96TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2009 and 2010

HB3902

Introduced 2/26/2009, by Rep. Michael G. Connelly

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

40 ILCS 5/3-114.5	from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 3-114.5
40 ILCS 5/4-114.2	from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 4-114.2
820 ILCS 305/8	from Ch. 48, par. 138.8
30 ILCS 805/8.33 new	

Amends the Downstate Police and Downstate Firefighters Articles of the Illinois Pension Code and the Workers' Compensation Act. Provides that the receipt of disability or survivor's benefits payable under those Articles of the Illinois Pension Code shall act as a waiver of temporary total disability benefits under specified provisions of the Workers' Compensation Act. Provides that other than certain temporary total disability benefits, the benefits payable under the Downstate Police and Downstate Fire Articles shall be reduced by an amount computed in accordance with specified provisions. Amends the State Mandates Act to require implementation without reimbursement. Effective immediately.

LRB096 11726 AMC 22453 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY PENSION IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT

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AN ACT concerning public employee benefits.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Pension Code is amended by changing
Sections 3-114.5 and 4-114.2 as follows:

6 (40 ILCS 5/3-114.5) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 3-114.5)

Sec. 3-114.5. <u>Waiver of temporary total disability</u>
 <u>benefits and reduction</u> Reduction of disability and survivor's
 benefits for corresponding benefits payable under Workers'
 Compensation and Workers' Occupational Diseases Acts.

11 Whenever a person is entitled to a disability or (a) survivor's benefit under this Article and to benefits under the 12 13 Workers' Compensation Act or the Workers' Occupational 14 Diseases Act for the same injury or disease, the benefits payable under this Article shall <u>act as a waiver of temporary</u> 15 total disability benefits under paragraph (b) of Section 8 of 16 17 the Workers' Compensation Act, effective as of the first date for which benefits are payable under this Article. Other than 18 19 temporary total disability benefits under paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the benefits 20 21 payable under this Article shall be reduced by an amount computed in accordance with subsection (b) of this Section. 22 There shall be no reduction, however, for any of the following: 23

surgical 1 for medical, and hospital services, payments 2 non-medical remedial care and treatment rendered in accordance with a religious method of healing recognized by the laws of 3 this State and for artificial appliances; payments made for 4 5 scheduled losses for the loss of or permanent and complete or permanent and partial loss of the use of any bodily member or 6 the body taken as a whole under subdivision (d)2 or subsection 7 (e) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or Section 7 8 9 of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act; payments made for statutorily prescribed losses under subdivision 10 (d)2 of 11 Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or Section 7 of the 12 Workers' Occupational Diseases Act; and that portion of the 13 payments which is utilized to pay attorneys' fees and the costs of securing the workers' compensation benefits under either the 14 15 Workers' Compensation Act or Workers' Occupational Diseases 16 Act.

17 (b) The reduction prescribed by this Section shall be 18 computed as follows:

(1) In the event that a person entitled to benefits under this Article incurs costs or attorneys' fees in order to establish his entitlement, the reduction prescribed by this Section shall itself be reduced by the amount of such costs and attorneys' fees.

(2) If the benefits deductible under this Section are
stated in a weekly amount, the monthly amount for the
purpose of this Section shall be 52 times the weekly

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1 amount, divided by 12.

2 (Source: P.A. 84-1472.)

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(40 ILCS 5/4-114.2) (from Ch. 108 1/2, par. 4-114.2)

Sec. 4-114.2. <u>Waiver of temporary total disability</u>
<u>benefits and reduction</u> Reduction of disability and survivor's
benefits for corresponding benefits payable under Workers'
Compensation and Workers' Occupational Diseases Acts.

8 Whenever a person is entitled to a disability or (a) 9 survivor's benefit under this Article and to benefits under the 10 Workers' Compensation Act or the Workers' Occupational 11 Diseases Act for the same injury or disease, the benefits 12 payable under this Article shall act as a waiver of temporary total disability benefits under paragraph (b) of Section 8 of 13 the Workers' Compensation Act, effective as of the first date 14 15 for which benefits are payable under this Article. Other than 16 temporary total disability benefits under paragraph (b) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act, the benefits 17 18 payable under this Article shall be reduced by an amount computed in accordance with subsection (b) of this Section. 19 20 There shall be no reduction, however, for any of the following: 21 payments for medical, surgical and hospital services, 22 non-medical remedial care and treatment rendered in accordance with a religious method of healing recognized by the laws of 23 24 this State and for artificial appliances; payments made for 25 scheduled losses for the loss of or permanent and complete or

permanent and partial loss of the use of any bodily member or 1 2 the body taken as a whole under subdivision (d)2 or subsection 3 (e) of Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or Section 7 of the Workers' Occupational Diseases Act; payments made for 4 statutorily prescribed losses under subdivision 5 (d)2 of 6 Section 8 of the Workers' Compensation Act or Section 7 of the 7 Workers' Occupational Diseases Act; and that portion of the 8 payments which is utilized to pay attorneys' fees and the costs 9 of securing the workers' compensation benefits under either the 10 Workers' Compensation Act or Workers' Occupational Diseases 11 Act.

12 (b) The reduction prescribed by this Section shall be 13 computed as follows:

14 (1) In the event that a person entitled to benefits
15 under this Article incurs costs or attorneys' fees in order
16 to establish his entitlement, the reduction prescribed by
17 this Section shall itself be reduced by the amount of such
18 costs and attorneys' fees.

