- 1 AN ACT in relation to driving offenses.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 5 changing Section 11-501 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)
- 7 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of
- 8 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or
- 9 compounds or any combination thereof.
- 10 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 11 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 12 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood
- or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of
- blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 15 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 16 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating
- 17 compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a
- 18 degree that renders the person incapable of driving
- 19 safely;
- 20 (4) under the influence of any other drug or
- 21 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- incapable of safely driving;
- 23 (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other
- 24 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a
- 25 degree that renders the person incapable of safely
- 26 driving; or
- 27 (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or
- compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine
- resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of
- 30 cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled
- 31 substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances

- Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- 3 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this 4 Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other 5 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any 6 combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against 7 any charge of violating this Section.
- 8 (b-1) With regard to penalties imposed under this
 9 Section:
- 10 (1) Any reference to a prior violation of

 11 subsection (a) or a similar provision includes any

 12 violation of a provision of a local ordinance or a

 13 provision of a law of another state that is similar to a

 14 violation of subsection (a) of this Section.
- 15 (2) Any penalty imposed for driving with a license
 16 that has been revoked for a previous violation of
 17 subsection (a) of this Section shall be in addition to
 18 the penalty imposed for any subsequent violation of
 19 subsection (a).
- 20 (b-2) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, any
 21 person convicted of violating subsection (a) of this Section
 22 is quilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (b-3) In addition to any other criminal 23 administrative sanction for any second conviction of 24 violating subsection (a) or a similar provision committed 25 within 5 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a 26 similar provision, the defendant shall be sentenced to a 27 mandatory minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned a 28 mandatory minimum of 240 hours of community service as may be 29 30 determined by the court.
- 31 (b-4) In the case of a third or subsequent violation 32 committed within 5 years of a previous violation of 33 subsection (a) or a similar provision, in addition to any 34 other criminal or administrative sanction, a mandatory

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minimum term of either 10 days of imprisonment or 480 hours

of community service shall be imposed.

(b-5) The imprisonment or assignment of community service under subsections (b-3) and (b-4) shall not be subject to suspension, nor shall the person be eligible for a reduced sentence.

(c) (Blank). Except-as-provided-under-paragraphs--(e-3), (c-4),--and--(d)--of--this-Section,-every-person-convicted-of violating-this-Section-or-a--similar--provision--of--a--local ordinance,--shall--be-guilty-of-a-Class-A-misdemeanor-and,-in addition-to-any-other-criminal-or-administrative-action,--for any--second-conviction-of-violating-this-Section-or-a-similar provision-of-a--law--of--another--state--or--local--ordinance committed--within--5--years--of--a-previous-violation-of-this Section-or-a-similar-provision-of-a-local-ordinance-shall--be mandatorily--sentenced-to-a-minimum-of-5-days-of-imprisonment or-assigned-to-a-minimum-of-30-days-of-community--service--as may--be--determined--by--the-court--Every-person-convicted-of violating-this-Section-or-a--similar--provision--of--a--local ordinance-shall-be-subject-to-an-additional-mandatory-minimum fine--of-\$500-and-an-additional-mandatory-5-days-of-community service-in--a--program--benefiting--children--if--the--person committed-a-violation-of-paragraph-(a)-or-a-similar-provision of--a--local--ordinance-while-transporting-a-person-under-age 16.--Every-person-convicted-a-second-time-for-violating--this Section--or-a-similar-provision-of-a-local-ordinance-within-5 years-of-a-previous-violation-of-this-Section--or--a--similar provision--of-a-law-of-another-state-or-local-ordinance-shall be-subject-to-an-additional-mandatory-minimum--fine--of--\$500 and-an-additional-10-days-of-mandatory-community-service-in-a program--benefiting--children--if--the--current--offense--was committed--while--transporting--a--person--under-age-16---The imprisonment-or-assignment-under-this-subsection-shall-not-be subject-to-suspension-nor-shall-the-person--be--eligible--for

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(c-1) (1) A person who violates <u>subsection</u> (a) this Seetien during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of <u>subsection</u> (a) this Seetien, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or <u>for reckless homicide as defined in</u> Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

(2) A person who violates <u>subsection</u> (a) this Section a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of <u>subsection</u> (a) this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or <u>for reckless homicide as defined in</u> Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony.

(2.1) A person who violates subsection (a) a third time, if the third violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a), Section 11-501.1, subsection (b) of Section 11-401, or for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 3 felony; and if the person receives a term of probation or conditional discharge, he or she shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum of 10 days of imprisonment or shall be assigned a mandatory minimum of 480 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court, as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(2.2) A person who violates subsection (a), if the violation occurs during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of subsection (a) or Section 11-501.1, shall also be sentenced to an additional mandatory minimum term of 30 consecutive days of imprisonment, 40 days of 24-hour periodic imprisonment, or 720 hours of community service, as may be determined by the court. This mandatory term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall not be suspended or reduced by the court.

- (3) A person who violates <u>subsection</u> (a) this Seetien a fourth or subsequent time, if the fourth or <u>subsequent violation occurs</u> during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of <u>subsection</u> (a) this-Seetien, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or <u>for reckless homicide as defined in Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, is guilty of a Class 2 felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge.</u>
- (c-2) (Blank).

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(c-3) (Blank). Every-person-convicted-of-violating-this Section-or-a-similar-provision-of-a-local-ordinance-who-had-a child-under-age-16-in-the-vehicle-at-the-time-of-the-offense shall-have-his-or-her-punishment-under-this-Act-enhanced-by-2 days-of-imprisonment-for-a-first-offense,-10-days-of imprisonment-for-a-second-offense,-30-days-of-imprisonment for-a-third-offense,-and-90-days-of-imprisonment-for-a-fourth or-subsequent-offense,-in-addition-to-the-fine-and-community service-required-under-subsection-(c)--and-the-possible imprisonment-required-under-subsection-(d).--The-imprisonment or-assignment-under-this-subsection-shall-not-be--subject--to suspension--nor-shall-the-person-be-eligible-for-probation-in

