96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

HB4054

Introduced 2/27/2009, by Rep. Sara Feigenholtz

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Creates the Foster Youth Successful Transition to Adulthood Act. Establish a program of transitional discharge from foster care for teenage foster children, enabling former foster youths under the age of 21 who encounter significant hardship upon emancipation to reengage with the Department of Children and Family Services and the Juvenile Court, in order to secure essential supports and services available to foster youth seeking to learn to live independently as adults. Amends the Children and Family Services Act. Provides that an abused, neglected, or dependent minor for whom the court has granted a supplemental petition to reinstate wardship may be placed in the custody of or committed to the Department of Children and Family Services. Provides that the Department of Children and Family Services shall provide or authorize child welfare services, aimed at assisting minors to achieve sustainable self-sufficiency as independent adults, to any minor eligible for the reinstatement of wardship, whether or not such reinstatement is sought or allowed, provided that the minor consents to such services and has not yet attained the age of 21. Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides that an abused, neglected, or dependent minor between the ages of 18 and 21 may be placed with the Department of Children and Family Services if (1) the court has granted a supplemental petition to reinstate wardship of the minor, or (2) the Court has adjudicated the minor a ward of the court, permitted the minor to return home under an order of protection, and subsequently made a finding that it is in the minor's best interest to vacate the order of protection and commit the minor to the Department of Children and Family Services for care and service.

LRB096 10101 RLC 20267 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning foster children.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Foster
Youth Successful Transition to Adulthood Act.

6 Section 5. Legislative findings. The General Assembly7 finds that:

8 (1) The transition to adulthood is complex, gradual, 9 and extended. Long after legal emancipation, many young 10 adults rely heavily on family and other support networks 11 for extended periods of time for financial, emotional and 12 other forms of support, to continue with school, choose a 13 career or find their way in the world of work, secure 14 health care, and maintain a stable residence;

15 (2) The young adults who "age out" of the child welfare 16 system are expected to be self-sufficient long before their 17 peers, with far fewer resources, and often with many 18 challenges unique to the experience of growing up in foster 19 care;

20 (3) Many young adults who age out of foster care are
21 ill-equipped to live independently;

(4) Former foster youth who seek to live independentlyare especially vulnerable to unemployment, homelessness,

1 mental and physical health-related problems, 2 incarceration, teen pregnancy and parenting, and other 3 obstacles to achieving sustainable self-sufficiency; and

(5) It is in the interests of foster children who leave 4 5 the foster care system prematurely, and who subsequently find themselves unable to maintain their independence 6 7 without additional support, to have a mechanism for 8 reengaging with the Department of Children and Family 9 Services and the Juvenile Court, and to secure the support 10 and services available to foster youth seeking to learn to 11 live independently as adults.

Section 10. The Children and Family Services Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

14 (20 ILCS 505/5) (from Ch. 23, par. 5005)

15 Sec. 5. Direct child welfare services; Department of 16 Children and Family Services. To provide direct child welfare 17 services when not available through other public or private 18 child care or program facilities.

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(a) For purposes of this Section:

20 (1) "Children" means persons found within the State who
21 are under the age of 18 years. The term also includes
22 persons under age <u>21</u> 19 who:

(A) were committed to the Department pursuant tothe Juvenile Court Act or the Juvenile Court Act of

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1987, as amended, prior to the age of 18 and who continue under the jurisdiction of the court; or

3 (B) were accepted for care, service and training by the Department prior to the age of 18 and whose best 4 5 interest in the discretion of the Department would be served by continuing that care, service and training 6 because of severe emotional disturbances, physical 7 disability, social adjustment or any combination 8 9 thereof, or because of the need to complete an 10 educational or vocational training program.

11 (2) "Homeless youth" means persons found within the 12 State who are under the age of 19, are not in a safe and 13 stable living situation and cannot be reunited with their 14 families.

(3) "Child welfare services" means public social
services which are directed toward the accomplishment of
the following purposes:

18 (A) protecting and promoting the health, safety
19 and welfare of children, including homeless, dependent
20 or neglected children;

(B) remedying, or assisting in the solution of
problems which may result in, the neglect, abuse,
exploitation or delinquency of children;

(C) preventing the unnecessary separation of
 children from their families by identifying family
 problems, assisting families in resolving their

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(D) restoring to their families children who have been removed, by the provision of services to the child and the families when the child can be cared for at home without endangering the child's health and safety;

problems, and preventing the breakup of the family

where the prevention of child removal is desirable and

possible when the child can be cared for at home

without endangering the child's health and safety;

(E) placing children in suitable adoptive homes,
in cases where restoration to the biological family is
not safe, possible or appropriate;

13 (F) assuring safe and adequate care of children 14 away from their homes, in cases where the child cannot 15 be returned home or cannot be placed for adoption. At 16 the time of placement, the Department shall consider 17 concurrent planning, as described in subsection (1-1) of this Section so that permanency may occur at the 18 19 earliest opportunity. Consideration should be given so 20 that if reunification fails or is delayed, the 21 placement made is the best available placement to 22 provide permanency for the child;

(G) (blank);

(H) (blank); and

(I) placing and maintaining children in facilitiesthat provide separate living quarters for children

1 under the age of 18 and for children 18 years of age 2 and older, unless a child 18 years of age is in the 3 last year of high school education or vocational 4 training, in an approved individual or group treatment 5 program, in a licensed shelter facility, or secure 6 child care facility. The Department is not required to 7 place or maintain children:

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(i) who are in a foster home, or

9 (ii) who are persons with a developmental 10 disability, as defined in the Mental Health and 11 Developmental Disabilities Code, or

(iii) who are female children who arepregnant, pregnant and parenting or parenting, or

14 (iv) who are siblings, in facilities that 15 provide separate living quarters for children 18 16 years of age and older and for children under 18 17 years of age.

(b) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize
the expenditure of public funds for the purpose of performing
abortions.

21 (C) The Department shall establish and maintain 22 tax-supported child welfare services and extend and seek to 23 improve voluntary services throughout the State, to the end that services and care shall be available on an equal basis 24 25 throughout the State to children requiring such services.