19 (2) If the benefits deductible under this Section are 20 stated in a weekly amount, the monthly amount for the 21 purpose of this Section shall be 52 times the weekly 22 amount, divided by 12.

23 (Source: P.A. 84-1039.)

24 Section 10. The Workers' Compensation Act is amended by 25 changing Section 8 as follows:

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(820 ILCS 305/8) (from Ch. 48, par. 138.8)

2 Sec. 8. The amount of compensation which shall be paid to 3 the employee for an accidental injury not resulting in death 4 is:

5 (a) The employer shall provide and pay the negotiated rate, 6 if applicable, or the lesser of the health care provider's 7 actual charges or according to a fee schedule, subject to 8 Section 8.2, in effect at the time the service was rendered for 9 all the necessary first aid, medical and surgical services, and 10 all necessary medical, surgical and hospital services 11 thereafter incurred, limited, however, to that which is 12 reasonably required to cure or relieve from the effects of the accidental injury. If the employer does not dispute payment of 13 first aid, medical, surgical, and hospital services, the 14 15 employer shall make such payment to the provider on behalf of 16 the employee. The employer shall also pay for treatment, instruction and training necessary for the physical, mental and 17 vocational rehabilitation of the employee, including all 18 maintenance costs and expenses incidental thereto. If as a 19 20 result of the injury the employee is unable to be 21 self-sufficient the employer shall further pay for such 22 maintenance or institutional care as shall be required.

The employee may at any time elect to secure his own physician, surgeon and hospital services at the employer's expense, or,

Upon agreement between the employer and the employees, or 1 2 the employees' exclusive representative, and subject to the 3 approval of the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission, the employer shall maintain a list of physicians, to be known as a 4 5 Panel of Physicians, who are accessible to the employees. The 6 employer shall post this list in a place or places easily 7 accessible to his employees. The employee shall have the right 8 to make an alternative choice of physician from such Panel if 9 he is not satisfied with the physician first selected. If, due 10 to the nature of the injury or its occurrence away from the 11 employer's place of business, the employee is unable to make a 12 selection from the Panel, the selection process from the Panel 13 shall not apply. The physician selected from the Panel may arrange for any consultation, referral or other specialized 14 15 medical services outside the Panel at the employer's expense. 16 Provided that, in the event the Commission shall find that a 17 doctor selected by the employee is rendering improper or inadequate care, the Commission may order the employee to 18 select another doctor certified or qualified in the medical 19 20 field for which treatment is required. If the employee refuses 21 to make such change the Commission may relieve the employer of 22 his obligation to pay the doctor's charges from the date of 23 refusal to the date of compliance.

Any vocational rehabilitation counselors who provide service under this Act shall have appropriate certifications which designate the counselor as qualified to render opinions – 7 – LRB096 11726 AMC 22453 b

vocational rehabilitation. 1 relating to Vocational 2 rehabilitation may include, but is not limited to, counseling for job searches, supervising a job search program, 3 and vocational retraining including education at an accredited 4 5 learning institution. The employee or employer may petition to 6 the Commission to decide disputes relating to vocational 7 rehabilitation and the Commission shall resolve any such dispute, including payment of the vocational rehabilitation 8 9 program by the employer.

10 The maintenance benefit shall not be less than the 11 temporary total disability rate determined for the employee. In 12 addition, maintenance shall include costs and expenses 13 incidental to the vocational rehabilitation program.

14 When the employee is working light duty on a part-time 15 basis or full-time basis and earns less than he or she would be 16 earning if employed in the full capacity of the job or jobs, 17 then the employee shall be entitled to temporary partial disability benefits. Temporary partial disability benefits 18 shall be equal to two-thirds of the difference between the 19 20 average amount that the employee would be able to earn in the full performance of his or her duties in the occupation in 21 22 which he or she was engaged at the time of accident and the net 23 amount which he or she is earning in the modified job provided to the employee by the employer or in any other job that the 24 25 employee is working.

26 Every hospital, physician, surgeon or other person

1 rendering treatment or services in accordance with the 2 provisions of this Section shall upon written request furnish 3 full and complete reports thereof to, and permit their records 4 to be copied by, the employer, the employee or his dependents, 5 as the case may be, or any other party to any proceeding for 6 compensation before the Commission, or their attorneys.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the employer's liability to
pay for such medical services selected by the employee shall be
limited to:

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(1) all first aid and emergency treatment; plus

11 (2)all medical, surgical and hospital services 12 provided by the physician, surgeon or hospital initially 13 chosen by the employee or by any other physician, 14 consultant, expert, institution or other provider of 15 services recommended by said initial service provider or 16 any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of 17 referrals from said initial service provider; plus

medical, surgical and hospital services 18 (3) all 19 provided by any second physician, surgeon or hospital 20 subsequently chosen by the employee or by any other 21 physician, consultant, expert, institution or other 22 provider of services recommended by said second service 23 provider or any subsequent provider of medical services in the chain of referrals from said second service provider. 24 25 Thereafter the employer shall select and pay for all 26 necessary medical, surgical and hospital treatment and the

employee may not select a provider of medical services at the employer's expense unless the employer agrees to such selection. At any time the employee may obtain any medical treatment he desires at his own expense. This paragraph shall not affect the duty to pay for rehabilitation referred to above.

