



95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

HB5722

by Rep. Robert S. Molaro

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3	from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-3
65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3.5 new	
65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-7	from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-7

Amends the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act in the Illinois Municipal Code. Makes technical changes concerning the location of citations for the completion dates for redevelopment projects. Provides that the redevelopment project in the TIF district created by an ordinance that was adopted on July 14, 1987 by the City of Berwyn must be completed by December 31 of the 35th year (now, the 23rd year) after the year in which the ordinance was adopted. Effective immediately.

LRB095 19713 BDD 46076 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

HOUSING
AFFORDABILITY
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning local government.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by
5 changing Sections 11-74.4-3 and 11-74.4-7 and by adding Section
6 11-74.4-3.5 as follows:

7 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-3)

8 Sec. 11-74.4-3. Definitions. The following terms, wherever
9 used or referred to in this Division 74.4 shall have the
10 following respective meanings, unless in any case a different
11 meaning clearly appears from the context.

12 (a) For any redevelopment project area that has been
13 designated pursuant to this Section by an ordinance adopted
14 prior to November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act
15 91-478), "blighted area" shall have the meaning set forth in
16 this Section prior to that date.

17 On and after November 1, 1999, "blighted area" means any
18 improved or vacant area within the boundaries of a
19 redevelopment project area located within the territorial
20 limits of the municipality where:

21 (1) If improved, industrial, commercial, and
22 residential buildings or improvements are detrimental to
23 the public safety, health, or welfare because of a

1 combination of 5 or more of the following factors, each of
2 which is (i) present, with that presence documented, to a
3 meaningful extent so that a municipality may reasonably
4 find that the factor is clearly present within the intent
5 of the Act and (ii) reasonably distributed throughout the
6 improved part of the redevelopment project area:

7 (A) Dilapidation. An advanced state of disrepair
8 or neglect of necessary repairs to the primary
9 structural components of buildings or improvements in
10 such a combination that a documented building
11 condition analysis determines that major repair is
12 required or the defects are so serious and so extensive
13 that the buildings must be removed.

14 (B) Obsolescence. The condition or process of
15 falling into disuse. Structures have become ill-suited
16 for the original use.

17 (C) Deterioration. With respect to buildings,
18 defects including, but not limited to, major defects in
19 the secondary building components such as doors,
20 windows, porches, gutters and downspouts, and fascia.
21 With respect to surface improvements, that the
22 condition of roadways, alleys, curbs, gutters,
23 sidewalks, off-street parking, and surface storage
24 areas evidence deterioration, including, but not
25 limited to, surface cracking, crumbling, potholes,
26 depressions, loose paving material, and weeds

1 protruding through paved surfaces.

2 (D) Presence of structures below minimum code
3 standards. All structures that do not meet the
4 standards of zoning, subdivision, building, fire, and
5 other governmental codes applicable to property, but
6 not including housing and property maintenance codes.

7 (E) Illegal use of individual structures. The use
8 of structures in violation of applicable federal,
9 State, or local laws, exclusive of those applicable to
10 the presence of structures below minimum code
11 standards.

12 (F) Excessive vacancies. The presence of buildings
13 that are unoccupied or under-utilized and that
14 represent an adverse influence on the area because of
15 the frequency, extent, or duration of the vacancies.

16 (G) Lack of ventilation, light, or sanitary
17 facilities. The absence of adequate ventilation for
18 light or air circulation in spaces or rooms without
19 windows, or that require the removal of dust, odor,
20 gas, smoke, or other noxious airborne materials.
21 Inadequate natural light and ventilation means the
22 absence of skylights or windows for interior spaces or
23 rooms and improper window sizes and amounts by room
24 area to window area ratios. Inadequate sanitary
25 facilities refers to the absence or inadequacy of
26 garbage storage and enclosure, bathroom facilities,

1 hot water and kitchens, and structural inadequacies
2 preventing ingress and egress to and from all rooms and
3 units within a building.

4 (H) Inadequate utilities. Underground and overhead
5 utilities such as storm sewers and storm drainage,
6 sanitary sewers, water lines, and gas, telephone, and
7 electrical services that are shown to be inadequate.
8 Inadequate utilities are those that are: (i) of
9 insufficient capacity to serve the uses in the
10 redevelopment project area, (ii) deteriorated,
11 antiquated, obsolete, or in disrepair, or (iii)
12 lacking within the redevelopment project area.

13 (I) Excessive land coverage and overcrowding of
14 structures and community facilities. The
15 over-intensive use of property and the crowding of
16 buildings and accessory facilities onto a site.
17 Examples of problem conditions warranting the
18 designation of an area as one exhibiting excessive land
19 coverage are: (i) the presence of buildings either
20 improperly situated on parcels or located on parcels of
21 inadequate size and shape in relation to present-day
22 standards of development for health and safety and (ii)
23 the presence of multiple buildings on a single parcel.
24 For there to be a finding of excessive land coverage,
25 these parcels must exhibit one or more of the following
26 conditions: insufficient provision for light and air

1 within or around buildings, increased threat of spread
2 of fire due to the close proximity of buildings, lack
3 of adequate or proper access to a public right-of-way,
4 lack of reasonably required off-street parking, or
5 inadequate provision for loading and service.

6 (J) Deleterious land use or layout. The existence
7 of incompatible land-use relationships, buildings
8 occupied by inappropriate mixed-uses, or uses
9 considered to be noxious, offensive, or unsuitable for
10 the surrounding area.

11 (K) Environmental clean-up. The proposed
12 redevelopment project area has incurred Illinois
13 Environmental Protection Agency or United States
14 Environmental Protection Agency remediation costs for,
15 or a study conducted by an independent consultant
16 recognized as having expertise in environmental
17 remediation has determined a need for, the clean-up of
18 hazardous waste, hazardous substances, or underground
19 storage tanks required by State or federal law,
20 provided that the remediation costs constitute a
21 material impediment to the development or
22 redevelopment of the redevelopment project area.

23 (L) Lack of community planning. The proposed
24 redevelopment project area was developed prior to or
25 without the benefit or guidance of a community plan.
26 This means that the development occurred prior to the

1 adoption by the municipality of a comprehensive or
2 other community plan or that the plan was not followed
3 at the time of the area's development. This factor must
4 be documented by evidence of adverse or incompatible
5 land-use relationships, inadequate street layout,
6 improper subdivision, parcels of inadequate shape and
7 size to meet contemporary development standards, or
8 other evidence demonstrating an absence of effective
9 community planning.

10 (M) The total equalized assessed value of the
11 proposed redevelopment project area has declined for 3
12 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the year in which
13 the redevelopment project area is designated or is
14 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the
15 balance of the municipality for 3 of the last 5
16 calendar years for which information is available or is
17 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the
18 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published
19 by the United States Department of Labor or successor
20 agency for 3 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the
21 year in which the redevelopment project area is
22 designated.

23 (2) If vacant, the sound growth of the redevelopment
24 project area is impaired by a combination of 2 or more of
25 the following factors, each of which is (i) present, with
26 that presence documented, to a meaningful extent so that a

1 municipality may reasonably find that the factor is clearly
2 present within the intent of the Act and (ii) reasonably
3 distributed throughout the vacant part of the
4 redevelopment project area to which it pertains:

5 (A) Obsolete platting of vacant land that results
6 in parcels of limited or narrow size or configurations
7 of parcels of irregular size or shape that would be
8 difficult to develop on a planned basis and in a manner
9 compatible with contemporary standards and
10 requirements, or platting that failed to create
11 rights-of-ways for streets or alleys or that created
12 inadequate right-of-way widths for streets, alleys, or
13 other public rights-of-way or that omitted easements
14 for public utilities.

15 (B) Diversity of ownership of parcels of vacant
16 land sufficient in number to retard or impede the
17 ability to assemble the land for development.

18 (C) Tax and special assessment delinquencies exist
19 or the property has been the subject of tax sales under
20 the Property Tax Code within the last 5 years.

21 (D) Deterioration of structures or site
22 improvements in neighboring areas adjacent to the
23 vacant land.

24 (E) The area has incurred Illinois Environmental
25 Protection Agency or United States Environmental
26 Protection Agency remediation costs for, or a study

1 conducted by an independent consultant recognized as
2 having expertise in environmental remediation has
3 determined a need for, the clean-up of hazardous waste,
4 hazardous substances, or underground storage tanks
5 required by State or federal law, provided that the
6 remediation costs constitute a material impediment to
7 the development or redevelopment of the redevelopment
8 project area.

9 (F) The total equalized assessed value of the
10 proposed redevelopment project area has declined for 3
11 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the year in which
12 the redevelopment project area is designated or is
13 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the
14 balance of the municipality for 3 of the last 5
15 calendar years for which information is available or is
16 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the
17 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published
18 by the United States Department of Labor or successor
19 agency for 3 of the last 5 calendar years prior to the
20 year in which the redevelopment project area is
21 designated.

22 (3) If vacant, the sound growth of the redevelopment
23 project area is impaired by one of the following factors
24 that (i) is present, with that presence documented, to a
25 meaningful extent so that a municipality may reasonably
26 find that the factor is clearly present within the intent

1 of the Act and (ii) is reasonably distributed throughout
2 the vacant part of the redevelopment project area to which
3 it pertains:

4 (A) The area consists of one or more unused
5 quarries, mines, or strip mine ponds.

6 (B) The area consists of unused rail yards, rail
7 tracks, or railroad rights-of-way.

8 (C) The area, prior to its designation, is subject
9 to (i) chronic flooding that adversely impacts on real
10 property in the area as certified by a registered
11 professional engineer or appropriate regulatory agency
12 or (ii) surface water that discharges from all or a
13 part of the area and contributes to flooding within the
14 same watershed, but only if the redevelopment project
15 provides for facilities or improvements to contribute
16 to the alleviation of all or part of the flooding.

17 (D) The area consists of an unused or illegal
18 disposal site containing earth, stone, building
19 debris, or similar materials that were removed from
20 construction, demolition, excavation, or dredge sites.

21 (E) Prior to November 1, 1999, the area is not less
22 than 50 nor more than 100 acres and 75% of which is
23 vacant (notwithstanding that the area has been used for
24 commercial agricultural purposes within 5 years prior
25 to the designation of the redevelopment project area),
26 and the area meets at least one of the factors itemized

1 in paragraph (1) of this subsection, the area has been
2 designated as a town or village center by ordinance or
3 comprehensive plan adopted prior to January 1, 1982,
4 and the area has not been developed for that designated
5 purpose.

6 (F) The area qualified as a blighted improved area
7 immediately prior to becoming vacant, unless there has
8 been substantial private investment in the immediately
9 surrounding area.

10 (b) For any redevelopment project area that has been
11 designated pursuant to this Section by an ordinance adopted
12 prior to November 1, 1999 (the effective date of Public Act
13 91-478), "conservation area" shall have the meaning set forth
14 in this Section prior to that date.

15 On and after November 1, 1999, "conservation area" means
16 any improved area within the boundaries of a redevelopment
17 project area located within the territorial limits of the
18 municipality in which 50% or more of the structures in the area
19 have an age of 35 years or more. Such an area is not yet a
20 blighted area but because of a combination of 3 or more of the
21 following factors is detrimental to the public safety, health,
22 morals or welfare and such an area may become a blighted area:

23 (1) Dilapidation. An advanced state of disrepair or
24 neglect of necessary repairs to the primary structural
25 components of buildings or improvements in such a
26 combination that a documented building condition analysis

1 determines that major repair is required or the defects are
2 so serious and so extensive that the buildings must be
3 removed.

4 (2) Obsolescence. The condition or process of falling
5 into disuse. Structures have become ill-suited for the
6 original use.

7 (3) Deterioration. With respect to buildings, defects
8 including, but not limited to, major defects in the
9 secondary building components such as doors, windows,
10 porches, gutters and downspouts, and fascia. With respect
11 to surface improvements, that the condition of roadways,
12 alleys, curbs, gutters, sidewalks, off-street parking, and
13 surface storage areas evidence deterioration, including,
14 but not limited to, surface cracking, crumbling, potholes,
15 depressions, loose paving material, and weeds protruding
16 through paved surfaces.

17 (4) Presence of structures below minimum code
18 standards. All structures that do not meet the standards of
19 zoning, subdivision, building, fire, and other
20 governmental codes applicable to property, but not
21 including housing and property maintenance codes.

22 (5) Illegal use of individual structures. The use of
23 structures in violation of applicable federal, State, or
24 local laws, exclusive of those applicable to the presence
25 of structures below minimum code standards.

26 (6) Excessive vacancies. The presence of buildings

1 that are unoccupied or under-utilized and that represent an
2 adverse influence on the area because of the frequency,
3 extent, or duration of the vacancies.