26 (d) The Director may authorize advance disbursements for

any new program initiative to any agency contracting with the 1 Department. As a prerequisite for an advance disbursement, the 2 3 contractor must post a surety bond in the amount of the advance disbursement and have a purchase of service contract approved 4 by the Department. The Department may pay up to 2 months 5 operational expenses in advance. The amount of the advance 6 disbursement shall be prorated over the life of the contract or 7 8 the remaining months of the fiscal year, whichever is less, and 9 the installment amount shall then be deducted from future 10 bills. Advance disbursement authorizations for new initiatives 11 shall not be made to any agency after that agency has operated 12 during 2 consecutive fiscal years. The requirements of this 13 Section concerning advance disbursements shall not apply with 14 respect to the following: payments to local public agencies for child day care services as authorized by Section 5a of this 15 16 Act; and youth service programs receiving grant funds under Section 17a-4. 17

- 18 (e) (Blank).
- 19 (f) (Blank).

(g) The Department shall establish rules and regulations concerning its operation of programs designed to meet the goals of child safety and protection, family preservation, family reunification, and adoption, including but not limited to:

- 24 (1) adoption;
- 25 (2) foster care;
- 26 (3) family counseling;

- (4) protective services;
- 2 (5) (blank);
 - (6) homemaker service;
 - (7) return of runaway children;
- (8) (blank);

6 (9) placement under Section 5-7 of the Juvenile Court 7 Act or Section 2-27, 3-28, 4-25 or 5-740 of the Juvenile 8 Court Act of 1987 in accordance with the federal Adoption 9 Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980; and

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(10) interstate services.

11 Rules and regulations established by the Department shall 12 include provisions for training Department staff and the staff 13 of Department grantees, through contracts with other agencies 14 or resources, in alcohol and drug abuse screening techniques 15 approved by the Department of Human Services, as a successor to 16 the Department of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse, for the 17 purpose of identifying children and adults who should be referred to an alcohol and drug abuse treatment program for 18 19 professional evaluation.

(h) If the Department finds that there is no appropriate 20 program or facility within or available to the Department for a 21 22 ward and that no licensed private facility has an adequate and 23 appropriate program or none agrees to accept the ward, the 24 Department shall create an appropriate individualized, program-oriented plan for such ward. The plan may be developed 25 26 within the Department or through purchase of services by the

- 8 - LRB096 10101 RLC 20267 b HB4054 Department to the extent that it is within its statutory 1 2 authority to do. (i) Service programs shall be available throughout the 3 State and shall include but not be limited to the following 4 5 services: 6 (1) case management; 7 (2) homemakers; 8 (3) counseling; 9 (4) parent education; 10 (5) day care; and 11 (6) emergency assistance and advocacy. 12 In addition, the following services may be made available 13 to assess and meet the needs of children and families: (1) comprehensive family-based services; 14 15 (2) assessments; 16 (3) respite care; and 17 (4) in-home health services. The Department shall provide transportation for any of the 18 services it makes available to children or families or for 19 20 which it refers children or families. 21 (j) The Department may provide categories of financial 22 assistance and education assistance grants, and shall 23 establish rules and regulations concerning the assistance and 24 grants, to persons who adopt physically or mentally 25 handicapped, older and other hard-to-place children who (i) 26 immediately prior to their adoption were legal wards of the

Department or (ii) were determined eligible for financial 1 2 assistance with respect to a prior adoption and who become 3 available for adoption because the prior adoption has been dissolved and the parental rights of the adoptive parents have 4 5 been terminated or because the child's adoptive parents have Department may continue to provide financial 6 died. The 7 assistance and education assistance grants for a child who was 8 determined eligible for financial assistance under this 9 subsection (j) in the interim period beginning when the child's 10 adoptive parents died and ending with the finalization of the 11 new adoption of the child by another adoptive parent or 12 Department may also provide categories parents. The of 13 financial assistance and education assistance grants, and shall establish rules and regulations for the assistance and 14 15 grants, to persons appointed guardian of the person under 16 Section 5-7 of the Juvenile Court Act or Section 2-27, 3-28, 17 4-25 or 5-740 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for children who were wards of the Department for 12 months immediately 18 19 prior to the appointment of the guardian.

20 The amount of assistance may vary, depending upon the needs 21 of the child and the adoptive parents, as set forth in the 22 assistance agreement. Special purpose grants annual are 23 allowed where the child requires special service but such costs may not exceed the amounts which similar services would cost 24 25 the Department if it were to provide or secure them as guardian 26 of the child.

Any financial assistance provided under this subsection is inalienable by assignment, sale, execution, attachment, garnishment, or any other remedy for recovery or collection of a judgment or debt.

5 (j-5) The Department shall not deny or delay the placement 6 of a child for adoption if an approved family is available 7 either outside of the Department region handling the case, or 8 outside of the State of Illinois.

9 (k) The Department shall accept for care and training any 10 child who has been adjudicated neglected or abused, or 11 dependent committed to it pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act or 12 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

13 (1) Before July 1, 2000, the Department may provide, and 14 beginning July 1, 2000, the Department shall offer family 15 preservation services, as defined in Section 8.2 of the Abused 16 and Neglected Child Reporting Act, to help families, including 17 adoptive and extended families. Family preservation services shall be offered (i) to prevent the placement of children in 18 substitute care when the children can be cared for at home or 19 20 in the custody of the person responsible for the children's welfare, (ii) to reunite children with their families, or (iii) 21 22 maintain an adoptive placement. Family preservation to 23 services shall only be offered when doing so will not endanger the children's health or safety. With respect to children who 24 25 are in substitute care pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 26 1987, family preservation services shall not be offered if a 1 goal other than those of subdivisions (A), (B), or (B-1) of 2 subsection (2) of Section 2-28 of that Act has been set. 3 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to create a 4 private right of action or claim on the part of any individual 5 or child welfare agency.

