94TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2005 and 2006

HB1577

Introduced 2/15/2005, by Rep. Joseph M. Lyons

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act 35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Creates the Opportunity Scholarship Act and amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides findings and declarations of policy. Establishes the Opportunity Scholarship Program. Provides that under the program the custodian of a qualifying pupil is entitled to a Tutoring Opportunity Scholarship or a School Opportunity Scholarship to pay for qualified education expenses at participating Chicago elementary and secondary schools or tutoring agencies. Requires the principal of each school in the Chicago school district to notify custodians of qualified pupils of the availability of scholarships. Requires custodians to apply to the State Board of Education for a scholarship and provide documentation as to eligibility. Requires the State Board to issue a scholarship to custodians who have made proper application and to honor the scholarship when presented for payment by a school or tutoring agency pursuant to certain procedures. Provides for the dollar amount of a scholarship and provides that the total amount of scholarships paid under the program may not exceed \$15,000,000 in a school year. Provides that the scholarship may be renewed each year through the 12th grade so long as the pupil and custodian remain eligible. Requires pupils receiving scholarships to be assessed in the same manner as Illinois public school students. Provides that the amount received under the program shall not be considered base income for purposes of Illinois' income tax. Requires the State Board to submit a report to the General Assembly by December 31, 2010. Provides criminal penalties for certain violations. Requires the State Board to adopt rules to implement the Act.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

STATE MANDATES ACT MAY REQUIRE REIMBURSEMENT

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AN ACT concerning education.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Opportunity Scholarship Act.

6 Section 5. Findings and declaration of policy. The General
7 Assembly finds and declares the following:

8 (1)By honoring the provision of the Illinois Constitution that a "fundamental goal of the People of the 9 State is the educational development of all persons to the 10 limits of their capacities" 11 and in accepting the responsibilities under the Bill of Rights (Article I) of 12 the Illinois Constitution to protect the personal inherent 13 14 and inalienable rights of all its citizens to due process 15 of law and equal protection of the laws, the educational 16 development of every elementary and secondary school 17 student serves the public purposes of this State.

18 (2) The freedom of custodians to choose for their 19 children schools acceptable to their personal educational convictions is an inherent and inalienable personal right 20 under the Illinois and federal constitutions; the personal 21 rights of custodians to such academic freedom stands on its 22 23 own constitutional merits; and the imposition on families 24 of the compulsory education law imposes grave 25 responsibilities on the General Assembly to safeguard the academic freedom of choice of schools of custodians and 26 27 students.

(3) There is a crisis in the elementary and secondary
education programs in Chicago and elsewhere in Illinois.
Many schools and their pupils are performing significantly
below relevant national standards and are unable to access
functions of federal and State law designed to improve

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1 their performance. Consequently, many pupils are dropping out of school before completing the ordinary course of secondary education or are leaving school without the basic skills and knowledge that will enable them to find and hold 5 a job or otherwise become functioning, productive members of our society. 6

(4) Within Chicago and elsewhere in Illinois there are 7 many public and nonpublic schools and independent 8 9 education services competently and efficiently educating 10 or contributing to the education of children. Most pupils 11 in those schools or receiving those services perform at or relevant national standards, complete their 12 above secondary education, and matriculate to institutions of 13 higher education at an extremely high rate. These services 14 and schools should be accessible to all and should enjoy a 15 16 cooperative relationship with public school districts, 17 schools, and employees of this State.

(5) Custodians of school age children in Chicago and 18 elsewhere in Illinois are frequently unable to enroll their 19 20 children in schools that will provide them a quality education or to access educational programs before or after 21 school. Sometimes this inability is due to laws, rules, or 22 administrative decisions that limit parents' freedom to 23 select schools that they believe can provide their children 24 with a quality education. Sometimes this inability is due 25 the parents' lack of standing to influence the 26 to 27 educational policies and procedures of the schools their 28 children attend or lack of funds to pay for a quality education. 29

30 (6) Adopting a pilot opportunity scholarship program 31 for Chicago, with the potential to expand elsewhere in 32 Illinois, would enable parents to select schools or services they believe will provide a quality education for 33 their children, empower them to influence the educational 34 policies and procedures in the schools their children 35 attend, and provide them with at least a portion of the 36

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1 funds necessary to pay for a quality education. Such a 2 program would help alleviate the crisis in the Chicago 3 school system, assist Chicago children in becoming 4 productive members of society, and test a new approach to 5 education that could be expanded to the rest of the State.