4 (7) Lack of ventilation, light, or sanitary
5 facilities. The absence of adequate ventilation for light
6 or air circulation in spaces or rooms without windows, or
7 that require the removal of dust, odor, gas, smoke, or
8 other noxious airborne materials. Inadequate natural light
9 and ventilation means the absence or inadequacy of
10 skylights or windows for interior spaces or rooms and
11 improper window sizes and amounts by room area to window
12 area ratios. Inadequate sanitary facilities refers to the
13 absence or inadequacy of garbage storage and enclosure,
14 bathroom facilities, hot water and kitchens, and
15 structural inadequacies preventing ingress and egress to
16 and from all rooms and units within a building.

17 (8) Inadequate utilities. Underground and overhead
18 utilities such as storm sewers and storm drainage, sanitary
19 sewers, water lines, and gas, telephone, and electrical
20 services that are shown to be inadequate. Inadequate
21 utilities are those that are: (i) of insufficient capacity
22 to serve the uses in the redevelopment project area, (ii)
23 deteriorated, antiquated, obsolete, or in disrepair, or
24 (iii) lacking within the redevelopment project area.

25 (9) Excessive land coverage and overcrowding of
26 structures and community facilities. The over-intensive

1 use of property and the crowding of buildings and accessory
2 facilities onto a site. Examples of problem conditions
3 warranting the designation of an area as one exhibiting
4 excessive land coverage are: the presence of buildings
5 either improperly situated on parcels or located on parcels
6 of inadequate size and shape in relation to present-day
7 standards of development for health and safety and the
8 presence of multiple buildings on a single parcel. For
9 there to be a finding of excessive land coverage, these
10 parcels must exhibit one or more of the following
11 conditions: insufficient provision for light and air
12 within or around buildings, increased threat of spread of
13 fire due to the close proximity of buildings, lack of
14 adequate or proper access to a public right-of-way, lack of
15 reasonably required off-street parking, or inadequate
16 provision for loading and service.

17 (10) Deleterious land use or layout. The existence of
18 incompatible land-use relationships, buildings occupied by
19 inappropriate mixed-uses, or uses considered to be
20 noxious, offensive, or unsuitable for the surrounding
21 area.

22 (11) Lack of community planning. The proposed
23 redevelopment project area was developed prior to or
24 without the benefit or guidance of a community plan. This
25 means that the development occurred prior to the adoption
26 by the municipality of a comprehensive or other community

1 plan or that the plan was not followed at the time of the
2 area's development. This factor must be documented by
3 evidence of adverse or incompatible land-use
4 relationships, inadequate street layout, improper
5 subdivision, parcels of inadequate shape and size to meet
6 contemporary development standards, or other evidence
7 demonstrating an absence of effective community planning.

8 (12) The area has incurred Illinois Environmental
9 Protection Agency or United States Environmental
10 Protection Agency remediation costs for, or a study
11 conducted by an independent consultant recognized as
12 having expertise in environmental remediation has
13 determined a need for, the clean-up of hazardous waste,
14 hazardous substances, or underground storage tanks
15 required by State or federal law, provided that the
16 remediation costs constitute a material impediment to the
17 development or redevelopment of the redevelopment project
18 area.

19 (13) The total equalized assessed value of the proposed
20 redevelopment project area has declined for 3 of the last 5
21 calendar years for which information is available or is
22 increasing at an annual rate that is less than the balance
23 of the municipality for 3 of the last 5 calendar years for
24 which information is available or is increasing at an
25 annual rate that is less than the Consumer Price Index for
26 All Urban Consumers published by the United States

1 Department of Labor or successor agency for 3 of the last 5
2 calendar years for which information is available.

3 (c) "Industrial park" means an area in a blighted or
4 conservation area suitable for use by any manufacturing,
5 industrial, research or transportation enterprise, of
6 facilities to include but not be limited to factories, mills,
7 processing plants, assembly plants, packing plants,
8 fabricating plants, industrial distribution centers,
9 warehouses, repair overhaul or service facilities, freight
10 terminals, research facilities, test facilities or railroad
11 facilities.

12 (d) "Industrial park conservation area" means an area
13 within the boundaries of a redevelopment project area located
14 within the territorial limits of a municipality that is a labor
15 surplus municipality or within 1 1/2 miles of the territorial
16 limits of a municipality that is a labor surplus municipality
17 if the area is annexed to the municipality; which area is zoned
18 as industrial no later than at the time the municipality by
19 ordinance designates the redevelopment project area, and which
20 area includes both vacant land suitable for use as an
21 industrial park and a blighted area or conservation area
22 contiguous to such vacant land.

23 (e) "Labor surplus municipality" means a municipality in
24 which, at any time during the 6 months before the municipality
25 by ordinance designates an industrial park conservation area,
26 the unemployment rate was over 6% and was also 100% or more of

1 the national average unemployment rate for that same time as
2 published in the United States Department of Labor Bureau of
3 Labor Statistics publication entitled "The Employment
4 Situation" or its successor publication. For the purpose of
5 this subsection, if unemployment rate statistics for the
6 municipality are not available, the unemployment rate in the
7 municipality shall be deemed to be the same as the unemployment
8 rate in the principal county in which the municipality is
9 located.

10 (f) "Municipality" shall mean a city, village,
11 incorporated town, or a township that is located in the
12 unincorporated portion of a county with 3 million or more
13 inhabitants, if the county adopted an ordinance that approved
14 the township's redevelopment plan.

15 (g) "Initial Sales Tax Amounts" means the amount of taxes
16 paid under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act,
17 Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
18 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and the Municipal
19 Service Occupation Tax Act by retailers and servicemen on
20 transactions at places located in a State Sales Tax Boundary
21 during the calendar year 1985.

22 (g-1) "Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts" means the amount
23 of taxes paid under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax
24 Act, Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the
25 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and the Municipal
26 Service Occupation Tax Act by retailers and servicemen on

1 transactions at places located within the State Sales Tax
2 Boundary revised pursuant to Section 11-74.4-8a(9) of this Act.

3 (h) "Municipal Sales Tax Increment" means an amount equal
4 to the increase in the aggregate amount of taxes paid to a
5 municipality from the Local Government Tax Fund arising from
6 sales by retailers and servicemen within the redevelopment
7 project area or State Sales Tax Boundary, as the case may be,
8 for as long as the redevelopment project area or State Sales
9 Tax Boundary, as the case may be, exist over and above the
10 aggregate amount of taxes as certified by the Illinois
11 Department of Revenue and paid under the Municipal Retailers'
12 Occupation Tax Act and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax Act
13 by retailers and servicemen, on transactions at places of
14 business located in the redevelopment project area or State
15 Sales Tax Boundary, as the case may be, during the base year
16 which shall be the calendar year immediately prior to the year
17 in which the municipality adopted tax increment allocation
18 financing. For purposes of computing the aggregate amount of
19 such taxes for base years occurring prior to 1985, the
20 Department of Revenue shall determine the Initial Sales Tax
21 Amounts for such taxes and deduct therefrom an amount equal to
22 4% of the aggregate amount of taxes per year for each year the
23 base year is prior to 1985, but not to exceed a total deduction
24 of 12%. The amount so determined shall be known as the
25 "Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts". For purposes of
26 determining the Municipal Sales Tax Increment, the Department

1 of Revenue shall for each period subtract from the amount paid
2 to the municipality from the Local Government Tax Fund arising
3 from sales by retailers and servicemen on transactions located
4 in the redevelopment project area or the State Sales Tax
5 Boundary, as the case may be, the certified Initial Sales Tax
6 Amounts, the Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised
7 Initial Sales Tax Amounts for the Municipal Retailers'
8 Occupation Tax Act and the Municipal Service Occupation Tax
9 Act. For the State Fiscal Year 1989, this calculation shall be
10 made by utilizing the calendar year 1987 to determine the tax
11 amounts received. For the State Fiscal Year 1990, this
12 calculation shall be made by utilizing the period from January
13 1, 1988, until September 30, 1988, to determine the tax amounts
14 received from retailers and servicemen pursuant to the
15 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax and the Municipal Service
16 Occupation Tax Act, which shall have deducted therefrom
17 nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, the
18 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales
19 Tax Amounts as appropriate. For the State Fiscal Year 1991,
20 this calculation shall be made by utilizing the period from
21 October 1, 1988, to June 30, 1989, to determine the tax amounts
22 received from retailers and servicemen pursuant to the
23 Municipal Retailers' Occupation Tax and the Municipal Service
24 Occupation Tax Act which shall have deducted therefrom
25 nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts,
26 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales

1 Tax Amounts as appropriate. For every State Fiscal Year
2 thereafter, the applicable period shall be the 12 months
3 beginning July 1 and ending June 30 to determine the tax
4 amounts received which shall have deducted therefrom the
5 certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts, the Adjusted Initial Sales
6 Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts, as the
7 case may be.

8 (i) "Net State Sales Tax Increment" means the sum of the
9 following: (a) 80% of the first \$100,000 of State Sales Tax
10 Increment annually generated within a State Sales Tax Boundary;
11 (b) 60% of the amount in excess of \$100,000 but not exceeding
12 \$500,000 of State Sales Tax Increment annually generated within
13 a State Sales Tax Boundary; and (c) 40% of all amounts in
14 excess of \$500,000 of State Sales Tax Increment annually
15 generated within a State Sales Tax Boundary. If, however, a
16 municipality established a tax increment financing district in
17 a county with a population in excess of 3,000,000 before
18 January 1, 1986, and the municipality entered into a contract
19 or issued bonds after January 1, 1986, but before December 31,
20 1986, to finance redevelopment project costs within a State
21 Sales Tax Boundary, then the Net State Sales Tax Increment
22 means, for the fiscal years beginning July 1, 1990, and July 1,
23 1991, 100% of the State Sales Tax Increment annually generated
24 within a State Sales Tax Boundary; and notwithstanding any
25 other provision of this Act, for those fiscal years the
26 Department of Revenue shall distribute to those municipalities

1 100% of their Net State Sales Tax Increment before any
2 distribution to any other municipality and regardless of
3 whether or not those other municipalities will receive 100% of
4 their Net State Sales Tax Increment. For Fiscal Year 1999, and
5 every year thereafter until the year 2007, for any municipality
6 that has not entered into a contract or has not issued bonds
7 prior to June 1, 1988 to finance redevelopment project costs
8 within a State Sales Tax Boundary, the Net State Sales Tax
9 Increment shall be calculated as follows: By multiplying the
10 Net State Sales Tax Increment by 90% in the State Fiscal Year
11 1999; 80% in the State Fiscal Year 2000; 70% in the State
12 Fiscal Year 2001; 60% in the State Fiscal Year 2002; 50% in the
13 State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State Fiscal Year 2004; 30%
14 in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the State Fiscal Year
15 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. No payment shall
16 be made for State Fiscal Year 2008 and thereafter.

17 Municipalities that issued bonds in connection with a
18 redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area within
19 the State Sales Tax Boundary prior to July 29, 1991, or that
20 entered into contracts in connection with a redevelopment
21 project in a redevelopment project area before June 1, 1988,
22 shall continue to receive their proportional share of the
23 Illinois Tax Increment Fund distribution until the date on
24 which the redevelopment project is completed or terminated. If,
25 however, a municipality that issued bonds in connection with a
26 redevelopment project in a redevelopment project area within

1 the State Sales Tax Boundary prior to July 29, 1991 retires the
2 bonds prior to June 30, 2007 or a municipality that entered
3 into contracts in connection with a redevelopment project in a
4 redevelopment project area before June 1, 1988 completes the
5 contracts prior to June 30, 2007, then so long as the
6 redevelopment project is not completed or is not terminated,
7 the Net State Sales Tax Increment shall be calculated,
8 beginning on the date on which the bonds are retired or the
9 contracts are completed, as follows: By multiplying the Net
10 State Sales Tax Increment by 60% in the State Fiscal Year 2002;
11 50% in the State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State Fiscal Year
12 2004; 30% in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the State
13 Fiscal Year 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007. No
14 payment shall be made for State Fiscal Year 2008 and
15 thereafter. Refunding of any bonds issued prior to July 29,
16 1991, shall not alter the Net State Sales Tax Increment.

17 (j) "State Utility Tax Increment Amount" means an amount
18 equal to the aggregate increase in State electric and gas tax
19 charges imposed on owners and tenants, other than residential
20 customers, of properties located within the redevelopment
21 project area under Section 9-222 of the Public Utilities Act,
22 over and above the aggregate of such charges as certified by
23 the Department of Revenue and paid by owners and tenants, other
24 than residential customers, of properties within the
25 redevelopment project area during the base year, which shall be
26 the calendar year immediately prior to the year of the adoption

1 of the ordinance authorizing tax increment allocation
2 financing.

