SB0072 Enrolled

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AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by 5 changing Section 5-401.5 as follows:

6 (705 ILCS 405/5-401.5)

7 (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a8 delayed effective date)

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Sec. 5-401.5. When statements by minor may be used.

10 (a) In this Section, "custodial interrogation" means any 11 interrogation (i) during which a reasonable person in the 12 subject's position would consider himself or herself to be in 13 custody and (ii) during which a question is asked that is 14 reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response.

In this Section, "electronic recording" includes motion picture, audiotape, videotape, or digital recording.

In this Section, "place of detention" means a building or a police station that is a place of operation for a municipal police department or county sheriff department or other law enforcement agency at which persons are or may be held in detention in connection with criminal charges against those persons or allegations that those persons are delinquent minors.

(b) An oral, written, or sign language statement of a minor 24 25 who, at the time of the commission of the offense was under the 26 age of 17 years, made as a result of a custodial interrogation conducted at a police station or other place of detention on or 27 28 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 29 General Assembly shall be presumed to be inadmissible as 30 evidence against the minor in any criminal proceeding or juvenile court proceeding, for an act that if committed by an 31 32 adult would be brought under Section 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1,

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9-3, 9-3.2, or 9-3.3, of the Criminal Code of 1961 or under clause (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code unless:

4 (1) an electronic recording is made of the custodial 5 interrogation; and

6 7 (2) the recording is substantially accurate and not intentionally altered.

8 (c) Every electronic recording required under this Section 9 must be preserved until such time as the minor's adjudication 10 for any offense relating to the statement is final and all 11 direct and habeas corpus appeals are exhausted, or the 12 prosecution of such offenses is barred by law.

(d) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, 13 that the minor was subjected to a custodial interrogation in 14 violation of this Section, then any statements made by the 15 16 minor during or following that non-recorded custodial 17 interrogation, even if otherwise in compliance with this Section, are presumed to be inadmissible in any criminal 18 19 proceeding or juvenile court proceeding against the minor 20 except for the purposes of impeachment.

(e) Nothing in this Section precludes the admission (i) of 21 a statement made by the minor in open court in any criminal 22 23 proceeding or juvenile court proceeding, before a grand jury, or at a preliminary hearing, (ii) of a statement made during a 24 custodial interrogation that was not recorded as required by 25 26 this Section because electronic recording was not feasible, 27 (iii) of a voluntary statement, whether or not the result of a 28 custodial interrogation, that has a bearing on the credibility 29 of the accused as a witness, (iv) of a spontaneous statement 30 that is not made in response to a question, (v) of a statement 31 made after questioning that is routinely asked during the 32 processing of the arrest of the suspect, (vi) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation by a suspect who 33 requests, prior to making the statement, to respond to the 34 35 interrogator's questions only if an electronic recording is not made of the statement, provided that an electronic recording is 36

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the statement of agreeing to respond to 1 of made the 2 interrogator's question, only if a recording is not made of the 3 statement, (vii) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that is conducted out-of-state, (viii) of a 4 5 statement given at a time when the interrogators are unaware 6 that a death has in fact occurred, or (ix) of any other statement that may be admissible under law. The State shall 7 bear the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, 8 9 that one of the exceptions described in this subsection (e) is 10 applicable. Nothing in this Section precludes the admission of 11 a statement, otherwise inadmissible under this Section, that is 12 used only for impeachment and not as substantive evidence.

(f) The presumption of inadmissibility of a statement made 13 by a suspect at a custodial interrogation at a police station 14 or other place of detention may be overcome by a preponderance 15 16 of the evidence that the statement was voluntarily given and is 17 reliable, based on the totality of the circumstances.

(g) Any electronic recording of any statement made by a 18 19 minor during a custodial interrogation that is compiled by any 20 law enforcement agency as required by this Section for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Section shall 21 be confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying, 22 23 as provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act, and the information shall not be transmitted to anyone except 24 25 as needed to comply with this Section.