6 (7) The provisions of this Act are in the public 7 interest, for the public benefit, and serve a secular 8 public purpose.

9 Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Base year" means the 2005-2006 school year.

11 "Custodian" means, with respect to a qualifying pupil, a 12 parent or legal guardian:

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(1) who is a resident of the City of Chicago; and

14 (2) whose gross family income does not exceed 300% of
15 the poverty guidelines updated periodically in the Federal
16 Register by the U.S. Department of Health and Human
17 Services.

18 "Qualified education expenses" means costs reasonably 19 incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil for the services of a 20 participating tutoring agency or for services of а participating school in which the qualifying pupil is enrolled 21 22 during the regular school year. Qualified education expenses 23 does not include costs incurred for supplies or extra-curricular activities. 24

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"Qualifying pupil" means an individual who:

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(1) is a resident of the City of Chicago;

(2) is under the age of 21 at the close of the school
year for which a scholarship is sought; and

(3) during the school year for which a scholarship is
sought, is a full-time pupil enrolled in a kindergarten
through 12th grade education program at any school as
defined in this Act.

33 "School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or 34 secondary school in the City of Chicago that elects to 35 participate in the scholarship program established under this

Act and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, or national origin under Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, except that nothing in Section 26-1 shall be construed to require a child to attend any particular public or nonpublic school.

Opportunity Scholarship" 7 "School means а written 8 instrument issued by the State Board of Education directly to 9 the custodian of a qualifying pupil. The instrument shall be for a sum certain to be paid within a designated period of 10 11 time. The custodian may present the instrument only to a participating school as payment for qualified education 12 expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupil. 13

14 "Tutoring agency" means any entity that elects to 15 participate in the scholarship program and is approved by the 16 State Board of Education for providing tutoring to qualifying 17 pupils.

"Tutoring Opportunity Scholarship" 18 means а written 19 instrument with which a custodian of a qualifying pupil may pay 20 participating tutoring agency for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupil. The 21 scholarship shall require the State Board of Education to pay 22 23 the participating tutoring agency a sum certain within a designated time period. 24

25 Section 15. Establishment of program. There is established 26 the Opportunity Scholarship Program. Under the program, after 27 the base year, a custodian of a qualifying pupil shall be 28 entitled to his or her choice of a Tutoring Opportunity 29 Scholarship for payment of qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupil for the services of 30 31 a participating tutoring agency or a School Opportunity Scholarship for payment of qualified education expenses 32 incurred on behalf of the qualifying pupil at any participating 33 school in which the qualifying pupil is enrolled. A qualifying 34 pupil shall be entitled to enroll at and attend any 35

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participating public or nonpublic school of his or her choice.
Each school year, no more than half of new Tutoring or School
Opportunity Scholarships awarded may go to custodians whose
children were previously enrolled in a nonpublic school.

5 Section 20. Notification of scholarships. The principal of 6 each school in City of Chicago School District 299 shall notify 7 custodians of qualifying pupils that scholarships under this 8 Act are available for the next school year. Notification shall 9 occur in January of each school year beginning with the base 10 year.

11 Section 25. Request for scholarship. A custodian who 12 applies in accordance with procedures established by the State Board of Education shall receive the chosen scholarship under 13 14 this Act within the dollar limits set out in this Act. The 15 procedure shall require application for the scholarship, with documentation as to eligibility, between March 1 and May 1 16 17 prior to the school year in which the scholarship is to be 18 used.

19 30. Issuance and payment of scholarship. A Section scholarship may only be issued to a custodian who has made 20 proper application pursuant to Section 25 of this Act. The 21 22 custodian shall present the scholarship to a participating tutoring agency or school of his or her choice as payment for 23 24 qualified education expenses. Upon presentment, the State 25 Board of Education shall honor the scholarship and, as issuer of the instrument, pay the participating tutoring agency or 26 27 school in accordance with procedures established by the State 28 Board of Education. The procedures shall require all of the 29 following:

30 (1) that the applying custodian be notified of the
31 scholarship award by August 1 of the school year in which
32 the scholarship is to be used;

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(2) that the scholarship instrument be issued to the

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1 2 custodian no later than September 15 of the school year in which the scholarship is to be used;

3 (3) that the custodian present the scholarship 4 instrument to the participating tutoring agency or school 5 no later than October 1 of the school year in which the 6 scholarship is to be used;

7 (4) that the participating tutoring agency or school
8 present the scholarship instrument, with proof of service
9 to the custodian of the qualifying pupil, to the State
10 Board of Education no later than October 31 of the school
11 year in which the scholarship is to be used;

12 (5) that the State Board of Education shall honor the 13 scholarship instrument and as issuer pay the participating 14 tutoring agency or school no later than December 31 of the 15 school year in which the scholarship is to be used; and

16 (6) that participating tutoring agencies or schools 17 must not be required to accept scholarships as full payment 18 for services but neither shall they charge scholarship 19 pupils tuition or any other educational expenses at a 20 higher rate than other pupils.

