## 94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2005 and 2006

### SB3198

Introduced 11/14/2006, by Sen. John J. Cullerton

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/6-113	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113
625 ILCS 5/6-118	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-118
625 ILCS 5/6-203.1	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-203.1
625 ILCS 5/6-206	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206
625 ILCS 5/6-206.1	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1
625 ILCS 5/6-208.1	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1
625 ILCS 5/6-303	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303
625 ILCS 5/11-500	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-500
625 ILCS 5/11-501	from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501
625 ILCS 5/11-501.9 new	
730 ILCS 5/5-6-1	from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Authorizes and establishes procedures for the statutory summary suspension of driver's licenses of persons who are stopped for DUI and who refuse to submit to field sobriety tests. Provides that any person in control of a motor vehicle in this State shall be deemed to have given consent to performing field sobriety tests. Provides that the results of a field sobriety test may be used by the defendant in any DUI administrative or court proceeding and may be used by the State in rebuttal to an assertion that the test did not accurately reflect a person's alcohol concentration. Permits temporary impounding of vehicles in certain cases. Provides that after a statutory summary suspension has been imposed on a person who previously has never been convicted of or received a disposition of supervision for a DUI offense, the court may immediately grant the person a judicial driving permit, if the person also submitted to field sobriety tests before failing the test of breath or blood alcohol. Provides for a hearing and procedures for a person who has had his or her license suspended for a failure to submit to a field sobriety test. Authorizes the Secretary of State to issue a restricted driving permit to a person who has had his or her license suspended for specified reasons if the person consents to a breath-alcohol ignition interlock device installed in his or her car. Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Prohibits the court from assigning supervision to a defendant charged with driving a motor vehicle on a revoked or suspended license when the suspension or revocation was for violating the field sobriety test provision of the Vehicle Code if the defendant was convicted or assigned supervision within the last 10 years for driving on a revoked or suspended license. Makes other changes. Effective July 1, 2007.

#### LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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AN ACT concerning driving violations.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
Sections 6-113, 6-118, 6-203.1, 6-206, 6-206.1, 6-208.1,
6-303, 11-501 and adding Section 11-501.9 as follows:

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(625 ILCS 5/6-113) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113)

Sec. 6-113. Restricted licenses and permits.

(a) The Secretary of State upon issuing a drivers license 9 or permit shall have the authority whenever good cause appears 10 to impose restrictions suitable to the licensee's driving 11 ability with respect to the type of, or special mechanical 12 control devices required on, a motor vehicle which the licensee 13 14 may operate or such other restrictions applicable to the 15 licensee as the Secretary of State may determine to be appropriate to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle by 16 17 the licensee.

(b) The Secretary of State may either issue a special
restricted license or permit or may set forth such restrictions
upon the usual license or permit form.

(c) The Secretary of State may issue a probationary license 21 22 to a person whose driving privileges have been suspended pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section or subsections 23 (a)(2), (a)(19) and (a)(20) of Section 6-206 of this Code. The 24 25 Secretary of State shall promulgate rules pursuant to The 26 Illinois Administrative Procedure Act, setting forth the conditions and criteria for the issuance and cancellation of 27 probationary licenses. 28

(d) The Secretary of State may upon receiving satisfactory evidence of any violation of the restrictions of such license or permit suspend, revoke or cancel the same without preliminary hearing, but the licensee or permittee shall be - 2 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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1 entitled to a hearing as in the case of a suspension or 2 revocation.

3 (e) It is unlawful for any person to operate a motor 4 vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions imposed 5 on a restricted license or permit issued to him.

6 (f) Whenever the holder of a restricted driving permit is 7 issued a citation for any of the following offenses including 8 similar local ordinances, the restricted driving permit is 9 immediately invalidated:

Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a
 motor vehicle;

12 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Act relating to
13 the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence
14 of intoxicating liquor or narcotic drugs;

3. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Act relating to
the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident
involving death or injury; or

18 4. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Act relating to19 the offense of drag racing;

The police officer issuing the citation shall confiscate the restricted driving permit and forward it, along with the citation, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in which the citation was issued.

(g) The Secretary of State may issue a special restricted 24 license for a period of 12 months to individuals using vision 25 26 aid arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact 27 lenses, allowing the operation of a motor vehicle during 28 nighttime hours. The Secretary of State shall adopt rules 29 defining the terms and conditions by which the individual may 30 obtain and renew this special restricted license. At a minimum, 31 all drivers must meet the following requirements:

Possess a valid driver's license and have operated a
 motor vehicle during daylight hours for a period of 12
 months using vision aid arrangements other than standard
 eyeglasses or contact lenses.

2. Have a driving record that does not include any

1 traffic accidents that occurred during nighttime hours, 2 for which the driver has been found to be at fault, during 3 the 12 months before he or she applied for the special 4 restricted license.

3. Successfully complete a road test administered
during nighttime hours.

7 At a minimum, all drivers renewing this license must meet8 the following requirements:

9 1. Successfully complete a road test administered 10 during nighttime hours.

11 2. Have a driving record that does not include any 12 traffic accidents that occurred during nighttime hours, 13 for which the driver has been found to be at fault, during 14 the 12 months before he or she applied for the special 15 restricted license.

16 (h) Any driver issued a special restricted license as 17 defined in subsection (g) whose privilege to drive during nighttime hours has been suspended due to an accident occurring 18 19 during nighttime hours may request a hearing as provided in 20 Section 2-118 of this Code to contest that suspension. If it is determined that the accident for which the driver was at fault 21 was not influenced by the driver's use of vision aid 22 23 arrangements other than standard eyeglasses or contact lenses, the Secretary may reinstate that driver's privilege to drive 24 25 during nighttime hours.

26 (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 6-208, 27 6-208.1, and 6-208.2, the Secretary of State may, 30 days after the effective date of a suspension pursuant to Section 6-208, 28 6-208.1, or 6-208.2 and in accordance with any rules the 29 30 Secretary may promulgate, issue a restricted driving permit to 31 a person who has applied for a restricted driver's permit and who has consented to have, at his or her expense, an ignition 32 interlock device installed in his or her vehicle. 33

34 (Source: P.A. 92-274, eff. 1-1-02.)

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(625 ILCS 5/6-118) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-118)

1	(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 94-1035)
2	Sec. 6-118. Fees.
3	(a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article is
4	as follows:
5	Original driver's license \$10
6	Original or renewal driver's license
7	issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds 5
8	All driver's licenses for persons
9	age 69 through age 80 5
10	All driver's licenses for persons
11	age 81 through age 86 2
12	All driver's licenses for persons
13	age 87 or older 0
14	Renewal driver's license (except for
15	applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or
16	age 69 and older) 10
17	Original instruction permit issued to
18	persons (except those age 69 and older)
19	who do not hold or have not previously
20	held an Illinois instruction permit or
21	driver's license 20
22	Instruction permit issued to any person
23	holding an Illinois driver's license
24	who wishes a change in classifications,
25	other than at the time of renewal
26	Any instruction permit issued to a person
27	age 69 and older 5
28	Instruction permit issued to any person,
29	under age 69, not currently holding a
30	valid Illinois driver's license or
31	instruction permit but who has
32	previously been issued either document
33	in Illinois 10
34	Restricted driving permit 8
35	Duplicate or corrected driver's license
36	or permit 5

1 Duplicate or corrected restricted 2 driving permit ..... 5 Original or renewal M or L endorsement..... 3 5 SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE 4 The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits 5 under Article V shall be as follows: 6 Commercial driver's license: 7 \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Fund 8 9 (Commercial Driver's License Information System/American Association of Motor Vehicle 10 11 Administrators network Trust Fund); 12 \$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund; 13 \$10 for the driver's license; and \$24 for the CDL: ..... \$60 14 Renewal commercial driver's license: 15 \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund; 16 17 \$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund; \$10 for the driver's license; and 18 \$24 for the CDL: ..... 19 \$60 Commercial driver instruction permit 20 21 issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license for the 22 23 purpose of changing to a CDL classification: \$6 for the 24 CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund; 25 26 \$20 for the Motor Carrier 27 Safety Inspection Fund; and \$24 for the CDL classification ..... \$50 28 29 Commercial driver instruction permit 30 issued to any person holding a valid Illinois CDL for the purpose of 31 32 making a change in a classification, endorsement or restriction ..... \$5 33 CDL duplicate or corrected license ...... \$5 34 In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Uniform 35 Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter, the 36

- 6 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the \$24 fee for the
 commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration
 date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license.

The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived for any person age 60 or older who presents the Secretary of State's office with a police report showing that his license or permit was stolen.

8 No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license, 9 or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder 10 of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of 11 license who becomes eligible for such license.

(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Family Financial Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows:

 18
 Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 ...... \$250

 19
 Other suspension ...... \$70

 20
 Revocation ..... \$500

21 However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a 22 23 second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 24 ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of 25 26 the Criminal Code of 1961 and each suspension or revocation was 27 for a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or a 28 similar provision of а local ordinance or a similar 29 out-of-state offense or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 30 1961 shall pay, in addition to any other fees required by this 31 Code, a reinstatement fee as follows:

32 Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 ...... \$500 33 Revocation ...... \$500 34 (c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter 35 6 shall be paid into the Road Fund in the State Treasury except

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- 7 -LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

1 1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Driver 2 Education Fund:

(A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's 3 instruction permit; 4

5 (B) \$5 of the \$10 fee for an original driver's license;

(C) \$5 of the \$10 fee for a 4 year renewal driver's 7 license; and 8

9 (D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving 10 permit.

2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license 11 12 summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention 13 Fund. However, for a person whose license or privilege to 14 operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or 15 16 revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of 17 Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 of this Code or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, \$190 of the \$500 fee for 18 reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under 19 20 Section 11-501.1, and \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into 21 the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. 22

23 3. \$6 of such original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license and \$6 of the commercial driver 24 25 instruction permit fee when such permit is issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be 26 27 paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund.

4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.

31 5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L 32 endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety Training Fund. 33

6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial 34 driver's license or commercial driver instruction permit 35 36 shall be paid into the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection

1 Fund. 7. The following amounts shall be paid into the General 2 3 Revenue Fund: (A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a 4 5 summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; (B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other 6 suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section; 7 and 8 (C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first 9 offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement 10 11 fee for a second or subsequent revocation. 12 (Source: P.A. 92-458, eff. 8-22-01; 93-32, eff. 1-1-04; 93-788, eff. 1-1-05.) 13 14 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 94-1035) 15 Sec. 6-118. Fees. 16 (a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article is as follows: 17 Original driver's license ..... \$10 18 19 Original or renewal driver's license issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds ..... 20 5 All driver's licenses for persons 21 22 age 69 through age 80 .... 5 All driver's licenses for persons 23 age 81 through age 86 ..... 24 2 25 All driver's licenses for persons age 87 or older ..... 0 26 27 Renewal driver's license (except for 28 applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or 29 age 69 and older) ..... 10 30 Original instruction permit issued to 31 persons (except those age 69 and older) who do not hold or have not previously 32 held an Illinois instruction permit or 33 driver's license ..... 20 34 35 Instruction permit issued to any person

- 9 -SB3198 LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b 1 holding an Illinois driver's license 2 who wishes a change in classifications, other than at the time of renewal ..... 3 5 Any instruction permit issued to a person 4 age 69 and older ..... 5 5 Instruction permit issued to any person, 6 under age 69, not currently holding a 7 valid Illinois driver's license or 8 9 instruction permit but who has 10 previously been issued either document 11 in Illinois ..... 10 12 Restricted driving permit ..... 8 13 Duplicate or corrected driver's license 14 or permit ..... 5 15 Duplicate or corrected restricted 16 driving permit ..... 5 17 Original or renewal M or L endorsement..... 5 SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE 18 The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits 19 under Article V shall be as follows: 20 Commercial driver's license: 21 \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Fund 22 23 (Commercial Driver's License Information System/American Association of Motor Vehicle 24 Administrators network Trust Fund); 25 26 \$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund; 27 \$10 for the driver's license: and \$24 for the CDL: ..... 28 \$60 29 Renewal commercial driver's license: 30 \$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund; 31 \$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund; 32 \$10 for the driver's license; and \$24 for the CDL: ..... \$60 33 Commercial driver instruction permit 34 issued to any person holding a valid 35 Illinois driver's license for the 36

1	purpose of changing to a
2	CDL classification: \$6 for the
3	CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund;
4	\$20 for the Motor Carrier
5	Safety Inspection Fund; and
6	\$24 for the CDL classification\$50
7	Commercial driver instruction permit
8	issued to any person holding a valid
9	Illinois CDL for the purpose of
10	making a change in a classification,
11	endorsement or restriction\$5
12	CDL duplicate or corrected license\$5
13	In order to ensure the proper implementation of the Uniform
14	Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this Chapter, the
15	Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the \$24 fee for the
16	commercial driver's license proportionate to the expiration
17	date of the applicant's Illinois driver's license.

