1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 5-4-3 as follows:
- 6 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-3)
- Sec. 5-4-3. Persons convicted of, or found delinquent for, certain offenses or institutionalized as sexually dangerous; specimens; genetic marker groups.
  - (a) Any person convicted of, found guilty under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for, or who received a disposition of court supervision for, a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense, convicted or found guilty of any offense classified as a felony under Illinois law, found guilty or given supervision for any offense classified as a felony under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, or institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person under the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or committed as a sexually violent person under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act shall, regardless of the sentence or disposition imposed, be required to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police in accordance with the provisions of this Section, provided such person is:
    - (1) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense on or after July 1, 1990 and sentenced to a term of imprisonment, periodic imprisonment, fine, probation, conditional discharge or any other form of sentence, or given a disposition of court supervision for the offense;
    - (1.5) found guilty or given supervision under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense on or after January 1,

1 1997;

- (2) ordered institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person on or after July 1, 1990;
- (3) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense before July 1, 1990 and is presently confined as a result of such conviction in any State correctional facility or county jail or is presently serving a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or periodic imprisonment as a result of such conviction;
- (3.5) convicted or found guilty of any offense classified as a felony under Illinois law or found guilty or given supervision for such an offense under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 on or after August 22, 2002;
- (4) presently institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person or presently institutionalized as a person found guilty but mentally ill of a sexual offense or attempt to commit a sexual offense;
- (4.5) ordered committed as a sexually violent person on or after the effective date of the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act; or
- (5) seeking transfer to or residency in Illinois under Sections 3-3-11.05 through 3-3-11.5 of the Unified Code of Corrections and the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender Supervision or the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.

Notwithstanding other provisions of this Section, any person incarcerated in a facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections on or after August 22, 2002 shall be required to submit a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue prior to his or her final discharge or release on parole or mandatory supervised release, as a condition of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release.

Notwithstanding other provisions of this Section, any person sentenced to life imprisonment in a facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th General Assembly or sentenced

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to death after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the

death on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 94th

General Assembly shall be required to provide a specimen of

11 blood, saliva, or tissue upon request at a collection site

designated by the Illinois Department of State Police.

- (a-5) Any person who was otherwise convicted of or received a disposition of court supervision for any other offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or who was found guilty or given supervision for such a violation under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, may, regardless of the sentence imposed, be required by an order of the court to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
- (b) Any person required by paragraphs (a) (1), (a) (1.5), 21 (a) (2), (a) (3.5), and (a-5) to provide specimens of blood, 22 23 saliva, or tissue shall provide specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue within 45 days after sentencing or disposition at a 24 collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State 25 26 Police.
- 27 (c) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(3), (a)(4), and 28 (a) (4.5) to provide specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue shall 29 be required to provide such samples prior to final discharge, 30 parole, or release at a collection site designated by the Illinois Department of State Police. 31
  - (c-5) Any person required by paragraph (a)(5) to provide specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue shall, where feasible, be required to provide the specimens before being accepted for conditioned residency in Illinois under the interstate compact or agreement, but no later than 45 days after arrival in this

1 State.

- (c-6) The Illinois Department of State Police may determine which type of specimen or specimens, blood, saliva, or tissue, is acceptable for submission to the Division of Forensic Services for analysis.
- (d) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of blood samples. The collection of samples shall be performed in a medically approved manner. Only a physician authorized to practice medicine, a registered nurse or other qualified person trained in venipuncture may withdraw blood for the purposes of this Act. The samples shall thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
  - (d-1) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of saliva samples. The collection of saliva samples shall be performed in a medically approved manner. Only a person trained in the instructions promulgated by the Illinois State Police on collecting saliva may collect saliva for the purposes of this Section. The samples shall thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
  - (d-2) The Illinois Department of State Police shall provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the collection of tissue samples. The collection of tissue samples shall be performed in a medically approved manner. Only a person trained in the instructions promulgated by the Illinois State Police on collecting tissue may collect tissue for the purposes of this Section. The samples shall thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
    - (d-5) To the extent that funds are available, the Illinois

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- Department of State Police shall contract with qualified personnel and certified laboratories for the collection,
- 3 analysis, and categorization of known samples.
  - (d-6) Agencies designated by the Illinois Department of State Police and the Illinois Department of State Police may contract with third parties to provide for the collection or analysis of DNA, or both, of an offender's blood, saliva, and tissue samples.
- 9 (e) The genetic marker groupings shall be maintained by the 10 Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic 11 Services.
- 12 (f) The genetic marker grouping analysis information 13 obtained pursuant to this Act shall be confidential and shall be released only to peace officers of the United States, of 14 15 other states or territories, of the insular possessions of the 16 United States, of foreign countries duly authorized to receive 17 the same, to all peace officers of the State of Illinois and to all prosecutorial agencies, and to defense counsel as provided 18 19 by Section 116-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. The 20 genetic marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act shall be used only for (i) valid law enforcement 21 identification purposes and as required by the Federal Bureau 22 23 of Investigation for participation in the National DNA (ii) technology validation purposes, 24 database, (iii) population statistics database, 25 (iv) quality assurance 26 purposes if personally identifying information is removed, (v) 27 assisting in the defense of the criminally accused pursuant to 28 Section 116-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, or 29 (vi) identifying and assisting in the prosecution of a person 30 who is suspected of committing a sexual assault as defined in 31 Section 1a of the Sexual Assault Survivors Emergency Treatment 32 Act. Notwithstanding any other statutory provision to the contrary, all information obtained under this Section shall be 33 maintained in a single State data base, which may be uploaded 34 35 into a national database, and which information may be subject 36 to expungement only as set forth in subsection (f-1).