Section 35. Amount of scholarship. A Tutoring Opportunity 21 22 Scholarship for qualified education expenses incurred through participating tutoring agencies during any school year after 23 the base year shall be for the lesser of (i) \$500 or (ii) the 24 25 actual qualified education expenses related to the qualifying 26 pupil's tutoring. A School Opportunity Scholarship for 27 qualified education expenses incurred through participating schools during any school year after the base year shall be for 28 29 the lesser of (i) \$3,500 or (ii) the actual qualified education expenses related to the qualifying pupil's enrollment. 30

31 Section 40. Renewal of scholarship. Tutoring and School 32 Opportunity Scholarships shall be renewable every year through 33 grade 12 so long as the qualifying pupil and custodian continue 34 to remain eligible pursuant to Section 10 of this Act. - 7 - LRB094 09191 LJB 39424 b

Section 45. Assessment. All pupils receiving services obtained through Opportunity Scholarships shall be assessed annually in the same manner as Illinois' public school students. Participating schools shall be responsible for administering the assessments and reporting the results to the State Board of Education.

Section 50. Funding. In no year may the total amount of scholarships paid under the provisions of this Act exceed \$15,000,000. If the amount needed to fund scholarships for all qualifying pupils exceeds \$15,000,000 in any year, the State Board of Education shall determine an equitable way to allocate the \$15,000,000 among the qualifying pupils consistent with the stated purpose and policy of this Act.

14 Section 55. Not base income. The amount of any scholarship 15 redeemed under this Act shall not be considered base income 16 under subsection (a) of Section 203 of the Illinois Income Tax 17 Act and shall not be taxable for Illinois income tax purposes.

18 Section 60. Report and expansion. On or before December 31, 2010, the State Board of Education shall submit a report to the 19 General Assembly reviewing the current status of the program 20 operating under this Act. This report shall include, but not be 21 22 limited to, the numbers of qualifying pupils receiving each 23 Opportunity Scholarship, the names of the schools from which 24 and to which pupils transferred, the financial ramifications of 25 the program, and the results of pupil assessments. If the State 26 Board of Education finds the program both financially and 27 academically beneficial, it shall recommend expansion of the 28 program to the General Assembly no later than December 31, 29 2011. If the General Assembly concurs by law, then any school district outside the City of Chicago may elect to participate 30 in the program subject to the parameters, other than geographic 31 requirements, defined in this Act. 32

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Section 65. Penalties. It shall be a Class 3 felony to use 1 2 or attempt to use a scholarship under this Act for any purpose other than those permitted by this Act. It shall also be a 3 4 Class 3 felony for any person, with intent to defraud, to 5 knowingly forge, alter, or misrepresent information on a scholarship application or on any documents submitted in 6 7 application for a scholarship, to deliver any such document knowing it to have been thus forged, altered, or based on 8 9 misrepresentation, or to possess, with intent to issue or 10 deliver, any such document knowing it to have been thus forged, 11 altered, or based on misrepresentation.

Section 70. Rules. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to implement this Act. The creation of the Opportunity Scholarship Program does not expand the regulatory authority of the State, its officers, or any school district to impose any additional regulation of nonpublic schools beyond those reasonably necessary to enforce the requirements of the program.

Section 900. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Section 203 as follows:

21 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

22 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

23 (a) Individuals.

(1) In general. In the case of an individual, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted
gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph
(2).

(2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
sum of the following amounts:

31 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
 32 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

1 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 2 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 3 stock dividends of qualified public utilities 4 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 5 Code;

6 (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by 7 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 8 the computation of adjusted gross income for the 9 taxable year;

10 (C) An amount equal to the amount received during 11 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 12 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 13 for which a deduction was previously taken under 14 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 15 16 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 17 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 18 the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that 19 20 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 21 which is attributable to such principal residence;

22 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 23 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 24 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 25 computation of adjusted gross income;

(D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 26 27 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 28 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 29 medical care savings account and the interest earned on 30 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 31 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 32 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000; 33

34 (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31,
 35 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs
 36 that the individual deducted in computing adjusted

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gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (D-16) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or 10 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 11 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 12 property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under 13 subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to the 14 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable 15 16 years under subparagraph (Z) with respect to that 17 property.