6 The Department shall notify the child and his family of the 7 Department's responsibility to offer and provide family preservation services as identified in the service plan. The 8 9 child and his family shall be eligible for services as soon as 10 the report is determined to be "indicated". The Department may 11 offer services to any child or family with respect to whom a 12 report of suspected child abuse or neglect has been filed, 13 prior to concluding its investigation under Section 7.12 of the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act. However, the child's 14 15 or family's willingness to accept services shall not be considered in the investigation. The Department may also 16 17 provide services to any child or family who is the subject of any report of suspected child abuse or neglect or may refer 18 such child or family to services available from other agencies 19 in the community, even if the report is determined to be 20 unfounded, if the conditions in the child's or family's home 21 22 are reasonably likely to subject the child or family to future 23 reports of suspected child abuse or neglect. Acceptance of such services shall be voluntary. 24

The Department may, at its discretion except for those children also adjudicated neglected or dependent, accept for

care and training any child who has been adjudicated addicted, 1 2 as a truant minor in need of supervision or as a minor requiring authoritative intervention, under the Juvenile Court 3 Act or the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, but no such child shall 4 5 be committed to the Department by any court without the approval of the Department. A minor charged with a criminal 6 7 offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or adjudicated 8 delinquent shall not be placed in the custody of or committed 9 to the Department by any court, except (i) a minor less than 15 10 years of age committed to the Department under Section 5-710 of 11 the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, (ii) or a minor for whom an 12 independent basis of abuse, neglect, or dependency exists, 13 which must be defined by departmental rule, or (iii) a minor for whom the court has granted a supplemental petition to 14 reinstate wardship pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33 15 16 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. An independent basis exists 17 when the allegations or adjudication of abuse, neglect, or dependency do not arise from the same facts, incident, or 18 19 circumstances which give rise to a charge or adjudication of 20 delinquency.

(1-1) The legislature recognizes that the best interests of the child require that the child be placed in the most permanent living arrangement as soon as is practically possible. To achieve this goal, the legislature directs the Department of Children and Family Services to conduct concurrent planning so that permanency may occur at the

opportunity. Permanent living arrangements 1 earliest mav 2 include prevention of placement of a child outside the home of the family when the child can be cared for at home without 3 endangering the child's health or safety; reunification with 4 5 the family, when safe and appropriate, if temporary placement 6 necessary; or movement of the child toward the most is 7 permanent living arrangement and permanent legal status.

8 When determining reasonable efforts to be made with respect 9 to a child, as described in this subsection, and in making such 10 reasonable efforts, the child's health and safety shall be the 11 paramount concern.

12 When a child is placed in foster care, the Department shall 13 ensure and document that reasonable efforts were made to 14 prevent or eliminate the need to remove the child from the 15 child's home. The Department must make reasonable efforts to 16 reunify the family when temporary placement of the child occurs 17 unless otherwise required, pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. At any time after the dispositional hearing where the 18 Department believes that further reunification services would 19 20 be ineffective, it may request a finding from the court that 21 reasonable efforts are no longer appropriate. The Department is 22 not required to provide further reunification services after 23 such a finding.

A decision to place a child in substitute care shall be made with considerations of the child's health, safety, and best interests. At the time of placement, consideration should

1 also be given so that if reunification fails or is delayed, the 2 placement made is the best available placement to provide 3 permanency for the child.

4 The Department shall adopt rules addressing concurrent 5 planning for reunification and permanency. The Department 6 shall consider the following factors when determining 7 appropriateness of concurrent planning:

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the likelihood of prompt reunification;

(2) the past history of the family;

10 (3) the barriers to reunification being addressed by 11 the family;

(4) the level of cooperation of the family;

13 (5) the foster parents' willingness to work with the 14 family to reunite;

(6) the willingness and ability of the foster family to
 provide an adoptive home or long-term placement;

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(7) the age of the child;

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(8) placement of siblings.

19 (m) The Department may assume temporary custody of any 20 child if:

(1) it has received a written consent to such temporary
custody signed by the parents of the child or by the parent
having custody of the child if the parents are not living
together or by the guardian or custodian of the child if
the child is not in the custody of either parent, or
(2) the child is found in the State and neither a

parent, guardian nor custodian of the child can be located. 1 2 If the child is found in his or her residence without a parent, 3 guardian, custodian or responsible caretaker, the Department may, instead of removing the child and assuming temporary 4 5 custody, place an authorized representative of the Department 6 in that residence until such time as a parent, quardian or 7 custodian enters the home and expresses a willingness and 8 apparent ability to ensure the child's health and safety and 9 resume permanent charge of the child, or until a relative 10 enters the home and is willing and able to ensure the child's 11 health and safety and assume charge of the child until a 12 parent, guardian or custodian enters the home and expresses 13 such willingness and ability to ensure the child's safety and 14 resume permanent charge. After a caretaker has remained in the 15 home for a period not to exceed 12 hours, the Department must follow those procedures outlined in Section 2-9, 3-11, 4-8, or 16 5-415 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 17

The Department shall have the authority, responsibilities 18 and duties that a legal custodian of the child would have 19 20 pursuant to subsection (9) of Section 1-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Whenever a child is taken into temporary custody 21 22 pursuant to an investigation under the Abused and Neglected 23 Child Reporting Act, or pursuant to a referral and acceptance under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of a minor in limited 24 25 custody, the Department, during the period of temporary custody 26 and before the child is brought before a judicial officer as

required by Section 2-9, 3-11, 4-8, or 5-415 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, shall have the authority, responsibilities and duties that a legal custodian of the child would have under subsection (9) of Section 1-3 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.

6 The Department shall ensure that any child taken into 7 custody is scheduled for an appointment for a medical 8 examination.

