93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2003 and 2004

Introduced 2/6/2004, by John O. Jones

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act			
430 ILCS 65/13.1	from Ch.	38, par.	83-13.1
720 ILCS 5/24-2	from Ch.	38, par.	24-2

Creates the Family and Personal Protection Act. Establishes statewide uniform standards for the issuance of permits to carry concealed firearms in this State. Vests in the Department of State Police, the authority to issue concealed firearms permits to qualified applicants. Requires an applicant to complete a training course in handgun use, safety, and marksmanship. Also requires instruction in the law relating to firearm use. Requires an applicant to be at least 21 years of age. Prohibits an applicant who has been convicted of a felony or has a history of mental illness, addiction, or habitual alcohol use from obtaining a permit. Creates the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund administered by the Department. The moneys in the Fund shall be used to administer the Act. Establishes restrictions on carrying concealed firearms. Establishes standards for the training course and for certifying instructors. Amends the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Provides that the Family and Personal Protection Act supersedes an ordinance of a unit of local government inconsistent with that Act. Prohibits a home rule unit from regulating the issuance of permits to carry concealed firearms. Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Exempts from an unlawful use of weapons and aggravated unlawful use of weapons violation, persons who carry or possess firearms in accordance with the Family and Personal Protection Act. Effective immediately.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY HOME RULE NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT in relation to firearms.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
Family and Personal Protection Act.

Section 5. Legislative declaration. The General Assembly 6 7 finds that as a matter of public policy it is necessary to provide statewide uniform standards for issuing permits to 8 carry concealed firearms and that no person who does not 9 qualify under the provisions of this Act receives a permit to 10 carry concealed firearms. The General Assembly recognizes that 11 it already regulates the use and possession of concealed 12 firearms under Sections 24-1 and 24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 13 14 1961 and that the regulation of concealed firearms is an 15 exclusive Statewide function. The General Assembly does not delegate to the Department of State Police the authority to 16 17 regulate or restrict the issuing of concealed firearms permits 18 provided for in this Act beyond those provisions contained in 19 this Act.

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Section 10. Definitions. As used in this Act:

"Concealed firearm" means a handgun carried on or about a person completely or mostly concealed from view of the public, or carried in a vehicle in such a way as it is concealed from view of the public.

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"Department" means the Department of State Police.

26 "Director" means the Director of State Police.

27 "Fund" means the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust28 Fund.

29 "Handgun" has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection (h)30 of Section 24-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

31 "Permit" means a permit to carry a concealed firearm issued

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1 by the Department of State Police.

2 "Permittee" means a person who is issued a permit to carry
3 a concealed firearm by the Department of State Police.

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Section 15. Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund.

5 (a) There is created the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund. The Fund shall be maintained apart from the State 6 7 Treasury and shall be administered by the Department. Money 8 from federal and State sources may be deposited into the Fund. 9 Fees from applications for new, renewal, corrected and 10 duplicate concealed firearms permits shall be deposited into 11 the Fund. The Department may invest the monies in the Fund, and any income on these investments shall be reinvested in the 12 Fund. 13

(b) The Department shall use the moneys in the Fundexclusively for the administration of this Act.

Section 20. Permit for concealed firearms. The Department 16 17 of State Police is authorized to issue permits to carry 18 concealed firearms to persons qualified as provided in this Act. Permits to carry a concealed firearms shall be valid 19 throughout the State for a period of 3 years from the date of 20 21 issuance. Any person in compliance with the terms of the permit may carry concealed firearms on or about his or her person. The 22 23 permittee shall carry the permit at all times the permittee is 24 carrying a concealed firearm and shall display the permit upon 25 the request of a law enforcement officer. The permit is valid 26 throughout the State.

27 Section 25. Application for permit and qualifications of28 applicants.

(a) An applicant for a permit shall obtain the application from the Department of State Police. If the applicant resides in a county of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants (or if the applicant resides in a county of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants but not within any municipality), the application for a permit

or renewal of a permit to carry a concealed firearm shall be submitted to the office of the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides. The completed application and all accompanying material plus an application fee of \$100 for a new permit or \$75 for a renewal shall be presented to the office of the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides.

7 The sheriff shall transmit the application, accompanying 8 material and any objections to the application, and application 9 fees to the Department of State Police along with the completed 10 application within 10 working days. Twenty dollars of the 11 application fee shall be retained by the office of the sheriff 12 for official expenses of the office.

13 The sheriff may submit specific and articulable reasons to 14 the Department in objection to an application for a concealed 15 firearms permit. He or she shall articulate the recommendation 16 for denial in a written report and transmit that report to the Department of State Police along with the completed application 17 within 10 working days. The Department of State Police shall 18 19 maintain the report which shall be available to the applicant 20 for a concealed firearms permit.

(a-5) If the applicant resides in a county of 3,000,000 or 21 22 more inhabitants and within a municipality, the application for 23 a permit or renewal of a permit to carry a concealed firearm 24 shall be submitted to the municipal police department and the duties imposed upon the county sheriff under subsection (a) 25 26 shall be imposed upon the municipal police chief of the 27 municipality in which the applicant resides. The municipal 28 police department shall retain \$20 of the application fee for 29 official expenses of the department.