18 The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be waived 19 for any person age 60 or older who presents the Secretary of 20 State's office with a police report showing that his license or 21 permit was stolen.

No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's license, or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to the holder of an instruction permit for the same classification or type of license who becomes eligible for such license.

26 (b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a 27 motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked under Section 3-707, any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or 28 29 Section 7-205, 7-303, or 7-702 of the Family Financial 30 Responsibility Law of this Code, shall in addition to any other 31 fees required by this Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows: 32 Suspension under Section 3-707 ..... \$100 Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 ..... \$250 33 Other suspension ..... \$70 34 Revocation ...... \$500 35 36 However, any person whose license or privilege to operate a

1 motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 or 2 11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 3 ordinance, a violation of or a similar out-of-state offense or 4 5 Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, or a failure to 6 submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or to a field sobriety test or 7 tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code and each 8 suspension or revocation was for a violation of Section 11-501 9 or 11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 10 11 ordinance, a violation of or a similar out-of-state offense or 12 Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any out-of-state offense similar to any of the offenses listed in 13 this subsection (b), or a failure to submit to a chemical test 14 or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to Section 15 16 11-501.1 or to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to 17 Section 11-501.9 of this Code or similar provisions of an out-of-state jurisdiction shall pay, in addition to any other 18 fees required by this Code, a reinstatement fee as follows: 19 20 Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 ..... \$500 Revocation ...... \$500 21 (c) All fees collected under the provisions of this Chapter 22 23 6 shall be paid into the Road Fund in the State Treasury except as follows: 24 25 1. The following amounts shall be paid into the Driver 26 Education Fund: 27 (A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original driver's 28 instruction permit; (B) \$5 of the \$10 fee for an original driver's 29 30 license; 31 (C) \$5 of the \$10 fee for a 4 year renewal driver's 32 license; and (D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving 33 permit. 34 2. \$30 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license 35 summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 36

1 shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving 2 Prevention Fund. However, for a person whose license or 3 privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a 4 5 violation of Section 11-501 or 11 501.1 of this Code or a 6 similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of 7 any out-of-state offense similar to any of the offenses 8 listed in this paragraph (2) of subsection (c), or a 9 failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, 10 11 breath, or urine pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or to a field 12 sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code or similar provisions of an out-of-state 13 jurisdiction, \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a 14 license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or 15 11-501.9, and \$190 of the \$500 fee for reinstatement of a 16 revoked license shall be deposited into the Drunk and 17 Drugged Driving Prevention Fund. 18

19 3. \$6 of such original or renewal fee for a commercial 20 driver's license and \$6 of the commercial driver 21 instruction permit fee when such permit is issued to any 22 person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be 23 paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund.

4. \$30 of the \$70 fee for reinstatement of a license
suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law
shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.

5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L
endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety
Training Fund.

30 6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a commercial
31 driver's license or commercial driver instruction permit
32 shall be paid into the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection
33 Fund.

34 7. The following amounts shall be paid into the General35 Revenue Fund:

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(A) \$190 of the \$250 reinstatement fee for a

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1 summary suspension under Section 11-501.1; 2 (B) \$40 of the \$70 reinstatement fee for any other suspension provided in subsection (b) of this Section; 3 4 and (C) \$440 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a first 5 6 offense revocation and \$310 of the \$500 reinstatement fee for a second or subsequent revocation. 7

(Source: P.A. 93-32, eff. 1-1-04; 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 94-1035, 8 eff. 7-1-07.) 9

(625 ILCS 5/6-203.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-203.1) 10 Sec. 6-203.1. (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to 11 suspend the driving privileges of <u>a person</u> persons:

13 (1) arrested in another state for driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating 14 15 compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, or a 16 similar provision, and who has refused to submit to a 17 chemical test or tests, or to a field sobriety test or tests under the provisions of implied consent, or-18

19 (2) requested to submit to a field sobriety test or tests in another state under provisions of implied consent 20 and who has refused to submit to the test or tests. 21

22 (b) When a driving privilege has been suspended for a 23 refusal as provided in paragraph (a) and the person is 24 subsequently convicted of the underlying charge, for the same 25 incident, any period served on suspension shall be credited 26 toward the minimum period of revocation of driving privileges 27 imposed pursuant to Section 6-206.

(Source: P.A. 90-779, eff. 1-1-99.) 28

(625 ILCS 5/6-206) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206) 29

30 Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke license or permit; Right to a hearing. 31

32 (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or revoke the driving privileges of any person without preliminary 33 hearing upon a showing of the person's records or other 34

- 14 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 sufficient evidence that the person:

Has committed an offense for which mandatory
 revocation of a driver's license or permit is required upon
 conviction;

5 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses 6 against traffic regulations governing the movement of 7 vehicles committed within any 12 month period. No 8 revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 9 months after the date of last conviction;

3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor 10 11 vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the 12 movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of 13 ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the 14 safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the 15 16 traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the 17 highway;

4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle 18 caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or 19 20 injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except 21 that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary 22 of State under the provisions of this subsection shall 23 start no later than 6 months after being convicted of 24 25 violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or 26 27 shall start not more than one year after the date of the 28 accident, whichever date occurs later;

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5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;

6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;

7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the

1 examination;

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 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;

9. Has made a false statement or knowingly concealed a material fact or has used false information or identification in any application for a license, identification card, or permit;

8 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to 9 fraudulently use any license, identification card, or 10 permit not issued to the person;

11 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this 12 State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to 13 obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or 14 suspended unless the operation was authorized by a judicial 15 driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a 16 restricted driving permit issued under this Code;

17 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application 18 process for another person or has obtained the services of 19 another person to submit to any portion of the application 20 process for the purpose of obtaining a license, 21 identification card, or permit for some other person;

13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;

14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301,
6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B
of the Illinois Identification Card Act;

15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;

32 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of33 this Code relating to fleeing from a peace officer;

3417. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as35required under Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 of this Code36and the person has not sought a hearing as provided for in

- 16 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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Section 11-501.1;

18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or
permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering
from any mental disability or disease;

5 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) 6 of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's 7 license;

20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;

10 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of 11 this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident 12 resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in 13 which case the suspension shall be for one year;

14 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph 15 (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of 16 the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of 17 weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one 18 year;

19 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a 20 violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code 21 for a second or subsequent time within one year of a 22 similar violation;

23 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished 24 by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the 25 United States at a military installation in Illinois of or 26 for a traffic related offense that is the same as or 27 similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 28 6-206 of this Code;

29 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used 30 by another in the application process in order to obtain or 31 attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or 32 permit;

33 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or has
34 possessed an altered license, identification card, or
35 permit;

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27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act

1 of 1934;

28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while 2 3 operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited 4 5 under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, any cannabis 6 prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or any 7 methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, in which case the 8 9 person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one 10 year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or 11 subsequent offense, within 5 years of a previous 12 conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor 13 vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the 14 Illinois Controlled 15 Substances Act, any cannabis 16 prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act, or anv 17 methamphetamine prohibited under the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act shall be suspended for 18 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while 19 20 operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did 21 occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and 22 23 order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State; 24

29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that 25 26 were committed while the person was operating or in actual 27 physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal 28 sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a 29 child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual 30 abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, 31 soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, 32 sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the 33 driver's driving privileges shall be suspended for one 34 35 year;

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30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for

- 18 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;

31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by 4 5 Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a 6 7 drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis 8 9 Control Act, a controlled substance as listed in the 10 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating 11 compound as listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds 12 Act, in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1; 13

14 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the 15 Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge 16 of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle 17 at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the 18 suspension shall be for 3 years;

19 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age 20 on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of 21 a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code 22 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;

35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of
this Code;

27 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest 28 and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against 29 traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles 30 committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or 31 suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the 32 date of last conviction;

33 37. Has committed a violation of subsection (c) of 34 Section 11-907 of this Code;

35 38. Has been convicted of a violation of Section 6-20
36 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934 or a similar provision of

- 19 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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a local ordinance;

39. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of
 Section 11-1201 of this Code;

4 40. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of 5 Section 11-908 of this Code;

41. Has committed a second or subsequent violation of
Section 11-605.1 of this Code within 2 years of the date of
the previous violation, in which case the suspension shall
be for 90 days; or

42. Has committed a violation of subsection (a-1) of
Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.

For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a temporary driver's license.

19 (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension or 20 revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the 21 order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be, provided 22 23 that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is affirmed on 24 appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate back to the 25 26 time the original judgment of conviction was entered and the 6 27 month limitation prescribed shall not apply.

(c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license or
permit of any person as authorized in this Section, the
Secretary of State shall immediately notify the person in
writing of the revocation or suspension. The notice to be
deposited in the United States mail, postage prepaid, to
the last known address of the person.

34 2. If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's
35 license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) of
36 this Section, a person's privilege to operate a vehicle as

1 an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit 2 is properly completed, the appropriate fee received, and a 3 issued prior to the effective date of permit the suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, at least 2 of 4 5 which occurred while operating a commercial vehicle in 6 connection with the driver's regular occupation. All other driving privileges shall be suspended by the Secretary of 7 State. Any driver prior to operating a vehicle for 8 9 occupational purposes only must submit the affidavit on 10 forms to be provided by the Secretary of State setting 11 forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit 12 shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular 13 occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the 14 driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed 15 16 affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a 17 permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the 18 Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the 19 20 privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. 21 If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective 22 date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the 23 remainder of the suspension period. 24

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to possess a CDL for the purpose of operating a commercial motor vehicle.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

32 3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 33 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind 34 or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an 35 order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, 36 rescind, continue, change, or extend the order of

1 suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the 2 order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue 3 hardship, issue a restricted driving permit granting the the 4 privilege of driving a motor vehicle between 5 petitioner's residence petitioner's and place of 6 employment or within the scope of his employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a 7 household member of the petitioner's family, to receive 8 9 necessary medical care and if the professional evaluation 10 indicates, provide transportation for alcohol remedial or 11 rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend 12 classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that 13 no alternative means of transportation is reasonably 14 15 available and the petitioner will not endanger the public 16 safety or welfare.

17 If a person's license or permit has been revoked or suspended due to 2 or more convictions of violating Section 18 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local 19 20 ordinance or a similar out-of-state offense, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted 21 driving permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has 22 23 been equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1. 24

25 If a person's license or permit has been revoked or 26 suspended 2 or more times within a 10 year period due to a 27 single conviction of violating Section 11-501 of this Code 28 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar 29 out-of-state offense, and a statutory summary suspension 30 under Section 11-501.1, or 2 or more statutory summary 31 suspensions, or combination of 2 offenses, or of an offense 32 and a statutory summary suspension, arising out of separate occurrences, that person, if issued a restricted driving 33 permit, may not operate a vehicle unless it has been 34 equipped with an ignition interlock device as defined in 35 36 Section 1-129.1. The person must pay to the Secretary of

1 State DUI Administration Fund an amount not to exceed \$20 2 per month. The Secretary shall establish by rule the amount and the procedures, terms, and conditions relating to these 3 fees. If the restricted driving permit was issued for 4 5 employment purposes, then this provision does not apply to 6 the operation of an occupational vehicle owned or leased by that person's employer. In each case the Secretary may 7 issue a restricted driving permit for a period deemed 8 9 appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within 10 one year from the date of issuance. The Secretary may not, 11 however, issue a restricted driving permit to any person 12 whose current revocation is the result of a second or subsequent conviction for a violation of Section 11-501 of 13 this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance 14 relating to the offense of operating or being in physical 15 16 control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of 17 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any similar out-of-state offense, or any 18 combination of those offenses, until the expiration of at 19 20 least one year from the date of the revocation. Α restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall 21 be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by 22 23 the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, 24 25 revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating the 26 27 movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for or 28 revocation, suspension, cancellation the of а restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a 29 30 condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, 31 require the applicant to participate in a designated driver 32 remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the 33 permit holder does not successfully complete the program. 34 (c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the 35

36 reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant

whose driver's license or permit has been suspended before he or she reached the age of 18 years pursuant to any of the provisions of this Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109 of this Code.

6 (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the7 Drivers License Compact.

8 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted 9 driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose 10 driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any 11 provisions of this Code.

(f) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. 384, the Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle to a person holding a CDL whose driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any provisions of this Code.