9 A parent, quardian or custodian of a child in the temporary 10 custody of the Department who would have custody of the child 11 if he were not in the temporary custody of the Department may 12 deliver to the Department a signed request that the Department 13 surrender the temporary custody of the child. The Department may retain temporary custody of the child for 10 days after the 14 receipt of the request, during which period the Department may 15 16 cause to be filed a petition pursuant to the Juvenile Court Act 17 of 1987. If a petition is so filed, the Department shall retain temporary custody of the child until the court orders 18 otherwise. If a petition is not filed within the 10 day period, 19 20 the child shall be surrendered to the custody of the requesting parent, guardian or custodian not later than the expiration of 21 22 the 10 day period, at which time the authority and duties of 23 the Department with respect to the temporary custody of the child shall terminate. 24

25 (m-1) The Department may place children under 18 years of 26 age in a secure child care facility licensed by the Department

that cares for children who are in need of secure living 1 2 arrangements for their health, safety, and well-being after a determination is made by the facility director and the Director 3 or the Director's designate prior to admission to the facility 4 5 subject to Section 2-27.1 of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. 6 This subsection (m-1) does not apply to a child who is subject 7 to placement in a correctional facility operated pursuant to Section 3-15-2 of the Unified Code of Corrections, unless the 8 9 child is a ward who was placed under the care of the Department 10 before being subject to placement in a correctional facility 11 and a court of competent jurisdiction has ordered placement of 12 the child in a secure care facility.

13 (n) The Department may place children under 18 years of age 14 in licensed child care facilities when in the opinion of the 15 Department, appropriate services aimed at family preservation 16 have been unsuccessful and cannot ensure the child's health and 17 safety or are unavailable and such placement would be for their best interest. Payment for board, clothing, care, training and 18 supervision of any child placed in a licensed child care 19 20 facility may be made by the Department, by the parents or quardians of the estates of those children, or by both the 21 22 Department and the parents or quardians, except that no 23 payments shall be made by the Department for any child placed in a licensed child care facility for board, clothing, care, 24 25 training and supervision of such a child that exceed the 26 average per capita cost of maintaining and of caring for a

1 child in institutions for dependent or neglected children 2 operated by the Department. However, such restriction on payments does not apply in cases where children require 3 4 specialized care and treatment for problems of severe emotional 5 disturbance, physical disability, social adjustment, or any 6 combination thereof and suitable facilities for the placement of such children are not available at payment rates within the 7 limitations set forth in this Section. All reimbursements for 8 9 services delivered shall be absolutely inalienable by 10 assignment, sale, attachment, garnishment or otherwise.

11 (n-1) The Department shall provide or authorize child 12 welfare services, aimed at assisting minors to achieve 13 sustainable self-sufficiency as independent adults, for any 14 minor eligible for the reinstatement of wardship pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33 of the Juvenile Court Act of 15 16 1987, whether or not such reinstatement is sought or allowed, 17 provided that the minor consents to such services and has not yet attained the age of 21. The Department shall have primary 18 responsibility for the development and delivery of trial 19 20 discharge services, but inter-agency cooperation and 21 collaboration must be undertaken with the Illinois Department 22 of Human Services. An eligible youth may access trial discharge 23 services by contacting the Department of Children and Family 24 Services or the Illinois Department of Human Services. Youth 25 participating in trial discharge services shall cooperate with 26 the assigned case manager in developing an agreement

identifying the services to be provided and how the youth will 1 2 increase skills to achieve self sufficiency. A homeless shelter 3 is not considered appropriate housing for any youth receiving child welfare services under this Section. The Department shall 4 5 continue child welfare services under this Section to any eligible minor until the minor becomes 21 years of age, no 6 longer consents to participate, or achieves self-sufficiency 7 as identified in the minor's service plan. The Department of 8 9 Children and Family Services and the Department of Human 10 Services shall create and disseminate throughout the State 11 clear, readable notice of the rights of former foster youth to 12 child welfare services under this Section and how such services 13 can be obtained. The Department shall adopt regulations describing services intended to assist minors in achieving 14 sustainable self sufficiency as independent adults. 15

16 (\circ) The Department shall establish an administrative 17 review and appeal process for children and families who request or receive child welfare services from the Department. Children 18 who are wards of the Department and are placed by private child 19 20 welfare agencies, and foster families with whom those children are placed, shall be afforded the same procedural and appeal 21 22 rights as children and families in the case of placement by the 23 Department, including the right to an initial review of a private agency decision by that agency. The Department shall 24 25 insure that any private child welfare agency, which accepts 26 wards of the Department for placement, affords those rights to

children and foster families. The Department shall accept for 1 2 administrative review and an appeal hearing a complaint made by (i) a child or foster family concerning a decision following an 3 initial review by a private child welfare agency or (ii) a 4 5 prospective adoptive parent who alleges a violation of 6 subsection (j-5) of this Section. An appeal of a decision concerning a change in the placement of a child shall be 7 8 conducted in an expedited manner.

9 (p) There is hereby created the Department of Children and 10 Family Services Emergency Assistance Fund from which the 11 Department may provide special financial assistance to 12 families which are in economic crisis when such assistance is 13 not available through other public or private sources and the 14 assistance is deemed necessary to prevent dissolution of the 15 family unit or to reunite families which have been separated 16 due to child abuse and neglect. The Department shall establish 17 administrative rules specifying the criteria for determining eligibility for and the amount and nature of assistance to be 18 19 provided. The Department may also enter into written agreements 20 with private and public social service agencies to provide emergency financial services to families referred by the 21 22 Department. Special financial assistance payments shall be 23 available to a family no more than once during each fiscal year and the total payments to a family may not exceed \$500 during a 24 25 fiscal year.

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(q) The Department may receive and use, in their entirety,

for the benefit of children any gift, donation or bequest of money or other property which is received on behalf of such children, or any financial benefits to which such children are or may become entitled while under the jurisdiction or care of the Department.

6 The Department shall set up and administer no-cost, accounts 7 in interest-bearing appropriate financial 8 institutions for children for whom the Department is legally 9 responsible and who have been determined eligible for Veterans' 10 Benefits, Social Security benefits, assistance allotments from 11 the armed forces, court ordered payments, parental voluntary 12 payments, Supplemental Security Income, Railroad Retirement 13 payments, Black Lung benefits, or other miscellaneous payments. Interest earned by each account shall be credited to 14 15 the account, unless disbursed in accordance with this 16 subsection.