30 (b) The Department of State Police, upon a person's 31 application for a concealed firearms permit, upon receipt of 32 the appropriate fees, and after compliance with the procedures 33 set out in this Section, shall issue the applicant a concealed 34 firearms permit if the person:

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(i) Is at least 21 years of age;

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(ii) Resides within the State of Illinois and has been

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a resident for the last 6 months and is a permanent
 resident of the United States;

3 (iii) Has not been convicted of a crime punishable by 4 imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, or of a 5 misdemeanor evidencing violence, is not free on any form of 6 bond or pretrial release, and has no outstanding warrants 7 for those crimes;

(iv) Has no record of mental disease or mental illness on file with the Department of State Police that would evidence incapacity, or lack of proper mental capacity;

11 (v) Has not been committed to a state or federal 12 facility for the abuse of a controlled substance or cannabis or has not been convicted of a misdemeanor 13 violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or 14 Cannabis Control Act or similar laws of any other state 15 16 relating to controlled substances or cannabis within a 10 17 year period immediately preceding the date on which the application is submitted; and 18

(vi) Does not chronically and habitually use alcoholic 19 20 beverages as evidenced by the applicant having 2 or more convictions for violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois 21 Vehicle Code or similar provision of a local ordinance 22 23 within 5 years preceding his or her application or if the applicant has elected treatment under the supervision of a 24 25 licensed program in accordance with the Alcoholism and 26 Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act or similar laws of any 27 other state within a 5 year period immediately preceding 28 the date on which the application is submitted.

29 Section 30. Contents of application. The initial 30 application shall be in writing, under oath and under the 31 penalties of perjury, on a standard form promulgated by the Department of State Police and shall be accompanied by the 32 33 appropriate fees and required documentation. The application shall contain only the following information: 34

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(i) the applicant's name, address, gender, and date and

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place of birth;

2 (ii) a head and shoulder color photograph taken within 3 30 days preceding the date on which the application is 4 submitted;

(iii) questions to certify or demonstrate the applicant has completed a firearms and deadly use of force training and education prerequisites specified under this Act;

(iv) a statement that the applicant is a resident of the State of Illinois and has been a resident for the last 6 months and is a permanent resident of the United States;

(v) a waiver of privacy and confidentiality rights and 12 privileges enjoyed by the applicant under all federal and 13 state laws governing access to juvenile court, criminal 14 justice, psychological or psychiatric records, or records 15 16 relating to the applicant's history of 17 institutionalization, and an affirmative request that any person having custody of any such record provide it or 18 information concerning it to the Department; 19

(vi) a conspicuous warning that false statements made
by the applicant will result in prosecution for perjury in
accordance with Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

(vii) An affirmation that the applicant is at least 21 years of age, that the applicant possesses a currently valid Illinois Firearm Owner's Identification Card, together with the card number or is applying for the card in conjunction with the concealed firearms permit application;

(viii) An affirmation that the applicant has never been convicted of any felony or of a misdemeanor involving the use or threat of physical force or violence to any person; and has never been adjudicated a delinquent minor for an offense which, had he or she been tried as an adult, would have been such a felony or misdemeanor;

35 (ix) The application shall also contain the following
 36 statement along with a signature line for use by the

applicant, which statement the applicant shall affirm under oath "I the undersigned state, under oath and subject to the penalty of perjury, that I am not a streetgang member as defined in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act, and I will not join or become associated with a criminal streetgang.".

Section 35. Submission of identifying information; fee. In addition to the completed application, the applicant must also submit the following to the sheriff of the county in which the applicant resides. The sheriff shall submit the information to the Department of State Police:

(i) A head and shoulder color photograph as required by
Section 30 in a size specified by the Department of State
Police taken within 30 days preceding the date on which the
application is submitted.

16 (ii) A non-refundable permit fee of \$100 if he or she has not previously been issued such a permit by the 17 Department of State Police, or a non-refundable permit fee 18 19 of \$75 for each renewal of a permit of which \$20 shall be retained by the sheriff or, if the applicant resides within 20 municipality in a county of 3,000,000 21 or more а 22 inhabitants, by the municipal police department.

(iii) A full set of legible fingerprints administered
to the applicant by the Department of State Police, or any
other federal, State, county or municipal law enforcement
agency. Any cost of fingerprinting shall be paid by the
applicant.

(iv) A photocopy of a certificate or other evidence of
completion of a course to show compliance with Section 90
of this Act.

31 Section 40. Approval of application.

(a) If the Department of State Police finds that the
 applicant possesses a valid Firearm Owner's Identification
 Card, meets the training requirements of this Act and has

1 provided the documentation and paid the fees required for 2 issuance of a concealed firearms permit, and that, as nearly as 3 it is possible to determine, nothing in the applicant's 4 background or present circumstances disqualify him or her from 5 possessing a firearm in Illinois, it shall approve the 6 application and issue the applicant a wallet sized permit 7 bearing the photograph of the applicant within 90 days.

8 (b) The Department may consider any objection or 9 recommendation made by the sheriff or municipal police 10 department supported by specific and articulable reasons, in a 11 written report, why the applicant should be denied a permit and 12 may deny the permit based solely on those objections.

13 If the applicant is found to be ineligible, the (C) Department of State Police shall deny the application, 14 and 15 notify the applicant in writing, stating the grounds for denial 16 and informing the applicant of the right to submit, within 30 17 days, any additional documentation relating to the grounds of the denial. Upon receiving any additional documentation, the 18 19 Department of State Police shall reconsider its decision and 20 inform the applicant within 30 days of the result of the reconsideration. The applicant shall further be informed of the 21 right to appeal the denial in the circuit court of his or her 22 23 place of residence.