17 (Source: P.A. 93-120, eff. 1-1-04; 93-667, eff. 3-19-04; 18 93-788, eff. 1-1-05; 93-955, eff. 8-19-04; 94-307, eff. 19 9-30-05; 94-556, eff. 9-11-05; 94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)

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(625 ILCS 5/6-206.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206.1)

Sec. 6-206.1. Judicial Driving Permit. Declaration of 21 22 Policy. It is hereby declared a policy of the State of Illinois 23 that the driver who is impaired by alcohol, other drug or 24 drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds is a threat to the 25 public safety and welfare. Therefore, to provide a deterrent to 26 such practice and to remove problem drivers from the highway, a 27 statutory summary driver's license suspension is appropriate. 28 It is also recognized that driving is a privilege and 29 therefore, that in some cases the granting of limited driving 30 privileges, where consistent with public safety, is warranted 31 during the period of suspension in the form of a judicial driving permit to drive for the purpose of employment, 32 receiving drug treatment or medical care, and educational 33 34 pursuits, where no alternative means of transportation is 35 available.

- 24 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 The following procedures shall apply whenever a first 2 offender is arrested for any offense as defined in Section 3 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance:

(a) Subsequent to a notification of a statutory summary 4 5 suspension of driving privileges as provided in Section 6 11-501.1, the first offender as defined in Section 11-500 may petition the circuit court of venue for a Judicial Driving 7 Permit, hereinafter referred as a JDP, to relieve undue 8 hardship. The court may issue a court order, pursuant to the 9 10 criteria contained in this Section, directing the Secretary of 11 State to issue such a JDP to the petitioner. Except as provided 12 in subsection (f-1) of Section 6-208.1, a JDP shall not become effective prior to the 31st day of the original statutory 13 summary suspension. A JDP and shall always be subject to the 14 following criteria: 15

16 1. If ordered for the purposes of employment, the JDP 17 shall be only for the purpose of providing the petitioner the privilege of driving a motor vehicle between the 18 petitioner's residence and the petitioner's place of 19 20 employment and return; or within the scope of the petitioner's employment related duties, shall be effective 21 only during and limited to those specific times and routes 22 23 actually required to commute or perform the petitioner's employment related duties. 24

2. The court, by a court order, may also direct the 25 Secretary of State to issue a JDP to allow transportation 26 27 for the petitioner, or a household member of the to 28 petitioner's family, receive alcohol, drug, or 29 intoxicating compound treatment or medical care, if the 30 petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means 31 of transportation is reasonably available. Such JDP shall 32 be effective only during the specific times actually required to commute. 33

34 3. The court, by a court order, may also direct the 35 Secretary of State to issue a JDP to allow transportation 36 by the petitioner for educational purposes upon

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1 demonstrating that there are no alternative means of 2 transportation reasonably available to accomplish those 3 educational purposes. Such JDP shall be only for the purpose of providing transportation to and from the 4 5 petitioner's residence and the petitioner's place of 6 educational activity, and only during the specific times and routes actually required to commute or perform the 7 petitioner's educational requirement. 8

 The Court shall not issue an order granting a JDP to:

11 (i) Any person unless and until the court, after 12 considering the results of a current professional evaluation of the person's alcohol or other drug use by 13 an agency pursuant to Section 15-10 of the Alcoholism 14 and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act and other 15 16 appropriate investigation of the person, is satisfied 17 that granting the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the highways will not endanger the public safety or 18 welfare. 19

20 (ii) Any person who has been convicted of reckless
21 homicide within the previous 5 years.

(iii) Any person whose privilege to operate a motor 22 vehicle was invalid at the time of arrest for the 23 current violation of Section 11-501, or a similar 24 25 provision of a local ordinance, except in cases where the cause for a driver's license suspension has been 26 27 removed at the time a JDP is effective. In any case, 28 should the Secretary of State enter a suspension or 29 revocation of driving privileges pursuant to the 30 provisions of this Code while the JDP is in effect or 31 pending, the Secretary shall take the prescribed 32 action and provide a notice to the person and the court ordering the issuance of the JDP that all driving 33 privileges, including those provided by the issuance 34 of the JDP, have been withdrawn. 35

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(iv) Any person under the age of 18 years.

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- 26 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

(v) Any person for the operation of a commercial motor vehicle if the person's driving privileges have been suspended under any provision of this Code in accordance with 49 C.F.R. Part 384.

5 (b) Prior to ordering the issuance of a JDP the Court 6 should consider at least, but not be limited to, the following 7 issues:

1. Whether the person is employed and no other means of commuting to the place of employment is available or that the person must drive as a condition of employment. The employer shall certify the hours of employment and the need and parameters necessary for driving as a condition to employment.

2. Whether the person must drive to secure alcohol or other medical treatment for himself or a family member.

3. Whether the person must drive for educational purposes. The educational institution shall certify the person's enrollment in and academic schedule at the institution.

4. Whether the person has been repeatedly convicted of
traffic violations or involved in motor vehicle accidents
to a degree which indicates disrespect for public safety.

5. Whether the person has been convicted of a traffic
violation in connection with a traffic accident resulting
in the death of any person within the last 5 years.

26 6. Whether the person is likely to obey the limited27 provisions of the JDP.

28 7. Whether the person has any additional traffic29 violations pending in any court.

30 of this Section, programs For purposes conducting professional evaluations of a person's alcohol, other drug, or 31 32 intoxicating compound use must report, to the court of venue, using a form prescribed by the Secretary of State. A copy of 33 such evaluations shall be sent to the Secretary of State by the 34 35 court. However, the evaluation information shall be privileged 36 and only available to courts and to the Secretary of State, but - 27 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

shall not be admissible in the subsequent trial on the
 underlying charge.

(c) The scope of any court order issued for a JDP under 3 this Section shall be limited to the operation of a motor 4 5 vehicle as provided for in subsection (a) of this Section and shall specify the petitioner's residence, place of employment 6 or location of educational institution, and the scope of job 7 related duties, if relevant. The JDP shall also specify days of 8 the week and specific hours of the day when the petitioner is 9 able to exercise the limited privilege of operating a motor 10 11 vehicle.

12 (c-1) If the petitioner is issued a citation for a violation of Section 6-303 during the period of a statutory 13 summary suspension entered under Section 11-501.1 of this Code, 14 or if the petitioner is charged with a violation of Section 15 16 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar 17 out of state offense which occurs after the current violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, 18 19 the court may not grant the petitioner a JDP unless the 20 petitioner is acquitted or the citation or complaint is otherwise dismissed. 21

If the petitioner is issued a citation for a violation of 22 23 Section 6-303 or a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a similar out of state 24 offense during the term of the JDP, the officer issuing the 25 26 citation, or the law enforcement agency employing that officer, 27 shall confiscate the JDP and immediately send the JDP and 28 notice of the citation to the court that ordered the issuance 29 of the JDP. Within 10 days of receipt, the issuing court, upon 30 notice to the petitioner, shall conduct a hearing to consider 31 cancellation of the JDP. If the court enters an order of cancellation, the court shall forward the order to 32 the Secretary of State, and the Secretary shall cancel the JDP and 33 notify the petitioner of the cancellation. If, however, the 34 35 petitioner is convicted of the offense before the JDP has been cancelled, the court of venue shall send notice of conviction 36

to the court that ordered issuance of the JDP. The court receiving the notice shall immediately enter an order of cancellation and forward the order to the Secretary of State. The Secretary shall cancel the JDP and notify the petitioner of the cancellation.

If the petitioner is issued a citation for any other 6 traffic related offense during the term of the JDP, the officer 7 issuing the citation, or the law enforcement agency employing 8 9 that officer, shall send notice of the citation to the court that ordered issuance of the JDP. Upon receipt and notice to 10 11 the petitioner and an opportunity for a hearing, the court 12 shall determine whether the violation constitutes grounds for 13 cancellation of the JDP. If the court enters an order of cancellation, the court shall forward the order to the 14 15 Secretary of State, and the Secretary shall cancel the JDP and 16 shall notify the petitioner of the cancellation.

17 (d) The Secretary of State shall, upon receiving a court order from the court of venue, issue a JDP to a successful 18 19 Petitioner under this Section. Such court order form shall also 20 contain a notification, which shall be sent to the Secretary of State, providing the name, driver's license number and legal 21 22 address of the successful petitioner, and the full and detailed 23 description of the limitations of the JDP. This information 24 shall be available only to the courts, police officers, and the 25 Secretary of State, except during the actual period the JDP is 26 valid, during which time it shall be a public record. The 27 Secretary of State shall design and furnish to the courts an 28 official court order form to be used by the courts when 29 directing the Secretary of State to issue a JDP.

Any submitted court order that contains insufficient data or fails to comply with this Code shall not be utilized for JDP issuance or entered to the driver record but shall be returned to the issuing court indicating why the JDP cannot be so entered. A notice of this action shall also be sent to the JDP petitioner by the Secretary of State.

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(e) The circuit court of venue may conduct the judicial

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hearing, as provided in Section 2-118.1, and the JDP hearing provided in this Section, concurrently. Such concurrent hearing shall proceed in the court in the same manner as in other civil proceedings.

(f) The circuit court of venue may, as a condition of the
issuance of a JDP, prohibit the person from operating a motor
vehicle not equipped with an ignition interlock device.
(Source: P.A. 94-307, eff. 9-30-05; 94-357, eff. 1-1-06;
94-930, eff. 6-26-06.)

(625 ILCS 5/6-208.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1)

Sec. 6-208.1. Period of statutory summary alcohol, other drug, or intoxicating compound related suspension.

(a) Unless the statutory summary suspension has been rescinded, any person whose privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways has been summarily suspended, pursuant to Section 11-501.1 <u>or 11-501.9</u>, shall not be eligible for restoration of the privilege until the expiration of:

Six months from the effective date of the statutory
 summary suspension for a refusal or failure to complete a
 test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or
 intoxicating compound concentration, pursuant to Section
 11-501.1+ or for a refusal or failure to complete a field
 sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9; or

2. Three months from the effective date of the 24 25 statutory summary suspension imposed following the 26 person's submission to a chemical test which disclosed an 27 alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's 28 29 breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or 30 consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, 31 a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the 32 Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, pursuant to Section 33 11-501.1; or 34

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3. Three years from the effective date of the statutory

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summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or

<u>3.1. Two years from the effective date of the statutory</u> summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9; or

9 4. One year from the effective date of the summary 10 suspension imposed for any person other than a first 11 offender following submission to a chemical test which 12 disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more pursuant 13 to Section 11-501.1 or any amount of a drug, substance or 14 compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the 15 16 Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the 17 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act. 18

19 Following a statutory summary suspension of the (b) privilege to drive a motor vehicle under Section 11-501.1 or 20 11-501.9, full driving privileges shall be restored unless the 21 person is otherwise disqualified by this Code. If the court has 22 23 reason to believe that the person's driving privilege should not be restored, the court shall notify the Secretary of State 24 25 prior to the expiration of the statutory summary suspension so 26 appropriate action may be taken pursuant to this Code.

(c) Full driving privileges may not be restored until all applicable reinstatement fees, as provided by this Code, have been paid to the Secretary of State and the appropriate entry made to the driver's record.

31 (d) Where a driving privilege has been summarily suspended 32 under Section 11-501.1 <u>or 11-501.9</u> and the person is 33 subsequently convicted of violating Section 11-501, or a 34 similar provision of a local ordinance, for the same incident, 35 any period served on statutory summary suspension shall be 36 credited toward the minimum period of revocation of driving - 31 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 privileges imposed pursuant to Section 6-205.

(e) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving
privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1, for a first offender,
the circuit court may, after at least 30 days from the
effective date of the statutory summary suspension <u>or as</u>
<u>provided in subsection (e-1)</u>, issue a judicial driving permit
as provided in Section 6-206.1.

(e-1) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving 8 privileges under Section 11-501.1 for a first offender, if that 9 person also (i) has never received a disposition of supervision 10 11 for any offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar 12 provision of a local ordinance and (ii) submitted to field sobriety tests under Section 11-501.9 before the statutory 13 summary suspension was imposed under Section 11-501.1, the 14 circuit court may, at any time after the statutory summary 15 16 suspension has been imposed, issue a judicial driving permit under Section 6-206.1. 17

(f) Subsequent to an arrest of a first offender, for any 18 19 offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision of 20 a local ordinance, following a statutory summary suspension of 21 driving privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1, for a first offender, the circuit court may issue a court order directing 22 23 the Secretary of State to issue a judicial driving permit as provided in Section 6-206.1. Except as provided in subsection 24 25 (e-1), however, this JDP shall not be effective prior to the 26 31st day of the statutory summary suspension.

27 (f-1) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving 28 privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.9, for a first offender, 29 the Secretary of State may, after at least 30 days from the 30 effective date of the statutory summary suspension, issue a 31 restricted driving permit as provided in subsection (g) of 32 Section 11-501.9.

(g) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1 where the person was not a first offender, as defined in Section 11-500, <u>or refuses</u> <u>or fails to complete a field sobriety test or tests</u> the SB3198 - 32 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

1 Secretary of State may not issue a restricted driving permit.

(h) (Blank).

