# 93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

## 2003 and 2004

Introduced 2/4/2004, by John M. Sullivan

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

625 ILCS 5/15-102	from Ch.	95 1/2,	par.	15-102
625 ILCS 5/15-111	from Ch.	95 1/2 <b>,</b>	par.	15-111

Amends the Illinois Vehicle Code. Provides that certain large vehicles have access from any designated (rather than any State designated) highway onto any highway for the necessary distance (rather than for 5 highway miles) for purposes of loading or unloading. Provides that these vehicles have access from any designated (rather than any State designated highway onto any State, county, or township highway for the necessary distance (rather than for 5 highway miles for the purpose of food, fuel, repairs, and rest.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

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AN ACT concerning vehicles.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by changing
Sections 15-102 and 15-111 as follows:

6 (625 ILCS 5/15-102) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 15-102)

7 Sec. 15-102. Width of Vehicles.

8 (a) On Class III and non-designated State and local 9 highways, the total outside width of any vehicle or load 10 thereon shall not exceed 8 feet.

11 (b) Except during those times when, due to insufficient 12 light or unfavorable atmospheric conditions, persons and 13 vehicles on the highway are not clearly discernible at a 14 distance of 1000 feet, the following vehicles may exceed the 8 15 feet limitation during the period from a half hour before 16 sunrise to a half hour after sunset:

17 (1) Loads of hay, straw or other similar farm products
18 provided that the load is not more than 12 feet wide.

(2) Implements of husbandry being transported on another vehicle and the transporting vehicle while loaded.

The following requirements apply to the transportation on another vehicle of an implement of husbandry wider than 8 feet 6 inches on the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways or other highways in the system of State highways:

(A) The driver of a vehicle transporting an
implement of husbandry that exceeds 8 feet 6 inches in
width shall obey all traffic laws and shall check the
roadways prior to making a movement in order to ensure
that adequate clearance is available for the movement.
It is prima facie evidence that the driver of a vehicle
transporting an implement of husbandry has failed to

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check the roadway prior to making a movement if the vehicle is involved in a collision with a bridge, overpass, fixed structure, or properly placed traffic control device or if the vehicle blocks traffic due to its inability to proceed because of a bridge, overpass, fixed structure, or properly placed traffic control device.

8 (B) Flags shall be displayed so as to wave freely 9 at the extremities of overwidth objects and at the 10 extreme ends of all protrusions, projections, and 11 overhangs. All flags shall be clean, bright red flags 12 with no advertising, wording, emblem, or insignia 13 inscribed upon them and at least 18 inches square.

14 (C) "OVERSIZE LOAD" signs are mandatory on the 15 front and rear of all vehicles with loads over 10 feet 16 wide. These signs must have 12-inch high black letters 17 with a 2-inch stroke on a yellow sign that is 7 feet 18 wide by 18 inches high.

(D) One civilian escort vehicle is required for a
load that exceeds 14 feet 6 inches in width and 2
civilian escort vehicles are required for a load that
exceeds 16 feet in width on the National System of
Interstate and Defense Highways or other highways in
the system of State highways.

(E) The requirements for a civilian escort vehicleand driver are as follows:

(1) The civilian escort vehicle shall be a passenger car or a second division vehicle not exceeding a gross vehicle weight of 8,000 pounds that is designed to afford clear and unobstructed vision to both front and rear.

(2) The escort vehicle driver must be properly licensed to operate the vehicle.

34 (3) While in use, the escort vehicle must be
35 equipped with illuminated rotating, oscillating,
36 or flashing amber lights or flashing amber strobe

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lights mounted on top that are of sufficient intensity to be visible at 500 feet in normal sunlight.

> (4) "OVERSIZE LOAD" signs are mandatory on all escort vehicles. The sign on an escort vehicle shall have 8-inch high black letters on a yellow sign that is 5 feet wide by 12 inches high.