The Department of State Police shall maintain an 24 (d) 25 automated listing of permit holders and pertinent information, 26 and this information shall be available on-line, upon request, 27 at all times to all Illinois law enforcement agencies. Except 28 as provided in this subsection, information on applications for 29 permits, names and addresses, or other identifying information 30 relating to permit holders shall be confidential and shall not 31 be made available except to law enforcement agencies. Requests 32 for information about any permit holder made by persons other than a bona fide law enforcement agency shall be made to the 33 34 Department of State Police together with any fee required for 35 the providing of information. The Department of State Police 36 shall, upon proper application and the payment of the required - 8 - LRB093 16547 RLC 42193 b

1 fee, provide to the requester in written form only, a list of 2 names of any or all holders in the State of Illinois licensed to carry a concealed firearm. No identifying information other 3 4 than the name shall be provided, and information for geographic 5 areas or other subdivisions of any type from the list shall not 6 be provided, except to a bona fide law enforcement agency, and shall be confidential. No requests for lists of local or 7 statewide permit holders shall be made to any state or local 8 law enforcement agency. No other agency of government other 9 10 than the Department of State Police shall provide any 11 information to a requester not entitled to it by law. The names 12 of all persons, other than law enforcement agencies and peace officers, requesting information under this Section shall be 13 public records. 14

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Section 45. Revocation of a permit.

16 A permit issued under Section 40 shall be suspended or revoked if the permit holder becomes ineligible to be issued a 17 18 permit under the criteria set forth in subsection (b) (i), (ii), 19 (iii), (iv), (v), and (vi) of Section 25 or subsection (b) of Section 40 of this Act. When an order of protection is issued 20 under Section 112A-14 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 21 22 or under Section 214 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 23 1986 against a person holding a permit issued under this Act, the holder of the permit shall surrender the permit to the 24 25 court or to the officer serving the order. The officer to whom 26 the permit is surrendered shall forthwith transmit the permit 27 to the court issuing the order. The permit shall be suspended 28 until the order is terminated.

29 Section 50. Notification of renewal. Not later than 120 30 days before the expiration of any permit issued under this Act, 31 the Department of State Police shall notify the permit holder 32 in writing of the expiration and furnish an application for 33 renewal of the permit. - 9 - LRB093 16547 RLC 42193 b

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Section 55. Renewal of permit.

2 (a) The permit shall be renewed for a qualified applicant 3 upon receipt of the properly completed renewal application and 4 required renewal fee. The renewal application shall contain the 5 same required information as set forth in paragraphs (i) 6 through (ix) of Section 30, except that in lieu of the firearm education and use of deadly force training, the applicant need 7 8 demonstrate previous issuance of and only continued 9 eligibility for a concealed firearms permit.

10 (b) A permittee who fails to file a renewal application on 11 or before its expiration date must pay an additional late fee 12 of \$25. A person who fails to renew his or her application 13 within 6 months after its expiration must reapply for a new 14 permit and pay the fee for a new application.

Section 60. Change of address, change of name or lost or destroyed permits.

(a) Within 30 days after the changing of a permanent residence, or within 30 days after loss or destruction of a concealed firearms permit, the permittee shall notify the Department of State Police of the loss, destruction, change of name, or change of residence. Failure to notify the Department of State Police shall constitute a noncriminal violation with a penalty of \$25 payable to the Department of State Police.

(b) If a person issued a permit to carry a concealed 24 25 firearm changes residence within this State, or changes his or 26 her name, the person to whom the permit was issued may upon payment of \$25 to the Department of State Police obtain a 27 28 corrected concealed firearms permit with a change of address or 29 change of name upon furnishing a notarized statement to the 30 Department of State Police that the permittee has changed 31 residence, or his or her name and upon submission of an 32 application as set forth in Section 25 and photograph as set 33 forth in paragraph (ii) of Section 30 of this Act. A concealed 34 firearms permit shall be automatically invalid after 30 days if 35 the permittee has not notified the Department of State Police

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1 of a change of residence.

2 (c) If a permit to carry a concealed firearm is lost or 3 destroyed, the permit shall be automatically invalid, and the person to whom the permit was issued may upon payment of \$25 to 4 5 the Department of State Police obtain a duplicate, and upon 6 furnishing a notarized statement to the Department of State Police that the permit was lost or destroyed, and submission of 7 an application as set forth in Section 25 and photograph as set 8 9 forth in paragraph (ii) of Section 30 of this Act.

Section 65. Reciprocity. A person who holds a valid permit 10 11 or license issued by another state of the United States whose home state permits Illinois residents to obtain a permit or 12 13 license to carry a concealed firearm in that state may apply directly to the Department of State Police for a permit to 14 15 carry a concealed firearm in Illinois. The Department of State 16 Police shall take whatever steps are necessary to verify that the person applying has a valid permit or license to carry a 17 concealed firearm issued by his or her home state. 18

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Section 70. Concealed firearms permit.

(a) A concealed firearm permit shall authorize the person
in whose name the permit is issued to carry concealed firearms
on or about his or her person or vehicle throughout the State.
No permit issued under this Section shall authorize any person
to carry a concealed firearm into or upon:

(i) Any police, sheriff, or highway patrol office or
station without the consent of the chief law enforcement
officer in charge of that office or station.

(ii) The facility of any adult or juvenile detention or
 correctional institution, prison, or jail.

(iii) Any courthouse, solely occupied by the Circuit,
Appellate, or Supreme Court or a courtroom of any of those
courts, or court proceeding, except that nothing in this
Section shall preclude a judge, holding a concealed firearm
permit, from carrying a concealed firearm within a

1 courthouse.

