

SR0576

LRB093 22330 WGH 51479 r

SENATE RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, More than 20 million Americans, about one in nine adults, have a form of chronic kidney disease; of these, more than eight million have seriously reduced kidney functions that, if left untreated, may progress to a more severe level of chronic kidney disease; and

WHEREAS, Chronic kidney disease and the resultant progression of that disease to stage 5 chronic kidney disease, known as End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD), affect over 300,000 Americans, of whom over 12,800 are Illinoisans; and

WHEREAS, People over the age of 50 and those who have a family history of kidney disease or have been diagnosed with diabetes or hypertension are more likely to develop chronic kidney disease; and

WHEREAS, Certain populations are disproportionately impacted; African Americans make up 15.5% of the general population of Illinois but account for 42.1% of Illinoisans with stage 5 chronic kidney disease or End Stage Renal Disease; and

WHEREAS, Stage 5 chronic kidney disease or End Stage Renal Disease is three times more likely to occur in Hispanics and Native Americans and two times more likely in Asian Americans than in Caucasians; and

WHEREAS, 95% of all stage 5 chronic kidney disease patients are either Medicare beneficiaries through a unique federal program or Medicaid beneficiaries representing a significant cost to the State, and, according to the United States Renal Data Service, these yearly expenditures amount to about \$60,000 per Illinoisan and are growing each year; and

- 1 WHEREAS, The combined financial impact of this devastating
- disease on Illinois' health care system is over \$768 million
- 3 annually; and
- 4 WHEREAS, The two contributing factors accounting for more
- 5 than 60% of new cases of chronic kidney disease are diabetes
- 6 and hypertension; and
- WHEREAS, Chronic kidney disease may lead to cardiovascular
- 8 complications, bone disease, and irreversible kidney failure;
- 9 and
- 10 WHEREAS, A person may exhibit no symptoms of chronic kidney
- disease until 75% or more of kidney function is lost and this
- devastating disease can be prevented through early screening
- and proper education; and
- 14 WHEREAS, Simple, cost-effective means are available to
- 15 identify and diagnose chronic kidney disease and associated
- 16 life-threatening complications; and
- 17 WHEREAS, Cost-effective means can determine levels of
- 18 kidney function and provide information for clinicians about
- 19 therapeutic interventions that may preserve kidney function,
- 20 sustain life, and delay progression to stage 5 chronic kidney
- 21 disease or renal transplantation, or both; and
- 22 WHEREAS, Evidence-based clinical guidelines have been
- 23 developed by scientists and renal experts and published in
- 24 peer-reviewed journals; therefore, be it
- 25 RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE OF THE NINETY-THIRD GENERAL
- 26 ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that we request the Illinois
- 27 Department of Public Aid to institute a program by which
- 28 individuals who have been diagnosed with diabetes or
- 29 hypertension or who have a family history of kidney disease and

- 1 receive a diagnosis of kidney disease shall be classified as
- 2 chronic kidney disease patients; and be it further
- RESOLVED, That these patients shall be evaluated for kidney disease through routine clinical laboratory assessments of kidney function and that the diagnostic criteria that define chronic kidney disease shall be any generally-recognized clinical practice guidelines that identify chronic kidney disease based on the presence of kidney damage and the level of kidney function; and be it further
- 10 RESOLVED, That chronic kidney patients shall receive coverage for diagnostic testing and healthcare services that 11 have been certified by the patient's physician as having 12 13 clinical benefit for: (1) managing risk factors that prolong 14 kidney function or delay progression to kidney replacement 15 therapy; (2) managing risk factors for bone disease and cardiovascular disease associated with chronic kidney disease; 16 17 (3) improving nutritional status of chronic kidney disease patients; and (4) correcting anemia associated with chronic 18 kidney disease; and be it further 19
- 20 RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be delivered to 21 the Director of the Illinois Department of Public Aid.