17 In disbursing funds from children's accounts, the 18 Department shall:

(1) Establish standards in accordance with State and 19 20 federal laws for disbursing money from children's 21 accounts. In all circumstances, the Department's 22 "Guardianship Administrator" or his or her designee must 23 disbursements from children's accounts. approve The 24 Department shall be responsible for keeping complete 25 records of all disbursements for each account for any 26 purpose.

(2) Calculate on a monthly basis the amounts paid from 1 2 State funds for the child's board and care, medical care not covered under Medicaid, and social services; 3 and utilize funds from the child's account, as covered by 4 5 regulation, to reimburse those costs. Monthly, 6 disbursements from all children's accounts, up to 1/12 of 7 \$13,000,000, shall be deposited by the Department into the 8 General Revenue Fund and the balance over 1/12 of 9 \$13,000,000 into the DCFS Children's Services Fund.

10 (3) Maintain any balance remaining after reimbursing
11 for the child's costs of care, as specified in item (2).
12 The balance shall accumulate in accordance with relevant
13 State and federal laws and shall be disbursed to the child
14 or his or her guardian, or to the issuing agency.

shall 15 (r) The Department promulgate regulations 16 encouraging all adoption agencies to voluntarily forward to the 17 Department or its agent names and addresses of all persons who have applied for and have been approved for adoption of a 18 19 hard-to-place or handicapped child and the names of such 20 children who have not been placed for adoption. A list of such 21 names and addresses shall be maintained by the Department or 22 its agent, and coded lists which maintain the confidentiality 23 of the person seeking to adopt the child and of the child shall 24 be made available, without charge, to every adoption agency in 25 the State to assist the agencies in placing such children for 26 adoption. The Department may delegate to an agent its duty to 1 maintain and make available such lists. The Department shall 2 ensure that such agent maintains the confidentiality of the 3 person seeking to adopt the child and of the child.

(s) The Department of Children and Family Services may 4 5 establish and implement a program to reimburse Department and private child welfare agency foster parents licensed by the 6 7 Department of Children and Family Services for damages 8 sustained by the foster parents as a result of the malicious or 9 negligent acts of foster children, as well as providing third 10 party coverage for such foster parents with regard to actions 11 of foster children to other individuals. Such coverage will be 12 secondary to the foster parent liability insurance policy, if 13 applicable. The program shall be funded through appropriations from the General Revenue Fund, specifically designated for such 14 15 purposes.

16 (t) The Department shall perform home studies and 17 investigations and shall exercise supervision over visitation 18 as ordered by a court pursuant to the Illinois Marriage and 19 Dissolution of Marriage Act or the Adoption Act only if:

(1) an order entered by an Illinois court specifically
 directs the Department to perform such services; and

(2) the court has ordered one or both of the parties to
the proceeding to reimburse the Department for its
reasonable costs for providing such services in accordance
with Department rules, or has determined that neither party
is financially able to pay.

1 The Department shall provide written notification to the 2 court of the specific arrangements for supervised visitation 3 and projected monthly costs within 60 days of the court order. 4 The Department shall send to the court information related to 5 the costs incurred except in cases where the court has 6 determined the parties are financially unable to pay. The court 7 may order additional periodic reports as appropriate.

8 (u) In addition to other information that must be provided, 9 whenever the Department places a child with a prospective 10 adoptive parent or parents or in a licensed foster home, group 11 home, child care institution, or in a relative home, the 12 Department shall provide to the prospective adoptive parent or 13 parents or other caretaker:

available detailed information concerning 14 (1)the educational 15 child's and health history, copies of 16 immunization records (including insurance and medical card 17 information), a history of the child's previous placements, if any, and reasons for placement changes 18 excluding any information that identifies or reveals the 19 20 location of any previous caretaker;

(2) a copy of the child's portion of the client service
 plan, including any visitation arrangement, and all
 amendments or revisions to it as related to the child; and

(3) information containing details of the child's
 individualized educational plan when the child is
 receiving special education services.

The caretaker shall be informed of any known social or 1 2 behavioral information (including, but not limited to, criminal background, fire setting, perpetuation of sexual 3 abuse, destructive behavior, and substance abuse) necessary to 4 5 care for and safequard the children to be placed or currently in the home. The Department may prepare a written summary of 6 7 the information required by this paragraph, which may be 8 provided to the foster or prospective adoptive parent in 9 advance of a placement. The foster or prospective adoptive 10 parent may review the supporting documents in the child's file 11 in the presence of casework staff. In the case of an emergency 12 placement, casework staff shall at least provide known 13 information verbally, if necessary, and must subsequently provide the information in writing as required by this 14 15 subsection.

16 The information described in this subsection shall be 17 provided in writing. In the case of emergency placements when time does not allow prior review, preparation, and collection 18 19 of written information, the Department shall provide such 20 information as it becomes available. Within 10 business days Department shall obtain from 21 after placement, the the 22 prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker a 23 signed verification of receipt of the information provided. Within 10 business days after placement, the Department shall 24 25 provide to the child's guardian ad litem a copy of the 26 information provided to the prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker. The information provided to the prospective adoptive parent or parents or other caretaker shall be reviewed and approved regarding accuracy at the supervisory level.

5 (u-5) Effective July 1, 1995, only foster care placements 6 licensed as foster family homes pursuant to the Child Care Act 7 of 1969 shall be eligible to receive foster care payments from 8 the Department. Relative caregivers who, as of July 1, 1995, 9 were approved pursuant to approved relative placement rules 10 previously promulgated by the Department at 89 Ill. Adm. Code 11 335 and had submitted an application for licensure as a foster 12 family home may continue to receive foster care payments only 13 until the Department determines that they may be licensed as a 14 foster family home or that their application for licensure is 15 denied or until September 30, 1995, whichever occurs first.