(5) When only one escort vehicle is required and it is operating on a two-lane highway, the escort vehicle shall travel approximately 300 feet ahead of the load. The rotating, oscillating, or flashing lights or flashing amber strobe lights and an "OVERSIZE LOAD" sign shall be displayed on the escort vehicle and shall be visible from the front. When only one escort vehicle is required and it is operating on a multilane divided highway, the escort vehicle shall travel approximately 300 feet behind the load and the sign and lights shall be visible from the rear.

(6) When 2 escort vehicles are required, one escort shall travel approximately 300 feet ahead of the load and the second escort shall travel approximately 300 feet behind the load. The rotating, oscillating, or flashing lights or flashing amber strobe lights and an "OVERSIZE LOAD" sign shall be displayed on the escort vehicles and shall be visible from the front on the lead escort and from the rear on the trailing escort.

(7) When traveling within the corporate limits of a municipality, the escort vehicle shall maintain a reasonable and proper distance from the oversize load, consistent with existing traffic conditions.

35 (8) A separate escort shall be provided for36 each load hauled.

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(9) The driver of an escort vehicle shall obey all traffic laws.

(10) The escort vehicle must be in safe operational condition.

(11) The driver of the escort vehicle must be in radio contact with the driver of the vehicle carrying the oversize load.

(F) A transport vehicle while under load of more 8 9 than 8 feet 6 inches in width must be equipped with an illuminated rotating, oscillating, or flashing amber 10 11 light or lights or a flashing amber strobe light or 12 lights mounted on the top of the cab that are of sufficient intensity to be visible at 500 feet in 13 normal sunlight. If the load on the transport vehicle 14 blocks the visibility of the amber lighting from the 15 16 rear of the vehicle, the vehicle must also be equipped 17 with an illuminated rotating, oscillating, or flashing amber light or lights or a flashing amber strobe light 18 or lights mounted on the rear of the load that are of 19 20 sufficient intensity to be visible at 500 feet in normal sunlight. 21

(G) When a flashing amber light is required on the 22 23 transport vehicle under load and it is operating on a two-lane highway, the transport vehicle shall display 24 25 to the rear at least one rotating, oscillating, or flashing light or a flashing amber strobe light and an 26 27 "OVERSIZE LOAD" sign. When a flashing amber light is 28 required on the transport vehicle under load and it is 29 operating on a multilane divided highway, the sign and 30 light shall be visible from the rear.

31 (H) Maximum speed shall be 45 miles per hour on all 32 such moves or 5 miles per hour above the posted minimum 33 speed limit, whichever is greater, but the vehicle 34 shall not at any time exceed the posted maximum speed 35 limit.

(3) Portable buildings designed and used for

agricultural and livestock raising operations that are not more than 14 feet wide and with not more than a 1 foot overhang along the left side of the hauling vehicle. However, the buildings shall not be transported more than not miles and not on any route that is part of the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways.

All buildings when being transported shall display at least
2 red cloth flags, not less than 12 inches square, mounted as
high as practicable on the left and right side of the building.

A State Police escort shall be required if it is necessary for this load to use part of the left lane when crossing any 2 laned State highway bridge.

13 (c) Vehicles propelled by electric power obtained from 14 overhead trolley wires operated wholly within the corporate 15 limits of a municipality are also exempt from the width 16 limitation.

17 (d) Exemptions are also granted to vehicles designed for 18 the carrying of more than 10 persons under the following 19 conditions:

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### (1) (Blank);

(2) When operated within any public transportation
service with the approval of local authorities or an
appropriate public body authorized by law to provide public
transportation. Any vehicle so operated may be 8 feet 6
inches in width; or

26 (3) When a county engineer or superintendent of 27 highways, after giving due consideration to the mass 28 transportation needs of the area and to the width and 29 condition of the road, has determined that the operation of 30 buses wider than 8 feet will not pose an undue safety 31 hazard on a particular county or township road segment, he 32 or she may authorize buses not to exceed 8 feet 6 inches in any highway under that engineer's 33 width on or superintendent's jurisdiction. 34

35 (e) A vehicle and load traveling upon the National System36 of Interstate and Defense Highways or any other highway in the

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1 system of State highways that has been designated as a Class I 2 or Class II highway by the Department, or any street or highway 3 designated by local authorities, may have a total outside width 4 of 8 feet 6 inches, provided that certain safety devices that 5 the Department determines as necessary for the safe and 6 efficient operation of motor vehicles shall not be included in 7 the calculation of width.