3 (k) "Net State Utility Tax Increment" means the sum of the
4 following: (a) 80% of the first \$100,000 of State Utility Tax
5 Increment annually generated by a redevelopment project area;
6 (b) 60% of the amount in excess of \$100,000 but not exceeding
7 \$500,000 of the State Utility Tax Increment annually generated
8 by a redevelopment project area; and (c) 40% of all amounts in
9 excess of \$500,000 of State Utility Tax Increment annually
10 generated by a redevelopment project area. For the State Fiscal
11 Year 1999, and every year thereafter until the year 2007, for
12 any municipality that has not entered into a contract or has
13 not issued bonds prior to June 1, 1988 to finance redevelopment
14 project costs within a redevelopment project area, the Net
15 State Utility Tax Increment shall be calculated as follows: By
16 multiplying the Net State Utility Tax Increment by 90% in the
17 State Fiscal Year 1999; 80% in the State Fiscal Year 2000; 70%
18 in the State Fiscal Year 2001; 60% in the State Fiscal Year
19 2002; 50% in the State Fiscal Year 2003; 40% in the State
20 Fiscal Year 2004; 30% in the State Fiscal Year 2005; 20% in the
21 State Fiscal Year 2006; and 10% in the State Fiscal Year 2007.
22 No payment shall be made for the State Fiscal Year 2008 and
23 thereafter.

24 Municipalities that issue bonds in connection with the
25 redevelopment project during the period from June 1, 1988 until
26 3 years after the effective date of this Amendatory Act of 1988

1 shall receive the Net State Utility Tax Increment, subject to
2 appropriation, for 15 State Fiscal Years after the issuance of
3 such bonds. For the 16th through the 20th State Fiscal Years
4 after issuance of the bonds, the Net State Utility Tax
5 Increment shall be calculated as follows: By multiplying the
6 Net State Utility Tax Increment by 90% in year 16; 80% in year
7 17; 70% in year 18; 60% in year 19; and 50% in year 20.
8 Refunding of any bonds issued prior to June 1, 1988, shall not
9 alter the revised Net State Utility Tax Increment payments set
10 forth above.

11 (l) "Obligations" mean bonds, loans, debentures, notes,
12 special certificates or other evidence of indebtedness issued
13 by the municipality to carry out a redevelopment project or to
14 refund outstanding obligations.

15 (m) "Payment in lieu of taxes" means those estimated tax
16 revenues from real property in a redevelopment project area
17 derived from real property that has been acquired by a
18 municipality which according to the redevelopment project or
19 plan is to be used for a private use which taxing districts
20 would have received had a municipality not acquired the real
21 property and adopted tax increment allocation financing and
22 which would result from levies made after the time of the
23 adoption of tax increment allocation financing to the time the
24 current equalized value of real property in the redevelopment
25 project area exceeds the total initial equalized value of real
26 property in said area.

1 (n) "Redevelopment plan" means the comprehensive program
2 of the municipality for development or redevelopment intended
3 by the payment of redevelopment project costs to reduce or
4 eliminate those conditions the existence of which qualified the
5 redevelopment project area as a "blighted area" or
6 "conservation area" or combination thereof or "industrial park
7 conservation area," and thereby to enhance the tax bases of the
8 taxing districts which extend into the redevelopment project
9 area. On and after November 1, 1999 (the effective date of
10 Public Act 91-478), no redevelopment plan may be approved or
11 amended that includes the development of vacant land (i) with a
12 golf course and related clubhouse and other facilities or (ii)
13 designated by federal, State, county, or municipal government
14 as public land for outdoor recreational activities or for
15 nature preserves and used for that purpose within 5 years prior
16 to the adoption of the redevelopment plan. For the purpose of
17 this subsection, "recreational activities" is limited to mean
18 camping and hunting. Each redevelopment plan shall set forth in
19 writing the program to be undertaken to accomplish the
20 objectives and shall include but not be limited to:

21 (A) an itemized list of estimated redevelopment
22 project costs;

23 (B) evidence indicating that the redevelopment project
24 area on the whole has not been subject to growth and
25 development through investment by private enterprise;

26 (C) an assessment of any financial impact of the

1 redevelopment project area on or any increased demand for
2 services from any taxing district affected by the plan and
3 any program to address such financial impact or increased
4 demand;

5 (D) the sources of funds to pay costs;

6 (E) the nature and term of the obligations to be
7 issued;

8 (F) the most recent equalized assessed valuation of the
9 redevelopment project area;

10 (G) an estimate as to the equalized assessed valuation
11 after redevelopment and the general land uses to apply in
12 the redevelopment project area;

13 (H) a commitment to fair employment practices and an
14 affirmative action plan;

15 (I) if it concerns an industrial park conservation
16 area, the plan shall also include a general description of
17 any proposed developer, user and tenant of any property, a
18 description of the type, structure and general character of
19 the facilities to be developed, a description of the type,
20 class and number of new employees to be employed in the
21 operation of the facilities to be developed; and

22 (J) if property is to be annexed to the municipality,
23 the plan shall include the terms of the annexation
24 agreement.

25 The provisions of items (B) and (C) of this subsection (n)
26 shall not apply to a municipality that before March 14, 1994

1 (the effective date of Public Act 88-537) had fixed, either by
2 its corporate authorities or by a commission designated under
3 subsection (k) of Section 11-74.4-4, a time and place for a
4 public hearing as required by subsection (a) of Section
5 11-74.4-5. No redevelopment plan shall be adopted unless a
6 municipality complies with all of the following requirements:

7 (1) The municipality finds that the redevelopment
8 project area on the whole has not been subject to growth
9 and development through investment by private enterprise
10 and would not reasonably be anticipated to be developed
11 without the adoption of the redevelopment plan.

12 (2) The municipality finds that the redevelopment plan
13 and project conform to the comprehensive plan for the
14 development of the municipality as a whole, or, for
15 municipalities with a population of 100,000 or more,
16 regardless of when the redevelopment plan and project was
17 adopted, the redevelopment plan and project either: (i)
18 conforms to the strategic economic development or
19 redevelopment plan issued by the designated planning
20 authority of the municipality, or (ii) includes land uses
21 that have been approved by the planning commission of the
22 municipality.

23 (3) The redevelopment plan establishes the estimated
24 dates of completion of the redevelopment project and
25 retirement of obligations issued to finance redevelopment
26 project costs. Those dates may not be later than the dates

1 ~~set forth under Section 11-74.4-3.5.; shall not be later~~
2 ~~than December 31 of the year in which the payment to the~~
3 ~~municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of~~
4 ~~Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to~~
5 ~~ad valorem taxes levied in the twenty third calendar year~~
6 ~~after the year in which the ordinance approving the~~
7 ~~redevelopment project area is adopted if the ordinance was~~
8 ~~adopted on or after January 15, 1981; shall not be later~~
9 ~~than December 31 of the year in which the payment to the~~
10 ~~municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of~~
11 ~~Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to~~
12 ~~ad valorem taxes levied in the thirty third calendar year~~
13 ~~after the year in which the ordinance approving the~~
14 ~~redevelopment project area if the ordinance was adopted on~~
15 ~~May 20, 1985 by the Village of Wheeling; and shall not be~~
16 ~~later than December 31 of the year in which the payment to~~
17 ~~the municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of~~
18 ~~Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to~~
19 ~~ad valorem taxes levied in the thirty fifth calendar year~~
20 ~~after the year in which the ordinance approving the~~
21 ~~redevelopment project area is adopted:~~

22 ~~(A) if the ordinance was adopted before January 15,~~
23 ~~1981, or~~

24 ~~(B) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1983,~~
25 ~~April 1984, July 1985, or December 1989, or~~

26 ~~(C) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1987~~

1 ~~and the redevelopment project is located within one~~
2 ~~mile of Midway Airport, or~~

3 ~~(D) if the ordinance was adopted before January 1,~~
4 ~~1987 by a municipality in Mason County, or~~

5 ~~(E) if the municipality is subject to the Local~~
6 ~~Government Financial Planning and Supervision Act or~~
7 ~~the Financially Distressed City Law, or~~

8 ~~(F) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1984~~
9 ~~by the Village of Rosemont, or~~

10 ~~(G) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31,~~
11 ~~1986 by a municipality located in Clinton County for~~
12 ~~which at least \$250,000 of tax increment bonds were~~
13 ~~authorized on June 17, 1997, or if the ordinance was~~
14 ~~adopted on December 31, 1986 by a municipality with a~~
15 ~~population in 1990 of less than 3,600 that is located~~
16 ~~in a county with a population in 1990 of less than~~
17 ~~34,000 and for which at least \$250,000 of tax increment~~
18 ~~bonds were authorized on June 17, 1997, or~~

19 ~~(H) if the ordinance was adopted on October 5, 1982~~
20 ~~by the City of Kankakee, or if the ordinance was~~
21 ~~adopted on December 29, 1986 by East St. Louis, or~~

22 ~~(I) if the ordinance was adopted on November 12,~~
23 ~~1991 by the Village of Sauget, or~~

24 ~~(J) if the ordinance was adopted on February 11,~~
25 ~~1985 by the City of Rock Island, or~~

26 ~~(K) if the ordinance was adopted before December~~

1 ~~18, 1986 by the City of Moline, or~~

2 ~~(L) if the ordinance was adopted in September 1988~~
3 ~~by Sauk Village, or~~

4 ~~(M) if the ordinance was adopted in October 1993 by~~
5 ~~Sauk Village, or~~

6 ~~(N) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29,~~
7 ~~1986 by the City of Galva, or~~

8 ~~(O) if the ordinance was adopted in March 1991 by~~
9 ~~the City of Centreville, or~~

10 ~~(P) if the ordinance was adopted on January 23,~~
11 ~~1991 by the City of East St. Louis, or~~

12 ~~(Q) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22,~~
13 ~~1986 by the City of Aledo, or~~

14 ~~(R) if the ordinance was adopted on February 5,~~
15 ~~1990 by the City of Clinton, or~~

16 ~~(S) if the ordinance was adopted on September 6,~~
17 ~~1994 by the City of Freeport, or~~

18 ~~(T) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22,~~
19 ~~1986 by the City of Tuscola, or~~

20 ~~(U) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23,~~
21 ~~1986 by the City of Sparta, or~~

22 ~~(V) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23,~~
23 ~~1986 by the City of Beardstown, or~~

24 ~~(W) if the ordinance was adopted on April 27, 1981,~~
25 ~~October 21, 1985, or December 30, 1986 by the City of~~
26 ~~Belleville, or~~

1 ~~(X) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29,~~
2 ~~1986 by the City of Collinsville, or~~

3 ~~(Y) if the ordinance was adopted on September 14,~~
4 ~~1994 by the City of Alton, or~~

5 ~~(Z) if the ordinance was adopted on November 11,~~
6 ~~1996 by the City of Lexington, or~~

7 ~~(AA) if the ordinance was adopted on November 5,~~
8 ~~1984 by the City of LeRoy, or~~

9 ~~(BB) if the ordinance was adopted on April 3, 1991~~
10 ~~or June 3, 1992 by the City of Markham, or~~

11 ~~(CC) if the ordinance was adopted on November 11,~~
12 ~~1986 by the City of Pekin, or~~

13 ~~(DD) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15,~~
14 ~~1981 by the City of Champaign, or~~

15 ~~(EE) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15,~~
16 ~~1986 by the City of Urbana, or~~

17 ~~(FF) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15,~~
18 ~~1986 by the Village of Heyworth, or~~

19 ~~(GG) if the ordinance was adopted on February 24,~~
20 ~~1992 by the Village of Heyworth, or~~

21 ~~(HH) if the ordinance was adopted on March 16, 1995~~
22 ~~by the Village of Heyworth, or~~

23 ~~(II) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23,~~
24 ~~1986 by the Town of Cicero, or~~

25 ~~(JJ) if the ordinance was adopted on December 30,~~
26 ~~1986 by the City of Effingham, or~~

1 ~~(KK) if the ordinance was adopted on May 9, 1991 by~~
2 ~~the Village of Tilton, or~~

3 ~~(LL) if the ordinance was adopted on October 20,~~
4 ~~1986 by the City of Elmhurst, or~~

5 ~~(MM) if the ordinance was adopted on January 19,~~
6 ~~1988 by the City of Waukegan, or~~

7 ~~(NN) if the ordinance was adopted on September 21,~~
8 ~~1998 by the City of Waukegan, or~~

9 ~~(OO) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31,~~
10 ~~1986 by the City of Sullivan, or~~

11 ~~(PP) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23,~~
12 ~~1991 by the City of Sullivan, or~~

13 ~~(QQ) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31,~~
14 ~~1986 by the City of Oglesby, or~~

15 ~~(RR) if the ordinance was adopted on July 28, 1987~~
16 ~~by the City of Marion, or~~

