

96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2009 and 2010 HB5965

Introduced 2/10/2010, by Rep. Chapin Rose

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

705 ILCS 405/2-13 from Ch. 37, par. 802-13 705 ILCS 405/2-27 from Ch. 37, par. 802-27

Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides that if a petition has been filed under the Abused, Neglected, or Dependent Minors Article of the Act alleging that the minor has been subjected to the abuse of a custodial parent or guardian, the petition may be granted for relief, including change of custody, if the court finds that there is probable cause based on the facts asserted that the minor is the victim of ongoing abuse of a custodial parent or guardian or has a history of abuse or a significant incident of abuse by a custodial parent, guardian, or other household member.

LRB096 20262 RLC 36409 b

1 AN ACT concerning courts.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Sections 2-13 and 2-27 as follows:
- 6 (705 ILCS 405/2-13) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-13)
- 7 Sec. 2-13. Petition.
- 8 (1) Any adult person, any agency or association by its
 9 representative may file, or the court on its own motion,
 10 consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the
 11 minor may direct the filing through the State's Attorney of a
 12 petition in respect of a minor under this Act. The petition and
 13 all subsequent court documents shall be entitled "In the
- interest of, a minor".
- (2) The petition shall be verified but the statements may 15 16 be made upon information and belief. It shall allege that the 17 minor is abused, neglected, or dependent, with citations to the appropriate provisions of this Act, and set forth (a) facts 18 19 sufficient to bring the minor under Section 2-3 or 2-4, or to 20 indicate that the minor has been subjected to the abuse of a 21 custodial parent or guardian, and to inform respondents of the 22 cause of action, including, but not limited to, a plain and concise statement of the factual allegations that form the 23

basis for the filing of the petition; (b) the name, age and residence of the minor; (c) the names and residences of his parents; (d) the name and residence of his legal guardian or the person or persons having custody or control of the minor, or of the nearest known relative if no parent or guardian can be found; and (e) if the minor upon whose behalf the petition is brought is sheltered in custody, the date on which such temporary custody was ordered by the court or the date set for a temporary custody hearing. If any of the facts herein required are not known by the petitioner, the petition shall so state.

- (3) The petition must allege that it is in the best interests of the minor and of the public that he be adjudged a ward of the court and may pray generally for relief available under this Act. The petition need not specify any proposed disposition following adjudication of wardship. The petition may request that the minor remain in the custody of the parent, guardian, or custodian under an Order of Protection.
- (4) If termination of parental rights and appointment of a guardian of the person with power to consent to adoption of the minor under Section 2-29 is sought, the petition shall so state. If the petition includes this request, the prayer for relief shall clearly and obviously state that the parents could permanently lose their rights as a parent at this hearing.

In addition to the foregoing, the petitioner, by motion, may request the termination of parental rights and appointment

- of a guardian of the person with power to consent to adoption of the minor under Section 2-29 at any time after the entry of a dispositional order under Section 2-22.
 - (4.5) (a) With respect to any minors committed to its care pursuant to this Act, the Department of Children and Family Services shall request the State's Attorney to file a petition or motion for termination of parental rights and appointment of guardian of the person with power to consent to adoption of the minor under Section 2-29 if:
 - (i) a minor has been in foster care, as described in subsection (b), for 15 months of the most recent 22 months; or
 - (ii) a minor under the age of 2 years has been previously determined to be abandoned at an adjudicatory hearing; or
 - (iii) the parent is criminally convicted of (A) first degree murder or second degree murder of any child, (B) attempt or conspiracy to commit first degree murder or second degree murder of any child, (C) solicitation to commit murder of any child, solicitation to commit murder for hire of any child, or solicitation to commit second degree murder of any child, (D) aggravated battery, aggravated battery of a child, or felony domestic battery, any of which has resulted in serious injury to the minor or a sibling of the minor, (E) aggravated criminal sexual assault in violation of subdivision (b) (1) of Section 12-14

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transition rules shall apply:

1	of the Criminal Code of 1961, or (F) an offense in any
2	other state the elements of which are similar and bear a
3	substantial relationship to any of the foregoing offenses
4	unless:
5	(i) the child is being cared for by a relative,
6	(ii) the Department has documented in the case plan a
7	compelling reason for determining that filing such
8	petition would not be in the best interests of the child,
9	(iii) the court has found within the preceding 12
10	months that the Department has failed to make reasonable
11	efforts to reunify the child and family, or
12	(iv) paragraph (c) of this subsection (4.5) provides
13	otherwise.
14	(b) For purposes of this subsection, the date of entering
15	foster care is defined as the earlier of:
16	(1) The date of a judicial finding at an adjudicatory
17	hearing that the child is an abused, neglected, or
18	dependent minor; or
19	(2) 60 days after the date on which the child is
20	removed from his or her parent, guardian, or legal
21	custodian.
22	(c) With respect to paragraph (a)(i), the following

(1) If the child entered foster care after November 19,

1997 and this amendatory Act of 1998 takes effect before

the child has been in foster care for 15 months of the

preceding 22 months, then the Department shall comply with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subsection (4.5) for that child as soon as the child has been in foster care for 15 of the preceding 22 months.

- (2) If the child entered foster care after November 19, 1997 and this amendatory Act of 1998 takes effect after the child has been in foster care for 15 of the preceding 22 months, then the Department shall comply with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subsection (4.5) for that child within 3 months after the end of the next regular session of the General Assembly.
- (3) If the child entered foster care prior to November 19, 1997, then the Department shall comply with the requirements of paragraph (a) of this subsection (4.5) for that child in accordance with Department policy or rule.
- (d) If the State's Attorney determines that the Department's request for filing of a petition or motion conforms to the requirements set forth in subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection (4.5), then the State's Attorney shall file the petition or motion as requested.
- (5) The court shall liberally allow the petitioner to amend the petition to set forth a cause of action or to add, amend, or supplement factual allegations that form the basis for a cause of action up until 14 days before the adjudicatory hearing. The petitioner may amend the petition after that date and prior to the adjudicatory hearing if the court grants leave

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- to amend upon a showing of good cause. The court may allow amendment of the petition to conform with the evidence at any time prior to ruling. In all cases in which the court has granted leave to amend based on new evidence or new allegations, the court shall permit the respondent an adequate opportunity to prepare a defense to the amended petition.
 - (6) At any time before dismissal of the petition or before final closing and discharge under Section 2-31, one or more motions in the best interests of the minor may be filed. The motion shall specify sufficient facts in support of the relief requested.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 95-405, eff. 6-1-08.)
- 13 (705 ILCS 405/2-27) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-27)
- 14 Sec. 2-27. Placement; legal custody or guardianship.
- 15 (1) If the court determines and puts in writing the factual 16 basis supporting the determination of whether the parents, quardian, or legal custodian of a minor adjudged a ward of the 17 18 court are unfit or are unable, for some reason other than 19 financial circumstances alone, to care for, protect, train or 20 discipline the minor or are unwilling to do so, and that the 21 health, safety, and best interest of the minor will be 22 jeopardized if the minor remains in the custody of his or her parents, guardian or custodian, the court may at this hearing 23 24 and at any later point:
- 25 (a) place the minor in the custody of a suitable

relative or other person as legal custodian or guardian;

(a-5) with the approval of the Department of Children and Family Services, place the minor in the subsidized guardianship of a suitable relative or other person as legal guardian; "subsidized guardianship" means a private guardianship arrangement for children for whom the permanency goals of return home and adoption have been ruled out and who meet the qualifications for subsidized guardianship as defined by the Department of Children and Family Services in administrative rules;

- (b) place the minor under the guardianship of a
 probation officer;
- (c) commit the minor to an agency for care or placement, except an institution under the authority of the Department of Corrections or of the Department of Children and Family Services;
- (d) commit the minor to the Department of Children and Family Services for care and service; however, a minor charged with a criminal offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or adjudicated delinquent shall not be placed in the custody of or committed to the Department of Children and Family Services by any court, except (i) a minor less than 15 years of age and committed to the Department of Children and Family Services under Section 5-710 of this Act, (ii) a minor for whom an independent basis of abuse, neglect, or dependency exists, or (iii) a minor for whom the court has