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(iv) Any meeting of the governing body of a unit of local government; or any meeting of the General Assembly or a committee of the General Assembly, except that nothing in this Section shall preclude a member of the body holding a concealed firearms permit from carrying a concealed firearm at a meeting of the body which he or she is a member.

9 (v) The General Assembly or a county or municipality 10 may by statute or ordinance prohibit or limit the carrying 11 of concealed firearms by permit holders in that portion of 12 a building owned, leased or controlled by that unit of That portion of a building in which the 13 government. carrying of concealed firearms is prohibited or limited 14 shall be clearly identified by signs posted at the entrance 15 16 to the restricted area. The statute or ordinance shall 17 exempt any building used for public housing by private persons, highways or rest areas, firing ranges, and private 18 dwellings owned, leased, or controlled by that unit of 19 20 government from any restriction on the carrying or possession of a firearm. The statute or ordinance shall not 21 specify any criminal penalty for its violation but may 22 23 specify that persons violating the statute or ordinance may be denied entrance to the building, ordered to leave the 24 25 building and if the employees of the unit of government, be 26 subjected to disciplinary measures for violation of the 27 provisions of the statute or ordinance. The provisions of 28 this Section shall not apply to any other unit of 29 government.

30 (vi) Any portion of an establishment licensed to 31 dispense beer or alcoholic beverages for consumption on the 32 premises, which portion of the establishment is primarily 33 devoted to that purpose.

This paragraph (vi) does not apply to any bona fide restaurant open to the general public having dining facilities for not less than 50 persons and that receives

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1 at least 50% of its gross annual income from the dining 2 facilities by the sale of food.

3 (vii) Any area of an airport to which access is
 4 controlled by the inspection of persons and property.

5 (viii) Any place where the carrying of a firearm is6 prohibited by federal law.

7 (ix) Any elementary or secondary school facility
8 without the consent of school authorities.

9 (x) Any portion of a building used as a child care 10 facility without the consent of the manager. Nothing in 11 this Section shall prevent the operator of a child care 12 facility in a family home from owning or possessing a 13 firearm or permit.

14 (xi) A riverboat gambling operation or horse racing15 facility accessible by the public.

(xii) Any gated area of an amusement park.

17 (xiii) Any stadium, arena or collegiate or18 professional sporting event.

(xiv) A church or other place of religious worship.

20 A violation of this subsection (a) is a Class A 21 misdemeanor.

A concealed firearm permit does not authorize the concealed carrying or transportation of a stun gun or taser.

(b) The owner, business or commercial lessee, manager of a 24 25 private business enterprise, or any other organization, 26 entity, or person may prohibit persons holding a permit for 27 concealed firearms from carrying concealed firearms on the 28 premises and may prohibit employees, not authorized by the 29 employer, holding a permit for concealed firearms from carrying 30 concealed firearms on the property of the employer. If the building or the premises are open to the public, the employer 31 32 of the business enterprise shall post signs on or about the premises if carrying a concealed firearm is prohibited. 33 Possession of a firearm in a vehicle on the premises shall not 34 35 be a criminal offense so long as the firearm is not removed from the vehicle or brandished while the vehicle is on the 36

premises. An employer may prohibit employees or other persons holding a permit for a concealed firearm from carrying a concealed firearm in vehicles owned by the employer. Carrying of a concealed firearm in a location specified in this subsection by a permit holder shall not be a criminal act but may subject the person to denial to the premises or removal from the premises.

Section 75. Immunity of Department, sheriff, municipal 8 9 police department, and their employees and agents. The 10 Department of State Police, office of the county sheriff, or 11 municipal police department or any employee or agent of the Department of State Police, county sheriff, or municipal police 12 department, shall not be liable for damages in any civil action 13 14 arising from alleged wrongful or improper granting, renewing, 15 or failure to revoke permits issued under this Act. The office 16 of the county sheriff or municipal police department or any employee or agent of the office of the county sheriff or 17 18 municipal police department shall not be liable for submitting 19 specific and articulable reasons why an applicant should be denied a permit. 20

21 Section 85. Fees. Fees collected under this Act and 22 deposited into the Citizen Safety and Self-Defense Trust Fund 23 shall be used exclusively for administrating the provisions of 24 this Act; except that, commencing January 1, 2005, any excess 25 monies in the Fund may be used to ensure the prompt and 26 efficient processing of applications received under Section 30 27 of this Act.

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(i) Fees for a concealed firearms permit shall be: New permit..\$100

30 Renewal..\$75

31 Duplicate due to lost or destroyed..\$25

32 Corrected permit due to change of address or name..\$25

33 Late renewal fee..\$25

34 (ii) The Secretary of State shall conduct a study, to

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1 determine the cost and feasibility of creating a method of 2 adding an identifiable code, background, or other means to show that an individual has been issued a permit to carry a 3 concealed firearm by the Department of State Police on the 4 5 person's driver's license. By March 1 of each year, the Department of State Police shall submit a statistical report to 6 the Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of 7 the House of Representatives, indicating the number of permits 8 issued, revoked, suspended, denied and issued after appeal 9 since the last report and in total and also the number of 10 11 permits currently valid. The report shall also include the 12 number of arrests, convictions and types of crimes since the 13 last report by individuals issued permits to carry a concealed firearm. 14

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Section 90. Applicant training.