16 (v) The Department shall access criminal history record 17 information as defined in the Illinois Uniform Conviction Information Act and information maintained in the adjudicatory 18 19 and dispositional record system as defined in Section 2605-355 20 of the Department of State Police Law (20 ILCS 2605/2605-355) 21 if the Department determines the information is necessary to 22 perform its duties under the Abused and Neglected Child 23 Reporting Act, the Child Care Act of 1969, and the Children and Family Services Act. 24 The Department shall provide for 25 interactive computerized communication and processing 26 equipment that permits direct on-line communication with the

1 Department of State Police's central criminal history data 2 repository. The Department shall comply with all certification requirements and provide certified operators who have been 3 trained by personnel from the Department of State Police. In 4 5 addition, one Office of the Inspector General investigator 6 shall have training in the use of the criminal history 7 information access system and have access to the terminal. The Department of Children and Family Services and its employees 8 9 shall abide by rules and regulations established by the 10 Department of State Police relating to the access and 11 dissemination of this information.

12 (v-1) Prior to final approval for placement of a child, the 13 Department shall conduct a criminal records background check of 14 prospective foster or adoptive parent, including the 15 fingerprint-based checks of national crime information 16 databases. Final approval for placement shall not be granted if 17 the record check reveals a felony conviction for child abuse or neglect, for spousal abuse, for a crime against children, or 18 for a crime involving violence, including rape, sexual assault, 19 20 or homicide, but not including other physical assault or battery, or if there is a felony conviction for physical 21 22 assault, battery, or a drug-related offense committed within 23 the past 5 years.

(v-2) Prior to final approval for placement of a child, the
 Department shall check its child abuse and neglect registry for
 information concerning prospective foster and adoptive

parents, and any adult living in the home. If any prospective foster or adoptive parent or other adult living in the home has resided in another state in the preceding 5 years, the Department shall request a check of that other state's child abuse and neglect registry.

(w) Within 120 days of August 20, 1995 (the effective date 6 of Public Act 89-392), the Department shall prepare and submit 7 8 to the Governor and the General Assembly, a written plan for 9 the development of in-state licensed secure child care 10 facilities that care for children who are in need of secure 11 living arrangements for their health, safety, and well-being. 12 For purposes of this subsection, secure care facility shall mean a facility that is designed and operated to ensure that 13 all entrances and exits from the facility, a building or a 14 15 distinct part of the building, are under the exclusive control 16 of the staff of the facility, whether or not the child has the 17 freedom of movement within the perimeter of the facility, building, or distinct part of the building. The plan shall 18 19 include descriptions of the types of facilities that are needed 20 in Illinois; the cost of developing these secure care 21 facilities; the estimated number of placements; the potential 22 cost savings resulting from the movement of children currently 23 out-of-state who are projected to be returned to Illinois; the 24 necessary geographic distribution of these facilities in 25 Illinois; and a proposed timetable for development of such 26 facilities.

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Act, custody of the minor shall not be restored to any 1 parent, guardian or legal custodian whose acts or omissions 2 3 or both have been identified, pursuant to subsection (1) of Section 2-21, as forming the basis for the court's finding 4 5 of abuse or neglect, until such time as a hearing is held on the issue of the best interests of the minor and the 6 fitness of such parent, guardian or legal custodian to care 7 8 for the minor without endangering the minor's health or 9 safety, and the court enters an order that such parent, guardian or legal custodian is fit to care for the minor. 10

(b) A minor under 18 years of age found to be dependent under Section 2-4 may be (1) placed in accordance with Section 2-27 or (2) ordered partially or completely emancipated in accordance with the provisions of the Emancipation of Minors Act.

16 However, in any case in which a minor is found by the court to be dependent under Section 2-4 of this Act, 17 custody of the minor shall not be restored to any parent, 18 19 quardian or legal custodian whose acts or omissions or both 20 have been identified, pursuant to subsection (1) of Section 2-21, as forming the basis for the court's finding of 21 22 dependency, until such time as a hearing is held on the 23 issue of the fitness of such parent, quardian or legal 24 custodian to care for the minor without endangering the 25 minor's health or safety, and the court enters an order 26 that such parent, guardian or legal custodian is fit to 1 care for the minor.

2	(b-1) A minor between the ages of 18 and 21 may be placed
3	pursuant to Section 2-27 of this Act if (1) the court has
4	granted a supplemental petition to reinstate wardship of the
5	minor pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33, or (2) the
6	Court has adjudicated the minor a ward of the court, permitted
7	the minor to return home under an order of protection, and
8	subsequently made a finding that it is in the minor's best
9	interest to vacate the order of protection and commit the minor
10	to the Department of Children and Family Services for care and
11	service.

12 (C) When the court awards guardianship to the 13 Department of Children and Family Services, the court shall 14 order the parents to cooperate with the Department of Children and Family Services, comply with the terms of the 15 service plans, and correct the conditions that require the 16 17 child to be in care, or risk termination of their parental 18 rights.

(2) Any order of disposition may provide for protective
supervision under Section 2-24 and may include an order of
protection under Section 2-25.

Unless the order of disposition expressly so provides, it does not operate to close proceedings on the pending petition, but is subject to modification, not inconsistent with Section 2-28, until final closing and discharge of the proceedings under Section 2-31. - 32 - LRB096 10101 RLC 20267 b

(3) The court also shall enter any other orders necessary 1 2 to fulfill the service plan, including, but not limited to, (i) orders requiring parties to cooperate with services, (ii) 3 restraining orders controlling the conduct of any party likely 4 5 to frustrate the achievement of the goal, and (iii) visiting orders. Unless otherwise specifically authorized by law, the 6 7 court is not empowered under this subsection (3) to order 8 specific placements, specific services, or specific service 9 providers to be included in the plan. If the court concludes 10 that the Department of Children and Family Services has abused 11 its discretion in setting the current service plan or 12 permanency goal for the minor, the court shall enter specific 13 findings in writing based on the evidence and shall enter an 14 order for the Department to develop and implement a new 15 permanency goal and service plan consistent with the court's findings. The new service plan shall be filed with the court 16 17 and served on all parties. The court shall continue the matter until the new service plan is filed. 18

19 (4) In addition to any other order of disposition, the 20 court may order any minor adjudicated neglected with respect to his or her own injurious behavior to make restitution, in 21 22 monetary or non-monetary form, under the terms and conditions 23 of Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, except that the "presentence hearing" referred to therein shall be the 24 25 dispositional hearing for purposes of this Section. The parent, 26 quardian or legal custodian of the minor may pay some or all of

1 such restitution on the minor's behalf.