17 ~~(SS) if the ordinance was adopted on April 23, 1990~~
18 ~~by the City of Marion, or~~

19 ~~(TT) if the ordinance was adopted on August 20,~~
20 ~~1985 by the Village of Mount Prospect, or~~

21 ~~(UU) if the ordinance was adopted on February 2,~~
22 ~~1998 by the Village of Woodhull, or~~

23 ~~(VV) if the ordinance was adopted on April 20, 1993~~
24 ~~by the Village of Princeville, or~~

25 ~~(WW) if the ordinance was adopted on July 1, 1986~~
26 ~~by the City of Granite City, or~~

1 ~~(XX) if the ordinance was adopted on February 2,~~
2 ~~1989 by the Village of Lombard, or~~

3 ~~(YY) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29,~~
4 ~~1986 by the Village of Gardner, or~~

5 ~~(ZZ) if the ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1999~~
6 ~~by the Village of Paw Paw, or~~

7 ~~(AAA) if the ordinance was adopted on November 17,~~
8 ~~1986 by the Village of Franklin Park, or~~

9 ~~(BBB) if the ordinance was adopted on November 20,~~
10 ~~1989 by the Village of South Holland, or~~

11 ~~(CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1992~~
12 ~~by the Village of Riverdale.~~

13 ~~(CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29,~~
14 ~~1986 by the City of Galesburg, or~~

15 ~~(DDD) if the ordinance was adopted on April 1,~~
16 ~~1985 by the City of Galesburg.~~

17 ~~(CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on May 21, 1990~~
18 ~~by the City of West Chicago.~~

19 ~~(CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on December 16,~~
20 ~~1986 by the City of Oak Forest.~~

21 ~~(AAA) if the ordinance was adopted in 1999 by the~~
22 ~~City of Villa Grove.~~

23 ~~(CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on January 13,~~
24 ~~1987 by the Village of Mt. Zion.~~

25 ~~(CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on December 30,~~
26 ~~1986 by the Village of Manteno; or~~

1 ~~(DDD) if the ordinance was adopted on April 3,~~
2 ~~1989 by the City of Chicago Heights; or~~

3 ~~(EEE) if the ordinance was adopted on January 6,~~
4 ~~1999 by the Village of Rosemont, or~~

5 ~~(FFF) if the ordinance was adopted on December 19,~~
6 ~~2000 by the Village of Stone Park.~~

7 ~~(CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22,~~
8 ~~1986 by the City of DeKalb.~~

9 ~~However, for redevelopment project areas for which~~
10 ~~bonds were issued before July 29, 1991, or for which~~
11 ~~contracts were entered into before June 1, 1988, in~~
12 ~~connection with a redevelopment project in the area within~~
13 ~~the State Sales Tax Boundary, the estimated dates of~~
14 ~~completion of the redevelopment project and retirement of~~
15 ~~obligations to finance redevelopment project costs may be~~
16 ~~extended by municipal ordinance to December 31, 2013. The~~
17 ~~termination procedures of subsection (b) of Section~~
18 ~~11-74.4-8 are not required for these redevelopment project~~
19 ~~areas in 2009 but are required in 2013. The extension~~
20 ~~allowed by this amendatory Act of 1993 shall not apply to~~
21 ~~real property tax increment allocation financing under~~
22 ~~Section 11-74.4-8.~~

23 A municipality may by municipal ordinance amend an
24 existing redevelopment plan to conform to this paragraph
25 (3) as amended by Public Act 91-478, which municipal
26 ordinance may be adopted without further hearing or notice

1 and without complying with the procedures provided in this
2 Act pertaining to an amendment to or the initial approval
3 of a redevelopment plan and project and designation of a
4 redevelopment project area.

5 ~~Those dates, for purposes of real property tax~~
6 ~~increment allocation financing pursuant to Section~~
7 ~~11-74.4-8 only, shall be not more than 35 years for~~
8 ~~redevelopment project areas that were adopted on or after~~
9 ~~December 16, 1986 and for which at least \$8 million worth~~
10 ~~of municipal bonds were authorized on or after December 19,~~
11 ~~1989 but before January 1, 1990; provided that the~~
12 ~~municipality elects to extend the life of the redevelopment~~
13 ~~project area to 35 years by the adoption of an ordinance~~
14 ~~after at least 14 but not more than 30 days' written notice~~
15 ~~to the taxing bodies, that would otherwise constitute the~~
16 ~~joint review board for the redevelopment project area,~~
17 ~~before the adoption of the ordinance.~~

18 ~~Those dates, for purposes of real property tax~~
19 ~~increment allocation financing pursuant to Section~~
20 ~~11-74.4-8 only, shall be not more than 35 years for~~
21 ~~redevelopment project areas that were established on or~~
22 ~~after December 1, 1981 but before January 1, 1982 and for~~
23 ~~which at least \$1,500,000 worth of tax increment revenue~~
24 ~~bonds were authorized on or after September 30, 1990 but~~
25 ~~before July 1, 1991; provided that the municipality elects~~
26 ~~to extend the life of the redevelopment project area to 35~~

1 ~~years by the adoption of an ordinance after at least 14 but~~
2 ~~not more than 30 days' written notice to the taxing bodies,~~
3 ~~that would otherwise constitute the joint review board for~~
4 ~~the redevelopment project area, before the adoption of the~~
5 ~~ordinance.~~

6 (3.5) The municipality finds, in the case of an
7 industrial park conservation area, also that the
8 municipality is a labor surplus municipality and that the
9 implementation of the redevelopment plan will reduce
10 unemployment, create new jobs and by the provision of new
11 facilities enhance the tax base of the taxing districts
12 that extend into the redevelopment project area.

13 (4) If any incremental revenues are being utilized
14 under Section 8(a)(1) or 8(a)(2) of this Act in
15 redevelopment project areas approved by ordinance after
16 January 1, 1986, the municipality finds: (a) that the
17 redevelopment project area would not reasonably be
18 developed without the use of such incremental revenues, and
19 (b) that such incremental revenues will be exclusively
20 utilized for the development of the redevelopment project
21 area.

22 (5) If the redevelopment plan will not result in
23 displacement of residents from 10 or more inhabited
24 residential units, and the municipality certifies in the
25 plan that such displacement will not result from the plan,
26 a housing impact study need not be performed. If, however,

1 the redevelopment plan would result in the displacement of
2 residents from 10 or more inhabited residential units, or
3 if the redevelopment project area contains 75 or more
4 inhabited residential units and no certification is made,
5 then the municipality shall prepare, as part of the
6 separate feasibility report required by subsection (a) of
7 Section 11-74.4-5, a housing impact study.

8 Part I of the housing impact study shall include (i)
9 data as to whether the residential units are single family
10 or multi-family units, (ii) the number and type of rooms
11 within the units, if that information is available, (iii)
12 whether the units are inhabited or uninhabited, as
13 determined not less than 45 days before the date that the
14 ordinance or resolution required by subsection (a) of
15 Section 11-74.4-5 is passed, and (iv) data as to the racial
16 and ethnic composition of the residents in the inhabited
17 residential units. The data requirement as to the racial
18 and ethnic composition of the residents in the inhabited
19 residential units shall be deemed to be fully satisfied by
20 data from the most recent federal census.

21 Part II of the housing impact study shall identify the
22 inhabited residential units in the proposed redevelopment
23 project area that are to be or may be removed. If inhabited
24 residential units are to be removed, then the housing
25 impact study shall identify (i) the number and location of
26 those units that will or may be removed, (ii) the

1 municipality's plans for relocation assistance for those
2 residents in the proposed redevelopment project area whose
3 residences are to be removed, (iii) the availability of
4 replacement housing for those residents whose residences
5 are to be removed, and shall identify the type, location,
6 and cost of the housing, and (iv) the type and extent of
7 relocation assistance to be provided.

8 (6) On and after November 1, 1999, the housing impact
9 study required by paragraph (5) shall be incorporated in
10 the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment project area.

11 (7) On and after November 1, 1999, no redevelopment
12 plan shall be adopted, nor an existing plan amended, nor
13 shall residential housing that is occupied by households of
14 low-income and very low-income persons in currently
15 existing redevelopment project areas be removed after
16 November 1, 1999 unless the redevelopment plan provides,
17 with respect to inhabited housing units that are to be
18 removed for households of low-income and very low-income
19 persons, affordable housing and relocation assistance not
20 less than that which would be provided under the federal
21 Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property
22 Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and the regulations under
23 that Act, including the eligibility criteria. Affordable
24 housing may be either existing or newly constructed
25 housing. For purposes of this paragraph (7), "low-income
26 households", "very low-income households", and "affordable

1 housing" have the meanings set forth in the Illinois
2 Affordable Housing Act. The municipality shall make a good
3 faith effort to ensure that this affordable housing is
4 located in or near the redevelopment project area within
5 the municipality.

6 (8) On and after November 1, 1999, if, after the
7 adoption of the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment
8 project area, any municipality desires to amend its
9 redevelopment plan to remove more inhabited residential
10 units than specified in its original redevelopment plan,
11 that change shall be made in accordance with the procedures
12 in subsection (c) of Section 11-74.4-5.

13 (9) For redevelopment project areas designated prior
14 to November 1, 1999, the redevelopment plan may be amended
15 without further joint review board meeting or hearing,
16 provided that the municipality shall give notice of any
17 such changes by mail to each affected taxing district and
18 registrant on the interested party registry, to authorize
19 the municipality to expend tax increment revenues for
20 redevelopment project costs defined by paragraphs (5) and
21 (7.5), subparagraphs (E) and (F) of paragraph (11), and
22 paragraph (11.5) of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3, so
23 long as the changes do not increase the total estimated
24 redevelopment project costs set out in the redevelopment
25 plan by more than 5% after adjustment for inflation from
26 the date the plan was adopted.

1 (o) "Redevelopment project" means any public and private
2 development project in furtherance of the objectives of a
3 redevelopment plan. On and after November 1, 1999 (the
4 effective date of Public Act 91-478), no redevelopment plan may
5 be approved or amended that includes the development of vacant
6 land (i) with a golf course and related clubhouse and other
7 facilities or (ii) designated by federal, State, county, or
8 municipal government as public land for outdoor recreational
9 activities or for nature preserves and used for that purpose
10 within 5 years prior to the adoption of the redevelopment plan.
11 For the purpose of this subsection, "recreational activities"
12 is limited to mean camping and hunting.

13 (p) "Redevelopment project area" means an area designated
14 by the municipality, which is not less in the aggregate than 1
15 1/2 acres and in respect to which the municipality has made a
16 finding that there exist conditions which cause the area to be
17 classified as an industrial park conservation area or a
18 blighted area or a conservation area, or a combination of both
19 blighted areas and conservation areas.

20 (q) "Redevelopment project costs" mean and include the sum
21 total of all reasonable or necessary costs incurred or
22 estimated to be incurred, and any such costs incidental to a
23 redevelopment plan and a redevelopment project. Such costs
24 include, without limitation, the following:

25 (1) Costs of studies, surveys, development of plans,
26 and specifications, implementation and administration of

1 the redevelopment plan including but not limited to staff
2 and professional service costs for architectural,
3 engineering, legal, financial, planning or other services,
4 provided however that no charges for professional services
5 may be based on a percentage of the tax increment
6 collected; except that on and after November 1, 1999 (the
7 effective date of Public Act 91-478), no contracts for
8 professional services, excluding architectural and
9 engineering services, may be entered into if the terms of
10 the contract extend beyond a period of 3 years. In
11 addition, "redevelopment project costs" shall not include
12 lobbying expenses. After consultation with the
13 municipality, each tax increment consultant or advisor to a
14 municipality that plans to designate or has designated a
15 redevelopment project area shall inform the municipality
16 in writing of any contracts that the consultant or advisor
17 has entered into with entities or individuals that have
18 received, or are receiving, payments financed by tax
19 increment revenues produced by the redevelopment project
20 area with respect to which the consultant or advisor has
21 performed, or will be performing, service for the
22 municipality. This requirement shall be satisfied by the
23 consultant or advisor before the commencement of services
24 for the municipality and thereafter whenever any other
25 contracts with those individuals or entities are executed
26 by the consultant or advisor;

1 (1.5) After July 1, 1999, annual administrative costs
2 shall not include general overhead or administrative costs
3 of the municipality that would still have been incurred by
4 the municipality if the municipality had not designated a
5 redevelopment project area or approved a redevelopment
6 plan;

7 (1.6) The cost of marketing sites within the
8 redevelopment project area to prospective businesses,
9 developers, and investors;

10 (2) Property assembly costs, including but not limited
11 to acquisition of land and other property, real or
12 personal, or rights or interests therein, demolition of
13 buildings, site preparation, site improvements that serve
14 as an engineered barrier addressing ground level or below
15 ground environmental contamination, including, but not
16 limited to parking lots and other concrete or asphalt
17 barriers, and the clearing and grading of land;