7 When an employer and employee so agree in writing, nothing 8 in this Act prevents an employee whose injury or disability has 9 been established under this Act, from relying in good faith, on 10 treatment by prayer or spiritual means alone, in accordance 11 with the tenets and practice of a recognized church or 12 religious denomination, by a duly accredited practitioner thereof, and having nursing services appropriate therewith, 13 without suffering loss or diminution of the compensation 14 benefits under this Act. However, the employee shall submit to 15 16 all physical examinations required by this Act. The cost of 17 such treatment and nursing care shall be paid by the employee unless the employer agrees to make such payment. 18

19 Where the accidental injury results in the amputation of an 20 arm, hand, leg or foot, or the enucleation of an eye, or the loss of any of the natural teeth, the employer shall furnish an 21 22 artificial of any such members lost or damaged in accidental 23 injury arising out of and in the course of employment, and shall also furnish the necessary braces in all proper and 24 25 necessary cases. In cases of the loss of a member or members by 26 amputation, the employer shall, whenever necessary, maintain

in good repair, refit or replace the artificial limbs during the lifetime of the employee. Where the accidental injury accompanied by physical injury results in damage to a denture, eye glasses or contact eye lenses, or where the accidental injury results in damage to an artificial member, the employer shall replace or repair such denture, glasses, lenses, or artificial member.

8 The furnishing by the employer of any such services or 9 appliances is not an admission of liability on the part of the 10 employer to pay compensation.

11 The furnishing of any such services or appliances or the 12 servicing thereof by the employer is not the payment of 13 compensation.

(b) If the period of temporary total incapacity for work 14 15 lasts more than 3 working days, weekly compensation as 16 hereinafter provided shall be paid beginning on the 4th day of 17 such temporary total incapacity and continuing as long as the total temporary incapacity lasts. In cases where the temporary 18 total incapacity for work continues for a period of 14 days or 19 20 more from the day of the accident compensation shall commence on the day after the accident. 21

1. The compensation rate for temporary total incapacity under this paragraph (b) of this Section shall be equal to 66 2/3% of the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal

1 minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the 2 Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever 3 is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall 4 be increased by 10% for each spouse and child, not to 5 exceed 100% of the total minimum wage calculation, 6 nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in 7 accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is

9 2. The compensation rate in all cases other than for temporary total disability under this paragraph (b), and 10 11 other than for serious and permanent disfigurement under 12 and other than for permanent partial paragraph (C) 13 disability under subparagraph (2) of paragraph (d) or under 14 paragraph (e), of this Section shall be equal to 66 2/3% of 15 the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, provided that it shall 16 be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum of the Federal minimum 17 wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act, or the Illinois 18 19 minimum wage under the Minimum Wage Law, whichever is more, 20 multiplied by 40 hours. This percentage rate shall be 21 increased by 10% for each spouse and child, not to exceed 22 100% of the total minimum wage calculation,

nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is less.

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2.1. The compensation rate in all cases of serious and

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1 permanent disfigurement under paragraph (C) and of 2 permanent partial disability under subparagraph (2) of 3 paragraph (d) or under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be equal to 60% of the employee's average weekly wage 4 5 computed in accordance with the provisions of Section 10, provided that it shall be not less than 66 2/3% of the sum 6 7 of the Federal minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards 8 Act, or the Illinois minimum wage under the Minimum Wage 9 Law, whichever is more, multiplied by 40 hours. This 10 percentage rate shall be increased by 10% for each spouse 11 and child, not to exceed 100% of the total minimum wage 12 calculation,

13 nor exceed the employee's average weekly wage computed in 14 accordance with the provisions of Section 10, whichever is 15 less.

3. As used in this Section the term "child" means a child of the employee including any child legally adopted before the accident or whom at the time of the accident the employee was under legal obligation to support or to whom the employee stood in loco parentis, and who at the time of the accident was under 18 years of age and not emancipated. The term "children" means the plural of "child".

4. All weekly compensation rates provided under
subparagraphs 1, 2 and 2.1 of this paragraph (b) of this
Section shall be subject to the following limitations:
The maximum weekly compensation rate from July 1, 1975,

except as hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, that being the wage that most closely approximates the State's average weekly wage.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period 5 July 1, 1984, through June 30, 1987, except as hereinafter 6 7 provided, shall be \$293.61. Effective July 1, 1987 and on 8 July 1 of each year thereafter the maximum weekly 9 compensation rate, except as hereinafter provided, shall 10 be determined as follows: if during the preceding 12 month 11 period there shall have been an increase in the State's 12 average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly compensation rate 13 14 shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage 15 as the percentage of increase in the State's average weekly 16 in covered industries under the Unemployment waqe 17 Insurance Act during such period.

The maximum weekly compensation rate, for the period 18 19 January 1, 1981 through December 31, 1983, except as 20 hereinafter provided, shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment 21 22 Insurance Act in effect on January 1, 1981. Effective 23 January 1, 1984 and on January 1, of each year thereafter 24 maximum weekly compensation rate, the except as hereinafter provided, shall be determined as follows: if 25 26 during the preceding 12 month period there shall have been

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an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered 1 2 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the 3 compensation shall weekly rate be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of 4 5 increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered 6 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act during 7 such period.