18 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 19 modification under this subparagraph only once with 20 respect to any one piece of property;

(D-17) For taxable years ending on or after 21 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 22 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 23 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 24 25 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for 26 27 the fact that foreign person's business activity 28 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 29 person's total business activity. The addition 30 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 31 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 32 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 33 34 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 35 36 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in

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gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

11 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 12 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a 13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: 15

> (a) the foreign person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 33 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 34 35 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are 36

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unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) For taxable years ending on or after 14 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 15 16 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 17 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 18 19 foreign person who would be a member of the same 20 unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United 21 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 22 23 activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 24 25 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 26 group for the same taxable year and received by the 27 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 28 business group (including amounts included in gross 29 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 30 Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 31 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 32 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 33 34 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 35 reduction to the addition modification required under 36

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1 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 2 3 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 4 5 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 6 7 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 8 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 9 10 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 11 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 12 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 13 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 14 15 assets. 16 This paragraph shall not apply to the following: 17

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
following:

(a) the foreign person during the same
taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is
not a related member, and

33 (b) the transaction giving rise to the
34 intangible expense or cost between the
35 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as
36 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois

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income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 4 5 accrued, or incurred, directly paid, or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 6 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and 7 convincing evidence, that the adjustments are 8 9 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 10 agree in writing to the application or use of an 11 alternative method of apportionment under Section 12 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment 14 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 15 16 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 17 this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 18 and such regulations provide methods and standards 19 20 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 21

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after 22 23 January 1, 2002, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 24 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 25 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 26 27 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from 28 the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount 29 equal to the amount excluded from gross income under 30 Section 529(c)(3)(B);

31 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 32 following amounts:

33 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 34 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 35 any compensation (including but not limited to any 36 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a - 15 - LRB094 09191 LJB 39424 b

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prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 1 2 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 3 Forces of the United States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 4 5 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a 6 resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training 7 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 8 9 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National 10 Guard. For taxable years ending on or after December 11 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect 12 of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 13 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 14 resident by reason of being a member of any component 15 16 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 17 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 18 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation 19 20 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the Illinois National Guard. The 21 provisions of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 22 Assembly are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 23

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 24 25 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the 26 27 Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as 28 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 29 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 30 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 31 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 32 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 33 34 thereto;

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- (G) The valuation limitation amount;
- (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax

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imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

8 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 9 such total which were paid by a corporation which 10 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 11 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, 12 and conducts substantially all of its operations in an 13 Enterprise Zone or zones;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 14 such total that were paid by a corporation that 15 16 conducts business operations in a federally designated 17 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 18 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 19 20 subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 21 this subparagraph (K); 22

(L) For taxable years ending after December 31,
1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits
and railroad retirement benefits included in such
total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal
Revenue Code;

28 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 29 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 30 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 31 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 32 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 33 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 34 Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for 35 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 36

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Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

5 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State 6 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 7 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 8 United States; provided that, in the case of any 9 10 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 11 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 12 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization; 13

(0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction
used to compute the federal income tax credit for
restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of
right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of
the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such
total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in
the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in
advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as
an indemnity for a terminal illness;

27 (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or
28 State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

29 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted 30 gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 31 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 32 medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care 33 Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 34 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 35 36 as provided in that Act;

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(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

8 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after 9 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of 10 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of 11 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by 12 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance 13 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

(V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after 14 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on 15 16 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the 17 amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 18 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or 19 20 long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 21 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care 22 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code of 1986, has not been deducted on 24 25 the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not exceed the taxable income attributable to that 26 27 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or 28 Subchapter S corporation income; except that no 29 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the 30 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 31 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 32 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The amount of the health insurance and long-term care 33 insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 34 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 35 36 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer

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times a number that represents the fractional percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

(W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 11 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 12 extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 13 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 14 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 15 16 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 17 income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 18 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 19 20 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 21 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 22 23 during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 24 25 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 26 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 27 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 28 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 29 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 30 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 31 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 32 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 33 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 34 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 35 36 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 1

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victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 7 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, 8 9 moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 10 11 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 12 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal not be considered 13 Revenue Code shall monevs contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 14 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 15 16 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a 17 College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 18 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 19 of the 20 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 21 22 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). This 23 subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 24