18 (3) Costs of rehabilitation, reconstruction or repair
19 or remodeling of existing public or private buildings,
20 fixtures, and leasehold improvements; and the cost of
21 replacing an existing public building if pursuant to the
22 implementation of a redevelopment project the existing
23 public building is to be demolished to use the site for
24 private investment or devoted to a different use requiring
25 private investment;

26 (4) Costs of the construction of public works or

1 improvements, except that on and after November 1, 1999,
2 redevelopment project costs shall not include the cost of
3 constructing a new municipal public building principally
4 used to provide offices, storage space, or conference
5 facilities or vehicle storage, maintenance, or repair for
6 administrative, public safety, or public works personnel
7 and that is not intended to replace an existing public
8 building as provided under paragraph (3) of subsection (q)
9 of Section 11-74.4-3 unless either (i) the construction of
10 the new municipal building implements a redevelopment
11 project that was included in a redevelopment plan that was
12 adopted by the municipality prior to November 1, 1999 or
13 (ii) the municipality makes a reasonable determination in
14 the redevelopment plan, supported by information that
15 provides the basis for that determination, that the new
16 municipal building is required to meet an increase in the
17 need for public safety purposes anticipated to result from
18 the implementation of the redevelopment plan;

19 (5) Costs of job training and retraining projects,
20 including the cost of "welfare to work" programs
21 implemented by businesses located within the redevelopment
22 project area;

23 (6) Financing costs, including but not limited to all
24 necessary and incidental expenses related to the issuance
25 of obligations and which may include payment of interest on
26 any obligations issued hereunder including interest

1 accruing during the estimated period of construction of any
2 redevelopment project for which such obligations are
3 issued and for not exceeding 36 months thereafter and
4 including reasonable reserves related thereto;

5 (7) To the extent the municipality by written agreement
6 accepts and approves the same, all or a portion of a taxing
7 district's capital costs resulting from the redevelopment
8 project necessarily incurred or to be incurred within a
9 taxing district in furtherance of the objectives of the
10 redevelopment plan and project.

11 (7.5) For redevelopment project areas designated (or
12 redevelopment project areas amended to add or increase the
13 number of tax-increment-financing assisted housing units)
14 on or after November 1, 1999, an elementary, secondary, or
15 unit school district's increased costs attributable to
16 assisted housing units located within the redevelopment
17 project area for which the developer or redeveloper
18 receives financial assistance through an agreement with
19 the municipality or because the municipality incurs the
20 cost of necessary infrastructure improvements within the
21 boundaries of the assisted housing sites necessary for the
22 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act, and
23 which costs shall be paid by the municipality from the
24 Special Tax Allocation Fund when the tax increment revenue
25 is received as a result of the assisted housing units and
26 shall be calculated annually as follows:

1 (A) for foundation districts, excluding any school
2 district in a municipality with a population in excess
3 of 1,000,000, by multiplying the district's increase
4 in attendance resulting from the net increase in new
5 students enrolled in that school district who reside in
6 housing units within the redevelopment project area
7 that have received financial assistance through an
8 agreement with the municipality or because the
9 municipality incurs the cost of necessary
10 infrastructure improvements within the boundaries of
11 the housing sites necessary for the completion of that
12 housing as authorized by this Act since the designation
13 of the redevelopment project area by the most recently
14 available per capita tuition cost as defined in Section
15 10-20.12a of the School Code less any increase in
16 general State aid as defined in Section 18-8.05 of the
17 School Code attributable to these added new students
18 subject to the following annual limitations:

19 (i) for unit school districts with a district
20 average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge of less
21 than \$5,900, no more than 25% of the total amount
22 of property tax increment revenue produced by
23 those housing units that have received tax
24 increment finance assistance under this Act;

25 (ii) for elementary school districts with a
26 district average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge

1 of less than \$5,900, no more than 17% of the total
2 amount of property tax increment revenue produced
3 by those housing units that have received tax
4 increment finance assistance under this Act; and

5 (iii) for secondary school districts with a
6 district average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge
7 of less than \$5,900, no more than 8% of the total
8 amount of property tax increment revenue produced
9 by those housing units that have received tax
10 increment finance assistance under this Act.

11 (B) For alternate method districts, flat grant
12 districts, and foundation districts with a district
13 average 1995-96 Per Capita Tuition Charge equal to or
14 more than \$5,900, excluding any school district with a
15 population in excess of 1,000,000, by multiplying the
16 district's increase in attendance resulting from the
17 net increase in new students enrolled in that school
18 district who reside in housing units within the
19 redevelopment project area that have received
20 financial assistance through an agreement with the
21 municipality or because the municipality incurs the
22 cost of necessary infrastructure improvements within
23 the boundaries of the housing sites necessary for the
24 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act
25 since the designation of the redevelopment project
26 area by the most recently available per capita tuition

1 cost as defined in Section 10-20.12a of the School Code
2 less any increase in general state aid as defined in
3 Section 18-8.05 of the School Code attributable to
4 these added new students subject to the following
5 annual limitations:

6 (i) for unit school districts, no more than 40%
7 of the total amount of property tax increment
8 revenue produced by those housing units that have
9 received tax increment finance assistance under
10 this Act;

11 (ii) for elementary school districts, no more
12 than 27% of the total amount of property tax
13 increment revenue produced by those housing units
14 that have received tax increment finance
15 assistance under this Act; and

16 (iii) for secondary school districts, no more
17 than 13% of the total amount of property tax
18 increment revenue produced by those housing units
19 that have received tax increment finance
20 assistance under this Act.

21 (C) For any school district in a municipality with
22 a population in excess of 1,000,000, the following
23 restrictions shall apply to the reimbursement of
24 increased costs under this paragraph (7.5):

25 (i) no increased costs shall be reimbursed
26 unless the school district certifies that each of

1 the schools affected by the assisted housing
2 project is at or over its student capacity;

3 (ii) the amount reimbursable shall be reduced
4 by the value of any land donated to the school
5 district by the municipality or developer, and by
6 the value of any physical improvements made to the
7 schools by the municipality or developer; and

8 (iii) the amount reimbursed may not affect
9 amounts otherwise obligated by the terms of any
10 bonds, notes, or other funding instruments, or the
11 terms of any redevelopment agreement.

12 Any school district seeking payment under this
13 paragraph (7.5) shall, after July 1 and before
14 September 30 of each year, provide the municipality
15 with reasonable evidence to support its claim for
16 reimbursement before the municipality shall be
17 required to approve or make the payment to the school
18 district. If the school district fails to provide the
19 information during this period in any year, it shall
20 forfeit any claim to reimbursement for that year.
21 School districts may adopt a resolution waiving the
22 right to all or a portion of the reimbursement
23 otherwise required by this paragraph (7.5). By
24 acceptance of this reimbursement the school district
25 waives the right to directly or indirectly set aside,
26 modify, or contest in any manner the establishment of

1 the redevelopment project area or projects;

2 (7.7) For redevelopment project areas designated (or
3 redevelopment project areas amended to add or increase the
4 number of tax-increment-financing assisted housing units)
5 on or after January 1, 2005 (the effective date of Public
6 Act 93-961), a public library district's increased costs
7 attributable to assisted housing units located within the
8 redevelopment project area for which the developer or
9 redeveloper receives financial assistance through an
10 agreement with the municipality or because the
11 municipality incurs the cost of necessary infrastructure
12 improvements within the boundaries of the assisted housing
13 sites necessary for the completion of that housing as
14 authorized by this Act shall be paid to the library
15 district by the municipality from the Special Tax
16 Allocation Fund when the tax increment revenue is received
17 as a result of the assisted housing units. This paragraph
18 (7.7) applies only if (i) the library district is located
19 in a county that is subject to the Property Tax Extension
20 Limitation Law or (ii) the library district is not located
21 in a county that is subject to the Property Tax Extension
22 Limitation Law but the district is prohibited by any other
23 law from increasing its tax levy rate without a prior voter
24 referendum.

25 The amount paid to a library district under this
26 paragraph (7.7) shall be calculated by multiplying (i) the

1 net increase in the number of persons eligible to obtain a
2 library card in that district who reside in housing units
3 within the redevelopment project area that have received
4 financial assistance through an agreement with the
5 municipality or because the municipality incurs the cost of
6 necessary infrastructure improvements within the
7 boundaries of the housing sites necessary for the
8 completion of that housing as authorized by this Act since
9 the designation of the redevelopment project area by (ii)
10 the per-patron cost of providing library services so long
11 as it does not exceed \$120. The per-patron cost shall be
12 the Total Operating Expenditures Per Capita as stated in
13 the most recent Illinois Public Library Statistics
14 produced by the Library Research Center at the University
15 of Illinois. The municipality may deduct from the amount
16 that it must pay to a library district under this paragraph
17 any amount that it has voluntarily paid to the library
18 district from the tax increment revenue. The amount paid to
19 a library district under this paragraph (7.7) shall be no
20 more than 2% of the amount produced by the assisted housing
21 units and deposited into the Special Tax Allocation Fund.

22 A library district is not eligible for any payment
23 under this paragraph (7.7) unless the library district has
24 experienced an increase in the number of patrons from the
25 municipality that created the tax-increment-financing
26 district since the designation of the redevelopment

1 project area.

2 Any library district seeking payment under this
3 paragraph (7.7) shall, after July 1 and before September 30
4 of each year, provide the municipality with convincing
5 evidence to support its claim for reimbursement before the
6 municipality shall be required to approve or make the
7 payment to the library district. If the library district
8 fails to provide the information during this period in any
9 year, it shall forfeit any claim to reimbursement for that
10 year. Library districts may adopt a resolution waiving the
11 right to all or a portion of the reimbursement otherwise
12 required by this paragraph (7.7). By acceptance of such
13 reimbursement, the library district shall forfeit any
14 right to directly or indirectly set aside, modify, or
15 contest in any manner whatsoever the establishment of the
16 redevelopment project area or projects;

17 (8) Relocation costs to the extent that a municipality
18 determines that relocation costs shall be paid or is
19 required to make payment of relocation costs by federal or
20 State law or in order to satisfy subparagraph (7) of
21 subsection (n);

22 (9) Payment in lieu of taxes;

23 (10) Costs of job training, retraining, advanced
24 vocational education or career education, including but
25 not limited to courses in occupational, semi-technical or
26 technical fields leading directly to employment, incurred

1 by one or more taxing districts, provided that such costs
2 (i) are related to the establishment and maintenance of
3 additional job training, advanced vocational education or
4 career education programs for persons employed or to be
5 employed by employers located in a redevelopment project
6 area; and (ii) when incurred by a taxing district or taxing
7 districts other than the municipality, are set forth in a
8 written agreement by or among the municipality and the
9 taxing district or taxing districts, which agreement
10 describes the program to be undertaken, including but not
11 limited to the number of employees to be trained, a
12 description of the training and services to be provided,
13 the number and type of positions available or to be
14 available, itemized costs of the program and sources of
15 funds to pay for the same, and the term of the agreement.
16 Such costs include, specifically, the payment by community
17 college districts of costs pursuant to Sections 3-37, 3-38,
18 3-40 and 3-40.1 of the Public Community College Act and by
19 school districts of costs pursuant to Sections 10-22.20a
20 and 10-23.3a of The School Code;

21 (11) Interest cost incurred by a redeveloper related to
22 the construction, renovation or rehabilitation of a
23 redevelopment project provided that:

24 (A) such costs are to be paid directly from the
25 special tax allocation fund established pursuant to
26 this Act;

1 (B) such payments in any one year may not exceed
2 30% of the annual interest costs incurred by the
3 redeveloper with regard to the redevelopment project
4 during that year;

5 (C) if there are not sufficient funds available in
6 the special tax allocation fund to make the payment
7 pursuant to this paragraph (11) then the amounts so due
8 shall accrue and be payable when sufficient funds are
9 available in the special tax allocation fund;

10 (D) the total of such interest payments paid
11 pursuant to this Act may not exceed 30% of the total
12 (i) cost paid or incurred by the redeveloper for the
13 redevelopment project plus (ii) redevelopment project
14 costs excluding any property assembly costs and any
15 relocation costs incurred by a municipality pursuant
16 to this Act; and

17 (E) the cost limits set forth in subparagraphs (B)
18 and (D) of paragraph (11) shall be modified for the
19 financing of rehabilitated or new housing units for
20 low-income households and very low-income households,
21 as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable
22 Housing Act. The percentage of 75% shall be substituted
23 for 30% in subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (11).