8 (e-1) A vehicle and load more than 8 feet wide but not 9 exceeding 8 feet 6 inches in width is allowed access according 10 to the following:

(1) A vehicle and load not exceeding <u>weights specified</u> in subsection (f) of Section 15-111 73,280 pounds in weight is allowed access from any <del>State</del> designated highway onto any <u>State</u>, county, township, or municipal highway for <del>a</del> distance of 5 highway miles for the purpose of loading and unloading, provided:

17 (A) The vehicle and load does not exceed 65 feet18 overall length.

(B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.

20 (C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare
 21 between State designated highways.

22 <u>(D) The course of travel taken to or from the</u> 23 <u>designated route from or to the point of loading and</u> 24 <u>unloading is the shortest practical in the general</u> 25 <u>direction of the destination.</u>

(2) A vehicle and load not exceeding <u>weights specified</u>
<u>in subsection (f) of Section 15-111</u> 73,280 pounds in weight
is allowed access from any <del>State</del> designated highway onto
any <u>State</u>, county, or township highway for a distance of 5
highway miles or onto any municipal highway for a distance
of one highway mile for the purpose of food, fuel, repairs,
and rest, provided:

33 (A) The vehicle and load does not exceed 65 feet34 overall length.

(B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.

(C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare

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between <del>State</del> designated highways.

2 (D) The course of travel taken to or from the 3 designated route from or to the point of food, fuel, 4 repairs, or rest is the shortest practical in the 5 general direction of the destination.

(3) <u>(Blank).</u> A vehicle and load not exceeding 80,000
pounds in weight is allowed access from a Class I highway
onto any street or highway for a distance of one highway
mile for the purpose of loading, unloading, food, fuel,
repairs, and rest, provided there is no sign prohibiting
that access.

(4) <u>(Blank).</u> A vehicle and load not exceeding 80,000
pounds in weight is allowed access from a Class I or Class
II highway onto any State highway or any locally designated
highway for a distance of 5 highway miles for the purpose
of loading, unloading, food, fuel, repairs, and rest.

17 (5) A trailer or semi-trailer not exceeding 28 feet 6 18 inches in length, that was originally in combination with a 19 truck tractor, shall have unlimited access to points of 20 loading and unloading.

(6) All household goods carriers shall have unlimited
 access to points of loading and unloading.

23 Section 5-35 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act 24 relating to procedures for rulemaking shall not apply to the 25 designation of highways under this paragraph (e).

(f) Mirrors required by Section 12-502 of this Code and other safety devices identified by the Department may project up to 14 inches beyond each side of a bus and up to 6 inches beyond each side of any other vehicle, and that projection shall not be deemed a violation of the width restrictions of this Section.

32 (g) Any person who is convicted of violating this Section
33 is subject to the penalty as provided in paragraph (b) of
34 Section 15-113.

35 (Source: P.A. 92-417, eff. 1-1-02; 93-177, eff. 7-11-03.)

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(625 ILCS 5/15-111) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 15-111)
 Sec. 15-111. Wheel and axle loads and gross weights.

3 (a) On non-designated highways, no vehicle or combination 4 of vehicles equipped with pneumatic tires may be operated, 5 unladen or with load, when the total weight transmitted to the 6 road surface exceeds 18,000 pounds on a single axle or 32,000 7 pounds on a tandem axle with no axle within the tandem 8 exceeding 18,000 pounds except:

9 (1) when a different limit is established and posted in
10 accordance with Section 15-316 of this Code;

(2) vehicles for which the Department of
 Transportation and local authorities issue overweight
 permits under authority of Section 15-301 of this Code;