8 From July 1, 1977 and thereafter such maximum weekly 9 compensation rate in death cases under Section 7, and 10 permanent total disability cases under paragraph (f) or 11 subparagraph 18 of paragraph (3) of this Section and for 12 temporary total disability under paragraph (b) of this 13 Section and for amputation of a member or enucleation of an 14 eye under paragraph (e) of this Section shall be increased 15 to 133-1/3% of the State's average weekly wage in covered 16 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

For injuries occurring on or after February 1, 2006, the maximum weekly benefit under paragraph (d)1 of this Section shall be 100% of the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act.

21 4.1. Any provision herein to the contrary 22 notwithstanding, compensation the weekly rate for 23 compensation payments under subparagraph 18 of paragraph 24 (e) of this Section and under paragraph (f) of this Section 25 and under paragraph (a) of Section 7 and for amputation of 26 a member or enucleation of an eye under paragraph (e) of

this Section, shall in no event be less than 50% of the
 State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the
 Unemployment Insurance Act.

4.2. Any provision to the contrary notwithstanding,
5 the total compensation payable under Section 7 shall not
6 exceed the greater of \$500,000 or 25 years.

5. For the purpose of this Section this State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act on July 1, 1975 is hereby fixed at \$228.16 per week and the computation of compensation rates shall be based on the aforesaid average weekly wage until modified as hereinafter provided.

6. The Department of Employment Security of the State 13 14 shall on or before the first day of December, 1977, and on 15 or before the first day of June, 1978, and on the first day 16 of each December and June of each year thereafter, publish 17 the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act and the Illinois Workers' 18 19 Compensation Commission shall on the 15th day of January, 20 1978 and on the 15th day of July, 1978 and on the 15th day 21 of each January and July of each year thereafter, post and 22 publish the State's average weekly wage in covered 23 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act as last 24 determined and published by the Department of Employment 25 Security. The amount when so posted and published shall be 26 conclusive and shall be applicable as the basis of

computation of compensation rates until the next posting
 and publication as aforesaid.

7. The payment of compensation by an employer or his
insurance carrier to an injured employee shall not
constitute an admission of the employer's liability to pay
compensation.

7 <u>Compensation under this paragraph (b) is subject to the</u> 8 provisions of Sections 3-114.5 and 4-114.2 of the Illinois 9 <u>Pension Code.</u>

10 (c) For any serious and permanent disfigurement to the 11 hand, head, face, neck, arm, leg below the knee or the chest 12 above the axillary line, the employee is entitled to 13 compensation for such disfigurement, the amount determined by agreement at any time or by arbitration under this Act, at a 14 15 hearing not less than 6 months after the date of the accidental 16 injury, which amount shall not exceed 150 weeks (if the 17 accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 18 1, 2006) or 162 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or 19 20 after February 1, 2006) at the applicable rate provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section. 21

No compensation is payable under this paragraph where compensation is payable under paragraphs (d), (e) or (f) of this Section.

A duly appointed member of a fire department in a city, the population of which exceeds 200,000 according to the last

federal or State census, is eligible for compensation under
 this paragraph only where such serious and permanent
 disfigurement results from burns.

(d) 1. If, after the accidental injury has been sustained, 4 5 the emplovee as а result thereof becomes partially 6 incapacitated from pursuing his usual and customary line of employment, he shall, except in cases compensated under the 7 8 specific schedule set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section, 9 receive compensation for the duration of his disability, subject to the limitations as to maximum amounts fixed in 10 paragraph (b) of this Section, equal to 66-2/3% of the 11 12 difference between the average amount which he would be able to 13 earn in the full performance of his duties in the occupation in 14 which he was engaged at the time of the accident and the 15 average amount which he is earning or is able to earn in some 16 suitable employment or business after the accident.

17 2. If, as a result of the accident, the employee sustains serious and permanent injuries not covered by paragraphs (c) 18 and (e) of this Section or having sustained injuries covered by 19 20 the aforesaid paragraphs (c) and (e), he shall have sustained in addition thereto other injuries which injuries do not 21 22 incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his employment but 23 which would disable him from pursuing other suitable occupations, or which have otherwise resulted in physical 24 25 impairment; or if such injuries partially incapacitate him from pursuing the duties of his usual and customary line of 26

employment but do not result in an impairment of earning 1 capacity, or having resulted in an impairment of earning 2 capacity, the employee elects to waive his right to recover 3 under the foregoing subparagraph 1 of paragraph (d) of this 4 5 Section then in any of the foregoing events, he shall receive in addition to compensation for temporary total disability 6 7 under paragraph (b) of this Section, compensation at the rate 8 provided in subparagraph 2.1 of paragraph (b) of this Section 9 for that percentage of 500 weeks that the partial disability 10 resulting from the injuries covered by this paragraph bears to 11 total disability. If the employee shall have sustained a 12 fracture of one or more vertebra or fracture of the skull, the 13 amount of compensation allowed under this Section shall be not less than 6 weeks for a fractured skull and 6 weeks for each 14 15 fractured vertebra, and in the event the employee shall have sustained a fracture of any of the following facial bones: 16 17 nasal, lachrymal, vomer, zygoma, maxilla, palatine or mandible, the amount of compensation allowed under this Section 18 shall be not less than 2 weeks for each such fractured bone, 19 20 and for a fracture of each transverse process not less than 3 weeks. In the event such injuries shall result in the loss of a 21 22 kidney, spleen or lung, the amount of compensation allowed 23 under this Section shall be not less than 10 weeks for each such organ. Compensation awarded under this subparagraph 2 24 25 shall not take into consideration injuries covered under paragraphs (c) and (e) of this Section and the compensation 26

provided in this paragraph shall not affect the employee's right to compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c) and (e) of this Section for the disabilities therein covered.