(a) The applicant training course shall be the standardized
training course furnished by the Department and taught by a
qualified firearms instructor, consisting of:

19 (1) Twelve hours of classroom instruction, covering at20 least the following topics:

(i) handgun safety in the classroom, at home, on
the firing range or while carrying the firearm;
(ii) the basic principles of marksmanship;

(iii) care and cleaning of handguns; and

25 (iv) by means of a videotape produced or approved26 by the Department:

27 (A) the requirements for obtaining a concealed
28 firearms permit in this State;

(B) laws relating to firearms as prescribed in
the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act,
Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961, and 18
U.S.C. 921 through 930;

33 (C) laws relating to the justifiable use of
34 force as prescribed in Article 7 of the Criminal
35 Code of 1961.

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(2) live firing exercises of sufficient duration for
 each applicant to fire a handgun:

3 4 (i) from a standing position;

(ii) a minimum of 20 rounds;

5 (iii) at a distance from a B-21 silhouette target, 6 or an equivalent as approved by the Department, of 7 7 yards.

8 (b) The classroom portion of the course may be, at the 9 qualified firearms instructor's discretion, divided into 10 segments of not less than 2 hours each.

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(c) (1) An applicant training course shall not be open to persons who are less than 21 years of age.

(2) An applicant training course students shall
complete a course application form, which shall include a
statement acknowledging receipt of copies of pertinent
statutory provisions listed in clauses (A), (B), and (C) of
subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and a
liability waiver.

(3) The course application form may be obtained from
the qualified firearms instructor at the time of the
course.

(d) Qualified firearms instructors shall not discuss the content of the video tape or the content of the statutory provisions listed in clauses (A), (B), and (C) of subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) with students, either individually or as a class.

(e) At the conclusion of the classroom portion of the applicant training course, the qualified firearms instructor shall:

30 (1) distribute a standard course examination to the 31 students;

32 (2) not leave the room in which the examination is
33 being held while the examination is in progress;

34 (3) collect examination booklets and answer sheets
 35 from each student at the end of the examination period;

(4) not grade the examinations in the presence of

1 students; and (5) not divulge an applicant's numeric score on the day 2 3 of the examination, but may indicate whether an applicant passed or failed the examination. 4 5 (f) A person shall not: (1) Make an unauthorized copy of the applicant training 6 course examination, in whole or in part; 7 (2) Possess the applicant training course examination, 8 or questions from the examination, unless authorized by the 9 10 Department; or 11 (3) Divulge the contents of an applicant training 12 course examination questions to another person. (g) (1) Students shall provide their own safe, functional 13 handgun and factory-loaded ammunition. 14 (2) Prior to conducting range firing, the certified 15 16 firearms instructor shall: 17 (i) inspect each applicant's firearm; and (ii) not allow the firing of a handgun that is not 18 in sound mechanical condition or otherwise may pose a 19 20 safety hazard. (h) Grades of "passing" shall not be given on range work to 21 an applicant who: 22 (1) does not follow the orders of the certified 23 firearms instructor; 24 25 the judgment of the certified firearms (2)in 26 instructor, handles a firearm in a manner that poses a 27 danger to the applicant or to others; or 28 (3) during the testing portion of the range work fails 29 to hit the silhouette portion of the target with a majority 30 of 20 rounds. (i) Certified firearms instructors shall: 31 32 (1) allow monitoring of their classes by officials of 33 any certifying agency; (2) make all course records available upon demand to 34 authorized personnel of the Department; and 35 36 (3) not divulge course records except as authorized by - 17 - LRB093 16547 RLC 42193 b

1 the certifying agency. 2 (1) Fees for applicant training courses shall not (j) 3 exceed \$75 per student. (2) Qualified firearms instructors shall collect the 4 5 fee and remit \$25 of the fee to the Department. (3) Fees shall not be refunded to students who fail or 6 otherwise do not complete the course. 7 (k) An applicant training course shall not have more than 8 9 40 students in the classroom portion or more than 5 students 10 per range officer engaged in range firing. 11 (1) Within 3 working days after the completion of the 12 course, the certified firearms instructor shall: 13 (1) grade the examinations and (2) mail to the Department: 14 15 (i) the completed course application form, 16 showing the student's score on the written 17 examination and indicating whether the student passed or failed the range work, and 18 19 (ii) the graded examinations. (m) Within 15 days after receipt of the material described 20 in section (1), the Department shall mail to the applicant: 21 22 (i) A certificate of successful course completion; or 23 (ii) Notification that the applicant has failed the course and will not be certified. 24 (n) A student shall be issued a certificate of completion 25 26 if he or she: (i) answers at least 70% of the written examination 27 28 questions correctly; and 29 (ii) achieves a grade of "passing" on the range work. (i) Students who score below 70% on the written 30 (0) examination may retake the examination one time without having 31 32 to retake the course. (ii) Students who do not achieve a grade of "passing" 33 on the range work may repeat the range work one time 34 without having to retake the course. 35 (iii) Notices of failure will include information on 36

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whether the student failed the written exam, the range
 firing, or both.

Section 95. Firearms instructors training. 3 4 (a) Persons who are not qualified firearms instructors 5 shall not teach applicant training courses. (b) Persons who are not qualified firearms instructors 6 7 shall not advertise or otherwise represent courses they teach 8 as qualifying their students to meet the requirements to receive a permit to carry concealed firearms in this State. 9 10 (c) Persons who are not certified instructor trainers shall 11 not teach instructor qualification courses. Persons wishing to become qualified firearms 12 (d) instructors shall: 13 (1) be at least 21 years of age; 14 (2) be a citizen of the United States; and 15 16 (3) meet the requirements of subsection (b) of Section 25. 17 (e) Persons wishing to become instructor trainers, in 18 19 addition to the requirements of subsection (d) of this Section, shall: 20 (1) possess a high school diploma or GED certificate; 21 22 or (2) have at least one of the following valid firearms 23 24 instructor certifications: (I) National Rifle Association Personal Protection 25 26 Instructor: National Rifle Association 27 (II) Pistol Marksmanship Instructor; 28 (III) Certification from a firearms instructor's 29 30 course offered by a State or federal governmental 31 agency; or (IV) A similar firearms instructor qualifying 32 course, approved the Director of State Police or his or 33 her designee. 34 35 (f) (1) Applicants shall agree to background checks.