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granted a supplemental petition to reinstate wardship pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33 of this Act. An independent basis exists when the allegations adjudication of abuse, neglect, or dependency do not arise from the same facts, incident, or circumstances which give rise to a charge or adjudication of delinquency. The Department shall be given due notice of the pendency of the of action the Guardianship Administrator and the Department of Children and Family Services shall be appointed guardian of the person of the minor. Whenever the Department seeks to discharge a minor from its care and service, the Guardianship Administrator shall petition the for order terminating court an quardianship. Guardianship Administrator may designate one or more other officers of the Department, appointed as Department administrative order of officers by the Department Director, authorized to affix the signature of the Guardianship Administrator to documents affecting guardian-ward relationship of children for whom he or she has been appointed quardian at such times as he or she is unable to perform the duties of his or her office. The signature authorization shall include but not be limited to matters of consent of marriage, enlistment in the armed forces, legal proceedings, adoption, major medical and surgical treatment and application for driver's license. Signature authorizations made pursuant to the provisions

- of this paragraph shall be filed with the Secretary of

 State and the Secretary of State shall provide upon payment

 of the customary fee, certified copies of the authorization

 to any court or individual who requests a copy.
 - (1.5) In making a determination under this Section, the court shall also consider whether, based on health, safety, and the best interests of the minor,
 - (a) appropriate services aimed at family preservation and family reunification have been unsuccessful in rectifying the conditions that have led to a finding of unfitness or inability to care for, protect, train, or discipline the minor, or
- (b) no family preservation or family reunification
 services would be appropriate,

and if the petition or amended petition contained an allegation that the parent is an unfit person as defined in subdivision (D) of Section 1 of the Adoption Act, and the order of adjudication recites that parental unfitness was established by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall, when appropriate and in the best interest of the minor, enter an order terminating parental rights and appointing a guardian with power to consent to adoption in accordance with Section 2-29.

When making a placement, the court, wherever possible, shall require the Department of Children and Family Services to select a person holding the same religious belief as that of

the minor or a private agency controlled by persons of like religious faith of the minor and shall require the Department to otherwise comply with Section 7 of the Children and Family Services Act in placing the child. In addition, whenever alternative plans for placement are available, the court shall ascertain and consider, to the extent appropriate in the particular case, the views and preferences of the minor.

- (1.6) If a petition has been filed under Section 2-13 of this Act alleging that the minor has been subjected to the abuse of a custodial parent or quardian, the petition may be granted for relief specified in subsection (1), including change of custody, if the court finds that there is probable cause based on the facts asserted that the minor is the victim of ongoing abuse of a custodial parent or guardian or has a history of abuse or a significant incident of abuse by a custodial parent, guardian, or other household member.
- (2) When a minor is placed with a suitable relative or other person pursuant to item (a) of subsection (1), the court shall appoint him or her the legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor. When a minor is committed to any agency, the court shall appoint the proper officer or representative thereof as legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor. Legal custodians and guardians of the person of the minor have the respective rights and duties set forth in subsection (9) of Section 1-3 except as otherwise provided by order of court; but no guardian of the person may consent to

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adoption of the minor unless that authority is conferred upon him or her in accordance with Section 2-29. An agency whose representative is appointed guardian of the person or legal custodian of the minor may place the minor in any child care facility, but the facility must be licensed under the Child Care Act of 1969 or have been approved by the Department of Children and Family Services as meeting the standards established for such licensing. No agency may place a minor adjudicated under Sections 2-3 or 2-4 in a child care facility unless the placement is in compliance with the rules and regulations for placement under this Section promulgated by the Department of Children and Family Services under Section 5 of the Children and Family Services Act. Like authority and restrictions shall be conferred by the court upon any probation officer who has been appointed guardian of the person of a minor.

- (3) No placement by any probation officer or agency whose representative is appointed guardian of the person or legal custodian of a minor may be made in any out of State child care facility unless it complies with the Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children. Placement with a parent, however, is not subject to that Interstate Compact.
- (4) The clerk of the court shall issue to the legal custodian or guardian of the person a certified copy of the order of court, as proof of his authority. No other process is necessary as authority for the keeping of the minor.

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- (5) Custody or guardianship granted under this Section continues until the court otherwise directs, but not after the minor reaches the age of 19 years except as set forth in Section 2-31, or if the minor was previously committed to the Department of Children and Family Services for care and service and the court has granted a supplemental petition to reinstate wardship pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33.
- 8 (6) (Blank).
- 9 (Source: P.A. 95-642, eff. 6-1-08; 96-581, eff. 1-1-10.)