25 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 26 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 27 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 28 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 29 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 30 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 31 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of
the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was

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taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction; and

> (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(AA) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss
on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the
taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property
for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year
to make an addition modification under subparagraph
(D-15), then an amount equal to that addition
modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

(CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 26 27 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 28 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 29 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 30 modification with respect to such transaction under 31 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 32 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any 33 34 income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 35 36 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that

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is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-14), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification;

(DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken 6 7 into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 8 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 9 10 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 11 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 12 outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 13 addition modification required to be made for the same 14 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for 15 16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible 18 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 19 20 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with a foreign person who would be a 21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 22 23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 24 25 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 26 addition modification required to be made for the same 27 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 28 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 29 30 person.

31 <u>(FF) For taxable years ending on or after December</u> 32 <u>31, 2005, an amount, to the extent that it is included</u> 33 <u>in adjusted gross income, equal to any scholarship</u> 34 <u>redeemed under the Opportunity Scholarship Act. This</u> 35 <u>subparagraph is exempt from the provisions of Section</u> 36 <u>250.</u> 1 (b) Corporations.

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(1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

16 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 17 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 18 19 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal 20 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 21 852(b)(3)(D) of 22 the Internal Revenue Code. attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act 23 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing 24 25 law and is not a new enactment);

26 (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction 27 taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net 28 operating loss carried forward from a taxable year 29 ending prior to December 31, 1986;

30 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 31 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 32 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 33 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 34 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 35 the amount by which addition modifications other than 1

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those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:

(i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 17 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating 18 loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other 19 20 taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph 21 shall be the sum of the amounts 22 (E) computed independently under the preceding provisions of this 23 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year; 24

25 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 26 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 27 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted 28 gross income and for which the corporation claims a 29 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

30 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 31 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% 32 of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 33 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 34 Internal Revenue Code; and 35

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(E-11) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or

1 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 2 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 3 property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under 4 5 subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to the 6 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (T) with respect to that 7 8 property.

9 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 10 modification under this subparagraph only once with 11 respect to any one piece of property;

12 (E-12) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 13 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 14 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, 15 16 directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 17 be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business 18 activity 19 outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 20 person's total business activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be 21 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 22 23 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 24 25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 26 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 27 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 28 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 29 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 30 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 31 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

33 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
34 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
35 person who is subject in a foreign country or
36 state, other than a state which requires mandatory

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unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

3 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
4 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
5 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a
6 preponderance of the evidence, both of the
7 following:

(a) the foreign person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 14 foreign person did not have as a principal 15 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, 16 and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement 17 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate 18 and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

33Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the34Director from making any other adjustment35otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for36any tax year beginning after the effective date of

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this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-13) For taxable years ending on or after 6 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of 7 intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 8 9 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 10 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 11 foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the 12 foreign person's business activity outside the United 13 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 14 activity. The addition modification required by this 15 16 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary 17 group for the same taxable year and received by the 18 19 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 20 business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 21 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 22 23 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 24 25 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 26 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 27 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends to 28 caused а reduction the addition 29 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 30 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 31 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 32 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 33 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 34 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 35 36 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting

transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

9 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 11 indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign 12 person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory 13 unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net 14 income with respect to such item; or 15

16 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 17 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 18 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 19 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 20 following:

(a) the foreign person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign
person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and
convincing evidence, that the adjustments are

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unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

5 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment 6 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 7 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 8 9 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 10 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 11 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 12 under Section 404 of this Act; 13

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 15 following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
for the taxable year;

(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 26 27 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of 28 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 29 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 30 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 31 Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, and all 32 amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the 33 34 Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 35 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 36

832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the
 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the
 provisions of Section 250;

(J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 4 5 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by 6 reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 7 United States; provided that, in the case of any 8 9 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 10 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 11 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 12 of bond premium amortization;

13 (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 14 such total which were paid by a corporation which 15 conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or 16 zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act 17 and conducts substantially all of its operations in an 18 Enterprise Zone or zones;

(L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 19 20 such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated 21 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 22 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 23 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 24 25 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 26 27 this subparagraph (L);

28 For any taxpayer that is а financial (M) 29 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 30 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 31 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 32 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the Enterprise Zone 33 34 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 35 36 Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the

1 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 2 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment credit 3 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 4 5 this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in the Enterprise 6 Zone. The subtraction modification available to 7 taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be 8 9 that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower 10 with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible 11 property as calculated under the previous sentence;