(e) For accidental injuries in the following schedule, the 4 5 employee shall receive compensation for the period of temporary total incapacity for work resulting from such accidental 6 7 injury, under subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of this Section, 8 and shall receive in addition thereto compensation for a 9 further period for the specific loss herein mentioned, but 10 shall not receive any compensation under any other provisions 11 of this Act. The following listed amounts apply to either the 12 loss of or the permanent and complete loss of use of the member specified, such compensation for the length of time as follows: 13 1. Thumb-14

15 70 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
16 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
17 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

18 76 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or19 after February 1, 2006.

20 2. First, or index finger-

40 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

43 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on orafter February 1, 2006.

26 3. Second, or middle finger-

35 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 1 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 2 3 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006. 38 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 4 5 after February 1, 2006. 6 4. Third, or ring finger-7 25 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 8 9 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006. 10 27 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 11 after February 1, 2006. 12 5. Fourth, or little finger-13 20 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 14 15 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006. 16 22 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 17 after February 1, 2006. 6. Great toe-18 19 35 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 20 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 21 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006. 22 38 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 23 after February 1, 2006. 24 7. Each toe other than great toe-25 12 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 26 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the

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94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

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13 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or

8. The loss of the first or distal phalanx of the thumb 4 5 or of any finger or toe shall be considered to be equal to the loss of one-half of such thumb, finger or toe and the 6 7 compensation payable shall be one-half of the amount above 8 specified. The loss of more than one phalanx shall be 9 considered as the loss of the entire thumb, finger or toe. 10 In no case shall the amount received for more than one 11 finger exceed the amount provided in this schedule for the 12 loss of a hand.

after February 1, 2006.

13 9. Hand-

14 190 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
15 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
16 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

205 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006.

The loss of 2 or more digits, or one or more phalanges of 2 or more digits, of a hand may be compensated on the basis of partial loss of use of a hand, provided, further, that the loss of 4 digits, or the loss of use of 4 digits, in the same hand shall constitute the complete loss of a hand.

25 10. Arm-

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235 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or

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after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

253 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006.

5 Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of 6 an arm below the elbow, such injury shall be compensated as 7 a loss of an arm. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm above the elbow, compensation for an 8 9 additional 15 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or 10 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th 11 General Assembly but before February 1, 2006) or an 12 additional 17 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006) shall be paid, except where the 13 14 accidental injury results in the amputation of an arm at 15 the shoulder joint, or so close to shoulder joint that an 16 artificial arm cannot be used, or results in the 17 disarticulation of an arm at the shoulder joint, in which case compensation for an additional 65 weeks 18 (if the 19 accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of 20 this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before 21 February 1, 2006) or an additional 70 weeks (if the 22 accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006) 23 shall be paid.

24 11. Foot-

25 155 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
 26 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the

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94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

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167 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or

after February 1, 2006.

4 12. Leg-

200 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

215 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006.

10 Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of 11 a leg below the knee, such injury shall be compensated as 12 loss of a leg. Where an accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg above the knee, compensation for an 13 14 additional 25 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or 15 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006) or 16 an 17 additional 27 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006) shall be paid, except where the 18 19 accidental injury results in the amputation of a leg at the 20 hip joint, or so close to the hip joint that an artificial leg cannot be used, or results in the disarticulation of a 21 22 leg at the hip joint, in which case compensation for an 23 additional 75 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th 24 25 General Assembly but before February 1, 2006) or an 26 additional 81 weeks (if the accidental injury occurs on or

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after February 1, 2006) shall be paid.

13. Eye-

150 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

6 162 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 7 after February 1, 2006.

8 Where an accidental injury results in the enucleation 9 of an eye, compensation for an additional 10 weeks (if the 10 accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of 11 this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before 12 February 1, 2006) or an additional 11 weeks (if the 13 accidental injury occurs on or after February 1, 2006) 14 shall be paid.

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14. Loss of hearing of one ear-

16 50 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
17 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
18 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

1954 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or20after February 1, 2006.

21 Total and permanent loss of hearing of both ears-

22 200 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
23 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the
24 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

25 215 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or
 26 after February 1, 2006.

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15. Testicle-

50 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

5 54 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 6 after February 1, 2006.

7 Both testicles-

8 150 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or 9 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 10 94th General Assembly but before February 1, 2006.

11162 weeks if the accidental injury occurs on or12after February 1, 2006.

13 16. For the permanent partial loss of use of a member 14 or sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, compensation 15 during that proportion of the number of weeks in the 16 foregoing schedule provided for the loss of such member or 17 sight of an eye, or hearing of an ear, which the partial 18 loss of use thereof bears to the total loss of use of such 19 member, or sight of eye, or hearing of an ear.

(a) Loss of hearing for compensation purposes
shall be confined to the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000
and 3,000 cycles per second. Loss of hearing ability
for frequency tones above 3,000 cycles per second are
not to be considered as constituting disability for
hearing.