14 (3) tow trucks subject to the conditions provided in 15 subsection (d) may not exceed 24,000 pounds on a single 16 rear axle or 44,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle;

17 (4) any single axle of a 2-axle truck weighing 36,000
18 pounds or less and not a part of a combination of vehicles,
19 shall not exceed 20,000 pounds;

(5) any single axle of a 2-axle truck equipped with a
personnel lift or digger derrick, weighing 36,000 pounds or
less, owned and operated by a public utility, shall not
exceed 20,000 pounds;

(6) any single axle of a 2-axle truck specially
equipped with a front loading compactor used exclusively
for garbage, refuse, or recycling may not exceed 20,000
pounds per axle, provided that the gross weight of the
vehicle does not exceed 40,000 pounds;

(7) a truck, not in combination and specially equipped with a selfcompactor or an industrial roll-off hoist and roll-off container, used exclusively for garbage or refuse operations may, when laden, transmit upon the road surface the following maximum weights: 22,000 pounds on a single axle; 40,000 pounds on a tandem axle;

35 (8) a truck, not in combination and used exclusively
 36 for the collection of rendering materials, may, when laden,

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1 transmit upon the road surface the following maximum 2 weights: 22,000 pounds on a single axle; 40,000 pounds on a 3 tandem axle;

(9) tandem axles on a 3-axle truck registered as a 4 5 Special Hauling Vehicle, manufactured prior to or in the model year of 2014 and first registered in Illinois prior 6 to January 1, 2015, with a distance greater than 72 inches 7 but not more than 96 inches between any series of 2 axles, 8 9 is allowed a combined weight on the series not to exceed 36,000 pounds and neither axle of the series may exceed 10 11 18,000 pounds. Any vehicle of this type manufactured after 12 the model year of 2014 or first registered in Illinois after December 31, 2014 may not exceed a combined weight of 13 32,000 pounds through the series of 2 axles and neither 14 axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds; 15

16 (10) tandem axles on a 4-axle truck mixer, whose fourth 17 axle is a road surface engaging mixer trailing axle, registered as a Special Hauling Vehicle, used exclusively 18 the mixing and transportation of concrete 19 for and 20 manufactured prior to or in the model year of 2014 and first registered in Illinois prior to January 1, 2015, with 21 a distance greater than 72 inches but not more than 96 22 inches between any series of 2 axles, is allowed a combined 23 weight on the series not to exceed 36,000 pounds and 24 neither axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds. Any 25 vehicle of this type manufactured after the model year of 26 27 2014 or first registered in Illinois after December 31, 28 2014 may not exceed a combined weight of 32,000 pounds through the series of 2 axles and neither axle of the 29 30 series may exceed 18,000 pounds;

(11) 4-axle vehicles or a 5 or more axle combination of vehicles: The weight transmitted upon the road surface through any series of 3 axles whose centers are more than 96 inches apart, measured between extreme axles in the series, may not exceed those allowed in the table contained in subsection (f) of this Section. No axle or tandem axle

of the series may exceed the maximum weight permitted under
 this Section for a single or tandem axle.

No vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with other than pneumatic tires may be operated, unladen or with load, upon the highways of this State when the gross weight on the road surface through any wheel exceeds 800 pounds per inch width of tire tread or when the gross weight on the road surface through any axle exceeds 16,000 pounds.

9 (b) On non-designated highways, the gross weight of 10 vehicles and combination of vehicles including the weight of 11 the vehicle or combination and its maximum load shall be 12 subject to the foregoing limitations and further shall not 13 exceed the following gross weights dependent upon the number of 14 axles and distance between extreme axles of the vehicle or 15 combination measured longitudinally to the nearest foot.

