1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing Sections 6-507, 6-514, and 6-524 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/6-507) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-507)
- 7 Sec. 6-507. Commercial Driver's License (CDL) Required.
- 8 (a) Except as expressly permitted by this UCDLA, or when 9 driving pursuant to the issuance of a commercial driver 10 instruction permit and accompanied by the holder of a CDL valid 11 for the vehicle being driven; no person shall drive a
- 12 commercial motor vehicle on the highways without:
- 13 (1) a CDL in the driver's possession;
- 14 (2) having obtained a CDL; or
- 15 (3) the proper class of CDL or endorsements or both for 16 the specific vehicle group being operated or for the 17 passengers or type of cargo being transported.
- 18 (b) Except as otherwise provided by this Code, no person
 19 may drive a commercial motor vehicle on the highways while such
 20 person's driving privilege, license, or permit is:
- 21 (1) Suspended, revoked, cancelled, or subject to 22 disqualification. Any person convicted of violating this 23 provision or a similar provision of this or any other state

shall have their driving privileges revoked under paragraph 12 of subsection (a) of Section 6-205 of this Code.

- (2) Subject to or in violation of an "out-of-service" order. Any person who has been issued a CDL and is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of Section 6-514 of this Code.
- (3) Subject to or in violation of a driver or vehicle an "out of service" order while operating a vehicle designed to transport 16 or more and while transporting passengers, including the driver, or transporting hazardous materials required to be placarded. Any person who has been issued a CDL and is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of this or any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of Section 6-514 of this Code.
- (b-3) Except as otherwise provided by this Code, no person may drive a commercial motor vehicle on the highways during a period which the commercial motor vehicle or the motor carrier operation is subject to an "out-of-service" order. Any person who is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Section 6-514 of this Code. 1

- (b-5) Except as otherwise provided by this Code, no person may transport passengers or hazardous materials during a period in which the commercial motor vehicle or the motor carrier operation is subject to an "out-of-service" order. Any person who is convicted of violating this provision or a similar provision of any other state shall be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle under subsection (i) of Section 6-514 of this Code.
- (c) Pursuant to the options provided to the States by FHWA Docket No. MC-88-8, the driver of any motor vehicle controlled or operated by or for a farmer is waived from the requirements of this Section, when such motor vehicle is being used to transport: agricultural products; implements of husbandry; or farm supplies; to and from a farm, as long as such movement is not over 150 air miles from the originating farm. This waiver does not apply to the driver of any motor vehicle being used in a common or contract carrier type operation. However, for those drivers of any truck-tractor semitrailer combination or combinations registered under subsection (c) of Section 3-815 of this Code, this waiver shall apply only when the driver is a farmer or a member of the farmer's family and the driver is 21 years of age or more and has successfully completed any tests the Secretary of State deems necessary.

In addition, the farmer or a member of the farmer's family who operates a truck-tractor semitrailer combination or

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

combinations pursuant to this waiver shall be granted all of the rights and shall be subject to all of the duties and restrictions with respect to Sections 6-514 and 6-515 of this Code applicable to the driver who possesses a commercial driver's license issued under this Code, except that the driver shall not be subject to any additional duties or restrictions contained in Part 382 of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations that are not otherwise imposed under Section 6-514 or 6-515 of this Code.

For purposes of this subsection (c), a member of the farmer's family is a natural or in-law spouse, child, parent, or sibling.

(c-5) An employee of a township or road district with a population of less than 3,000 operating a vehicle within the boundaries of the township or road district for the purpose of removing snow or ice from a roadway by plowing, sanding, or salting is waived from the requirements of this Section when the employee is needed to operate the vehicle because the employee of the township or road district who ordinarily operates the vehicle and who has a commercial driver's license is unable to operate the vehicle or is in need of additional assistance due to a snow emergency.