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(b) The percent of hearing loss, for purposes of

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determination of 1 the compensation claims for 2 occupational deafness, shall be calculated as the average in decibels for the thresholds of hearing for 3 the frequencies of 1,000, 2,000 and 3,000 cycles per 4 5 second. Pure tone air conduction audiometric 6 instruments, approved by nationally recognized 7 authorities in this field, shall be used for measuring 8 hearing loss. If the losses of hearing average 30 9 decibels or less in the 3 frequencies, such losses of 10 hearing shall not then constitute any compensable 11 hearing disability. If the losses of hearing average 85 12 decibels or more in the 3 frequencies, then the same 13 shall constitute and be total or 100% compensable 14 hearing loss.

(c) In measuring hearing impairment, the lowest
measured losses in each of the 3 frequencies shall be
added together and divided by 3 to determine the
average decibel loss. For every decibel of loss
exceeding 30 decibels an allowance of 1.82% shall be
made up to the maximum of 100% which is reached at 85
decibels.

(d) If a hearing loss is established to have
existed on July 1, 1975 by audiometric testing the
employer shall not be liable for the previous loss so
established nor shall he be liable for any loss for
which compensation has been paid or awarded.

(e) No consideration shall be given to the question of whether or not the ability of an employee to understand speech is improved by the use of a hearing aid. (f) No claim for loss of hearing due to industrial noise shall be brought against an employer or allowed unless the employee has been exposed for a period of time sufficient to cause permanent impairment to noise levels in excess of the following: Sound Level DBA Slow Response Hours Per Day 1 - 1/21/21/4This subparagraph (f) shall not be applied in cases of

22 hearing loss resulting from trauma or explosion.

23 17. In computing the compensation to be paid to any 24 employee who, before the accident for which he claims 25 compensation, had before that time sustained an injury 26 resulting in the loss by amputation or partial loss by

amputation of any member, including hand, arm, thumb or 1 2 fingers, leg, foot or any toes, such loss or partial loss 3 of any such member shall be deducted from any award made for the subsequent injury. For the permanent loss of use or 4 5 the permanent partial loss of use of any such member or the 6 partial loss of sight of an eye, for which compensation has 7 been paid, then such loss shall be taken into consideration 8 and deducted from any award for the subsequent injury.

9 18. The specific case of loss of both hands, both arms, 10 or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or of any two 11 thereof, or the permanent and complete loss of the use 12 thereof, constitutes total and permanent disability, to be 13 compensated according to the compensation fixed by 14 paragraph (f) of this Section. These specific cases of 15 total and permanent disability do not exclude other cases.

16 Any employee who has previously suffered the loss or 17 permanent and complete loss of the use of any of such members, and in a subsequent independent accident loses 18 19 another or suffers the permanent and complete loss of the 20 use of any one of such members the employer for whom the 21 injured employee is working at the time of the last 22 independent accident is liable to pay compensation only for 23 the loss or permanent and complete loss of the use of the 24 member occasioned by the last independent accident.

25 19. In a case of specific loss and the subsequent death
26 of such injured employee from other causes than such injury

leaving a widow, widower, or dependents surviving before payment or payment in full for such injury, then the amount due for such injury is payable to the widow or widower and, if there be no widow or widower, then to such dependents, in the proportion which such dependency bears to total dependency.

7 Beginning July 1, 1980, and every 6 months thereafter, the 8 Commission shall examine the Second Injury Fund and when, after 9 deducting all advances or loans made to such Fund, the amount 10 therein is \$500,000 then the amount required to be paid by 11 employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be 12 reduced by one-half. When the Second Injury Fund reaches the sum of \$600,000 then the payments shall cease entirely. 13 14 However, when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to 15 \$400,000, payment of one-half of the amounts required by 16 paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner 17 herein provided, and when the Second Injury Fund has been reduced to \$300,000, payment of the full amounts required by 18 paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be resumed, in the manner 19 20 herein provided. The Commission shall make the changes in payment effective by general order, and the changes in payment 21 22 become immediately effective for all cases coming before the 23 Commission thereafter either by settlement agreement or final order, irrespective of the date of the accidental injury. 24

25 On August 1, 1996 and on February 1 and August 1 of each 26 subsequent year, the Commission shall examine the special fund

designated as the "Rate Adjustment Fund" and when, after 1 2 deducting all advances or loans made to said fund, the amount 3 therein is \$4,000,000, the amount required to be paid by employers pursuant to paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be 4 5 reduced by one-half. When the Rate Adjustment Fund reaches the 6 sum of \$5,000,000 the payment therein shall cease entirely. 7 However, when said Rate Adjustment Fund has been reduced to 8 \$3,000,000 the amounts required by paragraph (f) of Section 7 9 shall be resumed in the manner herein provided.

10 (f) In case of complete disability, which renders the 11 employee wholly and permanently incapable of work, or in the 12 specific case of total and permanent disability as provided in 13 subparagraph 18 of paragraph (e) of this Section, compensation 14 shall be payable at the rate provided in subparagraph 2 of 15 paragraph (b) of this Section for life.

16 An employee entitled to benefits under paragraph (f) of 17 this Section shall also be entitled to receive from the Rate 18 Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 of the 19 supplementary benefits provided in paragraph (g) of this 20 Section 8.