17 VEHICLES OR COMBINATIONS HAVING 3 AXLES 18 With Tandem With or 19 Without 20 Axles 21 Tandem Axles 22 Minimum Minimum 23 distance to Maximum distance to Maximum 24 nearest foot Gross nearest foot Gross 25 between Weight between Weight extreme axles (pounds) (pounds) 26 extreme axles 27 10 feet 41,000 16 feet 46,000 28 11 42,000 17 47,000 43,000 29 12 18 47,500 30 13 44,000 19 48,000 44,500 49,000 31 14 20 45,000 50,000 32 15 21 feet or more 33

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VEHICLES OR COMBINATIONS HAVING 4 AXLES

1	Minimum		Minimum	
2	distance to	Maximum	distance to	Maximum
3	nearest foot	Gross	nearest foot	Gross
4	between	Weight	between	Weight
5	extreme axles	(pounds)	extreme axles	(pounds)
6	15 feet	50,000	26 feet	57,500
7	16	50,500	27	58,000
8	17	51,500	28	58,500
9	18	52,000	29	59,500
10	19	52,500	30	60,000
11	20	53,500	31	60,500
12	21	54,000	32	61,500
13	22	54,500	33	62,000
14	23	55,500	34	62,500
15	24	56,000	35	63,500
16	25	56,500	36 feet or more	64,000
17	A vehicle not i	n a combina	tion having more tha	n 4 axles may
18	not exceed the weig	ht in the t	able in this subsect	ion (b) for 4
19	axles measured betw	veen the ext	reme axles of the ve	hicle.
20				
21	COMBI	INATIONS HAV	VING 5 OR MORE AXLES	
22	Minimum distance to	)	Maximum	
23	nearest foot betwee	en	Gross Weight	
24	extreme axles		(pounds)	
25	42 feet or less		72,000	
26	43		73,000	
27	44 feet or more		73,280	
28	VEHICLES OPERATING	ON CRAWLER	TYPE TRACKS	40,000 pounds
29	TRUCK	S EOUIPPED	WITH SELFCOMPACTORS	
30	OR ROLL-OFF HOISTS AND ROLL-OFF CONTAINERS FOR GARBAGE			
31	OR REFU	SE HAULS ON	LY AND TRUCKS USED FO	DR
32			F RENDERING MATERIALS	
33	On Hig	hway Not Pa	rt of National System	n
34			nd Defense Highways	

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with 2 axles
 with 3 axles

36,000 pounds 54,000 pounds

3 TWO AXLE TRUCKS EQUIPPED WITH
4 A FRONT LOADING COMPACTOR USED EXCLUSIVELY
5 FOR THE COLLECTION OF GARBAGE, REFUSE, OR RECYCLING
6 with 2 axles
40,000 pounds

7 (c) Cities having a population of more than 50,000 may permit by ordinance axle loads on 2 axle motor vehicles 33 1/2% 8 above those provided for herein, but the increase shall not 9 10 become effective until the city has officially notified the Department of the passage of the ordinance and shall not apply 11 to those vehicles when outside of the limits of the city, nor 12 13 shall the gross weight of any 2 axle motor vehicle operating 14 over any street of the city exceed 40,000 pounds.

15 (d) Weight limitations shall not apply to vehicles 16 (including loads) operated by a public utility when 17 transporting equipment required for emergency repair of public 18 utility facilities or properties or water wells.

A combination of vehicles, including a tow truck and a 19 disabled vehicle or disabled combination of vehicles, that 20 21 exceeds the weight restriction imposed by this Code, may be operated on a public highway in this State provided that 22 neither the disabled vehicle nor any vehicle being towed nor 23 24 the tow truck itself shall exceed the weight limitations 25 permitted under this Chapter. During the towing operation, 26 neither the tow truck nor the vehicle combination shall exceed 27 24,000 pounds on a single rear axle and 44,000 pounds on a 28 tandem rear axle, provided the towing vehicle:

(1) is specifically designed as a tow truck having a
gross vehicle weight rating of at least 18,000 pounds and
is equipped with air brakes, provided that air brakes are
required only if the towing vehicle is towing a vehicle,
semitrailer, or tractor-trailer combination that is
equipped with air brakes;

1 (2) is equipped with flashing, rotating, or 2 oscillating amber lights, visible for at least 500 feet in 3 all directions;

4 (3) is capable of utilizing the lighting and braking
5 systems of the disabled vehicle or combination of vehicles;
6 and

7 (4) does not engage in a tow exceeding 20 miles from
8 the initial point of wreck or disablement. Any additional
9 movement of the vehicles may occur only upon issuance of
10 authorization for that movement under the provisions of
11 Sections 15-301 through 15-319 of this Code.