12 (M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 13 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest 14 income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 15 16 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 17 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan 18 or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 19 20 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 21 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 22 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 23 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 24 25 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 26 date that it was placed in service in a federally 27 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 28 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 29 30 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 31 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 32 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 33 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 34 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 35 36 calculated under the previous sentence;

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(N) Two times any contribution made during the taxable year to a designated zone organization to the extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a charitable contribution under subsection (c) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act;

9 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years 10 ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage 11 equal to the percentage allowable under Section 12 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 13 amount by which dividends included in taxable income 14 and received from a corporation that is not created or 15 16 organized under the laws of the United States or any 17 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 18 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 19 20 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 21 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of 22 this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends; 23 plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, 24 25 included in taxable income and received, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 26 27 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed 28 paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal 29 Revenue Code, from any such corporation specified in 30 clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section 31 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as 32 a member of the affiliated group which includes the dividend recipient, exceed 33 the amount of the (G) modification provided under subparagraph 34 of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related 35 36 to such dividends;

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(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

(R) In the case of an attorney-in-fact with respect 9 10 to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has 11 made the election under Section 835 of the Internal 12 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the amounts paid or incurred by that 13 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year 14 to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to 15 16 that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the 17 Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; 18

(S) For taxable years ending on or after December 19 20 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 21 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 22 23 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 24 25 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 26 27 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 28 provisions of Section 250;

(T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
(30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property)
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

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deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction; and

(2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

17 (U) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss 18 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 19 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property 20 for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 21 to make an addition modification under subparagraph 22 (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition 23 modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

27 (V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of 28 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 29 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 30 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 31 modification with respect to such transaction under 32 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 33 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 34 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 35 36 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable

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year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification;

(W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 7 into account for the taxable year (net of the 8 deductions allocable thereto) with respect 9 to 10 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 12 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 13 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 14 addition modification required to be made for the same 15 16 taxable year under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for 17 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and 18

(X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 19 20 property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 21 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 22 23 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 24 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 25 26 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 27 addition modification required to be made for the same year under 28 taxable Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for 29 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 30 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 31 person.

32 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A),
33 "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for
34 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, shall mean
35 the gross investment income for the taxable year.

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(c) Trusts and estates.

(1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

5 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of 6 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph 7 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the 8 following amounts:

9 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 10 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 11 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 12 in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;

26 (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss 27 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 28 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 29 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 30 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than 31 32 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with 33 the following limitations applied in the order that 34 they are listed: 35

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(i) the addition modification relating to the

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net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

20 (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 21 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to 22 Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust 23 or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the 24 Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this 25 Act;

(G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital
gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue
Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the
computation of taxable income;

30 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 31 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 32 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted 33 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a 34 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

35 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an
 36 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30%)

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of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

5 (G-11) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 6 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of 7 property for which the taxpayer was required in any 8 9 taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the 10 11 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that 12 13 property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

17 (G-12) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount 18 19 otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base 20 income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would 21 be a member of the same unitary business group but for 22 23 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 24 addition 25 person's total business activity. The 26 modification required by this subparagraph shall be 27 reduced to the extent that dividends were included in 28 base income of the unitary group for the same taxable 29 year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 30 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 31 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 32 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the 33 34 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 35 36 incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 10 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

(a) the foreign person, during the same 13 taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the 14 interest to a person that is not a related 15 16 member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the 18 foreign person did not have as a principal 19 20 purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement 21 that reflects an arm's-length interest rate 22 23 and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on 24 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 25 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or 26 27 agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and 28 terms and the principal purpose for the payment is 29 not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

30 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 31 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 32 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are 33 unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director 34 agree in writing to the application or use of an 35 alternative method of apportionment under Section 36

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304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

11 (G-13) For taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a 13 deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 14 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 15 16 foreign person who would be a member of the same 17 unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United 18 19 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 20 activity. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 21 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 22 23 group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 24 business group (including amounts included in gross 25 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 26 27 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 28 29 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 30 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 31 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 32 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the 33 addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 34 35 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes: 36 (1)

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1 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 2 3 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses 4 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 6 7 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 8 9 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 10 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 11 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 12 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. This paragraph shall not apply to the following: 13

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

26 (a) the foreign person during the same 27 taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 28 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 29 not a related member, and

30 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 31 intangible expense or cost between the 32 taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as 33 a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 34 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 35 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 36 or - 42 - LRB094 09191 LJB 39424 b