24 (F) Instead of the eligible costs provided by
25 subparagraphs (B) and (D) of paragraph (11), as
26 modified by this subparagraph, and notwithstanding any

1 other provisions of this Act to the contrary, the
2 municipality may pay from tax increment revenues up to
3 50% of the cost of construction of new housing units to
4 be occupied by low-income households and very
5 low-income households as defined in Section 3 of the
6 Illinois Affordable Housing Act. The cost of
7 construction of those units may be derived from the
8 proceeds of bonds issued by the municipality under this
9 Act or other constitutional or statutory authority or
10 from other sources of municipal revenue that may be
11 reimbursed from tax increment revenues or the proceeds
12 of bonds issued to finance the construction of that
13 housing.

14 The eligible costs provided under this
15 subparagraph (F) of paragraph (11) shall be an eligible
16 cost for the construction, renovation, and
17 rehabilitation of all low and very low-income housing
18 units, as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois
19 Affordable Housing Act, within the redevelopment
20 project area. If the low and very low-income units are
21 part of a residential redevelopment project that
22 includes units not affordable to low and very
23 low-income households, only the low and very
24 low-income units shall be eligible for benefits under
25 subparagraph (F) of paragraph (11). The standards for
26 maintaining the occupancy by low-income households and

1 very low-income households, as defined in Section 3 of
2 the Illinois Affordable Housing Act, of those units
3 constructed with eligible costs made available under
4 the provisions of this subparagraph (F) of paragraph
5 (11) shall be established by guidelines adopted by the
6 municipality. The responsibility for annually
7 documenting the initial occupancy of the units by
8 low-income households and very low-income households,
9 as defined in Section 3 of the Illinois Affordable
10 Housing Act, shall be that of the then current owner of
11 the property. For ownership units, the guidelines will
12 provide, at a minimum, for a reasonable recapture of
13 funds, or other appropriate methods designed to
14 preserve the original affordability of the ownership
15 units. For rental units, the guidelines will provide,
16 at a minimum, for the affordability of rent to low and
17 very low-income households. As units become available,
18 they shall be rented to income-eligible tenants. The
19 municipality may modify these guidelines from time to
20 time; the guidelines, however, shall be in effect for
21 as long as tax increment revenue is being used to pay
22 for costs associated with the units or for the
23 retirement of bonds issued to finance the units or for
24 the life of the redevelopment project area, whichever
25 is later.

26 (11.5) If the redevelopment project area is located

1 within a municipality with a population of more than
2 100,000, the cost of day care services for children of
3 employees from low-income families working for businesses
4 located within the redevelopment project area and all or a
5 portion of the cost of operation of day care centers
6 established by redevelopment project area businesses to
7 serve employees from low-income families working in
8 businesses located in the redevelopment project area. For
9 the purposes of this paragraph, "low-income families"
10 means families whose annual income does not exceed 80% of
11 the municipal, county, or regional median income, adjusted
12 for family size, as the annual income and municipal,
13 county, or regional median income are determined from time
14 to time by the United States Department of Housing and
15 Urban Development.

16 (12) Unless explicitly stated herein the cost of
17 construction of new privately-owned buildings shall not be
18 an eligible redevelopment project cost.

19 (13) After November 1, 1999 (the effective date of
20 Public Act 91-478), none of the redevelopment project costs
21 enumerated in this subsection shall be eligible
22 redevelopment project costs if those costs would provide
23 direct financial support to a retail entity initiating
24 operations in the redevelopment project area while
25 terminating operations at another Illinois location within
26 10 miles of the redevelopment project area but outside the

1 boundaries of the redevelopment project area municipality.

2 For purposes of this paragraph, termination means a closing

3 of a retail operation that is directly related to the

4 opening of the same operation or like retail entity owned

5 or operated by more than 50% of the original ownership in a

6 redevelopment project area, but it does not mean closing an

7 operation for reasons beyond the control of the retail

8 entity, as documented by the retail entity, subject to a

9 reasonable finding by the municipality that the current

10 location contained inadequate space, had become

11 economically obsolete, or was no longer a viable location

12 for the retailer or serviceman.

13 If a special service area has been established pursuant to

14 the Special Service Area Tax Act or Special Service Area Tax

15 Law, then any tax increment revenues derived from the tax

16 imposed pursuant to the Special Service Area Tax Act or Special

17 Service Area Tax Law may be used within the redevelopment

18 project area for the purposes permitted by that Act or Law as

19 well as the purposes permitted by this Act.

20 (r) "State Sales Tax Boundary" means the redevelopment

21 project area or the amended redevelopment project area

22 boundaries which are determined pursuant to subsection (9) of

23 Section 11-74.4-8a of this Act. The Department of Revenue shall

24 certify pursuant to subsection (9) of Section 11-74.4-8a the

25 appropriate boundaries eligible for the determination of State

26 Sales Tax Increment.

1 (s) "State Sales Tax Increment" means an amount equal to
2 the increase in the aggregate amount of taxes paid by retailers
3 and servicemen, other than retailers and servicemen subject to
4 the Public Utilities Act, on transactions at places of business
5 located within a State Sales Tax Boundary pursuant to the
6 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use
7 Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act, except such
8 portion of such increase that is paid into the State and Local
9 Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Local Government Distributive Fund,
10 the Local Government Tax Fund and the County and Mass Transit
11 District Fund, for as long as State participation exists, over
12 and above the Initial Sales Tax Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales
13 Tax Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts for such
14 taxes as certified by the Department of Revenue and paid under
15 those Acts by retailers and servicemen on transactions at
16 places of business located within the State Sales Tax Boundary
17 during the base year which shall be the calendar year
18 immediately prior to the year in which the municipality adopted
19 tax increment allocation financing, less 3.0% of such amounts
20 generated under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act
21 and Service Use Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act,
22 which sum shall be appropriated to the Department of Revenue to
23 cover its costs of administering and enforcing this Section.
24 For purposes of computing the aggregate amount of such taxes
25 for base years occurring prior to 1985, the Department of
26 Revenue shall compute the Initial Sales Tax Amount for such

1 taxes and deduct therefrom an amount equal to 4% of the
2 aggregate amount of taxes per year for each year the base year
3 is prior to 1985, but not to exceed a total deduction of 12%.
4 The amount so determined shall be known as the "Adjusted
5 Initial Sales Tax Amount". For purposes of determining the
6 State Sales Tax Increment the Department of Revenue shall for
7 each period subtract from the tax amounts received from
8 retailers and servicemen on transactions located in the State
9 Sales Tax Boundary, the certified Initial Sales Tax Amounts,
10 Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or Revised Initial Sales Tax
11 Amounts for the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act,
12 the Service Use Tax Act and the Service Occupation Tax Act. For
13 the State Fiscal Year 1989 this calculation shall be made by
14 utilizing the calendar year 1987 to determine the tax amounts
15 received. For the State Fiscal Year 1990, this calculation
16 shall be made by utilizing the period from January 1, 1988,
17 until September 30, 1988, to determine the tax amounts received
18 from retailers and servicemen, which shall have deducted
19 therefrom nine-twelfths of the certified Initial Sales Tax
20 Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised
21 Initial Sales Tax Amounts as appropriate. For the State Fiscal
22 Year 1991, this calculation shall be made by utilizing the
23 period from October 1, 1988, until June 30, 1989, to determine
24 the tax amounts received from retailers and servicemen, which
25 shall have deducted therefrom nine-twelfths of the certified
26 Initial State Sales Tax Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax

1 Amounts or the Revised Initial Sales Tax Amounts as
2 appropriate. For every State Fiscal Year thereafter, the
3 applicable period shall be the 12 months beginning July 1 and
4 ending on June 30, to determine the tax amounts received which
5 shall have deducted therefrom the certified Initial Sales Tax
6 Amounts, Adjusted Initial Sales Tax Amounts or the Revised
7 Initial Sales Tax Amounts. Municipalities intending to receive
8 a distribution of State Sales Tax Increment must report a list
9 of retailers to the Department of Revenue by October 31, 1988
10 and by July 31, of each year thereafter.

11 (t) "Taxing districts" means counties, townships, cities
12 and incorporated towns and villages, school, road, park,
13 sanitary, mosquito abatement, forest preserve, public health,
14 fire protection, river conservancy, tuberculosis sanitarium
15 and any other municipal corporations or districts with the
16 power to levy taxes.

17 (u) "Taxing districts' capital costs" means those costs of
18 taxing districts for capital improvements that are found by the
19 municipal corporate authorities to be necessary and directly
20 result from the redevelopment project.

21 (v) As used in subsection (a) of Section 11-74.4-3 of this
22 Act, "vacant land" means any parcel or combination of parcels
23 of real property without industrial, commercial, and
24 residential buildings which has not been used for commercial
25 agricultural purposes within 5 years prior to the designation
26 of the redevelopment project area, unless the parcel is

1 included in an industrial park conservation area or the parcel
2 has been subdivided; provided that if the parcel was part of a
3 larger tract that has been divided into 3 or more smaller
4 tracts that were accepted for recording during the period from
5 1950 to 1990, then the parcel shall be deemed to have been
6 subdivided, and all proceedings and actions of the municipality
7 taken in that connection with respect to any previously
8 approved or designated redevelopment project area or amended
9 redevelopment project area are hereby validated and hereby
10 declared to be legally sufficient for all purposes of this Act.
11 For purposes of this Section and only for land subject to the
12 subdivision requirements of the Plat Act, land is subdivided
13 when the original plat of the proposed Redevelopment Project
14 Area or relevant portion thereof has been properly certified,
15 acknowledged, approved, and recorded or filed in accordance
16 with the Plat Act and a preliminary plat, if any, for any
17 subsequent phases of the proposed Redevelopment Project Area or
18 relevant portion thereof has been properly approved and filed
19 in accordance with the applicable ordinance of the
20 municipality.

21 (w) "Annual Total Increment" means the sum of each
22 municipality's annual Net Sales Tax Increment and each
23 municipality's annual Net Utility Tax Increment. The ratio of
24 the Annual Total Increment of each municipality to the Annual
25 Total Increment for all municipalities, as most recently
26 calculated by the Department, shall determine the proportional

1 shares of the Illinois Tax Increment Fund to be distributed to
2 each municipality.

3 (Source: P.A. 94-260, eff. 7-19-05; 94-268, eff. 7-19-05;
4 94-297, eff. 7-21-05; 94-302, eff. 7-21-05; 94-702, eff.
5 6-1-06; 94-704, eff. 12-5-05; 94-711, eff. 6-1-06; 94-778, eff.
6 5-19-06; 94-782, eff. 5-19-06; 94-783, eff. 5-19-06; 94-810,
7 eff. 5-26-06; 94-903, eff. 6-22-06; 94-1091, eff. 1-26-07;
8 94-1092, eff. 1-26-07; 95-15, eff. 7-16-07; 95-164, eff.
9 1-1-08; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-346, eff. 8-21-07; 95-459,
10 eff. 8-27-07; 95-653, eff. 1-1-08; 95-662, eff. 10-11-07;
11 95-683, eff. 10-19-07; 95-709, eff. 1-29-08; revised 1-31-08.)

12 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3.5 new)

13 Sec. 11-74.4-3.5. Completion dates for redevelopment
14 projects.

15 (a) Unless otherwise stated in this Section, the estimated
16 dates of completion of the redevelopment project and retirement
17 of obligations issued to finance redevelopment project costs
18 (including refunding bonds under Section 11-74.4-7) may not be
19 later than December 31 of the year in which the payment to the
20 municipal treasurer, as provided in subsection (b) of Section
21 11-74.4-8 of this Act, is to be made with respect to ad valorem
22 taxes levied in the 23rd calendar year after the year in which
23 the ordinance approving the redevelopment project area was
24 adopted if the ordinance was adopted on or after January 15,
25 1981.

1 (b) The estimated dates of completion of the redevelopment
2 project and retirement of obligations issued to finance
3 redevelopment project costs (including refunding bonds under
4 Section 11-74.4-7) may not be later than December 31 of the
5 year in which the payment to the municipal treasurer as
6 provided in subsection (b) of Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is
7 to be made with respect to ad valorem taxes levied in the 33rd
8 calendar year after the year in which the ordinance approving
9 the redevelopment project area was adopted, if the ordinance
10 was adopted on May 20, 1985 by the Village of Wheeling.