order-to-reduce-the-sentence-or-assignment. (c-4) (Blank). When-a-person-is-convicted--of--violating 2 3 Section-11-501-of-this-Code-or-a-similar-provision-of-a-local 4 ordinance,--the--following--penalties--apply--when-his-or-her 5 blood,-breath,--or--urine--was---16--or--more--based--on--the definition--of--blood,--breath,--or--urine--units--in-Section 6 7 11-501-2-or-when-that-person-is-convicted-of--violating--this 8 Section-while-transporting-a-child-under-the-age-of-16: (1)--A---person---who---is--convicted--of--violating 9 10 subsection-(a)-of-Section-11-501-of--this--Code--a--first 11 time,--in--addition--to--any--other--penalty--that-may-be imposed-under-subsection-(e);-is-subject-to--a--mandatory 12 13 minimum--of--100-hours-of-community-service-and-a-minimum 14 fine-of-\$500-15 (2)--A--person--who--is---convicted---of---violating 16 subsection--(a)--of--Section-11-501-of-this-Code-a-second 17 time-within-10-years,-in-addition-to-any--other--penalty that-may-be-imposed-under-subsection-(e),-is-subject-to-a 18 mandatory-minimum-of-2-days-of-imprisonment-and-a-minimum 19 20 fine-of-\$1,250. 2.1 (3)--A---person---who---is--convicted--of--violating 22 subsection-(a)-of-Section-11-501-of--this--Code--a--third time--within--20-years-is-guilty-of-a-Class-4-felony-and, 23 24 in-addition-to-any-other--penalty--that--may--be--imposed 25 under--subsection--(c),-is-subject-to-a-mandatory-minimum of-90-days-of-imprisonment-and-a-minimum-fine-of-\$2,500. 26 27 (4)--A-person-who-is--convicted--of--violating--this 28 subsection-(e-4)-a-fourth-or-subsequent-time-is-guilty-of 29 a--Class--2--felony-and,-in-addition-to-any-other-penalty that-may-be-imposed-under-subsection-(e),-is-not-eligible 30 31 for-a-sentence-of-probation-or-conditional-discharge--and 32 is-subject-to-a-minimum-fine-of-\$2,500. (c-5) A person who violates subsection (a), if the 33 person was transporting a person under the age of 16 at the 34

1 time of the violation, is subject to an additional mandatory 2 minimum fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory minimum 140 3 hours of community service, which shall include 40 hours of 4 community service in a program benefiting children, and an additional 2 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or 5 assignment of community service under this subsection (c-5) 6 7 is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for 8 a reduced sentence. 9 (c-6) Except as provided in subsections (c-7) and (c-8) 10 a person who violates subsection (a) a second time, if at the 11 time of the second violation the person was transporting a person under the age of 16, is subject to an additional 10 12 13 days of imprisonment, an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$1,000, and an additional mandatory minimum 140 hours of 14 15 community service, which shall include 40 hours of community 16 service in a program benefiting children. The imprisonment or 17 assignment of community service under this subsection (c-6) is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for 18 a reduced sentence. 19 (c-7) Except as provided in subsection (c-8), any person 20 convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar 2.1 22 provision within 10 years of a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in 23 addition to any other penalty imposed, a mandatory minimum 12 24 25 days imprisonment, an additional 40 hours of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, and a 26 mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The imprisonment or 27 assignment of community service under this subsection (c-7) 28 29 is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eliqible for a reduced sentence. 30 31 (c-8) any person convicted of violating subsection (c-6) or a similar provision within 5 years of a previous violation 32 33 of subsection (a) or a similar provision shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional 80 hours 34

- 1 of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory minimum 12 days of 2 3 imprisonment, and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,750. The 4 imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-8) is not subject to suspension, nor is the 5 person eligible for a reduced sentence. 6 7 (c-9) Any person convicted a third time for violating 8 subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the 9 third violation the person was transporting a person under the age 16, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, 10 11 in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory fine of \$1,000, an additional mandatory 140 hours 12 of community service, which shall include 40 hours in a 13 program benefiting children, and a mandatory minimum 30 days 14 15 of imprisonment. The imprisonment or assignment of community service under this subsection (c-9) is not subject to 16 suspension, nor is the person eligible for a reduced 17 18 sentence. (c-10) Any person convicted of violating subsection 19 (c-9) or a similar provision a third time within 20 years of 20 2.1 a previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision 22 is quilty of a Class 4 felony and shall receive, in addition to any other penalty imposed, an additional mandatory 40 23 24 hours of community service in a program benefiting children, an additional mandatory fine of \$3000, and a mandatory 25 minimum 120 days of imprisonment. The imprisonment or 26 assignment of community service under this subsection (c-10) 27 is not subject to suspension, nor is the person eligible for 28 29 a reduced sentence. (c-11) Any person convicted a fourth or subsequent time 30 for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at
- for violating subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at
 the time of the fourth or subsequent violation the person was
 transporting a person under the age of 16, and if the
 person's 3 prior violations of subsection (a) or similar

- 1 provision occurred while transporting a person under the age
- of 16 or while the alcohol concentration in his or her blood,
- 3 <u>breath</u>, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the definition of
- 4 blood, breath, or urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty
- 5 <u>of a Class 2 felony, is not eligible for probation or</u>
- 6 conditional discharge, and is subject to a minimum fine of
- 7 \$3,000.
- 8 (c-12) Any person convicted of a first violation of
- 9 <u>subsection (a) or a similar provision, if the alcohol</u>
- 10 <u>concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16</u>
- or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine
- 12 <u>units in Section 11-501.2, shall be subject, in addition to</u>
- any other penalty that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum
- 14 of 100 hours of community service and a mandatory minimum
- 15 <u>fine of \$500.</u>
- 16 (c-13) Any person convicted of a second violation of
- 17 <u>subsection</u> (a) or a similar provision, if at the time of the
- 18 <u>second violation of subsection (a) the alcohol concentration</u>
- in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based
- 20 <u>on the definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section</u>
- 21 <u>11-501.2</u>, shall be subject, in addition to any other penalty
- 22 that may be imposed, to a mandatory minimum of 2 days of
- imprisonment and a mandatory minimum fine of \$1,250.
- 24 (c-14) Any person convicted of a third violation of
- 25 <u>subsection (a) or a similar provision within 20 years of a</u>
- 26 previous violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision,
- 27 <u>if at the time of the third violation of subsection (a) or a</u>
- 28 <u>similar provision the alcohol concentration in his or her</u>
- 29 blood, breath, or urine was 0.16 or more based on the
- 30 <u>definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section</u>
- 31 <u>11-501.2</u>, is guilty of a Class 4 felony and shall be subject,
- 32 <u>in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, to a</u>
- 33 <u>mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a mandatory</u>
- 34 <u>minimum fine of \$2,500.</u>