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(2) An applicant may be disqualified from taking 1 2 firearms instructor training, or have his or her instructor 3 qualification revoked if the applicant: (A) does not meet the requirements of this Act to 4 5 possess a concealed firearms permit; (B) provides false or misleading information on 6 7 the application; or (C) has had a prior instructor qualification 8 revoked by the Department. 9 10 (q) The training course to certify firearms instructors and 11 instructor trainers shall include: 12 (1) Sixteen hours of classroom instruction covering at least the following topics by means of a videotape produced 13 or approved by the Department: 14 (A) the requirements for obtaining a concealed 15 16 firearms permit in this State; 17 (B) laws relating to firearms as contained in the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act, Article 24 of 18 19 the Criminal Code of 1961, and 18 U.S.C. 921 through 930; 20 (C) laws relating to the justifiable use of force 21 as contained in Article 7 of the Criminal Code of 1961; 22 23 (D) the conduct of applicant training courses; (E) record-keeping requirements of this Act; 24 25 (F) the basic nomenclature of handguns; (G) the basic principles of marksmanship; and 26 27 (H) the safe handling of handguns. 28 (2) A classroom demonstration, during which the 29 instructor candidate shall receive instruction on and 30 demonstrate competency in the ability to prepare and 31 deliver a classroom presentation using materials from the 32 applicant curriculum. (3) Range instruction and firing of live ammunition, 33 during 34 which the instructor candidate shall receive instruction on and demonstrate competency in the ability 35

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1 (i) handle and fire a handgun safely and accurately; 2 (ii) conduct a function test and safety inspection 3 of common types of handguns; 4 5 (iii) clean common types of handguns; and (iv) supervise and conduct live firing exercises 6 in a safe and efficient manner. 7 (h) To qualify as a certified firearms instructor or 8 instructor trainer, instructor candidates shall achieve: 9 (1) A minimum score of 70% on a written examination 10 11 covering the material taught during the classroom portion 12 of the course; (2) A minimum score of 80% on range firing of a handgun 13 from the standing position while aiming at a B-21 PC 14 silhouette target or an equivalent as approved by the 15 16 Department, with a minimum of: (i) ten rounds from 7 yards; and 17 (ii) ten rounds from 15 yards; and 18 19 (iii) a score of "passing" from the course 20 instructor for demonstrating competency in each of the following: 21 (A) Supervising and conducting live fire; 22 23 (B) Cleaning and inspecting handguns; and (C) Preparing and delivering the classroom 24 25 lecture. (i) Instructor candidates who fail to meet the minimum 26 27 requirements of subsection (h) of this Section may retake the 28 examination, range work, or classroom demonstration one time 29 without having to repeat the course. (j) Qualified firearms instructor and instructor trainer 30

31 certificates shall be valid for 3 years from date of issue. 32 Qualified firearms instructors or instructor trainers may 33 renew their certification by successfully completing a 34 refresher course offered or approved by the Department.

35 (k) The fees for instructor trainer or refresher courses36 shall be \$100 per student.

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(1) The fees for qualified instructor courses shall be
 no more than \$100 per student. The instructor trainer shall
 remit \$50 per student to the Department.

4 (2) Fees shall not be refunded to those who do not pass
5 or otherwise fail to complete a course.

6 (1) Course participants shall provide their own safe,7 functional handgun and factory-loaded ammunition.

8 (m) Prior to conducting range firing, the course instructor 9 shall:

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(i) inspect each applicant's firearm; and

(ii) not allow the firing of a handgun which is not in sound mechanical condition or otherwise may pose a safety hazard.

Section 100. Severability. The provisions of this Act are severable under Section 1.31 of the Statute on Statutes.

Section 905. The Firearm Owners Identification Card Act is amended by changing Section 13.1 as follows:

18 (430 ILCS 65/13.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 83-13.1)

Sec. 13.1. The provisions of any ordinance enacted by any 19 20 municipality which requires registration or imposes greater restrictions or limitations on the acquisition, possession and 21 22 transfer of firearms than are imposed by this Act, are not invalidated or affected by this Act, except that an ordinance 23 24 of a unit of local government, including a home rule unit, is invalid if it is inconsistent with the Family and Personal 25 Protection Act. It is declared to be the policy of this State 26 27 that the regulation of the right to carry concealed firearms is 28 an exclusive power and function of the State. A home rule unit may not regulate the issuance of permits to carry concealed 29 firearms. This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule 30 powers and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of 31 Article VII of the Illinois Constitution. 32

33 (Source: P.A. 76-1939.)

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Section 910. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
 changing Section 24-2 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/24-2) (from Ch. 38, par. 24-2)

Sec. 24-2. Exemptions.

5 (a) Subsections 24-1(a)(3), 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and 6 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

7 (1) Peace officers, and any person summoned by a peace
8 officer to assist in making arrests or preserving the
9 peace, while actually engaged in assisting such officer.

10 (2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
11 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
12 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense,
13 while in the performance of their official duty, or while
14 commuting between their homes and places of employment.

15 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of 16 the United States or the Illinois National Guard or the 17 Reserve Officers Training Corps, while in the performance 18 of their official duty.