3 (i) When a person has refused to submit to or failed to
4 complete a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine
5 pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or to a field sobriety test or
6 tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9, the person's driving
7 privileges shall be statutorily suspended under the provisions
8 of both Sections, but the periods of statutory suspension shall
9 run concurrently.

10 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-248, eff. 8-3-01.)

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(625 ILCS 5/6-303) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303)

Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.

(a) Any person who drives or is in actual physical control 14 15 of a motor vehicle on any highway of this State at a time when such person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or 16 the privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit is revoked 17 18 or suspended as provided by this Code or the law of another state, except as may be specifically allowed by and subject to 19 the conditions of a judicial driving permit, family financial 20 responsibility driving permit, probationary license to drive, 21 22 or a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or 23 under the law of another state, shall be guilty of a Class A 24 misdemeanor.

25 (b) The Secretary of State upon receiving a report of the 26 conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a 27 motor vehicle during the time when said person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary, by 28 29 the appropriate authority of another state, or pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9, + except as may be specifically 30 31 allowed by a probationary license to drive, judicial driving permit or restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this 32 Code or the law of another state; shall extend the suspension 33 for the same period of time as the originally imposed 34 suspension; however, if the period of suspension has then 35

1 expired, the Secretary shall be authorized to suspend said 2 person's driving privileges for the same period of time as the 3 originally imposed suspension; and if the conviction was upon a charge which indicated that a vehicle was operated during the 4 5 time when the person's driver's license, permit or privilege 6 was revoked; except as may be allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another 7 state; the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an 8 9 additional period of one year from the date of such conviction 10 indicating such person was operating a vehicle during such 11 period of revocation.

12 (c) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall 13 serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 10 consecutive days or 14 30 days of community service when the person's driving 15 privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:

(1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a
similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the
offense of operating or being in physical control of a
vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other
drug or any combination thereof; or

(2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of
this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance
relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor
vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or

(3) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of
1961, as amended, relating to the offense of reckless
homicide; or

(4) a statutory summary suspension under Section
11-501.1 <u>or 11-501.9</u> of this Code.

30 Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall 31 not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence.

32 (c-1) Except as provided in subsection (d), any person 33 convicted of a second violation of this Section shall be 34 ordered by the court to serve a minimum of 100 hours of 35 community service.

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(c-2) In addition to other penalties imposed under this

- 34 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

Section, the court may impose on any person convicted a fourth
 time of violating this Section any of the following:

3 (1) Seizure of the license plates of the person's4 vehicle.

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(2) Immobilization of the person's vehicle for a period of time to be determined by the court.

(d) Any person convicted of a second violation of this 7 Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall serve a 8 9 minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, 10 if the 11 revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 12 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 13 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of 14 reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a 15 16 statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 or 17 11-501.9 of this Code.

18 (d-1) Except as provided in subsection (d-2) and subsection 19 (d-3), any person convicted of a third or subsequent violation 20 of this Section shall serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 21 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the 22 court.

23 (d-2) Any person convicted of a third violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum 24 term of imprisonment of 30 days if the revocation or suspension 25 26 was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, 27 or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a 28 local ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal 29 Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or 30 a similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code. 31

32 (d-3) Any person convicted of a fourth, fifth, sixth, 33 seventh, eighth, or ninth violation of this Section is guilty 34 of a Class 4 felony and must serve a minimum term of 35 imprisonment of 180 days if the revocation or suspension was 36 for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a

similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code.

6 (d-4) Any person convicted of a tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, or fourteenth violation of this Section is guilty 7 of a Class 3 felony, and is not eligible for probation or 8 9 conditional discharge, if the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a 10 11 similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local 12 ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a 13 similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary 14 suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this Code. 15

16 (d-5) Any person convicted of a fifteenth or subsequent 17 violation of this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, if the 18 19 revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 20 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 21 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of 22 23 reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 of this 24 25 Code.

26 (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in 27 violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed 28 29 under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle 30 immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement 31 officer. The motor vehicle may be released to any licensed 32 driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for the vehicle that was impounded and the notarized written consent for the 33 34 release by the vehicle owner.

35 (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified36 copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted

- 36 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 as proof of any prior conviction.

2 (g) The motor vehicle used in a violation of this Section is subject to seizure and forfeiture as provided in Sections 3 36-1 and 36-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the person's 4 5 driving privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of a 6 violation listed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (c) of this Section or as a result of a summary suspension as 7 provided in paragraph (4) of subsection (c) of this Section. 8 (Source: P.A. 94-112, eff. 1-1-06.) 9

10 (625 ILCS 5/11-500) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-500)

11 Sec. 11-500. Definitions. For the purposes of interpreting Sections 6-206.1 and 6-208.1 of this Code, "first offender" 12 shall mean: (i) any person who has not had a previous 13 14 conviction or court assigned supervision for violating Section 15 11-501, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a 16 conviction in any other state for a violation of driving while under the influence or a similar offense where the cause of 17 18 action is the same or substantially similar to this Code, or 19 (ii) any person who has not had a driver's license suspension for violating Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 within 5 years prior 20 to the date of the current offense or failure to submit to or 21 22 complete a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine 23 pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9, except in cases where the driver 24 25 submitted to chemical testing resulting in an alcohol 26 concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a drug, 27 substance, or compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis 28 29 listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance 30 listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an 31 intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act and was subsequently found not guilty of 32 violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local 33 34 ordinance.

35 (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-779, eff. 1-1-99.)

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1 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501) 2 (Text of Section from P.A. 93-1093 and 94-963) Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, 3 4 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 5 combination thereof. (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical 6 7 control of any vehicle within this State while: 8 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and 9 breath units in Section 11-501.2; 10 (2) under the influence of alcohol; 11 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or 12 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that 13 renders the person incapable of driving safely; 14 15 (4) under the influence of any other drug or 16 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; 17 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug 18 19 or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or 20 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or 21 compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting 22 from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in 23 the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in 24 25 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating 26 compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act. 27 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other 28 29 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any 30 combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any 31 charge of violating this Section. (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section: 32 33 (1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection

(a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a

provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of

1 2 another state that is similar to a violation of subsection (a) of this Section.

3 (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that
4 has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a)
5 of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed
6 for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

7 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any
8 person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is
9 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

10 (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative 11 sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) 12 or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous 13 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the 14 defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days 15 of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of 16 community service as may be determined by the court.

(b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.

(b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.

27 (c) (Blank).

(c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 28 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 29 30 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a 31 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or 32 tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant tor Section 33 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 34 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 35 violation of  $\tau$  paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for 36

1 2 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

3 (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his 4 5 or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where revocation or suspension was for a violation of 6 the subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, 7 a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, 8 breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a 9 failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests 10 11 pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of  $\overline{r}$ paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide 12 as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is 13 guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a 14 term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall 15 16 be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of 17 imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the 18 court, as a condition of the probation or conditional 19 20 discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or 21 assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court. 22

(2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 23 24 violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the 25 26 revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection 27 (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure 28 to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or 29 urine pursuant to or Section 11-501.1, or a failure to 30 submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to 31 Section 11-501.9 of this Code shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of 32 imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 33 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the 34 court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of 35 community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the 36

1 court.

(3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or 2 3 subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving 4 5 privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or 6 suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit 7 to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine 8 9 pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 10 11 of this Code, a violation of  $\tau$  paragraph (b) of Section 12 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony 13 and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or 14 conditional discharge. 15

16 (c-2) (Blank).

17 (c-3) (Blank).

18 (c-4) (Blank).

(c-5)(1) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 19 20 person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the 21 time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 22 23 minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting 24 25 children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 26 27 subdivision (c-5)(1) is not subject to suspension, nor is 28 the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(2) Except as provided in subdivisions (c-5)(3) and 29 30 (c-5)(4) a person who violates subsection (a) a second 31 time, if at the time of the second violation the person was 32 transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an 33 additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional 34 mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which 35 shall include 40 hours of community service in a program 36

benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(2) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

5 (3) Except as provided in subdivision (c-5)(4), any 6 person convicted of violating subdivision (c-5)(2) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation 7 of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in 8 9 addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 10 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory 11 community service in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or 12 assignment of community service under this subdivision 13 (c-5)(3) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person 14 eligible for a reduced sentence. 15

16 (4) Any person convicted of violating subdivision 17 (c-5)(2) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision 18 shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an 19 20 additional 80 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory 21 minimum 12 days of imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum 22 23 fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subdivision (c-5)(4) is not subject to 24 25 suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced 26 sentence.

27 (5) Any person convicted a third time for violating 28 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation the person was transporting a person 29 30 under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and 31 shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an 32 additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall 33 include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a 34 30 35 mandatory minimum days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 36

- 42 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 2 subdivision (c-5)(5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

3 (6) Any person convicted of violating subdivision (c-5)(5) or a similar provision a third time within 20 4 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 6 similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an 7 additional mandatory 40 hours of community service in a 8 9 program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine 10 of \$3,000, and а mandatory minimum 120 days of 11 imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community 12 service under this subdivision (c-5)(6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced 13 sentence. 14

(7) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time 15 16 for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at 17 the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the 18 person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar 19 20 provision occurred while transporting a person under the 21 age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 22 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 23 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible 24 25 for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000. 26

27 (c-6)(1) Any person convicted of a first violation of 28 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 29 30 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in 31 addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a 32 mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a 33 mandatory minimum fine of \$500. 34

35 (2) Any person convicted of a second violation of
 36 subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10

years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 1 2 similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol 3 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 4 5 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or 6 urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in 7 addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory 8 9 minimum fine of \$1,250.

10 (3) Any person convicted of a third violation of 11 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 12 if at the time of the third violation of 13 provision, subsection (a) or a similar provision the alcohol 14 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 15 16 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or 17 urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other 18 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 19 20 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500. 21

(4) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent 22 23 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol 24 25 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 26 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or 27 urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 28 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or 29 30 while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, 31 breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition 32 of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a 33 sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is 34 subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500. 35

36 (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of

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1 this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under 2 the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 3 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 4 thereof if:

(A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;

(B) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger on board;

11 (C) the person in committing a violation of 12 subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident 13 that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent 14 disability or disfigurement to another, when the 15 violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

16 (D) the person committed a violation of subsection 17 (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 18 or a similar provision of a law of another state 19 20 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, 21 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 22 compounds as an element of the offense or the person 23 has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) 24 25 or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

26 (E) the person, in committing a violation of 27 subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school 28 speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 29 30 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle 31 accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great 32 bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) 33 was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or 34

35 (F) the person, in committing a violation of
 36 subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle,

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snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.

5 (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of 6 7 alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 8 9 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph 10 (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to 11 a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under 12 influence of alcohol, 13 the other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 14 thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of 15 16 this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the 17 defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 18 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted 19 20 in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the 21 violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For 22 23 any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted 24 as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced 25 26 under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation 27 or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of 28 either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional 29 30 discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or 31 assignment of community service may not be suspended or 32 reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final
 sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based
 upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar
 provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required

1 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an 2 alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 3 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 4 appropriate. Programs treatment as conducting these 5 evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 6 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional 7 evaluation. 8

9 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to 10 violating this Section, including any person receiving a 11 disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 12 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel 13 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers 14 15 Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated 16 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall 17 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court. 18

(f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

25 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 26 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 27 similar provision of a local ordinance.

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(h) (Blank).

29 The Secretary of State shall require the use of (i) 30 ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent 31 32 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation 33 the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 34 35 system.

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(j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a

1 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating 2 including any person placed subsection (a), on court 3 supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, 4 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as 5 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest 6 and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been 7 8 previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar 9 provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In 10 the event that more than one agency is responsible for the 11 arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be 12 shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency 13 under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 14 15 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 16 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 17 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 18 19 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 20 training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 21 22 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 23 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities 24 shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, 25 26 radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath 27 testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police 28 under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State 29 Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement and 30 prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 31 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 32 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 33 commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 34 35 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related 36

- 48 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 2 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 3 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 4 and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a 5 6 special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section 7 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund 8 9 and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement 10 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 11 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 12 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 13 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related 14 15 criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 16 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 17 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 18 19 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 20 and liquor store sting operations.

(1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense 21 based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a 22 23 similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 24 25 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the 26 sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in 27 conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor 28 compliance with any remedial education treatment or 29 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 30 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 31 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, 32 however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 33 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 34 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be 35 36 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug - 49 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 2 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), 3 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 4 5 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 6 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), 7 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 8 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 9 10 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 11 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 12 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public 13 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 14 15 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 16 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 17 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 18 ambulance.