12 Gross weight limits shall not apply to the combination of 13 the tow truck and vehicles being towed. The tow truck license plate must cover the operating empty weight of the tow truck 14 15 only. The weight of each vehicle being towed shall be covered 16 by a valid license plate issued to the owner or operator of the 17 vehicle being towed and displayed on that vehicle. If no valid plate issued to the owner or operator of that vehicle is 18 19 displayed on that vehicle, or the plate displayed on that vehicle does not cover the weight of the vehicle, the weight of 20 the vehicle shall be covered by the third tow truck plate 21 22 issued to the owner or operator of the tow truck and 23 temporarily affixed to the vehicle being towed.

Department may by rule or regulation prescribe 24 The additional requirements. However, nothing in this Code shall 25 26 prohibit a tow truck under instructions of a police officer 27 from legally clearing a disabled vehicle, that may be in 28 violation of weight limitations of this Chapter, from the 29 roadway to the berm or shoulder of the highway. If in the 30 opinion of the police officer that location is unsafe, the officer is authorized to have the disabled vehicle towed to the 31 32 nearest place of safety.

For the purpose of this subsection, gross vehicle weight rating, or GVWR, shall mean the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of the tow truck.

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(e) No vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with

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pneumatic tires shall be operated, unladen or with load, upon the highways of this State in violation of the provisions of any permit issued under the provisions of Sections 15-301 through 15-319 of this Chapter.

5 (f) On designated Class I, II, or III highways and the 6 National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, no vehicle or combination of vehicles with pneumatic tires may be 7 8 operated, unladen or with load, when the total weight on the 9 road surface exceeds the following: 20,000 pounds on a single axle; 34,000 pounds on a tandem axle with no axle within the 10 tandem exceeding 20,000 pounds; 80,000 pounds gross weight for 11 12 vehicle combinations of 5 or more axles; or a total weight on a group of 2 or more consecutive axles in excess of that weight 13 produced by the application of the following formula: W = 50014 15 times the sum of (LN divided by N-1) + 12N + 36, where "W" 16 equals overall total weight on any group of 2 or more 17 consecutive axles to the nearest 500 pounds, "L" equals the distance measured to the nearest foot between extremes of any 18 19 group of 2 or more consecutive axles, and "N" equals the number 20 of axles in the group under consideration.

The above formula when expressed in tabular form results in allowable loads as follows:

23 Distance measured24 to the nearest

25 foot between the

26 extremes of any Maximum weight in pounds

of any group of

2 or more consecutive axles

28 more consecutive

group of 2 or

29 axles

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30	feet	2 axles	3 axles 4 axles 5 axles 6 axles	;
31	4	34,000		
32	5	34,000		
33	6	34,000		
34	7	34,000		
35	8	38,000*	42,000	

1	9	39,000	42,500			
2	10	40,000	43,500			
3	11		44,000			
4	12		45,000	50,000		
5	13		45,500	50,500		
6	14		46,500	51,500		
7	15		47,000	52,000		
8	16		48,000	52 <b>,</b> 500	58,000	
9	17		48,500	53,500	58 <b>,</b> 500	
10	18		49,500	54,000	59,000	
11	19		50,000	54,500	60,000	
12	20		51,000	55 <b>,</b> 500	60,500	66,000
13	21		51,500	56,000	61,000	66,500
14	22		52,500	56,500	61,500	67 <b>,</b> 000
15	23		53,000	57 <b>,</b> 500	62 <b>,</b> 500	68,000
16	24		54,000	58,000	63,000	68,500
17	25		54,500	58,500	63,500	69,000
18	26		55 <b>,</b> 500	59 <b>,</b> 500	64,000	69 <b>,</b> 500
19	27		56,000	60,000	65 <b>,</b> 000	70,000
20	28		57,000	60,500	65 <b>,</b> 500	71,000
21	29		57,500	61,500	66,000	71,500
22	30		58,500	62,000	66 <b>,</b> 500	72,000
23	31		59,000	62,500	67 <b>,</b> 500	72,500
24	32		60,000	63,500	68,000	73,000
25	33			64,000	68,500	74,000
26	34			64,500	69,000	74,500
27	35			65,500	70,000	75,000
28	36			66,000	70,500	75 <b>,</b> 500
29	37			66,500	71,000	76,000
30	38			67 <b>,</b> 500	72,000	77,000
31	39			68,000	72,500	77 <b>,</b> 500
32	40			68,500	73,000	78,000
33	41			69,500	73,500	78,500
34	42			70,000	74,000	79,000
35	43			70,500	75,000	80,000
36	44			71,500	75 <b>,</b> 500	