(Source: P.A. 93-206, eff. 7-18-05; 93-517, eff. 8-6-05.) 26

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Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is amended by changing Section 103-2.1 as follows: 28

29 (725 ILCS 5/103-2.1)

30 (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a delayed effective date) 31

32 Sec. 103-2.1. When statements by accused may be used.

(a) In this Section, "custodial interrogation" means any 33 34 interrogation during which (i) a reasonable person in the SB0072 Enrolled - 4 - LRB094 05111 RLC 35151 b

1 subject's position would consider himself or herself to be in 2 custody and (ii) during which a question is asked that is 3 reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response.

In this Section, "place of detention" means a building or a police station that is a place of operation for a municipal police department or county sheriff department or other law enforcement agency, not a courthouse, that is owned or operated by a law enforcement agency at which persons are or may be held in detention in connection with criminal charges against those persons.

In this Section, "electronic recording" includes motion picture, audiotape, or videotape, or digital recording.

(b) An oral, written, or sign language statement of an 13 accused made as a result of a custodial interrogation at a 14 police station or other place of detention shall be presumed to 15 16 be inadmissible as evidence against the accused in any criminal 17 proceeding brought under Section 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1, 9-3, 9-3.2, or 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or under clause 18 (d) (1) (F) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code 19 20 unless:

(1) an electronic recording is made of the custodialinterrogation; and

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(2) the recording is substantially accurate and not intentionally altered.

(c) Every electronic recording required under this Section must be preserved until such time as the defendant's conviction for any offense relating to the statement is final and all direct and habeas corpus appeals are exhausted, or the prosecution of such offenses is barred by law.

30 (d) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, 31 that the defendant was subjected to a custodial interrogation 32 in violation of this Section, then any statements made by the 33 defendant during or following that non-recorded custodial 34 interrogation, even if otherwise in compliance with this 35 Section, are presumed to be inadmissible in any criminal 36 proceeding against the defendant except for the purposes of SB0072 Enrolled

1 impeachment.

2 (e) Nothing in this Section precludes the admission (i) of 3 a statement made by the accused in open court at his or her trial, before a grand jury, or at a preliminary hearing, (ii) 4 5 of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that was 6 not recorded as required by this Section, because electronic recording was not feasible, (iii) of a voluntary statement, 7 8 whether or not the result of a custodial interrogation, that 9 has a bearing on the credibility of the accused as a witness, 10 (iv) of a spontaneous statement that is not made in response to 11 a question, (v) of a statement made after questioning that is routinely asked during the processing of the arrest of the 12 13 a statement made suspect, (vi) of during a custodial interrogation by a suspect who requests, prior to making the 14 15 statement, to respond to the interrogator's questions only if 16 an electronic recording is not made of the statement, provided 17 that an electronic recording is made of the statement of agreeing to respond to the interrogator's question, only if a 18 19 recording is not made of the statement, (vii) of a statement 20 made during a custodial interrogation that is conducted out-of-state, (viii) of a statement given at a time when the 21 interrogators are unaware that a death has in fact occurred, or 22 23 (ix) of any other statement that may be admissible under law. The State shall bear the burden of proving, by a preponderance 24 25 of the evidence, that one of the exceptions described in this 26 subsection (e) is applicable. Nothing in this Section precludes 27 the admission of a statement, otherwise inadmissible under this 28 Section, that is used only for impeachment and not as 29 substantive evidence.

(f) The presumption of inadmissibility of a statement made by a suspect at a custodial interrogation at a police station or other place of detention may be overcome by a preponderance of the evidence that the statement was voluntarily given and is reliable, based on the totality of the circumstances.

35 (g) Any electronic recording of any statement made by an 36 accused during a custodial interrogation that is compiled by SB0072 Enrolled - 6 - LRB094 05111 RLC 35151 b

any law enforcement agency as required by this Section for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Section shall be confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying, as provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act, and the information shall not be transmitted to anyone except as needed to comply with this Section.

7 (Source: P.A. 93-206, eff. 7-18-05; 93-517, eff. 8-6-05.)

8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 9 becoming law.