19 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 20 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 21 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 93-1093, eff. 3-29-05; 94-963, eff. 22 6-28-06.)

(Text of Section from P.A. 94-110 and 94-963)
Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol,
other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any
combination thereof.

(a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physicalcontrol of any vehicle within this State while:

(1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
breath units in Section 11-501.2;

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(2) under the influence of alcohol;

(3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or
combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that
renders the person incapable of driving safely;

1 (4) under the influence of any other drug or 2 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person 3 incapable of safely driving;

(5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or

7 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or 8 compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting 9 from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in 10 the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in 11 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating 12 compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.

(b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.

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(b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:

(1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a
provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of
another state that is similar to a violation of subsection
(a) of this Section.

(2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that
has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a)
of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed
for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

(b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any
person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is
guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

31 (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative 32 sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) 33 or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous 34 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the 35 defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days 36 of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of

1 community service as may be determined by the court.

2 (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation 3 committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection 4 (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal 5 or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 6 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall 7 be imposed.

8 (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service 9 under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to 10 suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced 11 sentence.

12 (c) (Blank).

(c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 13 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 14 15 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a 16 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a 17 local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 18 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 19 20 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of  $\tau$  paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for 21 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal 22 23 Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, 24 25 if the third violation occurs during a period in which his 26 or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where 27 the revocation or suspension was for a violation of 28 subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, 29 30 breath, or urine pursuant tor Section 11-501.1, or a 31 failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of  $\overline{\tau}$ 32 paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide 33 as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is 34 guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a 35 36 term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall

be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 8 9 violation occurs during a period in which his or her 10 driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the 11 revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection 12 (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure 13 to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to or Section 11-501.1, or a failure to 14 submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to 15 16 Section 11-501.9 of this Code shall also be sentenced to an 17 additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 18 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the 19 20 court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the 21 22 court.

(3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or 23 24 subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation 25 occurs during a period in which his or her driving 26 privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or 27 suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a 28 similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine 29 30 pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a 31 field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of  $\overline{\tau}$  paragraph (b) of Section 32 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 33 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony 34 is not eligible for a sentence of probation or 35 and 36 conditional discharge.

1 (c-2) (Blank).

2 (c-3) (Blank).

3 (c-4) (Blank).

(c-5) Except as provided in subsection (c-5.1), a person 21 4 5 years of age or older who violates subsection (a), if the 6 person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to 6 months of imprisonment, 7 an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and 25 days of 8 community service in a program benefiting children. 9 The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 10 11 subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 12 person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-5.1) A person 21 years of age or older who is convicted 13 of violating subsection (a) of this Section a first time and 14 15 who in committing that violation was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm to the child 16 17 under the age of 16 being transported by the person, if the violation was the proximate cause of the injury, is guilty of a 18 19 Class 4 felony and is subject to one year of imprisonment, a 20 mandatory fine of \$2,500, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment to 21 22 community service under this subsection (c-5.1) shall not be 23 subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for 24 probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

25 (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-7.1), 26 a person 21 years of age or older who violates subsection (a) a 27 second time, if at the time of the second violation the person 28 was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to 6 29 months of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of 30 \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 31 32 service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is 33 not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a 34 35 reduced sentence.

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(c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-7.1), any person

1 21 years of age or older convicted of violating subsection 2 (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous 3 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony and, in addition to any other penalty imposed, 4 5 is subject to one year of imprisonment, 25 days of mandatory 6 community service in a program benefiting children, and a 7 mandatory fine of \$2,500. The imprisonment or assignment of 8 community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to 9 suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

10 (c-7.1) A person 21 years of age or older who is convicted 11 of violating subsection (a) of this Section a second time 12 within 10 years and who in committing that violation was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily 13 harm to the child under the age of 16 being transported, if the 14 15 violation was the proximate cause of the injury, is guilty of a 16 Class 4 felony and is subject to 18 months of imprisonment, a 17 mandatory fine of \$5,000, and 25 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment to 18 19 community service under this subsection (c-7.1) shall not be 20 subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment. 21

(c-8) (Blank).

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23 (c-9) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted a third time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at 24 the time of the third violation the person was transporting a 25 26 person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and is 27 subject to 18 months of imprisonment, a mandatory fine of in a program 28 \$2,500, and 25 days of community service 29 benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of 30 community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 31

32 (c-10) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted of 33 violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time 34 within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 35 similar provision is guilty of a Class 3 felony and, in 36 addition to any other penalty imposed, is subject to 3 years of

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1 imprisonment, 25 days of community service in a program 2 benefiting children, and a mandatory fine of \$25,000. The 3 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 4 subsection (c-10) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 5 person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-11) Any person 21 years of age or older convicted a 6 7 fourth or subsequent time for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent 8 9 violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or 10 11 a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her 12 13 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 14 15 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for 16 probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum 17 fine of \$25,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of 18 19 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 20 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 21 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other 22 23 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 24 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500. 25

26 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of 27 subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years 28 of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 29 provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection 30 (a) or a similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or 31 her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 32 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty 33 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of 34 35 imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of

- 56 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if 2 at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a 3 similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her 4 5 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 6 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, 7 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a 8 9 mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory 10 minimum fine of \$2,500.

11 (c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent 12 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol 13 time of concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 14 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 15 16 in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of 17 subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol 18 19 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 20 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not 21 eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge 22 23 and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

(d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of
this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under
the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or
intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination
thereof if:

(A) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent
time;

(B) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of
age or younger on board;

35 (C) the person in committing a violation of
 36 subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident

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that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

(D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

(E) the person, in committing a violation of 14 subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school 15 16 speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per 17 hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle 18 accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great 19 20 bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, 21 to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or 22

(F) the person, in committing a violation of
subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle,
snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft
accident that resulted in the death of another person,
when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate
cause of the death.

29 (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person 30 convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of 31 alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 32 compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph 33 (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to 34 a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 35 one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under 36

- 58 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, the or 2 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 3 thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the 4 5 defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be 6 sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted 7 in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment 8 9 of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For 10 11 any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy 12 of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced 13 under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation 14 or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of 15 16 either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of 17 imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or 18 19 assignment of community service may not be suspended or 20 reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final 21 sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based 22 23 upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 24 25 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 26 27 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 28 treatment appropriate. Programs conducting as these 29 evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 30 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid 31 for by the individual required to undergo the professional 32 evaluation.

33 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to 34 violating this Section, including any person receiving a 35 disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 36 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel

offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court.

7 (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, 8 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this 9 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an 10 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense 11 of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the 12 Unified Code of Corrections.

13 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 14 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 15 similar provision of a local ordinance.

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(h) (Blank).

17 (i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by 18 an 19 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent 20 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation 21 the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 22 23 system.

(j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a 24 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating 25 26 subsection (a), including any person placed on court 27 supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, 28 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as 29 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest 30 and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit 31 into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been 32 previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In 33 the event that more than one agency is responsible for the 34 35 arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be 36 shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency

1 under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and 2 prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 3 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 4 5 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 6 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 7 8 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 9 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 10 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 11 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 12 and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities 13 shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath 14 15 testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police 16 under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement 17 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 18 19 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 20 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 21 commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 22 23 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related 24 25 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 26 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 27 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 28 and liquor store sting operations.

29 (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a 30 special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section 31 32 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement 33 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 34 35 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 36

1 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 2 commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related 3 criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related 4 5 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 6 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 7 and liquor store sting operations. 8

9 (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense 10 based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a 11 similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional 12 evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 13 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in 14 15 conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor 16 compliance with any remedial education or treatment 17 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 18 19 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human 20 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 21 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 22 23 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug 24 treatment licensure standards. 25

26 (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 27 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), 28 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 29 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 30 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), 31 32 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 33 34 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 35 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 36 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency - 62 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an ambulance.

7 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 8 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 9 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-110, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 10 6-28-06.)

11 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-113, 94-609, and 94-963)

Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof.

(a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physicalcontrol of any vehicle within this State while:

(1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
breath units in Section 11-501.2;

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(2) under the influence of alcohol;

(3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;

(4) under the influence of any other drug or
combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
incapable of safely driving;

(5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or

30 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or 31 compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting 32 from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in 33 the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in 34 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating 35 compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.

1 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this 2 Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other 3 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any 4 combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any 5 charge of violating this Section.

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(b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:

(1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection
(a) of this Section.

(2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that
has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a)
of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed
for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

16 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any 17 person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is 18 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.

(b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.

32 (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service 33 under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to 34 suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced 35 sentence.

36 (c) (Blank).

1 (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 2 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 3 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a 4 5 local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 6 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 7 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 8 9 violation of, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for 10 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal 11 Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

12 (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his 13 or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where 14 15 the revocation or suspension was for a violation of 16 subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, 17 a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a 18 failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests 19 20 pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of  $\tau$ paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide 21 as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is 22 23 guilty of a Class 3 felony.

(2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third 24 25 time, if the third violation occurs during a period in 26 which his or her driving privileges are revoked or 27 suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a 28 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or 29 tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 30 31 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 32 violation of  $\tau$  subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for 33 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal 34 Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the 35 person receives a term of probation or conditional 36

discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 8 9 violation occurs during a period in which his or her 10 driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the 11 revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection 12 (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure 13 to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to or Section 11-501.1, or a failure to 14 submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to 15 16 Section 11-501.9 of this Code shall also be sentenced to an 17 additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 18 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the 19 20 court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the 21 22 court.

(3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or 23 24 subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation 25 occurs during a period in which his or her driving 26 privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or 27 suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a 28 similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine 29 30 pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a 31 field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of  $\overline{\tau}$  paragraph (b) of Section 32 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 33 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony 34 is not eligible for a sentence of probation or 35 and 36 conditional discharge.

1 (c-2) (Blank).

2 (c-3) (Blank).

3 (c-4) (Blank).

(c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person 4 5 was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of 6 the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 7 8 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 9 service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 The imprisonment or assignment of 10 days of imprisonment. 11 community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to 12 suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

13 (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the 14 15 time of the second violation the person was transporting a 16 person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days 17 of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 18 19 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 20 service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is 21 22 not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a 23 reduced sentence.

24 (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision 25 26 within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 27 similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other 28 penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an 29 additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program 30 benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. 31 The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 32 subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 33

34 (c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or 35 a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of 36 subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in

1 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours 2 mandatory community service of in a program benefiting 3 children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of 4 imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The 5 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this is not subject to suspension, nor is the 6 subsection (c-8) person eligible for a reduced sentence. 7

8 (c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating 9 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 10 third violation the person was transporting a person under the 11 age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in 12 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 13 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting 14 15 children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The 16 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 17 person eligible for a reduced sentence. 18

19 (c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a 20 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is 21 22 guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to 23 any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of 24 community service in a program benefiting children, an 25 additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 26 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of 27 community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject 28 to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced 29 sentence.

30 (c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for 31 violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time 32 of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 33 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision 34 35 occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or 36 while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or - 68 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

5 (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of 6 subsection similar provision, if the alcohol (a) or a concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 7 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 8 9 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other 10 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 11 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of 12 \$500.

(c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of 13 subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years 14 15 of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 16 provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of 17 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in 18 19 his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on 20 the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty 21 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of 22 23 imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of 24 25 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if 26 27 at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a 28 similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her 29 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 30 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, 31 32 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory 33 34 minimum fine of \$2,500.

35 (c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent 36 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the

1 time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 2 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 3 in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of 4 5 subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol 6 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 7 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 8 in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not 9 10 eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge 11 and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.

12 (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of 13 this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under 14 the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 15 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 16 thereof if:

(A) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent
time;

(B) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of
age or younger on board;

(C) the person in committing a violation of
subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident
that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent
disability or disfigurement to another, when the
violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

28 (D) the person committed a violation of subsection (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted 29 30 of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 31 or a similar provision of a law of another state 32 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, 33 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 34 compounds as an element of the offense or the person 35 has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) 36

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or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

(E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

11 (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, 12 all-terrain 13 snowmobile, vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, 14 when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate 15 16 cause of the death.

17 (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of 18 alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 19 20 compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 21 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to 22 a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 23 24 one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under 25 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, the or 26 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 27 thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of 28 this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, unless the court determines that extraordinary 29 30 circumstances exist and require probation, shall be 31 sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 32 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment 33 of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the 34 violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For 35 any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy 36

1 of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted 2 as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced 3 under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of 4 5 either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of 6 imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or 7 assignment of community service may not be suspended or 8 9 reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final 10 sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based 11 12 upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 13 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an 14 alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 15 16 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 17 treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 18 19 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid 20 for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation. 21

22 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to 23 violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 24 25 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel 26 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's 27 office, a probation and court services department, Mothers 28 Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated 29 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall 30 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be 31 determined by the court.

