

Sen. John J. Cullerton

Filed: 11/17/2010

	09600HB3962sam002 LRB096 10339 RLC 44022 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3962
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 3962, AS AMENDED, by
3	replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
6	changing Section 32-8 as follows:
7	(720 ILCS 5/32-8) (from Ch. 38, par. 32-8)
8	Sec. 32-8. Tampering with public records.
9	(a) A person who knowingly <u>,</u> and without lawful authority <u>,</u>
10	and with the intent to defraud any party, public officer or
11	entity, alters, destroys, defaces, removes or conceals any
12	public record commits a Class 4 felony.
13	(b) "Public record" expressly includes, but is not limited
14	to, court records, or documents, evidence, or exhibits filed
15	with the clerk of the court and which have become a part of the
16	official court record, pertaining to any civil or criminal

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1 proceeding in any court.
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(c) Any judge, circuit clerk or clerk of court, public
official or employee, court reporter, or other person who
knowingly, and without lawful authority, and with the intent to
<u>defraud any party, public officer or entity</u>, alters, destroys,
defaces, removes, or conceals any public record received or
held by any judge or by a clerk of any court commits a Class 3
felony.

9 (d) Any person convicted under subsection (c) <u>who at the</u> 10 <u>time of the violation was responsible for making, keeping,</u> 11 <u>storing, or reporting the record for which the tampering</u> 12 occurred:

(1) shall forfeit his or her public office or public
employment, if any, and shall thereafter be ineligible for
both State and local public office and public employment in
this State for a period of 5 years after completion of any
term of probation, conditional discharge, or <u>incarceration</u>
<u>in a penitentiary including the period of</u> mandatory
supervised release;

(2) shall forfeit all retirement, pension, and other
 benefits arising out of public office or public employment
 <u>as may be determined by the court</u> in accordance with the
 applicable provisions of the Illinois Pension Code;

(3) shall be subject to termination of any professional
 licensure or registration in this State <u>as may be</u>
 <u>determined by the court</u> in accordance with the provisions

of the applicable professional licensing or registration
 laws;

3 (4) may be ordered by the court, after a hearing in 4 accordance with applicable law and in addition to any other 5 penalty or fine imposed by the court, to forfeit to the 6 State an amount equal to any financial gain or the value of 7 any advantage realized by the person as a result of the 8 offense; and

9 (5) may be ordered by the court, after a hearing in 10 accordance with applicable law and in addition to any other 11 penalty or fine imposed by the court, to pay restitution to 12 the victim in an amount equal to any financial loss or the 13 value of any advantage lost by the victim as a result of 14 the offense.

For the purposes of this subsection (d), an offense under subsection (c) committed by a person holding public office or public employment shall be rebuttably presumed to relate to or arise out of or in connection with that public office or public employment.

(e) Any party <u>litigant who believes a violation of this</u> <u>Section has occurred may seek the restoration of the court</u> <u>record as provided in the Court Records Restoration Act. Any</u> <u>order of the court denying the restoration of the court record</u> <u>may be appealed as any other civil judgment having an interest</u> <u>in the protection and integrity of any court record, whether</u> <u>such party be a public official or a private individual, shall</u> have the right to request and, if necessary, to demand that an investigation be opened into the alteration, destruction, defacement, removal, or concealment of any public record. Such request may be made to any law enforcement agency, including, but not limited to, local law enforcement and the State Police.

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6 (f) When the sheriff or local law enforcement agency having 7 jurisdiction declines to investigate, or inadequately investigates, the court or any interested party, shall notify 8 9 the State Police of a suspected $\frac{1}{2}$ violation of subsection (a) 10 or (c), who the State Police shall have the authority to 11 investigate, and may shall investigate, the same, without regard to whether such local law enforcement agency has 12 13 requested the State Police to do so.

(g) <u>If</u> When the State's Attorney having jurisdiction declines to prosecute a violation of subsection <u>(a) or</u> (c), <u>the</u> <u>court or interested party shall notify the Attorney General of</u> <u>such refusal. The</u> the Attorney General shall, <u>thereafter</u>, have the authority to prosecute, <u>and may prosecute</u>, the same, without <u>a referral from regard to whether</u> such State's Attorney <u>has requested the Attorney General to do so</u>.

(h) Prosecution of a violation of subsection (c) shall be commenced within 3 years after the act constituting the violation is discovered or reasonably should have been discovered.

25 (Source: P.A. 96-1217, eff. 1-1-11.)".