1	(c-15) Any person convicted of a fourth or subsequent
2	violation of subsection (a) or a similar provision, if at the
3	time of the fourth or subsequent violation the alcohol
4	concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine was 0.16
5	or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or urine
6	units in Section 11-501.2, and if the person's 3 prior
7	violations of subsection (a) or a similar provision occurred
8	while transporting a person under the age of 16 or while the
9	alcohol concentration in his or her blood, breath, or urine
10	was 0.16 or more based on the definition of blood, breath, or
11	urine units in Section 11-501.2, is guilty of a Class 2
12	felony and is not eligible for a sentence of probation or
13	conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of
14	\$2,500.
15	(d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation
16	of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving
17	under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or
18	intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination
19	thereof if:
20	(A) the person committed a violation of
21	subsection (a) this-Section, or a similar provision
22	ofa-law-of-another-state-or-a-local-ordinance-when
23	the-cause-of-action-is-the-same-as-orsubstantially
24	similar-to-this-Section, for the third or subsequent

similar-to-this-Section, for the third or subsequent time;

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- (B) the person committed a violation of subsection paragraph (a) while driving a school bus with persons 18 years of age or younger children on board;
- (C) the person in committing a violation of subsection paragraph (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the

1 injuries;

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- (D) the person committed a violation of subsection paragraph (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) or subparagraph (F) of this paragraph (1);
- (E) the person, in committing a violation of subsection paragraph (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of subsection paragraph (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm; or
- (F) the person, in committing a violation of subsection paragraph (a), was involved in a motor vehicle, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, or watercraft accident that resulted in the death of another person, when the violation of subsection paragraph (a) was a proximate cause of the death.
- (2) Except as provided in this paragraph (2), a person convicted of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is guilty of a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of

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imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof as defined in subparagraph (F) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d) is a Class 2 felony, for which the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall sentenced to: (A) a term of imprisonment of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years if the violation resulted in the death of one person; or (B) a term of imprisonment of not less than 6 years and not more than 28 years if the violation resulted in the deaths of 2 or more persons. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of conviction. Any person sentenced under this subsection (d) who receives a term of probation or conditional discharge must serve a minimum term of either 480 hours of community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of community service may not be suspended or reduced by the court.

(e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be the individual required to undergo the paid for bу

- 1 professional evaluation.
- 2 (e-1) Any person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty
- 3 to violating this Section, including any person receiving a
- 4 disposition of court supervision for violating this Section,
- 5 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel
- 6 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's
- 7 Attorney's office, a probation and court services department,
- 8 Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against
- 9 Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim
- 10 impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the
- offender or as may be determined by the court.
- 12 (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section,
- 13 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
- 14 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
- 15 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the
- 16 expense of an emergency response as provided under Section
- 17 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- 18 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
- 19 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a
- 20 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 21 (h) <u>Blank.</u> Every-person-sentenced-under-paragraph-(2)-or
- 22 (3)--of-subsection-(c-1)-of-this-Section-or-subsection-(d)-of
- 23 this--Section--and--who--receives--a--term--of--probation--or
- 24 conditional-discharge-shall-be-required-to--serve--a--minimum
- 25 term--of--either--60--days--community--service--or-10-days-of
- 26 imprisonment-as-a-condition-of-the-probation--or--conditional
- 27 discharge.---This--mandatory--minimum-term-of-imprisonment-or
- 28 assignment-of-community-service-shall-not-be--suspended--and
- 29 shall-not-be-subject-to-reduction-by-the-court.
- 30 (i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of
- 31 ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an
- 32 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent
- 33 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local
- 34 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and

regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system.

- (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, 3 4 a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating subsection (a) this-Section, including any person placed on 5 court supervision for violating subsection (a) this-Section, 6 7 shall be fined \$100, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall 8 distribute the money to the law enforcement agency that made 9 If the person has been previously convicted of the arrest. violating <u>subsection (a)</u> this-Section or a similar provision 10 11 of a local ordinance, the fine shall be \$200. In the event 12 that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the \$100 or \$200 shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by 13 a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be 14 15 used to purchase law enforcement equipment that will assist 16 in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State. This shall include, but is not limited 17 to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed detection 18 19 devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) 20 21 shall be deposited into the State Police DUI Fund and shall 22 be used to purchase law enforcement equipment that will 23 assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence 24 throughout the State.
- 25 (k) The Secretary of State Police DUI Fund is created as a special fund in the State treasury. All moneys received by 26 the Secretary of State Police under subsection (j) of this 27 Section shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Police 28 29 DUI Fund and, subject to appropriation, shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment to assist 30 prevention of alcohol related criminal violence throughout 31 the State. 32
- 33 <u>(1) Whenever an individual is sentenced for an offense</u> 34 <u>based upon an arrest for a violation of subsection (a) or a</u>

similar provision of a local ordinance, and the professional 2 evaluation recommends remedial or rehabilitative treatment or 3 education, neither the treatment nor the education shall be 4 the sole disposition and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition. The court shall 5 monitor compliance with any remedial education or treatment 6 recommendations contained in the professional evaluation. 7 8 Programs conducting alcohol or other drug evaluation or 9 remedial education must be licensed by the Department of 10 Human Services. If the individual is not a resident of 11 Illinois, however, the court may accept an alcohol or other drug evaluation or remedial education program in the 12 individual's state of residence. Programs providing 13 treatment must be licensed under existing applicable 14 15 alcoholism and drug treatment licensure standards. 16 (m) In addition to any other fine or penalty required by 17 law, an individual convicted of a violation of subsection (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety 18 Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or 19 a similar provision, whose operation of a motor vehicle, 20 21 snowmobile, or watercraft while in violation of subsection 22 (a), Section 5-7 of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, or 23 24 a similar provision proximately caused an incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be required to 25 make restitution to a public agency for the costs of that 26 emergency response. The restitution may not exceed \$1,000 per 27 public agency for each emergency response. As used in this 28 subsection (m), "emergency response" means any incident 29 requiring a response by a police officer, a firefighter 30 31 carried on the rolls of a regularly constituted fire department, or an ambulance. 32 (Source: P.A. 92-248, eff. 8-3-01; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01; 33