(f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the - 72 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 Unified Code of Corrections.

2 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 3 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 4 similar provision of a local ordinance.

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(h) (Blank).

6 (i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of 7 ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an 8 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent 9 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local 10 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation 11 the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 12 system.

13 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating 14 subsection (a), including any person placed on court 15 16 supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, 17 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest 18 19 and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit 20 into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar 21 provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In 22 23 the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be 24 25 shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency 26 under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and 27 prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 28 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 29 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 30 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 31 commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 32 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related 33 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 34 35 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 36

1 and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities 2 shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath 3 testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police 4 5 under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State 6 Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 7 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 8 9 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 10 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 11 commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 12 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related 13 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 14 15 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 16 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 17 and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a 18 19 special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the 20 Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund 21 and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement 22 23 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 24 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 25 26 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 27 commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related 28 criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 29 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 30 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 31 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 32 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. 33

34 (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense
 35 based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a
 36 similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional

1 evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 2 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the 3 sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in 4 conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor 5 with any remedial education or compliance treatment 6 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 7 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 8 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human 9 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 10 11 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 12 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be 13 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and druq treatment licensure standards. 14

15 (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), 16 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 17 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 18 19 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), 20 21 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 22 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 23 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 24 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 25 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency 26 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public 27 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 28 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 29 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 30 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 31 ambulance.

32 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 33 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 34 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-113, eff. 1-1-06; 94-609, eff. 1-1-06; 35 94-963, eff. 6-28-06.)

- 75 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

1 (Text of Section from P.A. 94-114 and 94-963) 2 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, 3 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof. 4 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical 5 6 control of any vehicle within this State while: (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or 7 breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and 8 9 breath units in Section 11-501.2; (2) under the influence of alcohol; 10 11 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or 12 combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely; 13 under the influence of any other (4) 14 drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person 15 16 incapable of safely driving; 17 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug

17 (5) under the combined influence of alcohof, other drug 18 or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree 19 that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or

(6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.

(b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.

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(b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:

(1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a
provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of
another state that is similar to a violation of subsection
(a) of this Section.

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(2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

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5 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any 6 person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is 7 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

8 (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative 9 sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) 10 or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous 11 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the 12 defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days 13 of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of 14 community service as may be determined by the court.

(b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall be imposed.

(b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.

25 (c) (Blank).

(c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 26 27 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 28 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a 29 30 local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or 31 tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant tor Section 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 32 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 33 violation of  $\tau$  paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for 34 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal 35 Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 36

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(2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) <u>or a similar provision of a local ordinance,</u> <u>a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood,</u> <u>breath, or urine pursuant to</u> Section 11-501.1, or a <u>failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests</u> <u>pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of</u> paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

(2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third 13 time, if the third violation occurs during a period in 14 15 which his or her driving privileges are revoked or 16 suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a 17 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or 18 tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 19 20 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 21 violation of  $\tau$  subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for 22 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal 23 Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the 24 25 person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory 26 27 minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a 28 mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation 29 30 or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of 31 imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not 32 be suspended or reduced by the court.

33 (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 34 violation occurs during a period in which his or her 35 driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the 36 revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection - 78 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure 2 to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to <del>or</del> Section 11-501.1, or a failure to 3 submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to 4 5 Section 11-501.9 of this Code shall also be sentenced to an 6 additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 7 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the 8 9 court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of 10 community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the 11 court.

12 (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or fifth time, if the fourth or fifth violation occurs during 13 a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 14 or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a 15 16 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a 17 local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 18 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 19 20 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of  $\tau$  paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for 21 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal 22 Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not 23 eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional 24 25 discharge.

26 (c-2) (Blank).

27 (c-3) (Blank).

28 (c-4) (Blank).

29 (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person 30 was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of 31 the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum 32 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 33 service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 34 35 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of 36 community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to - 79 -LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

2 (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a 3 person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the time of the second violation the person was transporting a 4 5 person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days 6 of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 7 8 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 9 service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or 10 assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is 11 not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a 12 reduced sentence.

13 (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision 14 15 within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 16 similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other 17 penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program 18 19 benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. 20 The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 21 person eligible for a reduced sentence. 22

23 (c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of 24 subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in 25 26 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours 27 of mandatory community service in a program benefiting 28 children, additional mandatory minimum 12 days an of 29 imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The 30 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 31 subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 32 person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating 33 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 34 35 third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in 36

addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

8 (c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) 9 or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is 10 11 guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to 12 any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of 13 community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 14 15 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of 16 community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject 17 to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced 18 sentence.

19 (c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or fifth time for 20 violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or fifth violation the person was transporting a 21 person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior 22 23 violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the 24 alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 25 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine 26 27 units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is 28 not eligible for probation or conditional discharge, and is 29 subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

(c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of 30 31 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol 32 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 33 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other 34 35 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of 36

1 \$500.

2 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years 3 of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 4 5 provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of 6 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in 7 8 his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on 9 the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty 10 11 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of 12 imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

13 (c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a 14 15 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a 16 17 similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 18 19 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, 20 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a 21 mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory 22 23 minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or fifth violation 24 of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 25 26 fourth or fifth violation the alcohol concentration in his or 27 her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 28 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 29 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection 30 (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person 31 under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 32 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 33 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for 34 a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject 35 to a minimum fine of \$2,500. 36

- 82 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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(c-16) Any person convicted of a sixth or subsequent
 violation of subsection (a) is guilty of a Class X felony.

3 (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of 4 this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under 5 the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 6 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 7 thereof if:

(A) the person committed a violation of subsection(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequenttime;

(B) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of
age or younger on board;

14 (C) the person in committing a violation of 15 subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident 16 that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent 17 disability or disfigurement to another, when the 18 violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

(D) the person committed a violation of subsection 19 20 (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 21 or a similar provision of a law of another state 22 23 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, 24 25 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 26 compounds as an element of the offense or the person 27 has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) 28 or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

29 (E) the person, in committing a violation of 30 subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school 31 speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per 32 hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle 33 34 accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, 35 36 to another person, when the violation of subsection (a)

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was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

(F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death.

(2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person 8 convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of 9 10 alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 11 compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph 12 (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to 13 a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 14 one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under 15 16 the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 17 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of 18 this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the 19 20 defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 21 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted 22 23 in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the 24 violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For 25 26 any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy 27 of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted 28 as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation 29 30 or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of 31 either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of 32 imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or 33 assignment of community service may not be suspended or 34 35 reduced by the court.

36 (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final

1 sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based 2 upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 3 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an 4 5 alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 6 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 7 treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these 8 evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 9 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional 10 11 evaluation.

12 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to 13 violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 14 15 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel 16 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's 17 office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated 18 19 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall 20 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be determined by the court. 21

(f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a
 similar provision of a local ordinance.

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(h) (Blank).

(i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation 1 the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 2 system.

3 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a 4 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating 5 subsection (a), including any person placed on court 6 supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as 7 8 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest 9 and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has 10 been 11 previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar 12 provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In 13 the event that more than one agency is responsible for the 14 arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be 15 shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency 16 under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and 17 prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 18 19 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 20 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 21 22 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 23 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 24 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 25 26 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 27 and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities 28 shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, 29 radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath 30 testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State 31 Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement 32 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 33 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 34 35 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 36

1 commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 2 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 3 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 4 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 5 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 6 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 7 and liquor store sting operations.

8 (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the 9 Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section 10 11 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund 12 and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement 13 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 14 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 15 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 16 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 17 commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State; 18 police officer 19 training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 20 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 21 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 22 23 and liquor store sting operations.

24 (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a 25 26 similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional 27 evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 28 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in 29 30 conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor 31 compliance with any remedial education or treatment 32 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 33 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 34 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human 35 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 36

- 87 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 5 6 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), 7 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 8 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, 9 10 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), 11 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 12 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 13 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 14 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency 15 16 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public 17 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 18 19 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 20 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an ambulance. 21

22 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 23 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 24 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-114, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 25 6-28-06.)

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(Text of Section from P.A. 94-116 and 94-963)

27 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, 28 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 29 combination thereof.

30 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical31 control of any vehicle within this State while:

(1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or
breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and
breath units in Section 11-501.2;

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(2) under the influence of alcohol;

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(3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely;

(4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;

(5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or

10 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or 11 compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting 12 from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in 13 the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in 14 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating 15 compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.

(b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.

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(b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:

(1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a
provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of
another state that is similar to a violation of subsection
(a) of this Section.

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(2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

31 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any 32 person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is 33 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

34 (b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative
35 sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a)
36 or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous

- 89 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.

5 (b-4) In the case of a third violation committed within 5 6 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 7 provision, the defendant is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and in 8 addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction, a 9 mandatory minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 10 hours of community service shall be imposed.

11 (b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service 12 under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to 13 suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced 14 sentence.

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(c) (Blank).

16 (c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 17 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a 18 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a 19 20 local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to $_{\overline{\tau}}$  Section 21 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 22 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 23 24 violation of  $\tau$  paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal 25 Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony. 26

27 (2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time28 is guilty of a Class 2 felony.

(2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third 29 30 time, if the third violation occurs during a period in 31 which his or her driving privileges are revoked or 32 suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a 33 local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or 34 35 tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 36

- 90 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 2 violation of  $\tau$  subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for 3 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony; and if the 4 5 person receives a term of probation or conditional 6 discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a 7 mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may 8 9 be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation 10 or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of 11 imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not 12 be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 13 violation occurs during a period in which his or her 14 15 driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the 16 revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection 17 (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or 18 urine pursuant to or Section 11-501.1, or a failure to 19 20 submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code shall also be sentenced to an 21 additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of 22 23 imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the 24 25 court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of 26 community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the 27 court.

(3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth time is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.

31 (4) A person who violates subsection (a) a fifth or 32 subsequent time is guilty of a Class 1 felony and is not 33 eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional 34 discharge.

35 (c-2) (Blank).

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36 (c-3) (Blank).

- 91 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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(c-4) (Blank).

2 (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person 3 was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of 4 the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum 5 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 6 service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 7 8 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of 9 community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 10

11 (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a 12 person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the 13 time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days 14 15 of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of 16 \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 17 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or 18 19 assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is 20 not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 21

22 (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person 23 convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 24 similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other 25 26 penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an 27 additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program 28 benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. 29 The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 30 subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 31

32 (c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or 33 a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of 34 subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in 35 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours 36 of mandatory community service in a program benefiting

1 children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of 2 imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The 3 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 4 subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 5 person eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating 6 7 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 8 third violation the person was transporting a person under the 9 age of 16, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 10 11 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community 12 service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting 13 children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 14 15 subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 16 person eligible for a reduced sentence.

17 (c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a 18 19 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is quilty of a Class 2 felony and shall receive, in addition to 20 any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of 21 22 community service in a program benefiting children, an 23 additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 24 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject 25 to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced 26 27 sentence.

(c-11) Any person convicted a fourth time for violating 28 29 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 30 fourth violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 3 prior violations of subsection 31 32 (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person 33 under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 34 35 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for 36

- 93 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

probation or conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

3 (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of 4 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol 5 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 6 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other 7 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 8 9 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of \$500. 10

11 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of 12 subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 13 provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of 14 15 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 16 second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in 17 his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 18 19 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty 20 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250. 21

(c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of 22 23 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if 24 at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a 25 26 similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her 27 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the 28 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 29 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and shall be subject, 30 in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory 31 32 minimum fine of \$2,500.

33 (c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth violation of 34 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 35 fourth violation the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, 36 breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of - 94 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

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1 blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, and if the 2 person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar 3 provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, 4 5 breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of 6 7 a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum 8 9 fine of \$2,500.

10 (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of 11 this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under 12 the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 13 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 14 thereof if:

(A) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent
time;

(B) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of
age or younger on board;

(C) the person in committing a violation of subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

(D) the person committed a violation of subsection 26 27 (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted 28 of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state 29 30 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was 31 determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, 32 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person 33 has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) 34 or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1); 35

(E) the person, in committing a violation of

1 subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school 2 speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 3 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle 4 5 accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, 6 to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) 7 was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or 8

9 (F) the person, in committing a violation of 10 subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, 11 snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft 12 accident that resulted in the death of another person, 13 when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate 14 cause of the death.