11 (c) The estimated dates of completion of the redevelopment
12 project and retirement of obligations issued to finance
13 redevelopment project costs (including refunding bonds under
14 Section 11-74.4-7) may not be later than December 31 of the
15 year in which the payment to the municipal treasurer as
16 provided in subsection (b) of Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is
17 to be made with respect to ad valorem taxes levied in the 35th
18 calendar year after the year in which the ordinance approving
19 the redevelopment project area was adopted:

20 (1) if the ordinance was adopted before January 15,
21 1981;

22 (2) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1983,
23 April 1984, July 1985, or December 1989;

24 (3) if the ordinance was adopted in December, 1987 and
25 the redevelopment project is located within one mile of
26 Midway Airport;

1 (4) if the ordinance was adopted before January 1, 1987
2 by a municipality in Mason County;

3 (5) if the municipality is subject to the Local
4 Government Financial Planning and Supervision Act or the
5 Financially Distressed City Law;

6 (6) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1984 by
7 the Village of Rosemont;

8 (7) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986
9 by a municipality located in Clinton County for which at
10 least \$250,000 of tax increment bonds were authorized on
11 June 17, 1997, or if the ordinance was adopted on December
12 31, 1986 by a municipality with a population in 1990 of
13 less than 3,600 that is located in a county with a
14 population in 1990 of less than 34,000 and for which at
15 least \$250,000 of tax increment bonds were authorized on
16 June 17, 1997;

17 (8) if the ordinance was adopted on October 5, 1982 by
18 the City of Kankakee, or if the ordinance was adopted on
19 December 29, 1986 by East St. Louis;

20 (9) if the ordinance was adopted on November 12, 1991
21 by the Village of Sauget;

22 (10) if the ordinance was adopted on February 11, 1985
23 by the City of Rock Island;

24 (11) if the ordinance was adopted before December 18,
25 1986 by the City of Moline;

26 (12) if the ordinance was adopted in September 1988 by

1 Sauk Village;

2 (13) if the ordinance was adopted in October 1993 by

3 Sauk Village;

4 (14) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 1986

5 by the City of Galva;

6 (15) if the ordinance was adopted in March 1991 by the

7 City of Centreville;

8 (16) if the ordinance was adopted on January 23, 1991

9 by the City of East St. Louis;

10 (17) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22, 1986

11 by the City of Aledo;

12 (18) if the ordinance was adopted on February 5, 1990

13 by the City of Clinton;

14 (19) if the ordinance was adopted on September 6, 1994

15 by the City of Freeport;

16 (20) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22, 1986

17 by the City of Tuscola;

18 (21) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986

19 by the City of Sparta;

20 (22) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986

21 by the City of Beardstown;

22 (23) if the ordinance was adopted on April 27, 1981,

23 October 21, 1985, or December 30, 1986 by the City of

24 Belleville;

25 (24) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 1986

26 by the City of Collinsville;

1 (25) if the ordinance was adopted on September 14, 1994
2 by the City of Alton;

3 (26) if the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 1996
4 by the City of Lexington;

5 (27) if the ordinance was adopted on November 5, 1984
6 by the City of LeRoy;

7 (28) if the ordinance was adopted on April 3, 1991 or
8 June 3, 1992 by the City of Markham;

9 (29) if the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 1986
10 by the City of Pekin;

11 (30) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 1981
12 by the City of Champaign;

13 (31) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 1986
14 by the City of Urbana;

15 (32) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 1986
16 by the Village of Heyworth;

17 (33) if the ordinance was adopted on February 24, 1992
18 by the Village of Heyworth;

19 (34) if the ordinance was adopted on March 16, 1995 by
20 the Village of Heyworth;

21 (35) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986
22 by the Town of Cicero;

23 (36) if the ordinance was adopted on December 30, 1986
24 by the City of Effingham;

25 (37) if the ordinance was adopted on May 9, 1991 by the
26 Village of Tilton;

1 (38) if the ordinance was adopted on October 20, 1986
2 by the City of Elmhurst;

3 (39) if the ordinance was adopted on January 19, 1988
4 by the City of Waukegan;

5 (40) if the ordinance was adopted on September 21, 1998
6 by the City of Waukegan;

7 (41) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986
8 by the City of Sullivan;

9 (42) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1991
10 by the City of Sullivan;

11 (43) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986
12 by the City of Oglesby;

13 (44) if the ordinance was adopted on July 28, 1987 by
14 the City of Marion;

15 (45) if the ordinance was adopted on April 23, 1990 by
16 the City of Marion;

17 (46) if the ordinance was adopted on August 20, 1985 by
18 the Village of Mount Prospect;

19 (47) if the ordinance was adopted on February 2, 1998
20 by the Village of Woodhull;

21 (48) if the ordinance was adopted on April 20, 1993 by
22 the Village of Princeville;

23 (49) if the ordinance was adopted on July 1, 1986 by
24 the City of Granite City;

25 (50) if the ordinance was adopted on February 2, 1989
26 by the Village of Lombard;

1 (51) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 1986
2 by the Village of Gardner;

3 (52) if the ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1999 by
4 the Village of Paw Paw;

5 (53) if the ordinance was adopted on November 17, 1986
6 by the Village of Franklin Park;

7 (54) if the ordinance was adopted on November 20, 1989
8 by the Village of South Holland;

9 (55) if the ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1992 by
10 the Village of Riverdale;

11 (56) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 1986
12 by the City of Galesburg;

13 (57) if the ordinance was adopted on April 1, 1985 by
14 the City of Galesburg;

15 (58) if the ordinance was adopted on May 21, 1990 by
16 the City of West Chicago;

17 (59) if the ordinance was adopted on December 16, 1986
18 by the City of Oak Forest;

19 (60) if the ordinance was adopted in 1999 by the City
20 of Villa Grove;

21 (61) if the ordinance was adopted on January 13, 1987
22 by the Village of Mt. Zion;

23 (62) if the ordinance was adopted on December 30, 1986
24 by the Village of Manteno;

25 (63) if the ordinance was adopted on April 3, 1989 by
26 the City of Chicago Heights;

1 (64) if the ordinance was adopted on January 6, 1999 by
2 the Village of Rosemont;

3 (65) if the ordinance was adopted on December 19, 2000
4 by the Village of Stone Park;

5 (66) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22, 1986
6 by the City of DeKalb; or

7 (67) if the ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1987 by
8 the City of Berwyn.

9 (d) For redevelopment project areas for which bonds were
10 issued before July 29, 1991, or for which contracts were
11 entered into before June 1, 1988, in connection with a
12 redevelopment project in the area within the State Sales Tax
13 Boundary, the estimated dates of completion of the
14 redevelopment project and retirement of obligations to finance
15 redevelopment project costs (including refunding bonds under
16 Section 11-74.4-7) may be extended by municipal ordinance to
17 December 31, 2013. The termination procedures of subsection (b)
18 of Section 11-74.4-8 are not required for these redevelopment
19 project areas in 2009 but are required in 2013. The extension
20 allowed by Public Act 87-1272 shall not apply to real property
21 tax increment allocation financing under Section 11-74.4-8.

22 (e) Those dates, for purposes of real property tax
23 increment allocation financing pursuant to Section 11-74.4-8
24 only, shall be not more than 35 years for redevelopment project
25 areas that were adopted on or after December 16, 1986 and for
26 which at least \$8 million worth of municipal bonds were

1 authorized on or after December 19, 1989 but before January 1,
2 1990; provided that the municipality elects to extend the life
3 of the redevelopment project area to 35 years by the adoption
4 of an ordinance after at least 14 but not more than 30 days'
5 written notice to the taxing bodies, that would otherwise
6 constitute the joint review board for the redevelopment project
7 area, before the adoption of the ordinance.

8 (f) Those dates, for purposes of real property tax
9 increment allocation financing pursuant to Section 11-74.4-8
10 only, shall be not more than 35 years for redevelopment project
11 areas that were established on or after December 1, 1981 but
12 before January 1, 1982 and for which at least \$1,500,000 worth
13 of tax increment revenue bonds were authorized on or after
14 September 30, 1990 but before July 1, 1991; provided that the
15 municipality elects to extend the life of the redevelopment
16 project area to 35 years by the adoption of an ordinance after
17 at least 14 but not more than 30 days' written notice to the
18 taxing bodies, that would otherwise constitute the joint review
19 board for the redevelopment project area, before the adoption
20 of the ordinance.

21 (g) In consolidating the material relating to completion
22 dates from Sections 11-74.4-3 and 11-74.4-7 into this Section,
23 it is not the intent of the 95th General Assembly to make any
24 substantive change in the law, except for the extension of the
25 completion date for the City of Berwyn set forth under item
26 (67) of subsection (c) of this Section.

1 (65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-7) (from Ch. 24, par. 11-74.4-7)

2 Sec. 11-74.4-7. Obligations secured by the special tax
3 allocation fund set forth in Section 11-74.4-8 for the
4 redevelopment project area may be issued to provide for
5 redevelopment project costs. Such obligations, when so issued,
6 shall be retired in the manner provided in the ordinance
7 authorizing the issuance of such obligations by the receipts of
8 taxes levied as specified in Section 11-74.4-9 against the
9 taxable property included in the area, by revenues as specified
10 by Section 11-74.4-8a and other revenue designated by the
11 municipality. A municipality may in the ordinance pledge all or
12 any part of the funds in and to be deposited in the special tax
13 allocation fund created pursuant to Section 11-74.4-8 to the
14 payment of the redevelopment project costs and obligations. Any
15 pledge of funds in the special tax allocation fund shall
16 provide for distribution to the taxing districts and to the
17 Illinois Department of Revenue of moneys not required, pledged,
18 earmarked, or otherwise designated for payment and securing of
19 the obligations and anticipated redevelopment project costs
20 and such excess funds shall be calculated annually and deemed
21 to be "surplus" funds. In the event a municipality only applies
22 or pledges a portion of the funds in the special tax allocation
23 fund for the payment or securing of anticipated redevelopment
24 project costs or of obligations, any such funds remaining in
25 the special tax allocation fund after complying with the

1 requirements of the application or pledge, shall also be
2 calculated annually and deemed "surplus" funds. All surplus
3 funds in the special tax allocation fund shall be distributed
4 annually within 180 days after the close of the municipality's
5 fiscal year by being paid by the municipal treasurer to the
6 County Collector, to the Department of Revenue and to the
7 municipality in direct proportion to the tax incremental
8 revenue received as a result of an increase in the equalized
9 assessed value of property in the redevelopment project area,
10 tax incremental revenue received from the State and tax
11 incremental revenue received from the municipality, but not to
12 exceed as to each such source the total incremental revenue
13 received from that source. The County Collector shall
14 thereafter make distribution to the respective taxing
15 districts in the same manner and proportion as the most recent
16 distribution by the county collector to the affected districts
17 of real property taxes from real property in the redevelopment
18 project area.

19 Without limiting the foregoing in this Section, the
20 municipality may in addition to obligations secured by the
21 special tax allocation fund pledge for a period not greater
22 than the term of the obligations towards payment of such
23 obligations any part or any combination of the following: (a)
24 net revenues of all or part of any redevelopment project; (b)
25 taxes levied and collected on any or all property in the
26 municipality; (c) the full faith and credit of the

1 municipality; (d) a mortgage on part or all of the
2 redevelopment project; or (e) any other taxes or anticipated
3 receipts that the municipality may lawfully pledge.

4 Such obligations may be issued in one or more series
5 bearing interest at such rate or rates as the corporate
6 authorities of the municipality shall determine by ordinance.
7 Such obligations shall bear such date or dates, mature at such
8 time or times not exceeding 20 years from their respective
9 dates, be in such denomination, carry such registration
10 privileges, be executed in such manner, be payable in such
11 medium of payment at such place or places, contain such
12 covenants, terms and conditions, and be subject to redemption
13 as such ordinance shall provide. Obligations issued pursuant to
14 this Act may be sold at public or private sale at such price as
15 shall be determined by the corporate authorities of the
16 municipalities. No referendum approval of the electors shall be
17 required as a condition to the issuance of obligations pursuant
18 to this Division except as provided in this Section.

19 In the event the municipality authorizes issuance of
20 obligations pursuant to the authority of this Division secured
21 by the full faith and credit of the municipality, which
22 obligations are other than obligations which may be issued
23 under home rule powers provided by Article VII, Section 6 of
24 the Illinois Constitution, or pledges taxes pursuant to (b) or
25 (c) of the second paragraph of this section, the ordinance
26 authorizing the issuance of such obligations or pledging such

1 taxes shall be published within 10 days after such ordinance
2 has been passed in one or more newspapers, with general
3 circulation within such municipality. The publication of the
4 ordinance shall be accompanied by a notice of (1) the specific
5 number of voters required to sign a petition requesting the
6 question of the issuance of such obligations or pledging taxes
7 to be submitted to the electors; (2) the time in which such
8 petition must be filed; and (3) the date of the prospective
9 referendum. The municipal clerk shall provide a petition form
10 to any individual requesting one.