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92-420, eff. 8-17-01; 92-429, eff. 1-1-02; 92-431, eff. 34

fees, fines, costs,

additional

- 1 1-1-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-156, eff. 1-1-04; 93-213,
- 2 eff. 7-18-03; 93-584, eff. 8-22-03; revised 8-27-03.)
- 3 Section 10. The Clerks of Courts Act is amended by
- 4 changing Sections 27.5 and 27.6 as follows:

27.5. (a) All

- 5 (705 ILCS 105/27.5) (from Ch. 25, par. 27.5)
- penalties, bail balances assessed or forfeited, and any other amount paid by a person to the circuit clerk that equals an
- 9 amount less than \$55, except restitution under Section 5-5-6
- 10 of the Unified Code of Corrections, reimbursement for the
- 11 costs of an emergency response as provided under Section
- 12 <u>11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code</u> 5-5-3-of-the-Unified-Code
- 13 of--Corrections, any fees collected for attending a traffic
- 14 safety program under paragraph (c) of Supreme Court Rule 529,
- 15 any fee collected on behalf of a State's Attorney under
- 16 Section 4-2002 of the Counties Code or a sheriff under
- 17 Section 4-5001 of the Counties Code, or any cost imposed
- 18 under Section 124A-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
- 19 1963, for convictions, orders of supervision, or any other
- disposition for a violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, 11, and 12
- of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a
- 22 local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger
- 23 Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance,
- 24 and except as provided in subsection (b) shall be disbursed
- 25 within 60 days after receipt by the circuit clerk as follows:
- 47% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to
- 27 receive the fine imposed in the case; 12% shall be disbursed
- 28 to the State Treasurer; and 41% shall be disbursed to the
- county's general corporate fund. Of the 12% disbursed to the
- 30 State Treasurer, 1/6 shall be deposited by the State
- 31 Treasurer into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, 1/2
- 32 shall be deposited into the Traffic and Criminal Conviction

1 Surcharge Fund, and 1/3 shall be deposited into the Drivers 2 Education Fund. For fiscal years 1992 and 1993, amounts deposited into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, the 3 4 Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, 5 Drivers Education Fund shall not exceed 110% of the amounts 6 deposited into those funds in fiscal year 1991. Any amount 7 that exceeds the 110% limit shall be distributed as follows: 8 50% shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate fund 9 and 50% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case. Not later than March 1 10 11 of each year the circuit clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this 12 Section during the preceding year based upon independent 13 verification of fines and fees. All counties shall be 14 to this Section, except that counties with a 15 16 population under 2,000,000 may, by ordinance, elect not to be subject to this Section. For offenses subject to this 17 Section, judges shall impose one total sum of money payable 18 19 for violations. The circuit clerk may add on no additional amounts except for amounts that are required by Sections 20 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act, unless those amounts are 21 22 specifically waived by the judge. With respect to money 23 collected by the circuit clerk as a result of forfeiture of bail, ex parte judgment or guilty plea pursuant to Supreme 24 25 Court Rule 529, the circuit clerk shall first deduct and pay amounts required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act. 26 This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers 27 and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article 28 VII of the Illinois Constitution. 29 30

- (b) The following amounts must be remitted to the State

 Treasurer for deposit into the Illinois Animal Abuse Fund:
- 32 (1) 50% of the amounts collected for felony 33 offenses under Sections 3, 3.01, 3.02, 3.03, 4, 4.01, 34 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the

1 Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the 2 Criminal Code of 1961;

- 3 (2) 20% of the amounts collected for Class A and
 4 Class B misdemeanors under Sections 3, 3.01, 4, 4.01,
 5 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.1, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the
 6 Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the
 7 Criminal Code of 1961; and
- 8 (3) 50% of the amounts collected for Class C
 9 misdemeanors under Sections 4.01 and 7.1 of the Humane
 10 Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal
 11 Code of 1961.
- 12 (Source: P.A. 92-454, eff. 1-1-02; 92-650, eff. 7-11-02.)
- 13 (705 ILCS 105/27.6)
- 14 27.6. (a) All fees, fines, costs, additional 15 penalties, bail balances assessed or forfeited, and any other amount paid by a person to the circuit clerk equalling an 16 17 amount of \$55 or more, except the additional fee required by 18 subsections (b) and (c), restitution under Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, reimbursement for the costs 19 20 of an emergency response as provided under Section <u>11-501</u> of 21 the Illinois Vehicle Code 5-5-3--ef--the--Unified-Code-ef Corrections, any fees collected for attending a traffic 22 safety program under paragraph (c) of Supreme Court Rule 529, 23 24 any fee collected on behalf of a State's Attorney under Section 4-2002 of the Counties Code or a sheriff under 25 Section 4-5001 of the Counties Code, or any cost imposed 26 under Section 124A-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 27 28 1963, for convictions, orders of supervision, or any other disposition for a violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, 11, and 12 29 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a 30 31 local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, 32 33 and except as provided in subsection (d) shall be disbursed

1 within 60 days after receipt by the circuit clerk as follows: 2 44.5% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to receive the fine imposed in the case; 16.825% shall be 3 4 disbursed to the State Treasurer; and 38.675% shall be 5 disbursed to the county's general corporate fund. Of the 6 16.825% disbursed to the State Treasurer, 2/17 shall be 7 deposited by the State Treasurer into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, 5.052/17 shall be deposited into the 8 9 Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, 3/17 shall be deposited into the Drivers Education Fund, and 6.948/17 shall 10 be deposited into the Trauma Center Fund. Of the 6.948/17 11 deposited into the Trauma Center Fund from the 16.825% 12 disbursed to the State Treasurer, 50% shall be disbursed to 13 the Department of Public Health and 50% shall be disbursed to 14 the Department of Public Aid. For fiscal year 1993, amounts 15 16 deposited into the Violent Crime Victims Assistance Fund, the Traffic and Criminal Conviction Surcharge Fund, or 17 Drivers Education Fund shall not exceed 110% of the amounts 18 19 deposited into those funds in fiscal year 1991. Any amount 20 that exceeds the 110% limit shall be distributed as follows: 21 50% shall be disbursed to the county's general corporate fund and 50% shall be disbursed to the entity authorized by law to 22 23 receive the fine imposed in the case. Not later than March 1 of each year the circuit clerk shall submit a report of 24 25 amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this Section during the preceding year based upon independent 26 verification of fines and fees. All counties 27 shall be subject to this Section, except that counties 28 with population under 2,000,000 may, by ordinance, elect not to be 29 30 subject to this Section. For offenses subject to this Section, judges shall impose one total sum of money payable 31 32 for violations. The circuit clerk may add on no additional amounts except for amounts that are required by Sections 33 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act, unless those amounts are 34

1 specifically waived by the judge. With respect to money

2 collected by the circuit clerk as a result of forfeiture of

3 bail, ex parte judgment or guilty plea pursuant to Supreme

4 Court Rule 529, the circuit clerk shall first deduct and pay

5 amounts required by Sections 27.3a and 27.3c of this Act.