(2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2) and in 15 16 paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (c-1), a person 17 convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 18 compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 19 20 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to 21 a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than 22 23 one year nor more than 12 years. Except as provided in paragraph (4) of subsection (c-1), aggravated driving 24 25 under the influence of alcohol, other drug, or drugs, intoxicating compounds or compounds, or any combination 26 27 thereof as defined in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) of 28 this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony. Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 29 30 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 31 thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of 32 this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be 33 sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 34 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted 35 in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment 36

1 of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the 2 violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For 3 any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted 4 5 as proof of any prior conviction. Any person sentenced 6 under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of 7 either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of 8 9 imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional 10 discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or 11 assignment of community service may not be suspended or 12 reduced by the court.

13 (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based 14 15 upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar 16 provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 17 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 18 19 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 20 treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 21 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid 22 23 for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation. 24

(e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to 25 violating this Section, including any person receiving a 26 27 disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 28 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel 29 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's 30 office, a probation and court services department, Mothers 31 Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated 32 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be 33 34 determined by the court.

35 (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, 36 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this

Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense
 of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the
 Unified Code of Corrections.

5 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 6 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 7 similar provision of a local ordinance.

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(h) (Blank).

9 The Secretary of State shall require the use of (i) ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by 10 an 11 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent 12 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local 13 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock 14 system. 15

16 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a 17 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating (a), including any person placed 18 subsection on court 19 supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, 20 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as 21 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest 22 and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit 23 into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar 24 provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In 25 26 the event that more than one agency is responsible for the 27 arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be 28 shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency 29 under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and 30 prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 31 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 32 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 33 commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 34 35 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer training and education in areas related to alcohol related 36

- 98 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 2 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 3 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities 4 5 shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, 6 radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police 7 under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State 8 9 Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 10 11 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 12 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 13 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 14 15 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 16 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 17 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 18 19 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 20 and liquor store sting operations.

(k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a 21 special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the 22 23 Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund 24 and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement 25 26 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 27 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 28 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 29 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 30 commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related 31 criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 32 training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 33 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 34 35 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 36 and liquor store sting operations.

1 (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense 2 based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a 3 similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional 4 evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 5 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the 6 sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in 7 conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor 8 with any remedial education or compliance treatment 9 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 10 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 11 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human 12 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, 13 however, the court may accept an alcohol or other druq evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 14 15 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be 16 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug 17 treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 18 19 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), 20 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 21 similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, 22 23 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), 24 Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, 25 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 26 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in 27 an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 28 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency 29 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public 30 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection 31 (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 32 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 33 34 ambulance.

35 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03;
36 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05;

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SB3198
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- 100 -LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

or

93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-116, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 1 2 6-28-06.)

(Text of Section from P.A. 94-329 and 94-963) Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof. (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical control of any vehicle within this State while: (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2; (2) under the influence of alcohol; (3) under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of driving safely; (4) under the influence of any other druq combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree

that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or 21 22 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting 23 from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in 24 25 the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in 26 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating

28 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this 29 Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other 30 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any 31 combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section. 32

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(b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this Section:

compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.

(1) Any reference to a prior violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision includes any violation of a

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provision of a local ordinance or a provision of a law of another state that is similar to a violation of subsection (a) of this Section.

4 (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license that 5 has been revoked for a previous violation of subsection (a) 6 of this Section shall be in addition to the penalty imposed 7 for any subsequent violation of subsection (a).

8 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any 9 person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section is 10 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

(b-3) In addition to any other criminal or administrative sanction for any second conviction of violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be determined by the court.

18 (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation 19 committed within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection 20 (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any other criminal 21 or administrative sanction, a mandatory minimum term of either 22 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours of community service shall 23 be imposed.

(b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.

28 (c)

(c) (Blank).

(c-1) (1) A person who violates subsection (a) during a 29 30 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 31 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a 32 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or 33 tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant tor Section 34 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 35 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 36

<u>violation of</u>, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(2) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, 7 if the third violation occurs during a period in which his 8 9 or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where 10 the revocation or suspension was for a violation of 11 subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, 12 a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a 13 failure to submit to a field sobriety test or tests 14 pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of, 15 16 paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is 17 guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of 18 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or 19 20 compounds, or any combination thereof and is guilty of a 21 Class 3 felony.

(2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third 22 23 time, if the third violation occurs during a period in 24 which his or her driving privileges are revoked or 25 suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a 26 27 local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or 28 tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a field sobriety test 29 or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a 30 31 violation of  $\tau$  subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for 32 reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of aggravated driving under the 33 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating 34 compound or compounds, or any combination thereof and is 35 guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a 36

1 term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall 2 be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of 3 imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the 4 5 court, as a condition of the probation or conditional 6 discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or 7 reduced by the court. 8

9 (2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 10 violation occurs during a period in which his or her 11 driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the 12 revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure 13 to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or 14 urine pursuant to or Section 11-501.1, or a failure to 15 16 submit to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to 17 Section 11-501.9 of this Code is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or 18 intoxicating compound 19 drugs, or compounds, or any 20 combination thereof and shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of 21 imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 22 23 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of 24 25 community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the 26 court.

27 (3) A person who violates subsection (a) a fourth or 28 subsequent time, if the fourth or subsequent violation 29 occurs during a period in which his or her driving 30 privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or 31 suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or a 32 similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine 33 pursuant to, Section 11-501.1, or a failure to submit to a 34 field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 35 of this Code, a violation of  $\tau$  paragraph (b) of Section 36

1 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 2 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or 3 intoxicating compound or compounds, 4 drugs, or any 5 combination thereof and is guilty of a Class 2 felony, and 6 is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge. 7

8 (c-2) (Blank).

9 (c-3) (Blank).

10 (c-4) (Blank).

11 (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the person 12 was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory minimum 13 fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 14 15 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 16 service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 17 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) is not subject to 18 19 suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence.

20 (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the 21 time of the second violation the person was transporting a 22 23 person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of 24 \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 25 26 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 27 service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or 28 assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is 29 not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a 30 reduced sentence.

31 (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person 32 convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision 33 within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 34 similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other 35 penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 days imprisonment, an 36 additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program

benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750.
The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this
subsection (c-7) is not subject to suspension, nor is the
person eligible for a reduced sentence.

5 (c-8) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation of 6 subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in 7 8 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours 9 mandatory community service in a program benefiting of 10 children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of 11 imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The 12 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 13 subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 14

15 (c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating 16 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 17 third violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in 18 19 addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours of community 20 21 service, which shall include 40 hours in a program benefiting 22 children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days of imprisonment. The 23 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this 24 subsection (c-9) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced sentence. 25

26 (c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection (c-9) 27 or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision is 28 29 quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to 30 any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 hours of 31 community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3,000, and a mandatory minimum 32 33 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) is not subject 34 35 to suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced 36 sentence.

1 (c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time for 2 violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time the fourth or subsequent violation the person was 3 of transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the person's 4 5 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision 6 occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or 7 8 urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, 9 breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a 10 Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or conditional 11 discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of \$3,000.

12 (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of if the alcohol 13 subsection (a) similar provision, or a 14 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 15 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 16 in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other 17 penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum fine of 18 19 \$500.

20 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision committed within 10 years 21 of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar 22 23 provision committed within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 24 second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration in 25 26 his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on 27 the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 28 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of 29 30 imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.

31 (c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of 32 subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a 33 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if 34 at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a 35 similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her 36 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the - 107 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$2,500.

(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent 6 7 violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol 8 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 9 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 10 11 in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior violations of 12 subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the alcohol 13 concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or 14 more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units 15 16 in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not 17 eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500. 18

19 (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of 20 this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under 21 the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or 22 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination 23 thereof if:

(A) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) or a similar provision for the third or subsequent
time;

(B) the person committed a violation of subsection
(a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of
age or younger on board;

30 (C) the person in committing a violation of 31 subsection (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident 32 that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent 33 disability or disfigurement to another, when the 34 violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;

35 (D) the person committed a violation of subsection36 (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted

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of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a law of another state relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);

(E) the person, in committing a violation of 9 10 subsection (a) while driving at any speed in a school 11 speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per 12 hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle 13 accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great 14 bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, 15 16 to another person, when the violation of subsection (a) 17 was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or

(F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection (a) was a proximate cause of the death;

(G) the person committed the violation while he or
she did not possess a driver's license or permit or a
restricted driving permit or a judicial driving
permit; or

(H) the person committed the violation while he or
she knew or should have known that the vehicle he or
she was driving was not covered by a liability
insurance policy.

32 (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2) and in 33 paragraphs (2), (2.1), and (3) of subsection (c-1), a 34 person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence 35 of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound 36 or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a

Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of 1 2 paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to 3 not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated 4 5 driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or 6 drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) 7 of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, 8 9 for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of 10 imprisonment, shall be sentenced to: (A) а term of 11 imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 12 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and 13 not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the 14 deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this 15 16 subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior 17 conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) 18 who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge 19 20 must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the 21 probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum 22 23 term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court. 24

25 (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final 26 sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based 27 upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar 28 provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required 29 to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an 30 alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists 31 and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of 32 treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human 33 34 Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid 35 for by the individual required to undergo the professional 36 evaluation.

1 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to 2 violating this Section, including any person receiving a disposition of court supervision for violating this Section, 3 4 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel 5 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's Attorney's 6 office, a probation and court services department, Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against Intoxicated 7 8 Motorists. All costs generated by the victim impact panel shall 9 be paid from fees collected from the offender or as may be 10 determined by the court.

(f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

17 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving 18 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a 19 similar provision of a local ordinance.

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(h) (Blank).

(i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system.

28 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a 29 person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating 30 subsection (a), including any person placed on court supervision for violating subsection (a), shall be fined \$500, 31 32 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money as 33 follows: 20% to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest and 80% shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer for deposit 34 35 into the General Revenue Fund. If the person has been 36 previously convicted of violating subsection (a) or a similar

1 provision of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$1,000. In 2 the event that more than one agency is responsible for the 3 arrest, the amount payable to law enforcement agencies shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency 4 5 under this subsection (j) shall be used for enforcement and 6 prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 7 8 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 9 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 10 11 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 12 training and education in areas related to alcohol related crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 13 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 14 15 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 16 and liquor store sting operations. Equipment and commodities 17 shall include, but are not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath 18 19 testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police 20 under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall be used for enforcement 21 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 22 23 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 24 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and 25 26 commodities that will assist in the prevention of alcohol 27 related criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 28 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 29 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 30 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 31 32 and liquor store sting operations.

33 (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a 34 special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by the 35 Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this Section 36 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police DUI Fund

and, subject to appropriation, shall be used for enforcement 1 2 and prevention of driving while under the influence of alcohol, 3 other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds or any 4 combination thereof, as defined by this Section, including but 5 not limited to the purchase of law enforcement equipment and commodities to assist in the prevention of alcohol related 6 criminal violence throughout the State; police officer 7 8 training and education in areas related to alcohol related 9 crime, including but not limited to DUI training; and police 10 officer salaries, including but not limited to salaries for 11 hire back funding for safety checkpoints, saturation patrols, 12 and liquor store sting operations.

13 (1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a 14 15 similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional 16 evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 17 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in 18 19 conjunction with another disposition. The court shall monitor 20 compliance with any remedial education or treatment recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 21 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 22 23 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of Human 24 Services. If the individual is not a resident of Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug 25 26 evaluation or remedial education program in the individual's 27 state of residence. Programs providing treatment must be 28 licensed under existing applicable alcoholism and drug 29 treatment licensure standards.

(m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, - 113 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or a 2 similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to make 3 restitution to a public agency for the costs of that emergency 4 5 response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per public 6 agency for each emergency response. As used in this subsection (m), "emergency response" means any incident requiring a 7 response by a police officer, a firefighter carried on the 8 rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an 9 10 ambulance.

11 (Source: P.A. 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213, eff. 7-18-03; 12 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; 93-712, eff. 1-1-05; 93-800, eff. 1-1-05; 13 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; 94-329, eff. 1-1-06; 94-963, eff. 14 6-28-06.)

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(625 ILCS 5/11-501.9 new)

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(025 ILCS 5/II-501.9 New)

Sec. 11-501.9. Mandatory field sobriety tests.

