95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

SB0511

Introduced 2/8/2007, by Sen. John J. Cullerton

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Information Technology Access Act. Requires the State, units of local government, and service providers paid with public funds to make their visual-based, electronic information technology accessible to blind and visually impaired employees, program participants, and members of the public through the use of nonvisual technology. Establishes procurement standards and applies to the purchase of new technology and the upgrading of software, hardware, and websites. Authorizes injunctions against violations. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT

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AN ACT concerning information technology access.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Information Technology Access Act.

6 Section 5. Findings; policy.

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(a) The Legislature finds that:

8 (1) The advent of the information age throughout the 9 United States and around the world has resulted in lasting 10 changes in information technology.

11 (2) Use of interactive visual display terminals by 12 State and State-assisted organizations is becoming a 13 widespread means of access for employees and the public to 14 obtain information available electronically, but nonvisual 15 access, whether by speech, Braille, or other appropriate 16 means has been overlooked in purchasing and deploying the 17 latest information technology.

(3) Presentation of electronic data solely in a visual
format is a barrier to access by individuals who are blind
or visually impaired, preventing them from participating
on equal terms in crucial areas of life, such as education
and employment.

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(4) Alternatives, including both software and hardware

adaptations, have been created so that interactive control of computers and use of the information presented is possible by both visual and nonvisual means.

4 (5) The goals of the State in obtaining and deploying 5 the most advanced forms of information technology properly 6 include universal access so that segments of society with 7 particular needs (including individuals unable to use 8 visual displays) will not be left out of the information 9 age.

10 (b) It is the policy of the State of Illinois that all 11 programs and activities that are supported in whole or in part 12 by public funds shall be conducted in accordance with the 13 following principles:

14 (1) Individuals who are blind or visually impaired have
15 the right to full participation in the life of the State,
16 including the use of advanced technology that is provided
17 by the State or State-assisted organizations for use by
18 employees, program participants, and members of the
19 general public.

(2) Technology purchased in whole or in part with funds
provided by the State to be used for the creation, storage,
retrieval, or dissemination of information and intended
for use by employees, program participants, and members of
the general public shall be accessible to and usable by
individuals who are blind or visually impaired.

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Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act: 1 2 "Access" means the ability to receive, use, and manipulate data and operate controls included in information technology. 3 "Blind or visually impaired individual" means 4 an 5 individual who: (1) Has a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better 6 7 eye with correcting lenses or has a limited field of vision so that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an 8 9 angle no greater than 20 degrees; 10 (2) Has a medically indicated expectation of visual 11 deterioration; or

12 (3) Has a medically diagnosed limitation in visual 13 functioning that restricts the individual's ability to 14 read and write standard print at levels expected of 15 individuals of comparable ability.

16 "Covered entities" means the State of Illinois, all units 17 of local government located within the State of Illinois, as 18 well as any organization to which the State or any unit of 19 local government delegates the responsibility of providing 20 services to the people of this State.

21 "Information technology" means all electronic information 22 processing hardware and software, including 23 telecommunications.

24 "Nonvisual" means synthesized speech, Braille, and other 25 output methods not requiring sight.

26 "State" means the State or any of its departments,

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1 agencies, public bodies, or other instrumentalities.

2 "State-assisted organization" means a college, nonprofit
3 organization, person, political subdivision, school district,
4 or other entity supported in whole or in part by State funds.

5 "Telecommunications" means the transmission of 6 information, images, pictures, voice, or data by radio, video, 7 or other electronic or impulse means.

8 Section 15. Assurance of nonvisual access. In general, the 9 head of each covered entity shall ensure that information 10 technology equipment and software used by employees, program 11 participants, or members of the general public:

12 (1) Provides blind or visually impaired individuals 13 with access (including interactive use of the equipment and 14 services) that is equivalent to that provided to 15 individuals who are not blind or visually impaired.

16 (2) Is designed to present information (including
 17 prompts used for interactive communications) in formats
 18 intended for both visual and nonvisual use.

19 (3) Has been purchased under a contract that includes
20 the technology access clause required pursuant to Section
21 20.

22 Section 20. Procurement requirements.

(a) The technology access clause specified in Section 15shall be developed by the Department of Central Management

Services and shall require compliance with nonvisual access
 standards established by the State. The clause shall specify
 that the technology:

4 (1) Must be compatible with technology used for access 5 by nonvisual means and provide for effective, interactive 6 control and use of operating systems, applications 7 programs, and the logical organization of the data format 8 presented.

9 (2) Must permit use by nonvisual means when integrated 10 into networks used to share communications among 11 employees, program participants, and the public.

12 (3) Shall be obtained without modification for 13 software and hardware compatibility with used for 14 nonvisual access whenever technology not requiring such 15 modification is commercially available.

16 (4) Shall have been evaluated by, and developed in 17 consultation with, blind employees whose employment may require them to use the software or web interface in 18 19 question, blind persons representing those who may use the 20 software to access a service or benefit of the covered 21 entity, and organizations of the blind having expertise in 22 the evaluation, design, and development of information 23 technology that affords good nonvisual access.

(b) The nonvisual access standards established by the State
 pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section shall include such
 specifications as are necessary to fulfill the assurances in

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Section 15 and the specifications in subsection (a) of this
 Section.

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Section 25. Implementation.

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(a) With respect to the application of this Act:

5 (1) The clause required by Section 4 of this Act shall 6 be included in all contracts for the procurement of 7 information technology by or for the use of entities 8 covered by this Act on or after the effective date of this 9 Act.

10 (2) Nothing in this Section requires the installation
 11 of software or peripheral devices used for nonvisual access
 12 when the information technology is being used by
 13 individuals who are not blind or visually impaired.

14 (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of 15 this subsection, the applications programs and underlying 16 operating systems (including the format of the data) used 17 for the manipulation and presentation of information shall 18 permit the installation and effective use of nonvisual 19 access software and peripheral devices.

(b) Compliance with this Act in regard to information technology purchased prior to the effective date of this Act shall be achieved at the time of procurement of an upgrade or replacement of the existing equipment or software, or at the time an internet site is updated. - 7 - LRB095 06720 JAM 26833 b

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Section 30. Action for injunction.

2 (a) A person injured by a violation of this Act may 3 maintain an action for damages and for injunctive relief to 4 enforce the terms of this Act. The court may award the 5 plaintiff up to 3 times the amount of any damages suffered, 6 together with the plaintiff's reasonable attorney's fees and 7 court costs associated with bringing the action.

8 (b) Any action under this Section shall be commenced within 9 4 years after the cause of action accrues. For the purposes of 10 this subsection, a cause of action for a continuing violation 11 accrues at the time of the latest violation.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.