If any employee who receives an award under this paragraph afterwards returns to work or is able to do so, and earns or is able to earn as much as before the accident, payments under such award shall cease. If such employee returns to work, or is able to do so, and earns or is able to earn part but not as much as before the accident, such award shall be modified so as to

1 conform to an award under paragraph (d) of this Section. If 2 such award is terminated or reduced under the provisions of 3 this paragraph, such employees have the right at any time 4 within 30 months after the date of such termination or 5 reduction to file petition with the Commission for the purpose 6 of determining whether any disability exists as a result of the 7 original accidental injury and the extent thereof.

B Disability as enumerated in subdivision 18, paragraph (e)
9 of this Section is considered complete disability.

10 If an employee who had previously incurred loss or the 11 permanent and complete loss of use of one member, through the 12 loss or the permanent and complete loss of the use of one hand, 13 one arm, one foot, one leg, or one eye, incurs permanent and 14 complete disability through the loss or the permanent and 15 complete loss of the use of another member, he shall receive, 16 in addition to the compensation payable by the employer and 17 after such payments have ceased, an amount from the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7, which, 18 together with the compensation payable from the employer in 19 whose employ he was when the last accidental injury was 20 21 incurred, will equal the amount payable for permanent and 22 complete disability as provided in this paragraph of this 23 Section.

The custodian of the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 7 shall be joined with the employer as a party respondent in the application for adjustment of claim.

1 The application for adjustment of claim shall state briefly and 2 in general terms the approximate time and place and manner of 3 the loss of the first member.

In its award the Commission or the Arbitrator shall 4 5 specifically find the amount the injured employee shall be weekly paid, the number of weeks compensation which shall be 6 paid by the employer, the date upon which payments begin out of 7 8 the Second Injury Fund provided for in paragraph (f) of Section 9 7 of this Act, the length of time the weekly payments continue, 10 the date upon which the pension payments commence and the 11 monthly amount of the payments. The Commission shall 30 days 12 after the date upon which payments out of the Second Injury Fund have begun as provided in the award, and every month 13 14 thereafter, prepare and submit to the State Comptroller a 15 voucher for payment for all compensation accrued to that date 16 at the rate fixed by the Commission. The State Comptroller 17 shall draw a warrant to the injured employee along with a receipt to be executed by the injured employee and returned to 18 19 the Commission. The endorsed warrant and receipt is a full and 20 complete acquittance to the Commission for the payment out of the Second Injury Fund. No other appropriation or warrant is 21 22 necessary for payment out of the Second Injury Fund. The Second 23 Injury Fund is appropriated for the purpose of making payments according to the terms of the awards. 24

As of July 1, 1980 to July 1, 1982, all claims against and obligations of the Second Injury Fund shall become claims

against and obligations of the Rate Adjustment Fund to the extent there is insufficient money in the Second Injury Fund to pay such claims and obligations. In that case, all references to "Second Injury Fund" in this Section shall also include the Rate Adjustment Fund.

6 (g) Every award for permanent total disability entered by 7 the Commission on and after July 1, 1965 under which 8 compensation payments shall become due and payable after the 9 effective date of this amendatory Act, and every award for 10 death benefits or permanent total disability entered by the 11 Commission on and after the effective date of this amendatory 12 Act shall be subject to annual adjustments as to the amount of the compensation rate therein provided. Such adjustments shall 13 14 first be made on July 15, 1977, and all awards made and entered 15 prior to July 1, 1975 and on July 15 of each year thereafter. 16 In all other cases such adjustment shall be made on July 15 of 17 the second year next following the date of the entry of the award and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter. 18 19 If during the intervening period from the date of the entry of 20 the award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have 21 been an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered 22 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the weekly 23 compensation rate shall be proportionately increased by the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the State's 24 25 weekly waqe in covered industries under average the 26 Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation

rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total 1 2 compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. 3 Such increase shall be paid in the same manner as herein 4 5 provided for payments under the Second Injury Fund to the injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, out of 6 7 the Rate Adjustment Fund provided in paragraph (f) of Section 7 8 of this Act. Payments shall be made at the same intervals as 9 provided in the award or, at the option of the Commission, may 10 be made in quarterly payment on the 15th day of January, April, 11 July and October of each year. In the event of a decrease in 12 such average weekly wage there shall be no change in the then 13 existing compensation rate. The within paragraph shall not 14 apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a 15 compromise lump sum settlement between the employer and the 16 injured employee, or his dependents, as the case may be, has 17 been duly approved by the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission. 18

Provided, that in cases of awards entered by the Commission for injuries occurring before July 1, 1975, the increases in the compensation rate adjusted under the foregoing provision of this paragraph (g) shall be limited to increases in the State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act occurring after July 1, 1975.