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1	45	72,000 76,000
2	46	72,500 76,500
3	47	73,500 77,500
4	48	74,000 78,000
5	49	74,500 78,500
6	50	75,500 79,000
7	51	76,000 80,000
8	52	76,500
9	53	77,500
10	54	78,000
11	55	78,500
12	56	79,500
13	57	80,000

14 \*If the distance between 2 axles is 96 inches or less, the 2 15 axles are tandem axles and the maximum total weight may not 16 exceed 34,000 pounds, notwithstanding the higher limit 17 resulting from the application of the formula.

Vehicles not in a combination having more than 4 axles may not exceed the weight in the table in this subsection (f) for 4 axles measured between the extreme axles of the vehicle.

Vehicles in a combination having more than 6 axles may not exceed the weight in the table in this subsection (f) for 6 axles measured between the extreme axles of the combination.

24 Local authorities, with respect to streets and highways 25 under their jurisdiction, without additional fees, may also by ordinance or resolution allow the weight limitations of this 26 27 subsection, provided the maximum gross weight on any one axle 28 shall not exceed 20,000 pounds and the maximum total weight on any tandem axle shall not exceed 34,000 pounds, on designated 29 30 highways when appropriate regulatory signs giving notice are 31 erected upon the street or highway or portion of any street or 32 highway affected by the ordinance or resolution.

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The following are exceptions to the above formula:

34 (1) Two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a
35 total weight of 34,000 pounds each if the overall distance
36 between the first and last axles of the consecutive sets of

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tandem axles is 36 feet or more.

(2) Vehicles for which a different limit is established and posted in accordance with Section 15-316 of this Code.

(3) Vehicles for which the Department of Transportation and local authorities issue overweight permits under authority of Section 15-301 of this Code. These vehicles are not subject to the bridge formula.

(4) Tow trucks subject to the conditions provided in subsection (d) may not exceed 24,000 pounds on a single rear axle or 44,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle.

11 (5) A tandem axle on a 3-axle truck registered as a 12 Special Hauling Vehicle, manufactured prior to or in the 13 model year of 2014, and registered in Illinois prior to 14 January 1, 2015, with a distance between 2 axles in a 15 series greater than 72 inches but not more than 96 inches 16 may not exceed a total weight of 36,000 pounds and neither 17 axle of the series may exceed 18,000 pounds.

(6) A truck not in combination, equipped with a self 18 compactor or an industrial roll-off hoist and roll-off 19 20 container, used exclusively for garbage or refuse may, when laden, transmit 21 operations, upon the road surface, except when on part of the National System of 22 Interstate and Defense Highways, the following maximum 23 weights: 22,000 pounds on a single axle; 40,000 pounds on a 24 tandem axle; 36,000 pounds gross weight on a 2-axle 25 vehicle; 54,000 pounds gross weight on a 3-axle vehicle. 26 27 This vehicle is not subject to the bridge formula.