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(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 10 11 Director from making any other adjustment 12 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of 13 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 14 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 15 16 and such regulations provide methods and standards 17 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 18

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 20 following amounts:

(H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 21 total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 22 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as 24 distributions under the provisions of any retirement 25 26 or disability plan for employees of any governmental 27 agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired 28 partners, which payments are excluded in computing net 29 earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the 30 Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant 31 thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

(J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

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(K) An amount equal to all amounts included in

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taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

11 (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 12 under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 13 171(a) (2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 14 as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of 15 16 expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 17 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for 18 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 19 20 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 21 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 22 250; 23

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act
and conducts substantially all of its operations in an
Enterprise Zone or Zones;

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

33 (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in
34 such total that were paid by a corporation that
35 conducts business operations in a federally designated
36 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a

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High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (O);

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

11 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 12 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income 13 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 14 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 15 16 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 17 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for 18 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 19 20 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 21 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 22 23 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, 24 25 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 26 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 27 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 28 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 29 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 30 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 31 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 32 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 33 34 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 35 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 36

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Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

8 (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 9 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 10 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 11 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 12 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 13 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 14 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 15 16 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 17 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 18 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 19 20 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 21 the bonus depreciation deduction; and 22

> (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

32 (S) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss 33 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 34 taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property 35 for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year 36 to make an addition modification under subparagraph 1 2

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(G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 6 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 7 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 8 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 9 10 modification with respect to such transaction under 11 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 12 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 13 income from intangible property (net of the deductions 14 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 15 16 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 17 is required to make an addition modification with transaction 18 respect to such under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 19 20 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification; 21

(U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 22 23 into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect 24 to 25 transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 26 27 the fact the foreign person's business activity 28 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 29 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 30 addition modification required to be made for the same 31 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for 32 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and 33

34 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible
35 property taken into account for the taxable year (net
36 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

1 transactions with a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 2 3 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 4 5 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 6 taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) 7 for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, 8 or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 10 person.

11 (3) Limitation. The amount of any modification otherwise required under this subsection shall, under 12 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by 13 any amounts included therein which were properly paid, 14 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set 15 16 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue 17 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

18 (d) Partnerships.

(1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the
taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income
in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for
the taxable year;

32 (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the 33 partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal 34 Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

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(D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital

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gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (D-6) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or 11 loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 12 the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any 13 taxable year to make an addition modification under 14 subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the 15 16 aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable 17 years under subparagraph (0) with respect to that 18 property.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) For taxable years ending on or after December 22 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount otherwise 23 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 24 25 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who would be a member 26 27 of the same unitary business group but for the fact the 28 foreign person's business activity outside the United 29 States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total 30 business activity. The addition modification required 31 by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent 32 that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by 33 the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 34 business group (including amounts included in gross 35 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 36

Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

12 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign 14 person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a 15 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 16 following:

17(a) the foreign person, during the same18taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the19interest to a person that is not a related20member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
clear and convincing evidence, that the interest
paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or
agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and
terms and the principal purpose for the payment is
not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign
 person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and

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convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

(D-8) For taxable years ending on or after December 15 16 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount of intangible 17 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 18 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a foreign person 19 20 who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's 21 business activity outside the United States is 80% or 22 more of that person's total business activity. The 23 addition modification required by this subparagraph 24 25 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the 26 27 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 28 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant 29 30 to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue 31 Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 32 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 33 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 34 incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not 35 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a 36

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1 reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of this Act. As used in this 2 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" 3 includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 4 5 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, 6 or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 7 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 8 9 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 10 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 11 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 12 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 13 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 14 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 15 16 assets;

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
following:

30(a) the foreign person during the same31taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the32intangible expense or cost to a person that is33not a related member, and

34(b) the transaction giving rise to the35intangible expense or cost between the36taxpayer and the foreign person did not have as

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a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a foreign person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 14 Director from 15 making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 16 17 any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made 18 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 19 20 and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority 21 under Section 404 of this Act; 22

23 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 24 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

29 (G) An amount equal to all amounts included in 30 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 31 (C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this 32 State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes 33 34 of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from 35 36 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 1 2 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

3 Any income of the partnership (H) which constitutes personal service income as defined in 4 5 Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance 6 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 7 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater; 8

9 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income 10 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 11 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act 12 including amounts distributable to organizations 13 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 14 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; 15