11 If no petition is filed with the municipal clerk, as
12 hereinafter provided in this Section, within 30 days after the
13 publication of the ordinance, the ordinance shall be in effect.
14 But, if within that 30 day period a petition is filed with the
15 municipal clerk, signed by electors in the municipality
16 numbering 10% or more of the number of registered voters in the
17 municipality, asking that the question of issuing obligations
18 using full faith and credit of the municipality as security for
19 the cost of paying for redevelopment project costs, or of
20 pledging taxes for the payment of such obligations, or both, be
21 submitted to the electors of the municipality, the corporate
22 authorities of the municipality shall call a special election
23 in the manner provided by law to vote upon that question, or,
24 if a general, State or municipal election is to be held within
25 a period of not less than 30 or more than 90 days from the date
26 such petition is filed, shall submit the question at the next

1 general, State or municipal election. If it appears upon the
2 canvass of the election by the corporate authorities that a
3 majority of electors voting upon the question voted in favor
4 thereof, the ordinance shall be in effect, but if a majority of
5 the electors voting upon the question are not in favor thereof,
6 the ordinance shall not take effect.

7 The ordinance authorizing the obligations may provide that
8 the obligations shall contain a recital that they are issued
9 pursuant to this Division, which recital shall be conclusive
10 evidence of their validity and of the regularity of their
11 issuance.

12 In the event the municipality authorizes issuance of
13 obligations pursuant to this Section secured by the full faith
14 and credit of the municipality, the ordinance authorizing the
15 obligations may provide for the levy and collection of a direct
16 annual tax upon all taxable property within the municipality
17 sufficient to pay the principal thereof and interest thereon as
18 it matures, which levy may be in addition to and exclusive of
19 the maximum of all other taxes authorized to be levied by the
20 municipality, which levy, however, shall be abated to the
21 extent that monies from other sources are available for payment
22 of the obligations and the municipality certifies the amount of
23 said monies available to the county clerk.

24 A certified copy of such ordinance shall be filed with the
25 county clerk of each county in which any portion of the
26 municipality is situated, and shall constitute the authority

1 for the extension and collection of the taxes to be deposited
2 in the special tax allocation fund.

3 A municipality may also issue its obligations to refund in
4 whole or in part, obligations theretofore issued by such
5 municipality under the authority of this Act, whether at or
6 prior to maturity, provided however, that the last maturity of
7 the refunding obligations may not be later than the dates set
8 forth under Section 11-74.4-3.5. ~~shall not be expressed to~~
9 ~~mature later than December 31 of the year in which the payment~~
10 ~~to the municipal treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of~~
11 ~~Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made with respect to ad~~
12 ~~valorem taxes levied in the twenty-third calendar year after~~
13 ~~the year in which the ordinance approving the redevelopment~~
14 ~~project area is adopted if the ordinance was adopted on or~~
15 ~~after January 15, 1981, not later than December 31 of the year~~
16 ~~in which the payment to the municipal treasurer as provided in~~
17 ~~subsection (b) of Section 11-74.4-8 of this Act is to be made~~
18 ~~with respect to ad valorem taxes levied in the thirty-third~~
19 ~~calendar year after the year in which the ordinance approving~~
20 ~~the redevelopment project area if the ordinance was adopted on~~
21 ~~May 20, 1985 by the Village of Wheeling, and not later than~~
22 ~~December 31 of the year in which the payment to the municipal~~
23 ~~treasurer as provided in subsection (b) of Section 11-74.4-8 of~~
24 ~~this Act is to be made with respect to ad valorem taxes levied~~
25 ~~in the thirty-fifth calendar year after the year in which the~~
26 ~~ordinance approving the redevelopment project area is adopted~~

1 ~~(A) if the ordinance was adopted before January 15, 1981, or~~
2 ~~(B) if the ordinance was adopted in December 1983, April 1984,~~
3 ~~July 1985, or December 1989, or (C) if the ordinance was~~
4 ~~adopted in December, 1987 and the redevelopment project is~~
5 ~~located within one mile of Midway Airport, or (D) if the~~
6 ~~ordinance was adopted before January 1, 1987 by a municipality~~
7 ~~in Mason County, or (E) if the municipality is subject to the~~
8 ~~Local Government Financial Planning and Supervision Act or the~~
9 ~~Financially Distressed City Law, or (F) if the ordinance was~~
10 ~~adopted in December 1984 by the Village of Rosemont, or (G) if~~
11 ~~the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986 by a~~
12 ~~municipality located in Clinton County for which at least~~
13 ~~\$250,000 of tax increment bonds were authorized on June 17,~~
14 ~~1997, or if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986 by a~~
15 ~~municipality with a population in 1990 of less than 3,600 that~~
16 ~~is located in a county with a population in 1990 of less than~~
17 ~~34,000 and for which at least \$250,000 of tax increment bonds~~
18 ~~were authorized on June 17, 1997, or (H) if the ordinance was~~
19 ~~adopted on October 5, 1982 by the City of Kankakee, or (I) if~~
20 ~~the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 1986 by East St.~~
21 ~~Louis, or if the ordinance was adopted on November 12, 1991 by~~
22 ~~the Village of Sauget, or (J) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
23 ~~February 11, 1985 by the City of Rock Island, or (K) if the~~
24 ~~ordinance was adopted before December 18, 1986 by the City of~~
25 ~~Moline, or (L) if the ordinance was adopted in September 1988~~
26 ~~by Sauk Village, or (M) if the ordinance was adopted in October~~

1 ~~1993 by Sauk Village, or (N) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
2 ~~December 29, 1986 by the City of Galva, or (O) if the ordinance~~
3 ~~was adopted in March 1991 by the City of Centreville, or (P) if~~
4 ~~the ordinance was adopted on January 23, 1991 by the City of~~
5 ~~East St. Louis, or (Q) if the ordinance was adopted on December~~
6 ~~22, 1986 by the City of Aledo, or (R) if the ordinance was~~
7 ~~adopted on February 5, 1990 by the City of Clinton, or (S) if~~
8 ~~the ordinance was adopted on September 6, 1994 by the City of~~
9 ~~Freeport, or (T) if the ordinance was adopted on December 22,~~
10 ~~1986 by the City of Tuscola, or (U) if the ordinance was~~
11 ~~adopted on December 23, 1986 by the City of Sparta, or (V) if~~
12 ~~the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986 by the City of~~
13 ~~Beardstown, or (W) if the ordinance was adopted on April 27,~~
14 ~~1981, October 21, 1985, or December 30, 1986 by the City of~~
15 ~~Belleville, or (X) if the ordinance was adopted on December 29,~~
16 ~~1986 by the City of Collinsville, or (Y) if the ordinance was~~
17 ~~adopted on September 14, 1994 by the City of Alton, or (Z) if~~
18 ~~the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 1996 by the City of~~
19 ~~Lexington, or (AA) if the ordinance was adopted on November 5,~~
20 ~~1984 by the City of LeRoy, or (BB) if the ordinance was adopted~~
21 ~~on April 3, 1991 or June 3, 1992 by the City of Markham, or (CC)~~
22 ~~if the ordinance was adopted on November 11, 1986 by the City~~
23 ~~of Pekin, or (DD) if the ordinance was adopted on December 15,~~
24 ~~1981 by the City of Champaign, or (EE) if the ordinance was~~
25 ~~adopted on December 15, 1986 by the City of Urbana, or (FF) if~~
26 ~~the ordinance was adopted on December 15, 1986 by the Village~~

1 ~~of Heyworth, or (GG) if the ordinance was adopted on February~~
2 ~~24, 1992 by the Village of Heyworth, or (HH) if the ordinance~~
3 ~~was adopted on March 16, 1995 by the Village of Heyworth, or~~
4 ~~(II) if the ordinance was adopted on December 23, 1986 by the~~
5 ~~Town of Cicero, or (JJ) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
6 ~~December 30, 1986 by the City of Effingham, or (KK) if the~~
7 ~~ordinance was adopted on May 9, 1991 by the Village of Tilton,~~
8 ~~or (LL) if the ordinance was adopted on October 20, 1986 by the~~
9 ~~City of Elmhurst, or (MM) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
10 ~~January 19, 1988 by the City of Waukegan, or (NN) if the~~
11 ~~ordinance was adopted on September 21, 1998 by the City of~~
12 ~~Waukegan, or (OO) if the ordinance was adopted on December 31,~~
13 ~~1986 by the City of Sullivan, or (PP) if the ordinance was~~
14 ~~adopted on December 23, 1991 by the City of Sullivan, or (QQ)~~
15 ~~if the ordinance was adopted on December 31, 1986 by the City~~
16 ~~of Oglesby, or (RR) if the ordinance was adopted on July 28,~~
17 ~~1987 by the City of Marion, or (SS) if the ordinance was~~
18 ~~adopted on April 23, 1990 by the City of Marion, or (TT) if the~~
19 ~~ordinance was adopted on August 20, 1985 by the Village of~~
20 ~~Mount Prospect, or (UU) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
21 ~~February 2, 1998 by the Village of Woodhull, or (VV) if the~~
22 ~~ordinance was adopted on April 20, 1993 by the Village of~~
23 ~~Princeville, or (WW) if the ordinance was adopted on July 1,~~
24 ~~1986 by the City of Granite City, or (XX) if the ordinance was~~
25 ~~adopted on February 2, 1989 by the Village of Lombard, or (YY)~~
26 ~~if the ordinance was adopted on December 29, 1986 by the~~

1 ~~Village of Gardner, or (ZZ) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
2 ~~July 14, 1999 by the Village of Paw Paw, or (AAA) if the~~
3 ~~ordinance was adopted on November 17, 1986 by the Village of~~
4 ~~Franklin Park, or (BBB) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
5 ~~November 20, 1989 by the Village of South Holland, or (CCC) if~~
6 ~~the ordinance was adopted on July 14, 1992 by the Village of~~
7 ~~Riverdale, or (CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on December~~
8 ~~29, 1986 by the City of Galesburg, or (DDD) if the ordinance~~
9 ~~was adopted on April 1, 1985 by the City of Galesburg, or (CCC)~~
10 ~~if the ordinance was adopted on May 21, 1990 by the City of~~
11 ~~West Chicago, or (CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on December~~
12 ~~16, 1986 by the City of Oak Forest or, (AAA) if the ordinance~~
13 ~~was adopted in 1999 by the City of Villa Grove, or (CCC) if the~~
14 ~~ordinance was adopted on January 13, 1987 by the Village of Mt.~~
15 ~~Zion, or (CCC) if the ordinance was adopted on December 30,~~
16 ~~1986 by the Village of Manteno, or (DDD) if the ordinance was~~
17 ~~adopted on April 3, 1989 by the City of Chicago Heights, or~~
18 ~~(EEE) if the ordinance was adopted on January 6, 1999 by the~~
19 ~~Village of Rosemont, or (FFF) if the ordinance was adopted on~~
20 ~~December 19, 2000 by the Village of Stone Park, or (CCC) if the~~
21 ~~ordinance was adopted on December 22, 1986 by the City of~~
22 ~~DeKalb and, for redevelopment project areas for which bonds~~
23 ~~were issued before July 29, 1991, in connection with a~~
24 ~~redevelopment project in the area within the State Sales Tax~~
25 ~~Boundary and which were extended by municipal ordinance under~~
26 ~~subsection (n) of Section 11 74.4 3, the last maturity of the~~

1 ~~refunding obligations shall not be expressed to mature later~~
2 ~~than the date on which the redevelopment project area is~~
3 ~~terminated or December 31, 2013, whichever date occurs first.~~

4 In the event a municipality issues obligations under home
5 rule powers or other legislative authority the proceeds of
6 which are pledged to pay for redevelopment project costs, the
7 municipality may, if it has followed the procedures in
8 conformance with this division, retire said obligations from
9 funds in the special tax allocation fund in amounts and in such
10 manner as if such obligations had been issued pursuant to the
11 provisions of this division.

12 All obligations heretofore or hereafter issued pursuant to
13 this Act shall not be regarded as indebtedness of the
14 municipality issuing such obligations or any other taxing
15 district for the purpose of any limitation imposed by law.

16 (Source: P.A. 94-260, eff. 7-19-05; 94-297, eff. 7-21-05;
17 94-302, eff. 7-21-05; 94-702, eff. 6-1-06; 94-704, eff.
18 12-5-05; 94-711, eff. 6-1-06; 94-778, eff. 5-19-06; 94-782,
19 eff. 5-19-06; 94-783, eff. 5-19-06; 94-810, eff. 5-26-06;
20 94-903, eff. 6-22-06; 94-1091, eff. 1-26-07; 94-1092, eff.
21 1-26-07; 95-15, eff. 7-16-07; 95-164, eff. 1-1-08; 95-331, eff.
22 8-21-07; 95-346, eff. 8-21-07; 95-459, eff. 8-27-07; 95-653,
23 eff. 1-1-08; 95-662, eff. 10-11-07; 95-683, eff. 10-19-07;
24 95-709, eff. 1-29-08; revised 1-31-08.)

25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
26 becoming law.