

## 95TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2007 and 2008 HB2008

Introduced 2/26/2007, by Rep. Michael K. Smith

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

105 ILCS 5/2-3.51

from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.51

Amends the School Code. With respect to the Reading Improvement Block Grant Program, makes changes concerning (i) the power and duty of the State Board of Education to improve reading and study skills, (ii) the purposes for which the State Board may distribute 2% or less of the moneys appropriated for the program, (iii) when program funds are distributed to school districts, (iv) how program funds are used by school districts, and (v) what an application for funds must include. Removes a provision concerning a school district's report of performance of progress results and a district not being eligible for additional funding until performance progress is established. Effective July 1, 2007.

LRB095 04818 NHT 24878 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY 1 AN ACT concerning education.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
- 5 2-3.51 as follows:
- 6 (105 ILCS 5/2-3.51) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.51)
- 7 Sec. 2-3.51. Reading Improvement Block Grant Program. To
- 8 improve the reading and study skills of children from
- 9 kindergarten through sixth grade in school districts through
- 10 <u>the professional development of their teachers and to provide</u>
- 11 <u>supplemental reading programs for struggling readers</u>. The
- 12 State Board of Education is authorized to administer a Reading
- 13 Improvement Block Grant Program. As used in this Section:
- "School district" includes those schools designated as
- "laboratory schools".
- 16 "Scientifically based reading research" means the
- 17 application of rigorous, systematic, and objective procedures
- 18 to obtain valid knowledge relevant to reading development,
- 19 reading instruction, and reading difficulties. The term
- 20 includes research that employs systematic, empirical methods
- 21 that draw on observation or experiment, involves rigorous data
- analysis that is adequate to test the stated hypotheses and to
- justify the general conclusions drawn, relies on measurements

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or observational methods that provide valid data across evaluators and observers and across multiple measurements and observations, and has been accepted by peer-reviewed journal or approved by a panel of independent experts through a comparably rigorous, objective and scientific review.

- (a) Funds for the Reading Improvement Block Grant Program shall be distributed to school districts on the following basis: 70% of monies shall be awarded on the prior year's best 3 months average daily attendance and 30% shall be distributed on the number of economically disadvantaged (E.C.I.A. Chapter I) pupils in the district, provided that the State Board may distribute an amount not to exceed 2% of the monies appropriated for the Reading Improvement Block Grant Program for the purpose of providing teacher training, and re-training in the teaching of reading, and providing additional funds to districts with substantial enrollments of at-risk students. Program funds shall be distributed to school districts in one annual 2 semi annual installments, one payment on or before October 30, and one payment prior to April 30, of each year. The State Board shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the implementation of this program. Programs provided with grant funds shall not replace quality classroom reading instruction, but shall instead supplement such instruction.
- (a-5) Reading Improvement Block Grant Program funds shall be used by school districts in the following manner:

- (1) to hire reading specialists, reading teachers, and reading aides in order to provide early reading intervention in kindergarten through grade 2 and programs of continued reading support for students in grades 3 through 6;
- (2) in kindergarten through grade 2, to establish short-term tutorial early reading intervention programs for children who are at risk of failing to learn to read; these programs shall (i) focus on scientifically based research and best practices with proven long-term results, (ii) identify students in need of help no later than the middle of first grade, (iii) provide ongoing training for teachers in the program, (iv) focus instruction on strengthening a student's phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, and comprehension skills, (v) provide a means to document and evaluate student growth, and (vi) provide properly trained staff;
- (3) to continue direct reading instruction for grades 3 through 6 and; (4) in grades 3 through 6, to establish programs of support for students in those grades who demonstrate a need for continued assistance in learning to read and in maintaining reading achievement; these programs shall (i) focus on scientifically based research and best practices with proven long-term results, (ii) provide ongoing training for teachers and other staff members in the program, (iii) focus instruction on

- strengthening a student's phonics, fluency, and comprehension skills in grades 3 through 6, (iv) provide a means to evaluate and document student growth, and (v) provide properly trained staff;
- (5) in grades K through 6, to provide classroom reading materials for students, assessment tools, and professional development materials; each district may allocate up to 25% of the funds for this purpose; and
- (6) to provide a long-term professional development program for classroom teachers, administrators, and other appropriate staff; the program (i) shall (i) focus on scientifically based research and best practices with proven long-term results and (ii) must be approved by the State Board of Education, (ii) provide a means to evaluate student progress in reading as a result of the training, (iii) and be provided by approved staff development providers.
- (a-10) Reading Improvement Block Grant Program funds shall be made available to each eligible school district submitting an approved application developed by the State Board beginning with the 1998-99 school year. Applications shall include an evaluation of programs funded with Reading Improvement Block Grant moneys the preceding fiscal year as well as a plan for use of grant funds in the upcoming fiscal year. Data collected with formal and informal assessment tools must provide the basis for the evaluation and the development of the plan. a

proposed assessment method or methods for measuring the reading growth of students who receive direct instruction as a result of the funding and the impact of staff development activities on student growth in reading. Such methods may include the reading portion of the Illinois Standards Achievement Testing Program. At the end of each school year the district shall report performance of progress results to the State Board. Districts not demonstrating performance progress using an approved assessment method shall not be eligible for funding in the third or subsequent years until such progress is established.

(a-15) The State Superintendent of Education, in cooperation with the school districts participating in the program, shall annually report to the leadership of the General Assembly on the results of the Reading Improvement Block Grant Program and the progress being made on improving the reading skills of students in kindergarten through the sixth grade.

- (b) (Blank).
- 19 (c) (Blank).
  - (d) Grants under the Reading Improvement Program shall be awarded provided there is an appropriation for the program, and funding levels for each district shall be prorated according to the amount of the appropriation.
- (e) (Blank).
- 25 (f) (Blank).
- 26 (Source: P.A. 92-25, eff. 7-1-01.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1,
- 2 2007.