16 (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 17 under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 18 19 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 20 1954, as now or hereafter amended, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as 21 deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue 22 23 Code, as now or hereafter amended; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 24 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 25 26 Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this 27 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 28 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total which were paid by a corporation which
conducts business operations in an Enterprise Zone or
zones created under the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act,
enacted by the 82nd General Assembly, and conducts
substantially all of its operations in an Enterprise
Zone or Zones;

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(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

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job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);

(N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;

17 (0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 18 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 19 (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) 20 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 21 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 22 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 23 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 24 25 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 26 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 27 for which the bonus depreciation deduction (30% of 28 the adjusted basis of the qualified property) was 29 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 30 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 31 the bonus depreciation deduction; and

32 (2) "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then
33 divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus

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depreciation deduction (30% of the adjusted basis of the qualified property) taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(P) If the taxpayer reports a capital gain or loss on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year based on a sale or transfer of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

12 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 13 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 14 piece of property;

(Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 15 16 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 17 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 18 modification with respect to such transaction under 19 20 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 21 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 22 23 income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 24 25 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 26 27 respect to such transaction under Section 28 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 29 30 addition modification;

31 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken 32 into account for the taxable year (net of the 33 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 34 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 35 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 36 the fact that the foreign person's business activity

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outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person; and

(S) An amount equal to the income from intangible 7 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 8 9 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 10 transactions with a foreign person who would be a 11 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity 12 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 13 person's total business activity, but not to exceed the 14 addition modification required to be made for the same 15 16 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for 17 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 18 19 person.

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(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

(1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph 21 22 (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section 23 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall 24 25 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 26 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 27 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 28 29 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 30 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from 31 taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 32 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess 33 of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 34 35 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to

1 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in 2 excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 3 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 4 5 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 6 trust, estate is less than zero and addition or modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph 7 (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 8 9 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 10 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an must 11 addition modification be made under those subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the 12 taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is 13 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 14 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 15 16 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal 17 Revenue Code.

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
federal income tax purposes shall mean:

(A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case 21 of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed 22 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 23 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of 24 25 distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 26 27 Internal Revenue Code:

(B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
insurance company taxable income;

32 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of
33 a regulated investment company subject to the tax
34 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code,
35 investment company taxable income;

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(D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a

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real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real estate investment trust taxable income;

(E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 4 5 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 6 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 7 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 8 9 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 10 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 11 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For 12 purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election 13 provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue 14 Code had been in effect for all such years; 15

16 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative 17 corporation or association, the taxable income of such 18 organization determined in accordance with the 19 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 20 Revenue Code;

(G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) 21 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 22 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of 23 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 24 corporation determined in accordance with Section 25 26 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that 27 taxable income shall take into account those items 28 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 29 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) 30 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 31 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the 32 Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in 33 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 34 corporation determined in accordance with the federal 35 36 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

1 (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership, 2 taxable income determined in accordance with Section 3 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable 4 income shall take into account those items which are 5 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated 6 but which would be taken into account by an individual 7 in calculating his taxable income.

(3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of 8 9 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the 10 contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or 11 business has been classified as business income and in a later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then 12 all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later 13 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 14 related to that asset or business that generated the 15 16 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as 17 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 18 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed 19 20 for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 21 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 22 23 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding taxable years. 24

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(f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and
(d) (2) (E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

(B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1,
1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of
capital gain) for all property in respect of which such

gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

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(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

(A) If the fair market value of property referred 7 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 8 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for 9 10 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such 11 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 12 determining gain) for such property on that date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 13 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 14 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 15 16 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 17 such property.

(B) If the fair market value of property referred 18 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 19 20 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is that amount which bears the 21 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the 22 23 property for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 24 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the 25 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 26 27 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 28 period for the property.

(C) The Department shall prescribe such
regulations as may be necessary to carry out the
purposes of this paragraph.

32 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided 33 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item 34 to be deducted more than once. HB1577 - 61 - LRB094 09191 LJB 39424 b

1 (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by 2 this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on 3 the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into 4 account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or 5 taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or in the amount of such items entering into the 6 7 computation of base income and net income under this Act for 8 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of August 1, 1969 or otherwise. 9

10 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-244, eff. 8-3-01; 92-439, 11 eff. 8-17-01; 92-603, eff. 6-28-02; 92-626, eff. 7-11-02; 12 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-846, eff. 8-23-02; 93-812, eff. 13 7-26-04; 93-840, eff. 7-30-04; revised 10-12-04.)