eff. 7-30-04.)

4 (10 ILCS 5/19A-70)

5 Sec. 19A-70. Advertising or campaigning in proximity of polling place; penalty. During the period prescribed in Section 6 7 19A-15 for early voting by personal appearance, the provisions 8 of Sections 7-41, 17-29, and 19-2.2 shall apply; including that 9 a person is prohibited from placing temporary signs on any part 10 of the polling place property beyond the campaign free zone. This provision is a denial and limitation of home rule powers 11 12 and functions in accordance with subsection (h) of Section 6 of 13 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. no advertising 14 pertaining to any candidate or proposition to be voted on may be displayed in or within 100 feet of any polling place used by 15 16 voters under this Article. No person may engage 17 electioneering in or within 100 feet of any polling place used 18 by voters under this Article. The provisions of Section 17 29 19 with respect to establishment of a campaign free zone apply to 20 polling places under this Article.

21 Any person who violates this Section may be punished for 22 contempt of court.

23 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05.)

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Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon

1 becoming law.".