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- (f-1) Upon receipt of notification of a reversal of a conviction based on actual innocence, or of the granting of a pardon pursuant to Section 12 of Article V of the Illinois Constitution, if that pardon document specifically states that the reason for the pardon is the actual innocence of an individual whose DNA record has been stored in the State or national DNA identification index in accordance with this Section by the Illinois Department of State Police, the DNA record shall be expunged from the DNA identification index, and the Department shall by rule prescribe procedures to ensure that the record and any samples, analyses, or other documents relating to such record, whether in the possession of the Department or any law enforcement or police agency, or any forensic DNA laboratory, including any duplicates or copies thereof, are destroyed and a letter is sent to the court verifying the expungement is completed.
  - (f-5) Any person who intentionally uses genetic marker grouping analysis information, or any other information derived from a DNA sample, beyond the authorized uses as provided under this Section, or any other Illinois law, is guilty of a Class 4 felony, and shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$5,000.
  - (f-6) The Illinois Department of State Police may contract with third parties for the purposes of implementing this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly. Any other party contracting to carry out the functions of this Section shall be subject to the same restrictions and requirements of this Section insofar as applicable, as the Illinois Department of State Police, and to any additional restrictions imposed by the Illinois Department of State Police.
- (g) For the purposes of this Section, "qualifying offense" means any of the following:
- 33 (1) any violation or inchoate violation of Section 34 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-11, 11-18.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the 35 Criminal Code of 1961;
- 36 (1.1) any violation or inchoate violation of Section

- 9-1, 9-2, 10-1, 10-2, 12-11, 12-11.1, 18-1, 18-2, 18-3, 18-4, 19-1, or 19-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 for which persons are convicted on or after July 1, 2001;
  - (2) any former statute of this State which defined a felony sexual offense;
    - (3) (blank);
  - (4) any inchoate violation of Section 9-3.1, 11-9.3, 12-7.3, or 12-7.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961; or
    - (5) any violation or inchoate violation of Article 29D of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (g-5) (Blank).
  - (h) The Illinois Department of State Police shall be the State central repository for all genetic marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act. The Illinois Department of State Police may promulgate rules for the form and manner of the collection of blood, saliva, or tissue samples and other procedures for the operation of this Act. The provisions of the Administrative Review Law shall apply to all actions taken under the rules so promulgated.
    - (i) (1) A person required to provide a blood, saliva, or tissue specimen shall cooperate with the collection of the specimen and any deliberate act by that person intended to impede, delay or stop the collection of the blood, saliva, or tissue specimen is a Class A misdemeanor.
    - (2) In the event that a person's DNA sample is not adequate for any reason, the person shall provide another DNA sample for analysis. Duly authorized law enforcement and corrections personnel may employ reasonable force in cases in which an individual refuses to provide a DNA sample required under this Act.
  - (j) Any person required by subsection (a) to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois Department of State Police for analysis and categorization into genetic marker grouping, in addition to any other disposition, penalty, or fine imposed, shall pay an analysis fee of \$200. If the analysis fee is not paid at the time of sentencing, the

5 incarcerate the person.

- (k) All analysis and categorization fees provided for by subsection (j) shall be regulated as follows:
  - (1) The State Offender DNA Identification System Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State Treasury.
  - (2) All fees shall be collected by the clerk of the court and forwarded to the State Offender DNA Identification System Fund for deposit. The clerk of the circuit court may retain the amount of \$10 from each collected analysis fee to offset administrative costs incurred in carrying out the clerk's responsibilities under this Section.
  - (3) Fees deposited into the State Offender DNA Identification System Fund shall be used by Illinois State Police crime laboratories as designated by the Director of State Police. These funds shall be in addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing laws and shall be designated for the exclusive use of State crime laboratories. These uses may include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - (A) Costs incurred in providing analysis and genetic marker categorization as required by subsection (d).
    - (B) Costs incurred in maintaining genetic marker groupings as required by subsection (e).
    - (C) Costs incurred in the purchase and maintenance of equipment for use in performing analyses.
    - (D) Costs incurred in continuing research and development of new techniques for analysis and genetic marker categorization.
    - (E) Costs incurred in continuing education, training, and professional development of forensic

- scientists regularly employed by these laboratories.
- 2 (1) The failure of a person to provide a specimen, or of
- 3 any person or agency to collect a specimen, within the 45 day
- 4 period shall in no way alter the obligation of the person to
- 5 submit such specimen, or the authority of the Illinois
- 6 Department of State Police or persons designated by the
- 7 Department to collect the specimen, or the authority of the
- 8 Illinois Department of State Police to accept, analyze and
- 9 maintain the specimen or to maintain or upload results of
- 10 genetic marker grouping analysis information into a State or
- 11 national database.
- 12 (m) If any provision of this amendatory Act of the 93rd
- 13 General Assembly is held unconstitutional or otherwise
- 14 invalid, the remainder of this amendatory Act of the 93rd
- 15 General Assembly is not affected.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-40, eff. 6-29-01; 92-571,
- 17 eff. 6-26-02; 92-600, eff. 6-28-02; 92-829, eff. 8-22-02;
- 18 92-854, eff. 12-5-02; 93-216, eff. 1-1-04; 93-605, eff.
- 19 11-19-03; 93-781, eff. 1-1-05.)
- 20 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 21 becoming law.