6 This Section is a denial and limitation of home rule powers

and functions under subsection (h) of Section 6 of Article

VII of the Illinois Constitution.

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- In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person convicted or receiving an order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs shall pay an additional fee of \$100 to the clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Trauma Center This additional fee of \$100 shall not be considered a of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine part for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.
- 23 In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person convicted or receiving an 24 25 order of supervision for driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs shall pay an additional fee of \$5 to the 26 the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that 27 clerk of shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the 28 29 clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 30 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund. This additional fee of 31 \$5 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of 32 any reduction in the fine for time served either before or 33 34 after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the

Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during

3 the preceding calendar year.

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(c) In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person convicted for a violation of Sections 24-1.1, 24-1.2, or 24-1.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a person sentenced for a violation of the Cannabis Control Act or the Controlled Substance Act shall pay an additional fee of \$100 to the clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Trauma Center Fund. This additional fee \$100 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.

(c-1) In addition to any other fines and court costs assessed by the courts, any person sentenced for a violation of the Cannabis Control Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act shall pay an additional fee of \$5 to the clerk of the circuit court. This amount, less 2 1/2% that shall be used to defray administrative costs incurred by the clerk, shall be remitted by the clerk to the Treasurer within 60 days after receipt for deposit into the Spinal Cord Injury Paralysis Cure Research Trust Fund. This additional fee of \$5 shall not be considered a part of the fine for purposes of any reduction in the fine for time served either before or after sentencing. Not later than March 1 of each year the Circuit Clerk shall submit a report of the amount of funds remitted to the State Treasurer under this subsection during the preceding calendar year.

- 1 (d) The following amounts must be remitted to the State 2 Treasurer for deposit into the Illinois Animal Abuse Fund:
- 3 (1) 50% of the amounts collected for felony
- 4 offenses under Sections 3, 3.01, 3.02, 3.03, 4, 4.01,
- 5 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the
- 6 Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the
- 7 Criminal Code of 1961;
- 8 (2) 20% of the amounts collected for Class A and
- 9 Class B misdemeanors under Sections 3, 3.01, 4, 4.01,
- 10 4.03, 4.04, 5, 5.01, 6, 7, 7.1, 7.5, 7.15, and 16 of the
- 11 Humane Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the
- 12 Criminal Code of 1961; and
- 13 (3) 50% of the amounts collected for Class C
- misdemeanors under Sections 4.01 and 7.1 of the Humane
- Care for Animals Act and Section 26-5 of the Criminal
- 16 Code of 1961.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 92-431, eff. 1-1-02; 92-454, eff. 1-1-02;
- 18 92-650, eff. 7-11-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)
- 19 Section 15. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended
- 20 by changing Sections 5-5-3, 5-6-4, 5-6-4.1, and 5-8-7 as
- 21 follows:
- 22 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3)
- Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 24 (a) Except as provided in Section 11-501 of the Illinois
- 25 <u>Vehicle Code</u>, every person convicted of an offense shall be
- sentenced as provided in this Section.
- 27 (b) The following options shall be appropriate
- 28 dispositions, alone or in combination, for all felonies and
- 29 misdemeanors other than those identified in subsection (c) of
- 30 this Section:
- 31 (1) A period of probation.
- 32 (2) A term of periodic imprisonment.

- 1 (3) A term of conditional discharge.
 - (4) A term of imprisonment.
- 3 (5) An order directing the offender to clean up and 4 repair the damage, if the offender was convicted under 5 paragraph (h) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 6 1961 (now repealed).
 - (6) A fine.
- 8 (7) An order directing the offender to make 9 restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 of this 10 Code.
- 11 (8) A sentence of participation in a county impact 12 incarceration program under Section 5-8-1.2 of this Code. 13 Whenever--an-individual-is-sentenced-for-an-offense-based upon-an-arrest-for-a--violation--of--Section--11-501--of--the 14 15 Illinois--Vehicle--Code,--or--a--similar-provision-of-a-local 16 ordinance, -- and -- the --- professional --- evaluation --- recommends 17 remedial--or--rehabilitative--treatment-or-education,-neither the-treatment-nor-the-education-shall-be-the-sole-disposition 18 19 and-either-or-both-may-be-imposed-only--in--conjunction--with 20 another--disposition:-The-court-shall-monitor-compliance-with 21 any-remedial-education-or-treatment-recommendations-contained 22 in-the-professional-evaluation.--Programs-conducting--alcohol 23 or--other--drug--evaluation--or--remedial--education--must-be 24 licensed-by-the-Department-of-Human--Services.---However,--if the--individual--is-not-a-resident-of-Illinois,-the-court-may 25 26 accept-an--alcohol--or--other--drug--evaluation--or--remedial 27 education---program---in---the--state--of--such--individual's 28 residence.--Programs-providing--treatment--must--be--licensed 29 under--existing--applicable--alcoholism--and--drug--treatment 30 licensure-standards.
- In-addition-to-any-other-fine-or-penalty-required-by-law,
 any--individual-convicted-of-a-violation-of-Section-11-501-of
 the-Illinois-Vehicle-Code,--Section-5-7--of--the--Snowmobile
 Registration-and-Safety-Act,--Section-5-16--of--the--Boat

1 Registration--and-Safety-Act,-or-a-similar-provision-of-local 2 ordinance,-whose--operation--of--a--motor--vehicle--while--in violation-of-Section-11-501,-Section-5-7,-Section-5-16,-or 3 4 such-ordinance-proximately-caused-an-incident-resulting-in-an 5 appropriate-emergency-response,-shall--be--required--to--make 6 restitution--to--a--public--agency--for--the--costs--of--that 7 emergency-response.--Such-restitution-shall-not-exceed-\$1,000 8 per--public-agency-for-each-such-emergency-response---For-the 9 purpose-of-this-paragraph,-emergency-response-shall-mean--any 10 incident-requiring-a-response-by:-a-police-officer-as-defined 11 under--Section--1-162-of-the-Illinois-Vehicle-Code;-a-fireman 12 carried--on--the--rolls--of--a--regularly--constituted---fire department;-and-an-ambulance-as-defined-under-Section-3.85-of 13 the-Emergency-Medical-Services-(EMS)-Systems-Act. 14 15

