1 AN ACT concerning civil liabilities.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Crime Victims Compensation Act is amended by
- 5 changing Section 2 as follows:

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- 6 (740 ILCS 45/2) (from Ch. 70, par. 72)
- Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 9 (a) "Applicant" means any person who applies for compensation under this Act or any person the Court of Claims finds is entitled to compensation, including the guardian of a minor or of a person under legal disability. It includes any person who was a dependent of a deceased victim of a crime of violence for his or her support at the time of the death of that victim.
- (b) "Court of Claims" means the Court of Claims created by the Court of Claims Act.
- (c) "Crime of violence" means and includes any offense 18 19 defined in Sections 9-1, 9-2, 9-3, 10-1, 10-2, 11-11, 11-19.2, 20 11-20.1, 12-1, 12-2, 12-3, 12-3.2, 12-3.3, 12-4, 12-4.1, 12-4.2, 12-4.3, 12-5, <u>12-7.1</u>, 12-7.3, 12-7.4, 12-13, 12-14, 21 12-14.1, 12-15, 12-16, 12-30, 20-1 or 20-1.1 of the Criminal 22 Code of 1961, and driving under the influence of intoxicating 23 liquor or narcotic drugs as defined in Section 11-501 of the 24 Illinois Vehicle Code, if none of the said offenses occurred 25 during a civil riot, insurrection or rebellion. "Crime of 26 violence" does not include any other offense or accident 27 28 involving a motor vehicle except those vehicle offenses 29 specifically provided for in this paragraph. "Crime of 30 violence" does include all of the offenses specifically provided for in this paragraph that occur within this State but 31

are subject to federal jurisdiction and crimes involving

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terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. 2331.

- (d) "Victim" means (1) a person killed or injured in this State as a result of a crime of violence perpetrated or attempted against him or her, (2) the parent of a person child killed or injured in this State as a result of a crime of violence perpetrated or attempted against the person child, (3) a person killed or injured in this State while attempting to assist a person against whom a crime of violence is being perpetrated or attempted, if that attempt of assistance would be expected of a reasonable man under the circumstances, (4) a person killed or injured in this State while assisting a law enforcement official apprehend a person who has perpetrated a crime of violence or prevent the perpetration of any such crime if that assistance was in response to the express request of the law enforcement official, (5) a person who personally witnessed a violent crime, (5.1) solely for the purpose of compensating for pecuniary loss incurred for psychological treatment of a mental or emotional condition caused or aggravated by the crime, any other person under the age of 18 who is the brother, sister, half brother, half sister, child, or stepchild of a person killed or injured in this State as a result of a crime of violence, or (6) an Illinois resident who is a victim of a "crime of violence" as defined in this Act except, if the crime occurred outside this State, the resident has the same rights under this Act as if the crime had occurred in this State upon a showing that the state, territory, country, or political subdivision of a country in which the crime occurred does not have a compensation of victims of crimes law for which that Illinois resident is eligible.
 - (e) "Dependent" means a relative of a deceased victim who was wholly or partially dependent upon the victim's income at the time of his or her death and shall include the child of a victim born after his or her death.
- (f) "Relative" means a spouse, parent, grandparent, stepfather, stepmother, child, grandchild, brother, brother-in-law, sister, sister-in-law, half brother, half

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- sister, spouse's parent, nephew, niece, uncle or aunt.
- (g) "Child" means an unmarried son or daughter who is under 18 years of age and includes a stepchild, an adopted child or a child born out of wedlock.
- "Pecuniary loss" means, in the case of injury, appropriate medical expenses and hospital expenses including expenses of medical examinations, rehabilitation, medically required nursing care expenses, appropriate psychiatric care or psychiatric counseling expenses, expenses for care or counseling by a licensed clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, or licensed clinical professional counselor and expenses for treatment by Christian Science practitioners and nursing care appropriate thereto; transportation expenses to and from medical and treatment facilities; prosthetic appliances, eyeglasses, and hearing aids necessary or damaged as a result of the crime; replacement costs for clothing and bedding used as evidence; costs associated with temporary lodging or relocation necessary as a result of the crime, including, but not limited to, the first month's rent and security deposit of the dwelling that the claimant relocated to and other reasonable relocation expenses incurred as a result of the violent crime; locks or windows necessary or damaged as a result of the crime; the purchase, lease, or rental of equipment necessary to create usability of and accessibility to the victim's real and personal property, or the real and personal property which is used by the victim, necessary as a result of the crime; the costs of appropriate crime scene clean-up; replacement services loss, to a maximum of \$1000 per month; dependents replacement services loss, to a maximum of \$1000 per month; loss of tuition paid to attend grammar school or high school when the victim had been enrolled as a full-time student prior to the injury, or college or graduate school when the victim had been enrolled as a full-time day or night student prior to the injury when the victim becomes unable to continue attendance at school as a result of the crime of violence perpetrated against him or her;

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loss of earnings, loss of future earnings because of disability resulting from the injury, and, in addition, in the case of death, expenses for funeral, burial, and travel and transport for survivors of homicide victims to secure bodies of deceased victims and to transport bodies for burial all of which may not exceed a maximum of \$5,000 and loss of support of the dependents of the victim. Loss of future earnings shall be reduced by any income from substitute work actually performed by the victim or by income he or she would have earned in available appropriate substitute work he or she was capable of performing but unreasonably failed to undertake. Loss of earnings, loss of future earnings and loss of support shall be determined on the basis of the victim's average net monthly earnings for the 6 months immediately preceding the date of the injury or on \$1000 per month, whichever is less. If a divorced or legally separated applicant is claiming loss of support for a minor child of the deceased, the amount of support for each child shall be based either on the amount of support pursuant to the judgment prior to the date of the deceased victim's injury or death, or, if the subject of pending litigation filed by or on behalf of the divorced or legally separated applicant prior to the injury or death, on the result of that litigation. Real and personal property includes, but is not limited to, vehicles, houses, apartments, town houses, or condominiums. Pecuniary loss does not include pain and suffering or property loss or damage.

- (i) "Replacement services loss" means expenses reasonably incurred in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the permanently injured person would have performed, not for income, but for the benefit of himself or herself or his or her family, if he or she had not been permanently injured.
- (j) "Dependents replacement services loss" means loss reasonably incurred by dependents or private legal guardians of minor dependents after a victim's death in obtaining ordinary and necessary services in lieu of those the victim would have

- 1 performed, not for income, but for their benefit, if he or she
- 2 had not been fatally injured.
- 3 (k) "Survivor" means immediate family including a parent,
- 4 step-father, step-mother, child, brother, sister, or spouse.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-229, eff. 1-1-06; 94-399, eff. 1-1-06; 94-400,
- 6 eff. 1-1-06; revised 8-19-05.)