(a) The General Assembly finds that: (1) the incidence of 17 18 motorists suspected of driving under the influence of alcohol, 19 other drugs, or intoxicating compounds who refuse to perform voluntary field sobriety tests has risen to alarming 20 proportions; (2) motorists who refuse these tests frequently 21 22 drive under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or intoxicating compounds but are nonetheless often able to avoid the loss or 23 suspension of driving privileges by refusing to perform these 24 25 tests; (3) these motorists pose a substantial danger to the 26 lives and property both of other motorists and of pedestrians; 27 (4) the State of Illinois has the duty to protect the lives and property of its citizens as they travel upon the roads and 28 29 highways of this State, and that duty gives rise to a special 30 need to ensure that those roads and highways are free from the dangers posed by impaired motorists; (5) persons who operate 31 32 motor vehicles upon the roads and highways of this State engage in an inherently dangerous activity that directly affects the 33 34 safety of the public, and consequently, such persons are subject to reasonable measures designed to make road and 35

- 114 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1 highway travel safe; (6) the only effective and realistic 2 response to the crisis presented by motorists refusing to 3 voluntarily perform field sobriety tests is to require persons 4 suspected of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or 5 intoxicating compounds to perform these tests; and (7) the required performance of these tests based on individualized 6 reasonable suspicion is a necessary, unobtrusive, 7 and 8 reasonable measure designed to promote the State's special need 9 to make its roads and highways safe.

(b) Any person who drives or is in actual physical control 10 11 of a motor vehicle within this State shall be deemed to have 12 given consent to performing any field sobriety test or tests approved by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards 13 Board if the law enforcement officer has reasonable suspicion 14 based on specific and articulable facts and rational inferences 15 16 from those facts to believe that the person is violating or has violated Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local 17 ordinance. These tests shall be conducted expeditiously in the 18 19 vicinity of the location in which the person was stopped by a 20 law enforcement officer trained to administer these tests under standards set forth by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training 21 Standards Board. The results of the field sobriety test or 22 tests may be used by the law enforcement officer for the 23 purpose of assisting with the determination of whether to 24 require a chemical test as authorized under Sections 11-501.1 25 and 11-501.2, and the appropriate type of test to request. The 26 27 decision to administer a field sobriety test or tests shall at all times be in the discretion of the law enforcement officer. 28 Any chemical test authorized under Sections 11-501.1 and 29 11-501.2 may be requested by the officer regardless of the 30 31 result of the field sobriety test or tests, if probable cause for an arrest otherwise exists. The result of a field sobriety 32 test or test may be used by the defendant as evidence in any 33 administrative or court proceeding involving a violation of 34 35 Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 and may be used by the State as evidence in any administrative or court proceeding to establish 36

probable cause for a violation of Section 11-501 or in rebuttal
to an assertion that a test conducted pursuant to Section
<u>11-501.1 did not accurately reflect a person's degree of</u>
alcohol concentration in the person's breath or blood at the
time the person was in control of the motor vehicle.

6 <u>For the purposes of this Section, a law enforcement officer</u> 7 <u>of this State who is investigating a person for any offense set</u> 8 <u>forth in Section 11-501 may travel to an adjoining state to</u> 9 <u>which the person has been transported for medical care to</u> 10 <u>complete an investigation and request that the person submit to</u> 11 <u>the test set forth in this Section.</u>

12 (c) A person requested to submit to any test as provided in 13 subsection (b) of this Section shall be warned by the law 14 enforcement officer requesting the test prior to administering 15 the test or tests that a refusal to submit to any test will 16 result in the statutory summary suspension of the person's 17 privilege to operate a motor vehicle as provided in Section 18 6-208.1 of this Code.

19 <u>(d) If a person refuses to perform a field sobriety test or</u> 20 <u>tests requested by a law enforcement officer, the law</u> 21 <u>enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to</u> 22 <u>the Secretary of State on a form prescribed by the Secretary,</u> 23 <u>certifying that the test was requested under subsection (b) and</u> 24 that the person refused to submit to the test.

(e) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law enforcement 25 officer submitted under subsection (d), the Secretary of State 26 27 shall enter the statutory summary suspension for the periods specified in Section 6-208.1, and effective as provided in 28 subsection (i). If the person is a first offender as defined in 29 Section 11-500 of this Code, and is not convicted of a 30 31 violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, then reports received by the Secretary of 32 State under this Section shall, except during the actual time 33 the statutory summary suspension is in effect, be privileged 34 35 information and for use only by the courts, police officers, 36 prosecuting authorities, or the Secretary of State.

- 116 - LRB094 21837 DRH 60265 b

SB3198

1	(f) The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn report
2	under subsection (d) shall serve immediate notice of the
3	statutory summary suspension on the person. The suspension
4	shall be effective on the 46th day following the date the
5	statutory summary suspension was given to the person. Upon
6	receipt of the sworn report from the law enforcement officer,
7	the Secretary of State shall confirm the statutory summary
8	suspension by mailing a notice of the effective date of the
9	suspension to the person and to the court of venue if the
10	person was given a citation at the time of the notice of
11	suspension by the law enforcement officer and the person's
12	driver's license was forwarded to the court. If the sworn
13	report is defective because it does not contain sufficient
14	information or it has been completed in error, the confirmation
15	of the statutory summary suspension must not be mailed to the
16	person or entered to the record; instead, the sworn report must
17	be returned to the issuing agency, identifying any defect.
18	(g) A driver may contest the suspension of his or her
19	driving privileges by requesting an administrative hearing
20	with the Secretary in accordance with Section 2-118 of this
21	Code. The administrative hearing shall be held within 30 days
22	of the request unless the person requests a continuance. The
23	petition for this hearing does not stay or delay the effective
24	date of the impending suspension. The scope of the hearing
25	shall be limited to the issues of:
26	(1) whether the officer had reasonable suspicion based
27	on specific and articulable facts and inferences from those
28	facts to believe that the person was driving or in actual
29	physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public
30	highways of this State while under the influence of
31	alcohol, another drug, or a combination of both, or
32	intoxicating compounds; and
33	(2) whether the person, after being advised by the law
34	enforcement officer that the privilege to operate a motor
35	vehicle would be suspended if the person refused to submit
36	to and complete a field sobriety test or tests, refused to

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1	submit to or complete such test.
2	The hearing may be conducted upon a review of the law
3	enforcement officer's own official reports; however, the
4	person may subpoena the officer. Failure of the officer to
5	answer the subpoena shall be considered grounds for the person
6	to obtain a continuance if, in the opinion of the hearing
7	officer, the continuance is appropriate. At the conclusion of
8	the hearing, the Secretary may rescind, continue or modify the
9	order of suspension. If the Secretary does not rescind the
10	sanction, and the person is a first offender as defined by
11	Section 11-500, upon application being made and good cause
12	shown, the Secretary may issue the person a restricted driving
13	permit effective no sooner than the 31st day following the date
14	on which the statutory summary suspension took effect. The
15	restricted driving permit may be granted to relieve undue
16	hardship by allowing driving for employment, educational, and
17	medical purposes outlined in item (3) of subsection (c) of
18	Section 6-206 of this Code. The provisions of item (3) of
19	subsection (c) of Section 6-206 shall apply.
20	(h) When specific and articulable facts and the inferences
21	from those facts give rise to a rational basis for concluding
22	that the driver of a vehicle is impaired from alcohol, drugs,
23	intoxicating compounds or a combination of them to the extent
24	that the continued operation of the vehicle by the driver would
25	constitute a clear and present danger to any person, the law
26	enforcement officer may secure the driver's vehicle for up to
27	24 hours. For the purpose of this subsection, "secure" means

that the officer may: (i) direct the driver not to operate the 29 vehicle; (ii) take possession of the driver's vehicle keys, (iii) impound the vehicle, or (iv) take other reasonable steps 30 31 to ensure the driver does not operate the vehicle. If the vehicle is impounded, the driver shall be liable for all costs 32 33 of impoundment. The law enforcement officer may release the vehicle to a person other than the driver if: (i) that other 34 35 person is the owner or renter of the vehicle or the driver is owner of the vehicle and gives permission to the other person 36

1 <u>to operate the vehicle and (ii) the other person possesses a</u> 2 <u>valid operator's license and would not, as determined by the</u> 3 <u>law enforcement officer, either have a lack of ability to</u> 4 <u>operate the vehicle in a safe manner or be operating the</u> 5 <u>vehicle in violation of this Code.</u>

6 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
7 changing Section 5-6-1 as follows:

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(730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1)

Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional 9 10 Discharge and Disposition of Supervision. The General Assembly finds that in order to protect the public, the criminal justice 11 system must compel compliance with the conditions of probation 12 by responding to violations with swift, certain and fair 13 14 punishments and intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each 15 circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate sanctions for violations of the terms and conditions of a 16 17 sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of 18 supervision.

19 (a) Except where specifically prohibited by other 20 provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of 21 probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless, 22 having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense, 23 and to the history, character and condition of the offender, 24 the court is of the opinion that:

(1) his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is
 necessary for the protection of the public; or

(2) probation or conditional discharge would deprecate
the seriousness of the offender's conduct and would be
inconsistent with the ends of justice; or

30 (3) a combination of imprisonment with concurrent or
31 consecutive probation when an offender has been admitted
32 into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug
33 Court Treatment Act is necessary for the protection of the
34 public and for the rehabilitation of the offender.

1 The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of 2 probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the 3 probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of 4 intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the 5 circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the 6 sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, 7 subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.

8 (b) The court may impose a sentence of conditional 9 discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that 10 neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic imprisonment 11 nor of probation supervision is appropriate.

(b-1) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the defendant within the past 12 months has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

19 (c) The court may, upon a plea of guilty or a stipulation 20 by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of guilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition 21 22 of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the 23 defendant, if the defendant is not charged with: (i) a Class A 24 misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961: Sections 11-9.1; 12-3.2; 12-15; 26-5; 25 26 31-1; 31-6; 31-7; subsections (b) and (c) of Section 21-1; 27 paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and (11) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1; (ii) a Class A misdemeanor violation of 28 29 Section 3.01, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals 30 Act; or (iii) felony. If the defendant is not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in 31 this 32 subsection, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the offense, and the history, 33 character and condition of the offender, if the court is of the 34 35 opinion that:

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(1) the offender is not likely to commit further

1 crimes;

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(2) the defendant and the public would be best served if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and

(3) in the best interests of justice an order of supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise permitted under this Code.

7 (d) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
8 defendant charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois
9 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when
10 the defendant has previously been:

(1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or

15 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 16 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision 17 of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of 18 another state; or

(3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state, and the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

(e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
defendant charged with violating Section 16A-3 of the Criminal
Code of 1961 if said defendant has within the last 5 years
been:

32 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 16A-3 of the33 Criminal Code of 1961; or

34 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
 35 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or similar provision of
 an out-of-state jurisdiction.

1 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 2 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 3 Section.

4 (f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
5 defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112,
6 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, or
7 Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar
8 provision of a local ordinance <u>or out-of-state jurisdiction</u>.

9 (g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this 10 Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 11 defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, 12 or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision 13 of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5 14 years been:

(1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708,
3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar
provision of a local ordinance <u>or out-of-state</u>
<u>jurisdiction</u>; or

(2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle
Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance <u>or</u>
<u>out-of-state jurisdiction</u>.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

(h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a
serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the
Illinois Vehicle Code:

30 (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, 31 penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and 32 successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by 33 the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief 34 Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for 35 payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused 36 fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or

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before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision; or

(2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced under the provisions of paragraph (c) on or after January
1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

(i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has been assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance <u>or out-of-state jurisdiction</u>.

16 (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 17 defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or 18 19 out-of-state jurisdiction when the revocation or suspension 20 was for a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to violation of Section 11-501 21 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of 22 23 Section 11-501.1 or to a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation 24 of <del>or</del> paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle 25 Code, or a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 26 27 1961 if the defendant has within the last 10 years been:

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ordinance <u>or out-of-state jurisdiction</u>; or (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision

Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local

(1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of the

of a local ordinance <u>or out-of-state jurisdiction</u>.

34 (k) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
35 defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois
36 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance that

1 governs the movement of vehicles if, within the 12 months 2 preceding the date of the defendant's arrest, the defendant has 3 been assigned court supervision on 2 occasions for a violation 4 that governs the movement of vehicles under the Illinois 5 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

6 (1) A defendant charged with violating any provision of the 7 Illinois Vehicle Code who, after a court appearance in the same matter, receives a disposition of supervision under subsection 8 9 (c) shall pay an additional fee of \$20, to be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. 10 11 In addition to the \$20 fee, the person shall also pay a fee of 12 \$5, which, if not waived by the court, shall be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. 13 The \$20 fee shall be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c 14 15 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. If the \$5 fee is collected, \$4.50 16 of the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk 17 Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into 18 19 the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the 20 State treasury.

21 (Source: P.A. 93-388, eff. 7-25-03; 93-1014, eff. 1-1-05; 22 94-169, eff. 1-1-06; 94-330, eff. 1-1-06; 94-375, eff. 1-1-06; 23 94-1009, eff. 1-1-07.)

Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.

31 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect July 1, 32 2007.