- Neither a fine nor restitution shall be the sole disposition for a felony and either or both may be imposed only in conjunction with another disposition.
 - (c) (1) When a defendant is found guilty of first degree murder the State may either seek a sentence of imprisonment under Section 5-8-1 of this Code, or where appropriate seek a sentence of death under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
 - (2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the following offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to not less than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code for the following offenses, and may order a fine or restitution or both in conjunction with such term of imprisonment:
- (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not imposed.
 - (B) Attempted first degree murder.
- 33 (C) A Class X felony.

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34 (D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the

1 Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of subdivision (c)(1) or (c)(2) of Section 401 of 2 that Act which relates to more than 5 grams of a 3 4 substance containing heroin or cocaine or an analog thereof. 5 (E) A violation of Section 5.1 or 9 of 6 7

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- the Cannabis Control Act.
- (F) A Class 2 or greater felony if offender had been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony within 10 years of the date on which the offender committed the offense for which he or she is being sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
- (G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
 - (H) Criminal sexual assault.
 - (I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen.
- (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to the activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (K) Vehicular hijacking.
- (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of hate crime when the underlying offense

1 upon which the hate crime is based is felony 2 aggravated assault or felony mob action. (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the 3 4 offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to 5 the property exceeds \$300. (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph 6 7 (1) of subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. 8 9 (O) A violation of Section 12-6.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. 10 11 (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 12 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. 13 (Q) A violation of Section 20-1.2 or 20-1.3 of 14 15 the Criminal Code of 1961. 16 (R) A violation of Section 24-3A of t.he Criminal Code of 1961. 17 (S) (Blank). A----violation----of---Section 18 19 11-501(c-1)(3)-of-the-Illinois-Vehicle-Code. 2.0 (T) A second or subsequent violation of 2.1 paragraph (6.6) of subsection (a), subsection (c-5), or subsection (d-5) of Section 401 of the Illinois 22 23 Controlled Substances Act. 24 (3) (Blank). A-minimum-term-of-imprisonment-of--not 25 less--than--5-days-or-30-days-of-community-service-as-may 26 be-determined-by-the-court-shall-be-imposed-for-a--second violation---committed---within--5--years--of--a--previous 2.7 violation-of-Section-11-501-of-the-Illinois-Vehicle--Code 28 29 or--a-similar-provision-of-a-local-ordinance--In-the-case 30 of-a-third-or-subsequent--violation--committed--within--5 years--of--a--previous-violation-of-Section-11-501-of-the 31 32 Illinois-Vehicle-Code-or-a-similar-provision-of--a--local

imprisonment-or-60-days-of--community--service--shall--be

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1 imposed.

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- (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.1) (Blank). A-minimum--term--of--30--consecutive days--of--imprisonment,--40--days--of--24--hour--periodic imprisonment-or-720-hours-of-community-service,-as-may-be determined-by-the-court,-shall-be-imposed-for-a-violation of--Section--11-501-of-the-Illinois-Vehicle-Code-during-a period-in-which-the-defendant's--driving--privileges--are revoked--or-suspended,-where-the-revocation-or-suspension was-for-a-violation-of-Section-11-501-or-Section-11-501-1 of-that-Code.
 - (4.2) Except as provided in paragraph (4.3) of this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.4) Except as provided in paragraph (4.5) and paragraph (4.6) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.6) A minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of

- subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle
 Code.
 - (5) The court may sentence an offender convicted of a business offense or a petty offense or a corporation or unincorporated association convicted of any offense to:
 - (A) a period of conditional discharge;
 - (B) a fine;

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- 8 (C) make restitution to the victim under 9 Section 5-5-6 of this Code.
 - (5.1) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), and except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the property of another person.
 - (5.2) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), and except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person.
 - (5.3) In addition to any penalties imposed under paragraph (5) of this subsection (c), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation resulted in the death of another person.
 - (6) In no case shall an offender be eligible for a disposition of probation or conditional discharge for a Class 1 felony committed while he was serving a term of

probation or conditional discharge for a felony.

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- (7) When a defendant is adjudged a habitual criminal under Article 33B of the Criminal Code of 1961, the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of natural life imprisonment.
- (8) When a defendant, over the age of 21 years, is convicted of a Class 1 or Class 2 felony, after having twice been convicted in any state or federal court of an offense that contains the same elements as an offense now classified in Illinois as a Class 2 or greater Class felony and such charges are separately brought and tried and arise out of different series of acts, such defendant shall be sentenced as a Class X offender. This paragraph shall not apply unless (1) the first felony was committed after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1977; and (2) the second felony was committed after conviction on the first; and (3) the third felony was committed after conviction on the second. A person sentenced as a Class X offender under this paragraph is not eligible to apply for treatment as a condition of probation as provided by Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.
- (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment.
- (10) (Blank). When--a--person--is--convicted--of violating-Section-11-501-of-the-Illinois-Vehicle-Code--or a--similar--provision-of-a-local-ordinance, the-following penalties-apply-when-his-or-her-blood, breath, --or--urine was--16-or-more-based-on-the-definition-of-blood, breath, or--urine--units--in--Section--11-501-2-or-that-person-is convicted-of-violating-Section--11-501--of--the--Illinois Vehicle--Code-while-transporting-a-child-under-the-age-of 16÷

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Section-11-501,-in-addition--to--any--other--penalty that--may-be-imposed-under-subsection-(e)-of-Section

(A)--For-a-first-violation-of-subsection-(a)-of

11-501:--a--mandatory--minimum--of--100---hours---of

community-service-and-a-minimum-fine-of-\$500.

(B)--For--a--second-violation-of-subsection-(a) of-Section-11-501,-in-addition-to-any-other--penalty that--may-be-imposed-under-subsection-(e)-of-Section 11-501-within-10-years:-a--mandatory--minimum--of--2 days-of-imprisonment-and-a-minimum-fine-of-\$1,250.

