

95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2007 and 2008

HB5056

by Rep. James D. Brosnahan

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

220 ILCS 5/16-101A

Amends the Public Utilities Act. Makes a technical change in a Section concerning legislative findings.

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AN ACT concerning regulation.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing
Section 16-101A as follows:

6 (220 ILCS 5/16-101A)

7 Sec. 16-101A. Legislative findings.

The The citizens and businesses of the State of 8 (a) 9 Illinois have been well-served by a comprehensive electrical utility system which has provided safe, reliable, 10 and affordable service. The electrical utility system in the State 11 of Illinois has historically been subject to State and federal 12 regulation, aimed at assuring the citizens and businesses of 13 14 the State of safe, reliable, and affordable service, while at the same time assuring the utility system of a return on its 15 16 investment.

17 Competitive forces are affecting the market (b) for electricity as a result of recent federal regulatory and 18 19 statutory changes and the activities of other states. 20 Competition in the electric services market may create 21 opportunities for new products and services for customers and 22 lower costs for users of electricity. Long-standing regulatory relationships need to be altered to accommodate the competition 23

1 that could fundamentally alter the structure of the electric 2 services market.

(c) With the advent of increasing competition in this 3 industry, the State has a continued interest in assuring that 4 5 the safety, reliability, and affordability of electrical power is not sacrificed to competitive pressures, and to that end, 6 7 intends to implement safeguards to assure that the industry 8 continues to operate the electrical system in a manner that 9 will serve the public's interest. Under the existing regulatory 10 framework, the industry has been encouraged to undertake 11 certain investments in its physical plant and personnel to 12 enhance its efficient operation, the cost of which it has been 13 permitted to pass on to consumers. The State has an interest in 14 providing the existing utilities a reasonable opportunity to 15 obtain a return on certain investments on which they depended 16 in undertaking those commitments in the first instance while, 17 at the same time, not permitting new entrants into the industry to take unreasonable advantage of the investments made by the 18 19 formerly regulated industry.

(d) A competitive wholesale and retail market must benefit all Illinois citizens. The Illinois Commerce Commission should act to promote the development of an effectively competitive electricity market that operates efficiently and is equitable to all consumers. Consumer protections must be in place to ensure that all customers continue to receive safe, reliable, affordable, and environmentally safe electric service.

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1 (e) All consumers must benefit in an equitable and timely 2 fashion from the lower costs for electricity that result from 3 retail and wholesale competition and receive sufficient 4 information to make informed choices among suppliers and 5 services. The use of renewable resources and energy efficiency 6 resources should be encouraged in competitive markets.

7 (f) The efficiency of electric markets depends both upon 8 the competitiveness of supply and upon the price-responsiveness of the demand for service. Therefore, to 9 ensure the lowest total cost of service and to enhance the 10 11 reliability of service, all classes of the electricity 12 customers of electric utilities should have access to and be 13 voluntarily use real-time pricing able to and other 14 price-response and demand-response mechanisms.

15 (q) Including cost-effective renewable resources in a 16 diverse electricity supply portfolio will reduce long-term 17 indirect costs to consumers by decreasing direct and environmental impacts and by avoiding or delaying the need for 18 new generation, transmission, and distribution infrastructure. 19 20 It serves the public interest to allow electric utilities to 21 recover costs for reasonably and prudently incurred expenses 22 for electricity generated by renewable resources.

23 (Source: P.A. 94-977, eff. 6-30-06; 95-481, eff. 8-28-07.)

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