(4) Special agents employed by a railroad or a public 19 utility to perform police functions, and guards of armored 20 21 car companies, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their 22 23 homes and places of employment; and watchmen while actually 24 engaged in the performance of the duties of their 25 employment.

26 (5) Persons licensed as private security contractors, 27 private detectives, or private alarm contractors, or 28 employed by an agency certified by the Department of 29 Professional Regulation, if their duties include the 30 carrying of a weapon under the provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, and Locksmith 31 32 Act of 2004, while actually engaged in the performance of the duties of their employment or commuting between their 33 homes and places of employment, provided that such 34

1 commuting is accomplished within one hour from departure 2 from home or place of employment, as the case may be. 3 Persons exempted under this subdivision (a) (5) shall be required to have completed a course of study in firearms 4 5 handling and training approved and supervised by the 6 Department of Professional Regulation as prescribed by Section 28 of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private 7 Security, and Locksmith Act of 2004, prior to becoming 8 9 eligible for this exemption. The Department of 10 Professional Regulation shall provide suitable 11 documentation demonstrating the successful completion of 12 the prescribed firearms training. Such documentation shall be carried at all times when such persons are in possession 13 of a concealable weapon. 14

(6) Any person regularly employed in a commercial or 15 16 industrial operation as a security guard for the protection 17 of persons employed and private property related to such commercial or industrial operation, while actually engaged 18 in the performance of his or her duty or traveling between 19 20 sites or properties belonging to the employer, and who, as 21 a security guard, is a member of a security force of at 5 persons registered with the Department 22 least of 23 Professional Regulation; provided that such security guard has successfully completed a course of study, approved by 24 25 supervised by the Department of Professional and Regulation, consisting of not less than 40 hours of 26 27 training that includes the theory of law enforcement, 28 liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person 29 shall be considered eligible for this exemption if he or 30 she has completed the required 20 hours of training for a 31 security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, 32 and has been issued a firearm authorization card by the Department of Professional Regulation. Conditions for the 33 renewal of firearm authorization cards issued under the 34 provisions of this Section shall be the same as for those 35 36 cards issued under the provisions of the Private Detective,

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Private Alarm, Private Security, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm authorization card shall be carried by the security guard at all times when he or she is in possession of a concealable weapon.

(7) Agents and investigators of the Illinois Legislative Investigating Commission authorized by the Commission to carry the weapons specified in subsections 24-1(a)(3) and 24-1(a)(4), while on duty in the course of any investigation for the Commission.

10 (8) Persons employed by a financial institution for the 11 protection of other employees and property related to such financial institution, while actually engaged in the 12 performance of their duties, commuting between their homes 13 and places of employment, or traveling between sites or 14 such 15 properties owned or operated by financial 16 institution, provided that any person so employed has 17 successfully completed a course of study, approved by and supervised by the Department of Professional Regulation, 18 consisting of not less than 40 hours of training which 19 20 includes theory of law enforcement, liability for acts, and the handling of weapons. A person shall be considered to be 21 eligible for this exemption if he or she has completed the 22 23 required 20 hours of training for a security officer and 20 hours of required firearm training, and has been issued a 24 25 authorization card by the Department firearm of Professional Regulation. Conditions for renewal of firearm 26 27 authorization cards issued under the provisions of this 28 Section shall be the same as for those issued under the 29 provisions of the Private Detective, Private Alarm, 30 Private Security, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Such firearm 31 authorization card shall be carried by the person so 32 trained at all times when such person is in possession of a concealable weapon. For purposes of this subsection, 33 "financial institution" means a bank, savings and loan 34 association, credit union or company providing armored car 35 36 services.

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1 (9) Any person employed by an armored car company to 2 drive an armored car, while actually engaged in the 3 performance of his duties.

(10) Persons who have been classified as peace officers 4 5 pursuant to the Peace Officer Fire Investigation Act.

6 (11)Investigators of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor authorized by the board of governors of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate 9 Prosecutor to carry weapons pursuant to Section 7.06 of the 10 State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor's Act.

11 (12) Special investigators appointed by a State's 12 Attorney under Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code.

(12.5) Probation officers while in the performance of 13 their duties, or while commuting between their homes, 14 places of employment or specific locations that are part of 15 16 their assigned duties, with the consent of the chief judge 17 of the circuit for which they are employed.

(13) Court Security Officers while in the performance 18 of their official duties, or while commuting between their 19 20 homes and places of employment, with the consent of the Sheriff. 21

(13.5) A person employed as an armed security guard at 22 a nuclear energy, storage, weapons or development site or 23 facility regulated by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission 24 25 who has completed the background screening and training mandated by the rules and regulations of the Nuclear 26 27 Regulatory Commission.

28 (14) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of weapons 29 persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through to 30 (13.5) of this subsection to possess those weapons.

31 (b) Subsections 24-1(a)(4) and 24-1(a)(10) and Section 32 24-1.6 do not apply to or affect any of the following:

(1) Members of any club or organization organized for 33 purpose of practicing shooting at targets upon 34 the established target ranges, whether public or private, and 35 patrons of such ranges, while such members or patrons are 36

using their firearms on those target ranges.

(2) Duly authorized military or civil organizations while parading, with the special permission of the Governor.

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(3) Hunters, trappers or fishermen with a license or permit while engaged in hunting, trapping or fishing.

(4) Transportation of weapons that are broken down in a non-functioning state or are not immediately accessible.

