1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly: 3

- Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by 4 5 changing Section 5-401.5 as follows:
- (705 ILCS 405/5-401.5) 6

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- (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a 7 8 delayed effective date)
- Sec. 5-401.5. When statements by minor may be used. 9
- (a) In this Section, "custodial interrogation" means any 10 interrogation (i) during which a reasonable person in the 11 subject's position would consider himself or herself to be in 12 custody and (ii) during which a question is asked that is 13 14 reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response.
- 15 In this Section, "electronic recording" includes motion picture, audiotape, videotape, or digital recording. 16
 - In this Section, "place of detention" means a building or a police station that is a place of operation for a municipal police department or county sheriff department or other law enforcement agency at which persons are or may be held in detention in connection with criminal charges against those persons or allegations that those persons are delinquent minors.
- (b) An oral, written, or sign language statement of a minor who, at the time of the commission of the offense was under the age of 17 years, made as a result of a custodial interrogation conducted at a police station or other place of detention on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 29 General Assembly shall be presumed to be inadmissible as evidence against the minor in any criminal proceeding or juvenile court proceeding, for an act that if committed by an adult would be brought under Section 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1,

- 1 9-3, 9-3.2, or 9-3.3, of the Criminal Code of 1961 <u>or under</u>
- 2 clause (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code
- 3 unless:

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- 4 (1) an electronic recording is made of the custodial interrogation; and
- 6 (2) the recording is substantially accurate and not intentionally altered.
 - (c) Every electronic recording required under this Section must be preserved until such time as the minor's adjudication for any offense relating to the statement is final and all direct and habeas corpus appeals are exhausted, or the prosecution of such offenses is barred by law.
 - (d) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the minor was subjected to a custodial interrogation in violation of this Section, then any statements made by the minor during or following that non-recorded custodial interrogation, even if otherwise in compliance with this Section, are presumed to be inadmissible in any criminal proceeding or juvenile court proceeding against the minor except for the purposes of impeachment.
 - (e) Nothing in this Section precludes the admission (i) of a statement made by the minor in open court in any criminal proceeding or juvenile court proceeding, before a grand jury, or at a preliminary hearing, (ii) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that was not recorded as required by this Section because electronic recording was not feasible, (iii) of a voluntary statement, whether or not the result of a custodial interrogation, that has a bearing on the credibility of the accused as a witness, (iv) of a spontaneous statement that is not made in response to a question, (v) of a statement made after questioning that is routinely asked during the processing of the arrest of the suspect, (vi) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation by a suspect who requests, prior to making the statement, to respond to the interrogator's questions only if an electronic recording is not made of the statement, provided that an electronic recording is

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the statement of agreeing to respond to of interrogator's question, only if a recording is not made of the statement, (vii) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that is conducted out-of-state, (viii) of a statement given at a time when the interrogators are unaware that a death has in fact occurred, or (ix) of any other statement that may be admissible under law. The State shall bear the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that one of the exceptions described in this subsection (e) is applicable. Nothing in this Section precludes the admission of a statement, otherwise inadmissible under this Section, that is used only for impeachment and not as substantive evidence.

- (f) The presumption of inadmissibility of a statement made by a suspect at a custodial interrogation at a police station or other place of detention may be overcome by a preponderance of the evidence that the statement was voluntarily given and is reliable, based on the totality of the circumstances.
- (g) Any electronic recording of any statement made by a minor during a custodial interrogation that is compiled by any law enforcement agency as required by this Section for the purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Section shall be confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying, 23 as provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act, and the information shall not be transmitted to anyone except 25 as needed to comply with this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 93-206, eff. 7-18-05; 93-517, eff. 8-6-05.) 26
- Section 10. The Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 is 27 amended by changing Section 103-2.1 as follows: 28
- 29 (725 ILCS 5/103-2.1)
- 30 (This Section may contain text from a Public Act with a delayed effective date) 31
- 32 Sec. 103-2.1. When statements by accused may be used.
- (a) In this Section, "custodial interrogation" means any 33 34 interrogation during which (i) a reasonable person in the

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1 subject's position would consider himself or herself to be in 2 custody and (ii) during which a question is asked that is reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response. 3

In this Section, "place of detention" means a building or a police station that is a place of operation for a municipal police department or county sheriff department or other law enforcement agency, not a courthouse, that is owned or operated by a law enforcement agency at which persons are or may be held in detention in connection with criminal charges against those persons.

In this Section, "electronic recording" includes motion 12 picture, audiotape, or videotape, or digital recording.

- (b) An oral, written, or sign language statement of an accused made as a result of a custodial interrogation at a police station or other place of detention shall be presumed to be inadmissible as evidence against the accused in any criminal proceeding brought under Section 9-1, 9-1.2, 9-2, 9-2.1, 9-3, 9-3.2, or 9-3.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or under clause (d)(1)(F) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code unless:
- (1) an electronic recording is made of the custodial 21 interrogation; and 22
 - (2) the recording is substantially accurate and not intentionally altered.
 - (c) Every electronic recording required under this Section must be preserved until such time as the defendant's conviction for any offense relating to the statement is final and all direct and habeas corpus appeals are exhausted, or the prosecution of such offenses is barred by law.
 - (d) If the court finds, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the defendant was subjected to a custodial interrogation in violation of this Section, then any statements made by the defendant during or following that non-recorded custodial interrogation, even if otherwise in compliance with this Section, are presumed to be inadmissible in any criminal proceeding against the defendant except for the purposes of

impeachment.

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- (e) Nothing in this Section precludes the admission (i) of a statement made by the accused in open court at his or her trial, before a grand jury, or at a preliminary hearing, (ii) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that was not recorded as required by this Section, because electronic recording was not feasible, (iii) of a voluntary statement, whether or not the result of a custodial interrogation, that has a bearing on the credibility of the accused as a witness, (iv) of a spontaneous statement that is not made in response to a question, (v) of a statement made after questioning that is routinely asked during the processing of the arrest of the a statement made suspect, (vi) of during a custodial interrogation by a suspect who requests, prior to making the statement, to respond to the interrogator's questions only if an electronic recording is not made of the statement, provided that an electronic recording is made of the statement of agreeing to respond to the interrogator's question, only if a recording is not made of the statement, (vii) of a statement made during a custodial interrogation that is conducted out-of-state, (viii) of a statement given at a time when the interrogators are unaware that a death has in fact occurred, or (ix) of any other statement that may be admissible under law. The State shall bear the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that one of the exceptions described in this subsection (e) is applicable. Nothing in this Section precludes the admission of a statement, otherwise inadmissible under this Section, that is used only for impeachment and not as substantive evidence.
- (f) The presumption of inadmissibility of a statement made by a suspect at a custodial interrogation at a police station or other place of detention may be overcome by a preponderance of the evidence that the statement was voluntarily given and is reliable, based on the totality of the circumstances.
- (g) Any electronic recording of any statement made by an accused during a custodial interrogation that is compiled by

- 1 any law enforcement agency as required by this Section for the
- 2 purposes of fulfilling the requirements of this Section shall
- 3 be confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying,
- 4 as provided under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information Act,
- 5 and the information shall not be transmitted to anyone except
- 6 as needed to comply with this Section.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 93-206, eff. 7-18-05; 93-517, eff. 8-6-05.)
- 8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 9 becoming law.