(c-10) A driver of a commercial motor vehicle used primarily in the transportation of propane winter heating fuel or a driver of a motor vehicle used to respond to a pipeline emergency is waived from the requirements of this Section if

- 1 such requirements would prevent the driver from responding to
- 2 an emergency condition requiring immediate response as defined
- 3 in 49 C.F.R. Part 390.5.
- 4 (d) Any person convicted of violating this Section, shall
- 5 be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 6 (e) Any person convicted of violating paragraph (1) of
- 7 subsection (b) of this Section, shall have all driving
- 8 privileges revoked by the Secretary of State.
- 9 (f) This Section shall not apply to:
- 10 (1) A person who currently holds a valid Illinois
- driver's license, for the type of vehicle being operated,
- until the expiration of such license or April 1, 1992,
- whichever is earlier; or
- 14 (2) A non-Illinois domiciliary who is properly
- licensed in another State, until April 1, 1992. A
- non-Illinois domiciliary, if such domiciliary is properly
- 17 licensed in another State or foreign jurisdiction, until
- 18 April 1, 1992.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06;
- 20 95-382, eff. 8-23-07.)
- 21 (625 ILCS 5/6-514) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-514)
- 22 Sec. 6-514. Commercial Driver's License (CDL) -
- 23 Disqualifications.
- 24 (a) A person shall be disqualified from driving a
- 25 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

months for the first violation of:

- (1) Refusing to submit to or failure to complete a test or tests to determine the driver's blood concentration of alcohol, other drug, or both, while driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the driver is a CDL holder, while driving a non-CMV; or
- (2) Operating a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath or urine is at least 0.04, or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn or other verified evidence; or operating vehicle while non-commercial motor the alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath, or urine was above the legal limit defined in Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.8 or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control a controlled substance listed in the Controlled Substances Act, or methamphetamine as listed in the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn report or other

1	verified evidence while holding a commercial driver's
2	license; or
3	(3) Conviction for a first violation of:
4	(i) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the
5	driver is a CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while under
6	the influence of alcohol, or any other drug, or
7	combination of drugs to a degree which renders such
8	person incapable of safely driving; or
9	(ii) Knowingly and wilfully leaving the scene of an
10	accident while operating a commercial motor vehicle
11	or, if the driver is a CDL holder, while driving a
12	non-CMV; or
13	(iii) Driving a commercial motor vehicle or, if the
14	driver is a CDL holder, driving a non-CMV while
15	committing any felony; or
16	(iv) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the
17	person's driving privileges or driver's license or
18	permit is revoked, suspended, or cancelled or the
19	driver is disqualified from operating a commercial
20	motor vehicle; or
21	(v) Causing a fatality through the negligent
22	operation of a commercial motor vehicle, including but
23	not limited to the crimes of motor vehicle
24	manslaughter, homicide by a motor vehicle, and
25	negligent homicide.

As used in this subdivision (a)(3)(v), "motor

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

vehicle manslaughter" means the offense of involuntary manslaughter if committed by means of a vehicle; "homicide by a motor vehicle" means the offense of first degree murder or second degree murder, if either offense is committed by means of a vehicle; and "negligent homicide" means reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 and aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof under subdivision (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 of this Code.

If any of the above violations or refusals occurred while transporting hazardous material(s) required to be placarded, the person shall be disqualified for a period of not less than 3 years.

- (b) A person is disqualified for life for a second conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph (a), or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more separate incidents.
- (c) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life if the person either (i) uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance or (ii) if the person is a CDL holder, uses a non-CMV in the

1 commission of a felony involving any of those activities.

- (d) The Secretary of State may, when the United States Secretary of Transportation so authorizes, issue regulations in which a disqualification for life under paragraph (b) may be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years. If a reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of another disqualifying offense, as specified in subsection (a) of this Section, he or she shall be permanently disqualified for life and shall be ineligible to again apply for a reduction of the lifetime disqualification.
- (e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period. However, a person will be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 4 months if convicted of 3 serious traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period.
- (e-1) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations committed in a non-CMV while holding a CDL, arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, if the convictions would result in the suspension or revocation of the CDL holder's