2 (5) Any order for disposition where the minor is committed 3 or placed in accordance with Section 2-27 shall provide for the parents or quardian of the estate of such minor to pay to the 4 5 legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor such 6 sums as are determined by the custodian or quardian of the 7 person of the minor as necessary for the minor's needs. Such 8 payments may not exceed the maximum amounts provided for by 9 Section 9.1 of the Children and Family Services Act.

10 (6) Whenever the order of disposition requires the minor to 11 attend school or participate in a program of training, the 12 truant officer or designated school official shall regularly 13 report to the court if the minor is a chronic or habitual 14 truant under Section 26-2a of the School Code.

15 (7) The court may terminate the parental rights of a parent 16 at the initial dispositional hearing if all of the conditions 17 in subsection (5) of Section 2-21 are met.

18 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)

19 (705 ILCS 405/2-27) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-27)

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Sec. 2-27. Placement; legal custody or guardianship.

(1) If the court determines and puts in writing the factual basis supporting the determination of whether the parents, guardian, or legal custodian of a minor adjudged a ward of the court are unfit or are unable, for some reason other than financial circumstances alone, to care for, protect, train or

discipline the minor or are unwilling to do so, and that the health, safety, and best interest of the minor will be jeopardized if the minor remains in the custody of his or her parents, guardian or custodian, the court may at this hearing and at any later point:

(a) place the minor in the custody of a suitable relative or other person as legal custodian or guardian;

8 (a-5) with the approval of the Department of Children 9 and Family Services, place the minor in the subsidized 10 quardianship of a suitable relative or other person as 11 legal guardian; "subsidized guardianship" means a private 12 guardianship arrangement for children for whom the 13 permanency goals of return home and adoption have been 14 ruled out and who meet the qualifications for subsidized 15 guardianship as defined by the Department of Children and 16 Family Services in administrative rules;

17 (b) place the minor under the guardianship of a18 probation officer;

19 (c) commit the minor to an agency for care or 20 placement, except an institution under the authority of the 21 Department of Corrections or of the Department of Children 22 and Family Services;

(d) commit the minor to the Department of Children and
Family Services for care and service; however, a minor
charged with a criminal offense under the Criminal Code of
1961 or adjudicated delinquent shall not be placed in the

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custody of or committed to the Department of Children and 1 2 Family Services by any court, except (i) a minor less than 3 15 years of age and committed to the Department of Children and Family Services under Section 5-710 of this Act, (ii) 4 or a minor for whom an independent basis of abuse, neglect, 5 6 or dependency exists, or (iii) a minor for whom the court 7 has granted a supplemental petition to reinstate wardship 8 pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33 of this Act. An 9 independent basis exists when the allegations or 10 adjudication of abuse, neglect, or dependency do not arise 11 from the same facts, incident, or circumstances which give 12 rise to a charge or adjudication of delinguency. The Department shall be given due notice of the pendency of the 13 14 action and the Guardianship Administrator of the 15 Department of Children and Family Services shall be 16 appointed guardian of the person of the minor. Whenever the 17 Department seeks to discharge a minor from its care and service, the Guardianship Administrator shall petition the 18 19 court for order terminating guardianship. an The 20 Guardianship Administrator may designate one or more other 21 officers of the Department, appointed as Department 22 officers administrative order of by the Department 23 authorized to affix the Director, signature of the 24 Guardianship Administrator to documents affecting the 25 guardian-ward relationship of children for whom he or she 26 has been appointed quardian at such times as he or she is

unable to perform the duties of his or her office. The 1 2 signature authorization shall include but not be limited to 3 matters of consent of marriage, enlistment in the armed forces, legal proceedings, adoption, major medical and 4 5 surgical treatment and application for driver's license. Signature authorizations made pursuant to the provisions 6 7 of this paragraph shall be filed with the Secretary of 8 State and the Secretary of State shall provide upon payment 9 of the customary fee, certified copies of the authorization 10 to any court or individual who requests a copy.

(1.5) In making a determination under this Section, the court shall also consider whether, based on health, safety, and the best interests of the minor,

(a) appropriate services aimed at family preservation
and family reunification have been unsuccessful in
rectifying the conditions that have led to a finding of
unfitness or inability to care for, protect, train, or
discipline the minor, or

19 (b) no family preservation or family reunification20 services would be appropriate,

and if the petition or amended petition contained an allegation that the parent is an unfit person as defined in subdivision (D) of Section 1 of the Adoption Act, and the order of adjudication recites that parental unfitness was established by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall, when appropriate and in the best interest of the minor, enter an

order terminating parental rights and appointing a guardian
 with power to consent to adoption in accordance with Section
 2-29.

When making a placement, the court, wherever possible, 4 5 shall require the Department of Children and Family Services to select a person holding the same religious belief as that of 6 7 the minor or a private agency controlled by persons of like 8 religious faith of the minor and shall require the Department 9 to otherwise comply with Section 7 of the Children and Family 10 Services Act in placing the child. In addition, whenever 11 alternative plans for placement are available, the court shall 12 ascertain and consider, to the extent appropriate in the 13 particular case, the views and preferences of the minor.

14 (2) When a minor is placed with a suitable relative or 15 other person pursuant to item (a) of subsection (1), the court 16 shall appoint him or her the legal custodian or guardian of the 17 person of the minor. When a minor is committed to any agency, the court shall appoint the proper officer or representative 18 19 thereof as legal custodian or guardian of the person of the 20 minor. Legal custodians and guardians of the person of the minor have the respective rights and duties set forth in 21 22 subsection (9) of Section 1-3 except as otherwise provided by 23 order of court; but no quardian of the person may consent to adoption of the minor unless that authority is conferred upon 24 25 him or her in accordance with Section 2-29. An agency whose representative is appointed guardian of the person or legal 26

custodian of the minor may place the minor in any child care 1 2 facility, but the facility must be licensed under the Child Care Act of 1969 or have been approved by the Department of 3 Children and Family Services as meeting the standards 4 5 established for such licensing. No agency may place a minor adjudicated under Sections 2-3 or 2-4 in a child care facility 6 unless the placement is in compliance with the rules and 7 8 regulations for placement under this Section promulgated by the 9 Department of Children and Family Services under Section 5 of 10 the Children and Family Services Act. Like authority and 11 restrictions shall be conferred by the court upon any probation 12 officer who has been appointed guardian of the person of a 13 minor.