28 (7) Combinations of vehicles, registered as Special Hauling Vehicles that include a semitrailer manufactured 29 30 prior to or in the model year of 2014, and registered in 31 Illinois prior to January 1, 2015, having 5 axles with a 32 distance of 42 feet or less between extreme axles, may not exceed the following maximum weights: 18,000 pounds on a 33 single axle; 32,000 pounds on a tandem axle; and 72,000 34 pounds gross weight. This combination of vehicles is not 35 subject to the bridge formula. For all those combinations 36

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1 of vehicles that include a semitrailer manufactured after 2 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the overall distance between the first 3 and last axles of the 2 sets of tandems must be 18 feet 6 4 5 inches or more. Any combination of vehicles that has had 6 its cargo container replaced in its entirety after December 31, 2014 may not exceed the weights allowed by the bridge 7 formula. 8

9 No vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with other 10 than pneumatic tires may be operated, unladen or with load, 11 upon the highways of this State when the gross weight on the 12 road surface through any wheel exceeds 800 pounds per inch width of tire tread or when the gross weight on the road 13 surface through any axle exceeds 16,000 pounds. 14

(f-1) A vehicle and load not exceeding the weight 15 16 limitations specified in subsection (f) 73,280 pounds is 17 allowed access as follows:

From any <del>State</del> designated highway onto any 18 (1)non-designated county, township, or municipal highway for 19 a distance of 5 highway miles for the purpose of loading, 20 and unloading, food, fuel, repairs, and rest, provided: 21

(A) The vehicle and load does not exceed 8 feet 6 inches in width and 65 feet overall length. 23

(B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.

25 (C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare 26 between State designated highways.

27 (D) The course of travel take to or from the designated route from or to the point of loading, 28 unloading, food, fuel, repairs, or rest is the shortest 29 30 practical in the general direction of the destination.

31 (2) (Blank). From any State designated highway onto any 32 county or township highway for a distance of 5 highway miles, or any municipal highway for a distance of one 33 highway mile for the purpose of food, fuel, repairs, and 34 35 st, provided:

(A) The vehicle and load does not exceed 8 feet

1	inches in width and 65 feet overall length.
2	(B) There is no sign prohibiting that access.
3	(C) The route is not being used as a thoroughfare
4	between State designated highways.
5	(f-2) <u>(Blank).</u> <del>A vehicle and load greater than 73,280</del>

6 pounds in weight but not exceeding 80,000 pounds is allowed
7 access as follows:

8 (1) From a Class I highway onto any street or highway 9 for a distance of one highway mile for the purpose of 10 loading, unloading, food, fuel, repairs, and rest, 11 provided there is no sign prohibiting that access.

12 (2) From a Class I, II, or III highway onto any State
 13 highway or any local designated highway for a distance of 5
 14 highway miles for the purpose of loading, unloading, food,
 15 fuel, repairs, and rest.

16 Section 5-35 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act 17 relating to procedures for rulemaking shall not apply to the 18 designation of highways under this subsection.

(g) No person shall operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles over a bridge or other elevated structure constituting part of a highway with a gross weight that is greater than the maximum weight permitted by the Department, when the structure is sign posted as provided in this Section.

24 (h) The Department upon request from any local authority 25 shall, or upon its own initiative may, conduct an investigation 26 of any bridge or other elevated structure constituting a part 27 of a highway, and if it finds that the structure cannot with 28 safety to itself withstand the weight of vehicles otherwise 29 permissible under this Code the Department shall determine and 30 declare the maximum weight of vehicles that the structures can 31 withstand, and shall cause or permit suitable signs stating 32 maximum weight to be erected and maintained before each end of the structure. No person shall operate a vehicle or combination 33 of vehicles over any structure with a gross weight that is 34 35 greater than the posted maximum weight.

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(i) Upon the trial of any person charged with a violation

of subsections (g) or (h) of this Section, proof of the determination of the maximum allowable weight by the Department and the existence of the signs, constitutes conclusive evidence of the maximum weight that can be maintained with safety to the bridge or structure.

6 (Source: P.A. 92-417, eff. 1-1-02; 93-177, eff. 7-11-03; 7 93-186, eff. 1-1-04; revised 1-22-04.)