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

26

- non-CMV privileges. A person shall be disqualified from driving 1 2 a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 4 months, however, if he or she is convicted of 3 or more serious 3 traffic violations committed in a non-CMV while holding a CDL, 5 arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year period, if the convictions would result in the suspension or 6 7 revocation of the CDL holder's non-CMV privileges.
 - (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, any driver disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle, pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not be eliqible for restoration of commercial driving privileges during any such period of disqualification.
 - (q) After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a commercial driver's license, the Secretary of State must update the driver's records to reflect such action within 10 days. After suspending or revoking the driving privilege of any person who has been issued a CDL or commercial driver instruction permit from another jurisdiction, the Secretary shall originate notification to such issuing jurisdiction within 10 days.
 - (h) The "disqualifications" referred to in this Section shall not be imposed upon any commercial motor vehicle driver, by the Secretary of State, unless the prohibited action(s) occurred after March 31, 1992.
- (i) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 24 25 motor vehicle in accordance with the following:
 - (1) For 6 months upon a first conviction of paragraph

- 1 (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) of Section 6-507 2 of this Code.
 - (2) For 2 years one year upon a second conviction of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3).
 - (3) For 3 years upon a third or subsequent conviction of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the third or subsequent conviction is a violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3).
 - (4) For one year upon a first conviction of paragraph
 (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) of Section 6-507
 of this Code.
 - (5) For 3 years upon a second conviction of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b) or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period if the second conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or (b-5).
 - (6) For 5 years upon a third or subsequent conviction

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) or subsection (b-5) or
any combination of paragraphs (2) or (3) of subsection (b)
or subsections (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507 of this Code
within a 10-year period <u>if the third or subsequent</u>
conviction is a violation of paragraph (3) of subsection
(b) or $(b-5)$.

- (j) Disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
 - (1) General rule. A driver who is convicted of a violation of a federal, State, or local law or regulation pertaining to one of the following 6 offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for the period of time specified in paragraph (2) of this subsection (j) if the offense was committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle:
 - (i) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to slow down and check that the tracks are clear of an approaching train, as described in subsection (a-5) of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
 - (ii) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to stop before reaching the crossing, if the tracks are not clear, as described in subsection (a) of Section 11-1201 of this Code:
 - (iii) For drivers who are always required to stop, failing to stop before driving onto the crossing, as

described in Section 11-1202 of this Code;

- (iv) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient space to drive completely through the crossing without stopping, as described in subsection (b) of Section 11-1425 of this Code;
- (v) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic control device or the directions of an enforcement official at the crossing, as described in subdivision (a) 2 of Section 11-1201 of this Code;
- (vi) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a crossing because of insufficient undercarriage clearance, as described in subsection (d-1) of Section 11-1201 of this Code.
- (2) Duration of disqualification for railroad-highway grade crossing violation.
 - (i) First violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than 60 days if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had no convictions for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j).
 - (ii) Second violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than 120 days if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

18

19

20

21

subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had one other conviction for a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that was committed in a separate incident.

- (iii) Third or subsequent violation. A driver must be disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for not less than one year if the driver is convicted of a violation described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) and, in the three-year period preceding the conviction, the driver had 2 or more other convictions for violations described in paragraph (1) of this subsection (j) that were committed in separate incidents.
- (k) Upon notification of a disqualification of a driver's commercial motor vehicle privileges imposed by the U.S. 17 Department of Transportation, Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration, in accordance with 49 C.F.R. 383.52, the Secretary of State shall immediately record to the driving record the notice of disqualification and confirm to the driver the action that has been taken.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06; 23 95-382, eff. 8-23-07.)
- 24 (625 ILCS 5/6-524) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-524)
- Sec. 6-524. Penalties. 25

- 1 (a) Every person convicted of violating any provision of 2 this UCDLA for which another penalty is not provided shall for 3 a first offense be guilty of a petty offense; and for a second
- 4 conviction for any offense committed within 3 years of any
- 5 previous offense, shall be guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 6 (b) Any person convicted of violating subsection (b) of Section 6-506 of this Code shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than $$25,000 \ $10,000$.
- 9 (c) Any person or employer convicted of violating paragraph
- 10 (5) of subsection (a) or subsection (b-3) or (b-5) of Section
- 11 6-506 shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than
- 12 \$2,750 nor more than $\frac{$25,000}{$11,000}$.
- (d) Any person convicted of violating paragraph (2) or (3)
- of subsection (b) or subsection (b-3) or (b-5) of Section 6-507
- shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$2,750
- 16 $\frac{\$1,100}{100}$ nor more than $\frac{\$25,000}{100}$
- 17 (Source: P.A. 95-382, eff. 8-23-07.)