14 (3) No placement by any probation officer or agency whose 15 representative is appointed guardian of the person or legal 16 custodian of a minor may be made in any out of State child care 17 facility unless it complies with the Interstate Compact on the 18 Placement of Children. Placement with a parent, however, is not 19 subject to that Interstate Compact.

20 (4) The clerk of the court shall issue to the legal 21 custodian or guardian of the person a certified copy of the 22 order of court, as proof of his authority. No other process is 23 necessary as authority for the keeping of the minor.

(5) Custody or guardianship granted under this Section
 continues until the court otherwise directs, but not after the
 minor reaches the age of 19 years except as set forth in

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Section 2-31, or if the minor was previously committed to the
 Department of Children and Family Services for care and service
 and the court has granted a supplemental petition to reinstate
 wardship pursuant to subsection (2) of Section 2-33.
 (6) (Blank).

6 (Source: P.A. 95-642, eff. 6-1-08.)

7 (705 ILCS 405/2-31) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-31)

8 Sec. 2-31. Duration of wardship and discharge of 9 proceedings.

10 (1) All proceedings under this Act in respect of any minor 11 for whom a petition was filed after the effective date of this 12 amendatory Act of 1991 automatically terminate upon his 13 attaining the age of 19 years, except that a court may continue 14 the wardship of a minor until age 21 for good cause when there 15 is satisfactory evidence presented to the court and the court 16 makes written factual findings that the health, safety, and best interest of the minor and the public require the 17 18 continuation of the wardship.

19 (2) Whenever the court determines, and makes written 20 factual findings, that health, safety, and the best interests 21 of the minor and the public no longer require the wardship of 22 the court, the court shall order the wardship terminated and 23 all proceedings under this Act respecting that minor finally 24 closed and discharged. The court may at the same time continue 25 or terminate any custodianship or guardianship theretofore HB4054 - 40 - LRB096 10101 RLC 20267 b

ordered but the termination must be made in compliance with 1 2 Section 2-28. When terminating wardship under this Section, if 3 the minor is over 18, or if wardship is terminated in conjunction with an order partially or completely emancipating 4 5 the minor in accordance with the Emancipation of Minors Act, the Court shall also make specific findings of fact as to the 6 7 minor's wishes regarding case closure and the manner in which the minor will maintain independence. The minor's lack of 8 9 cooperation with services provided by the Department of 10 Children and Family Services shall not by itself be considered 11 sufficient evidence that the minor is prepared to live 12 independently and that it is in the best interest of the minor 13 to terminate wardship.

(3) The wardship of the minor and any custodianship or 14 15 guardianship respecting the minor for whom a petition was filed 16 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 17 automatically terminates when he attains the age of 19 years except as set forth in subsection (1) of this Section. The 18 19 clerk of the court shall at that time record all proceedings 20 under this Act as finally closed and discharged for that 21 reason.

22 (Source: P.A. 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98; 90-655, 23 eff. 7-30-98.)

24 (705 ILCS 405/2-33)

25 Sec. 2-33. Supplemental petition to reinstate wardship.

1 (1) Any time prior to a minor's 18th birthday, pursuant to 2 a supplemental petition filed under this Section, the court may 3 reinstate wardship and open a previously closed case when:

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(a) wardship and guardianship under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 was vacated in conjunction with the appointment of a private guardian under the Probate Act of 1975;

7 (b) the minor is not presently a ward of the court 8 under Article II of this Act nor is there a petition for 9 adjudication of wardship pending on behalf of the minor; 10 and

11 (c) it is in the minor's best interest that wardship be 12 reinstated.

(2) <u>Any time prior to a minor's 21st birthday, pursuant to</u>
 a supplemental petition filed under this Section, the court may
 reinstate wardship and open a previously closed case when:

16 <u>(a) wardship and quardianship under this Act was</u> 17 <u>vacated pursuant to:</u>

(i) an order entered under subsection (2) of 18 19 Section 2-31 in the case of a minor over the age of 18; 20 (ii) closure of a case under subsection (2) of 21 Section 2-31 in the case of a minor under the age of 18 22 who has been partially or completely emancipated in 23 accordance with the Emancipation of Minors Act; or 24 (iii); an order entered under subsection (3) of 25 Section 2-31 based on the minor's attaining the age of 26 19 years;

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1 (b) the minor is not presently a ward of the court 2 under Article II of this Act nor is there a petition for 3 adjudication of wardship pending on behalf of the minor; 4 and

5 (c) it is in the minor's best interest that wardship be
6 reinstated.

(3) The supplemental petition must be filed in the same 7 8 proceeding in which the original adjudication order was 9 entered. Unless excused by court for good cause shown, the 10 petitioner shall give notice of the time and place of the 11 hearing on the supplemental petition, in person or by mail, to 12 the minor, if the minor is 14 years of age or older, and to the 13 parties to the juvenile court proceeding. Notice shall be provided at least 3 court days in advance of the hearing date. 14

15 <u>(4) A minor who is the subject of a petition to reinstate</u>
16 wardship under this Section shall be provided with
17 representation in accordance with Sections 1-5 and 2-17 of this
18 Act.

19 (5) Whenever a minor is committed to the Department of 20 Children and Family Services for care and services following 21 the reinstatement of wardship under this Section, the 22 Department shall:

(a) Within 30 days of such commitment, prepare and file
 with the court a case plan which complies with the federal
 Adoption Assistance and Child Welfare Act of 1980 and is
 consistent with the health, safety and best interests of

1 <u>the minor; and</u>

2	(b) Promptly refer the minor for such services as are
3	necessary and consistent with the minor's health, safety
4	and best interests.
5	(Source: P.A. 90-608, eff. 6-30-98.)

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