For every accident occurring on or after July 20, 2005 but before the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th

General Assembly (Senate Bill 1283 of the 94th General 1 2 Assembly), the annual adjustments to the compensation rate in 3 awards for death benefits or permanent total disability, as provided in this Act, shall be paid by the employer. The 4 5 adjustment shall be made by the employer on July 15 of the 6 second year next following the date of the entry of the award 7 and shall further be made on July 15 annually thereafter. If 8 during the intervening period from the date of the entry of the 9 award, or the last periodic adjustment, there shall have been 10 an increase in the State's average weekly wage in covered 11 industries under the Unemployment Insurance Act, the employer 12 shall increase the weekly compensation rate proportionately by 13 the same percentage as the percentage of increase in the 14 State's average weekly wage in covered industries under the 15 Unemployment Insurance Act. The increase in the compensation 16 rate under this paragraph shall in no event bring the total 17 compensation rate to an amount greater than the prevailing maximum rate at the time that the annual adjustment is made. In 18 19 the event of a decrease in such average weekly wage there shall 20 be no change in the then existing compensation rate. Such increase shall be paid by the employer in the same manner and 21 22 at the same intervals as the payment of compensation in the 23 award. This paragraph shall not apply to cases where there is disputed liability and in which a compromise lump 24 sum 25 settlement between the employer and the injured employee, or 26 his or her dependents, as the case may be, has been duly

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approved by the Illinois Workers' Compensation Commission.

The annual adjustments for every award of death benefits or permanent total disability involving accidents occurring before July 20, 2005 and accidents occurring on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly (Senate Bill 1283 of the 94th General Assembly) shall continue to be paid from the Rate Adjustment Fund pursuant to this paragraph and Section 7(f) of this Act.

9 (h) In case death occurs from any cause before the total 10 compensation to which the employee would have been entitled has 11 been paid, then in case the employee leaves any widow, widower, 12 child, parent (or any grandchild, grandparent or other lineal 13 heir or any collateral heir dependent at the time of the 14 accident upon the earnings of the employee to the extent of 50% 15 or more of total dependency) such compensation shall be paid to 16 the beneficiaries of the deceased employee and distributed as 17 provided in paragraph (g) of Section 7.

(h-1) In case an injured employee is under legal disability 18 19 at the time when any right or privilege accrues to him or her 20 under this Act, a guardian may be appointed pursuant to law, and may, on behalf of such person under legal disability, claim 21 22 and exercise any such right or privilege with the same effect 23 as if the employee himself or herself had claimed or exercised the right or privilege. No limitations of time provided by this 24 25 Act run so long as the employee who is under legal disability 26 is without a conservator or guardian.

(i) In case the injured employee is under 16 years of age at the time of the accident and is illegally employed, the amount of compensation payable under paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of this Section is increased 50%.

5 However, where an employer has on file an employment 6 certificate issued pursuant to the Child Labor Law or work 7 permit issued pursuant to the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act, 8 as amended, or a birth certificate properly and duly issued, 9 such certificate, permit or birth certificate is conclusive 10 evidence as to the age of the injured minor employee for the 11 purposes of this Section.

Nothing herein contained repeals or amends the provisions of the Child Labor Law relating to the employment of minors under the age of 16 years.

15 (j) 1. In the event the injured employee receives benefits, 16 including medical, surgical or hospital benefits under any 17 group plan covering non-occupational disabilities contributed to wholly or partially by the employer, which benefits should 18 not have been payable if any rights of recovery existed under 19 20 this Act, then such amounts so paid to the employee from any 21 such group plan as shall be consistent with, and limited to, 22 the provisions of paragraph 2 hereof, shall be credited to or 23 any compensation payment for temporary total against incapacity for work or any medical, surgical or hospital 24 25 benefits made or to be made under this Act. In such event, the period of time for giving notice of accidental injury and 26

filing application for adjustment of claim does not commence to 1 2 run until the termination of such payments. This paragraph does 3 not apply to payments made under any group plan which would have been payable irrespective of an accidental injury under 4 5 this Act. Any employer receiving such credit shall keep such 6 employee safe and harmless from any and all claims or 7 liabilities that may be made against him by reason of having 8 received such payments only to the extent of such credit.

9 Any excess benefits paid to or on behalf of a State 10 employee by the State Employees' Retirement System under 11 Article 14 of the Illinois Pension Code on a death claim or 12 disputed disability claim shall be credited against any 13 payments made or to be made by the State of Illinois to or on behalf of such employee under this Act, except for payments for 14 15 medical expenses which have already been incurred at the time 16 of the award. The State of Illinois shall directly reimburse 17 the State Employees' Retirement System to the extent of such credit. 18

19 2. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to give 20 the employer or the insurance carrier the right to credit for any benefits or payments received by the employee other than 21 22 compensation payments provided by this Act, and where the 23 employee receives payments other than compensation payments, whether as full or partial salary, group insurance benefits, 24 25 bonuses, annuities or any other payments, the employer or 26 insurance carrier shall receive credit for each such payment

only to the extent of the compensation that would have been
 payable during the period covered by such payment.

3 3. The extension of time for the filing of an Application 4 for Adjustment of Claim as provided in paragraph 1 above shall 5 not apply to those cases where the time for such filing had 6 expired prior to the date on which payments or benefits enumerated herein have been initiated or resumed. Provided 7 8 however that this paragraph 3 shall apply only to cases wherein 9 the payments or benefits hereinabove enumerated shall be 10 received after July 1, 1969.

11 (Source: P.A. 93-721, eff. 1-1-05; 94-277, eff. 7-20-05; 12 94-695, eff. 11-16-05.)

Section 90. The State Mandates Act is amended by adding Section 8.33 as follows:

15 (30 ILCS 805/8.33 new)

Sec. 8.33. Exempt mandate. Notwithstanding Sections 6 and 8 of this Act, no reimbursement by the State is required for the implementation of any mandate created by this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.

20 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 21 becoming law.