9 <u>(5) Carrying a concealed firearm by a permittee who has</u> 10 <u>been issued a permit to carry a concealed firearm under the</u> 11 <u>Family and Personal Protection Act.</u>

12 (c) Subsection 24-1(a)(7) does not apply to or affect any13 of the following:

14 (1) Peace officers while in performance of their15 official duties.

(2) Wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons,
 penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the
 detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense.

19 (3) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of
20 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in
21 the performance of their official duty.

(4) Manufacture, transportation, or sale of machine
guns to persons authorized under subdivisions (1) through
(3) of this subsection to possess machine guns, if the
machine guns are broken down in a non-functioning state or
are not immediately accessible.

27 (5) Persons licensed under federal law to manufacture 28 any weapon from which 8 or more shots or bullets can be 29 discharged by a single function of the firing device, or 30 ammunition for such weapons, and actually engaged in the 31 business of manufacturing such weapons or ammunition, but 32 only with respect to activities which are within the lawful such business, such as the manufacture, 33 scope of transportation, or testing of such weapons or ammunition. 34 This exemption does not authorize the general private 35 possession of any weapon from which 8 or more shots or 36

bullets can be discharged by a single function of the firing device, but only such possession and activities as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing business described in this paragraph.

5 During transportation, such weapons shall be broken 6 down in a non-functioning state or not immediately 7 accessible.

The manufacture, transport, testing, delivery, 8 (6) transfer or sale, and all lawful commercial or experimental 9 10 activities necessary thereto, of rifles, shotguns, and 11 weapons made from rifles or shotguns, or ammunition for such rifles, shotguns or weapons, where engaged in by a 12 person operating as a contractor or subcontractor pursuant 13 to a contract or subcontract for the development and supply 14 15 of such rifles, shotguns, weapons or ammunition to the 16 United States government or any branch of the Armed Forces 17 of the United States, when such activities are necessary and incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract. 18

19 The exemption granted under this subdivision (c)(6) 20 shall also apply to any authorized agent of any such 21 contractor or subcontractor who is operating within the 22 scope of his employment, where such activities involving 23 such weapon, weapons or ammunition are necessary and 24 incident to fulfilling the terms of such contract.

During transportation, any such weapon shall be broken down in a non-functioning state, or not immediately accessible.

(d) Subsection 24-1(a)(1) does not apply to the purchase,
possession or carrying of a black-jack or slung-shot by a peace
officer.

(e) Subsection 24-1(a)(8) does not apply to any owner,
 manager or authorized employee of any place specified in that
 subsection nor to any law enforcement officer.

(f) Subsection 24-1(a)(4) and subsection 24-1(a)(10) and
 Section 24-1.6 do not apply to members of any club or
 organization organized for the purpose of practicing shooting

1 at targets upon established target ranges, whether public or 2 private, while using their firearms on those target ranges.

3 (g) Subsections 24-1(a)(11) and 24-3.1(a)(6) do not apply 4 to:

5 (1) Members of the Armed Services or Reserve Forces of 6 the United States or the Illinois National Guard, while in 7 the performance of their official duty.

8 (2) Bonafide collectors of antique or surplus military9 ordinance.

(3) Laboratories having a department of forensic
 ballistics, or specializing in the development of
 ammunition or explosive ordinance.

(4) Commerce, preparation, assembly or possession of 13 explosive bullets by manufacturers of ammunition licensed 14 by the federal government, in connection with the supply of 15 16 those organizations and persons exempted by subdivision 17 (g)(1) of this Section, or like organizations and persons outside this State, or the transportation of explosive 18 bullets to any organization or person exempted in this 19 20 Section by a common carrier or by a vehicle owned or leased 21 by an exempted manufacturer.

(g-5) Subsection 24-1(a)(6) does not apply to or affect 22 23 persons licensed under federal law to manufacture any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in 24 silencing the report of any firearm, firearms, or ammunition 25 26 for those firearms equipped with those devices, and actually 27 engaged in the business of manufacturing those devices, 28 firearms, or ammunition, but only with respect to activities 29 that are within the lawful scope of that business, such as the 30 manufacture, transportation, or testing of those devices, firearms, or ammunition. This exemption does not authorize the 31 32 general private possession of any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the 33 report of any firearm, but only such possession and activities 34 as are within the lawful scope of a licensed manufacturing 35 36 business described in this subsection (g-5). During - 29 - LRB093 16547 RLC 42193 b

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1 transportation, those devices shall be detached from any weapon 2 or not immediately accessible.

3 (h) An information or indictment based upon a violation of 4 any subsection of this Article need not negative any exemptions 5 contained in this Article. The defendant shall have the burden 6 of proving such an exemption.

(i) Nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or 7 8 affect the transportation, carrying, or possession, of any 9 pistol or revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm consigned 10 to a common carrier operating under license of the State of 11 Illinois or the federal government, where such transportation, 12 carrying, or possession is incident to the lawful 13 transportation in which such common carrier is engaged; and nothing in this Article shall prohibit, apply to, or affect the 14 15 transportation, carrying, or possession of any pistol, 16 revolver, stun gun, taser, or other firearm, not the subject of 17 and regulated by subsection 24-1(a)(7) or subsection 24-2(c) of this Article, which is unloaded and enclosed in a case, firearm 18 19 carrying box, shipping box, or other container, by the 20 possessor of a valid Firearm Owners Identification Card. (Source: P.A. 92-325, eff. 8-9-01; 93-438, eff. 8-5-03; 93-439, 21

eff. 8-5-03; 93-576, eff. 1-1-04; revised 9-15-03.)

23 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 24 becoming law.