(C)--For-a-third-violation-of-subsection-(a)-of Section--11-501,--in--addition--to-any-other-penalty that-may-be-imposed-under-subsection-(e)-of--Section $11-501-within-20-years \div -a-mandatory-minimum-of-90$ days-of-imprisonment-and-a-minimum-fine-of-\$2,500.

(D)--For-a-fourth-or--subsequent--violation--of subsection--(a)-of-Section-11-501:-ineligibility-for a-sentence-of-probation-or-conditional-discharge-and a-minimum-fine-of-\$2,500-

(d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the the

1 defendant may be re-sentenced to a term within the range otherwise provided or, if the State files notice of its 2 intention to again seek the extended sentence, the defendant 3 4 shall be afforded a new trial. 5 (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal 6 sexual abuse under Section 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member 7 of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, 8 9 the court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence of probation only where: 10 11 (1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are 12 appropriate: the defendant is willing to undergo a 13 (A) court approved counseling program for a minimum 14 duration of 2 years; or 15 16 (B) the defendant is willing to participate in a court approved plan including but not limited to 17 the defendant's: 18 19 (i) removal from the household; (ii) restricted contact with the victim; 20 21 (iii) continued financial support of the 22 family; 23 (iv) restitution for harm done to the victim; and 24 25 (v) compliance with any other measures 26 that the court may deem appropriate; and (2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the 27 victim's counseling services, to the extent that the 28 court finds, after considering the defendant's income and 29 30 assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying for such services, if the victim was under 18 31 32 years of age at the time the offense was committed and requires counseling as a result of the offense. 33

Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section

- 1 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that
- 2 the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation
- 3 restricting contact with the victim or other family members
- 4 or commits another offense with the victim or other family
- 5 members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and
- 6 impose a term of imprisonment.
- 7 For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and
- 8 "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section
- 9 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- 10 (f) This Article shall not deprive a court in other
- 11 proceedings to order a forfeiture of property, to suspend or
- 12 cancel a license, to remove a person from office, or to
- impose any other civil penalty.
- 14 (g) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense
- 15 under Sections 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18,
- 16 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1,
- 17 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, the defendant
- 18 shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the
- 19 defendant has any sexually transmissible disease, including a
- 20 test for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or
- 21 any other identified causative agent of acquired
- 22 immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Any such medical test
- 23 shall be performed only by appropriately licensed medical
- 24 practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily
- 25 fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's person.
- 26 Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test
- 27 shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel
- involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a
- 29 sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the
- 30 conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera.
- 31 Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim
- 32 and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to
- determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may
- 34 be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test

1 results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested 2 by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal guardian, the 3 4 court shall notify the victim's parents or legal guardian of 5 the test results. The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of 6 7 Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results 8 of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's 9 Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain 10 11 the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, 12 and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge 13 of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of the 14 Criminal Code of 1961 against the defendant. The court shall 15 16 order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted 17 defendant. 18

(g-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable disease, determined by the Illinois as Department of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by Acting in accordance with the best interests of the judge. those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.

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(h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified

1 causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). 2 Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel 3 4 involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the 5 6 conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. 7 Acting in accordance with the best interests of the public, judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if 8 9 anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an 10 11 infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall provide information on the availability of HIV 12 and counseling at Department of Public Health 13 testing facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing 14 15 are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide 16 the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any 17 HIV test administered under this Section, and the court 18 19 shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it 20 is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of the Criminal 21 22 1961 against the defendant. The court shall order 23 that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant. 24 25 All fines and penalties imposed under this Section 26

for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.

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32 (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of 33 Section 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11-11, 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 34 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1,

1 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-21, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, 2 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, any violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or any violation of 3 4 Cannabis Control Act results in conviction, a disposition of 5 court supervision, or an order of probation granted under 6 Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or Section 410 of the 7 Illinois Controlled Substance Act of a defendant, the court 8 shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a 9 facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or 10 11 otherwise works with children under 18 years of age on a When a defendant is so employed, the court 12 daily basis. shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of 13 judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation 14 to the defendant's employer by certified mail. 15 16 employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of 17 the judgment of probation to the 18 conviction or order of supervision or 19 appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board of 20 21 Education of any notification under this subsection.

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If a defendant fails to complete the educational training required by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the

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1 Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory 2 supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school 3 4 diploma or passage of the GED test. The Prisoner Review 5 Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised release of 6 defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection 7 (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release 8 9 term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the 10 11 educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the 12 comply. 13 defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 14 15 This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a 16 who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant 17 who is determined by the court to be developmentally disabled 18 19 or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program. 20

(k) A court may not impose a sentence or disposition for a felony or misdemeanor that requires the defendant to be implanted or injected with or to use any form of birth control.

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- paragraph 25 (1) (A) Except as provided in (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as 26 defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, 27 convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court 28 after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of 29 30 State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of 31 the United States or his or her designated agent to be 32 33 deported when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been

1 issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings 2 under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and (2) the deportation of the defendant would not 3 4 deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of 5 justice. 6 7 Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as 8 provided in this Chapter V. 9 If the defendant has already been sentenced for a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on 10 11 probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act or Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, 12 the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to 13 suspend the sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the 14 15 custody of the Attorney General of the United States or 16 his or her designated agent when: (1) a final order of deportation has been 17 issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings 18 19 under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and the deportation of the defendant would not 20 2.1 deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct 22 and would not be inconsistent with the ends of 23 justice. (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders 24 25 who are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3. 26 27 (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney,

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(D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to the custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant

- shall not be eligible for additional good conduct credit
- for meritorious service as provided under Section 3-6-6.
- 3 (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of
- 4 property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961,
- 5 in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property
- 6 damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform
- 7 community service that may include cleanup, removal, or
- 8 painting over the defacement.
- 9 (n) The court may sentence a person convicted of a
- violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, or 16-1.3 of the Criminal
- 11 Code of 1961 (i) to an impact incarceration program if the
- 12 person is otherwise eligible for that program under Section
- 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, or (iii) if the person is
- 14 an addict or alcoholic, as defined in the Alcoholism and
- 15 Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a substance or
- 16 alcohol abuse program licensed under that Act.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 92-183, eff. 7-27-01; 92-248, eff. 8-3-01;
- 18 92-283, eff. 1-1-02; 92-340, eff. 8-10-01; 92-418, eff.
- 19 8-17-01; 92-422, eff. 8-17-01; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 92-698,
- 20 eff. 7-19-02; 93-44, eff. 7-1-03; 93-156, eff. 1-1-04;
- 21 93-169, eff. 7-10-03; 93-301, eff. 1-1-04; 93-419, eff.
- 22 1-1-04; 93-546, eff. 1-1-04; revised 10-9-03.)
- 23 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-4) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-4)
- 24 Sec. 5-6-4. Violation, Modification or Revocation of
- 25 Probation, of Conditional Discharge or Supervision or of a
- sentence of county impact incarceration Hearing.
- 27 (a) Except in cases where conditional discharge or
- 28 supervision was imposed for a petty offense as defined in
- 29 Section 5-1-17, when a petition is filed charging a violation
- of a condition, the court may:
- 31 (1) in the case of probation violations, order the
- issuance of a notice to the offender to be present by the
- 33 County Probation Department or such other agency

designated by the court to handle probation matters; and
in the case of conditional discharge or supervision
violations, such notice to the offender shall be issued
by the Circuit Court Clerk; and in the case of a
violation of a sentence of county impact incarceration,
such notice shall be issued by the Sheriff;

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- (2) order a summons to the offender to be present for hearing; or
- (3) order a warrant for the offender's arrest where there is danger of his fleeing the jurisdiction or causing serious harm to others or when the offender fails to answer a summons or notice from the clerk of the court or Sheriff.

Personal service of the petition for violation of probation or the issuance of such warrant, summons or notice shall toll the period of probation, conditional discharge, supervision, or sentence of county impact incarceration until the final determination of the charge, and the term of probation, conditional discharge, supervision, or sentence of county impact incarceration shall not run until the hearing and disposition of the petition for violation.

The court shall conduct a hearing of the alleged violation. The court shall admit the offender to bail pending the hearing unless the alleged violation is itself a criminal offense in which case the offender shall be admitted to bail on such terms as are provided in the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, as amended. In any case where an offender incarcerated only as a result of his alleged remains violation of the court's earlier order of probation, supervision, conditional discharge, or county impact incarceration such hearing shall be held within 14 days of the onset of said incarceration, unless the alleged violation is the commission of another offense by the offender during the period of probation, supervision or conditional discharge

- 1 in which case such hearing shall be held within the time
- 2 limits described in Section 103-5 of the Code of Criminal
- 3 Procedure of 1963, as amended.
- 4 (c) The State has the burden of going forward with the
- 5 evidence and proving the violation by the preponderance of
- 6 the evidence. The evidence shall be presented in open court
- 7 with the right of confrontation, cross-examination, and
- 8 representation by counsel.
- 9 (d) Probation, conditional discharge, periodic
- 10 imprisonment and supervision shall not be revoked for failure
- 11 to comply with conditions of a sentence or supervision, which
- 12 imposes financial obligations upon the offender unless such
- failure is due to his willful refusal to pay.
- 14 (e) If the court finds that the offender has violated a
- 15 condition at any time prior to the expiration or termination
- of the period, it may continue him on the existing sentence,
- 17 with or without modifying or enlarging the conditions, or may
- 18 impose any other sentence that was available under Section
- 19 5-5-3 of this Code or Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 20 <u>Code</u> at the time of initial sentencing. If the court finds
- 21 that the person has failed to successfully complete his or
- 22 her sentence to a county impact incarceration program, the
- 23 court may impose any other sentence that was available under
- 24 Section 5-5-3 of this Code or Section 11-501 of the Illinois
- 25 <u>Vehicle Code</u> at the time of initial sentencing, except for a
- sentence of probation or conditional discharge.
- 27 (f) The conditions of probation, of conditional
- 28 discharge, of supervision, or of a sentence of county impact
- incarceration may be modified by the court on motion of the
- 30 supervising agency or on its own motion or at the request of
- 31 the offender after notice and a hearing.
- 32 (g) A judgment revoking supervision, probation,
- 33 conditional discharge, or a sentence of county impact
- incarceration is a final appealable order.

1 (h) Resentencing after revocation of probation, conditional discharge, supervision, or a sentence of county impact incarceration shall be under Article 4. Time served on probation, conditional discharge or supervision shall not be credited by the court against a sentence of imprisonment or periodic imprisonment unless the court orders otherwise.

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6 7 of Instead filing a violation of probation, conditional discharge, supervision, or a sentence of 8 9 impact incarceration, an agent or employee of the supervising agency with the concurrence of his or her supervisor may 10 11 serve on the defendant a Notice of Intermediate Sanctions. 12 shall contain the technical violation or The Notice violations involved, the date or dates of the violation or 13 violations, and the intermediate sanctions to be imposed. 14 Upon receipt of the Notice, the defendant shall immediately 15 16 reject the intermediate sanctions. sanctions are accepted, they shall be imposed immediately. 17 18 intermediate sanctions are rejected or the defendant 19 does not respond to the Notice, a violation of probation, 20 conditional discharge, supervision, or a sentence of county 21 impact incarceration shall be immediately filed with the 22 The State's Attorney and the sentencing court shall 23 be notified of the Notice of Sanctions. Upon successful completion of the intermediate sanctions, a court may not 24 25 revoke probation, conditional discharge, supervision, or sentence of county impact incarceration or impose additional 26 sanctions for the same violation. A notice of intermediate 27 28 sanctions may not be issued for any violation of probation, 29 conditional discharge, supervision, or a sentence of county impact incarceration which could warrant an additional, 30 separate felony charge. The intermediate sanctions shall 31 32 include a term of home detention as provided in Article 8A of Chapter V of this Code for multiple or repeat violations of 33 34 terms and conditions of a sentence of probation, t.he

- 1 conditional discharge, or supervision.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 89-198, eff. 7-21-95; 89-587, eff. 7-31-96;
- 3 89-647, eff. 1-1-97; 90-14, eff. 7-1-97.)
- 4 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-4.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-4.1)
- 5 Sec. 5-6-4.1. Violation, Modification or Revocation of
- 6 Conditional Discharge or Supervision Hearing.) (a) In
- 7 cases where a defendant was placed upon supervision or
- 8 conditional discharge for the commission of a petty offense,
- 9 upon the oral or written motion of the State, or on the
- 10 court's own motion, which charges that a violation of a
- 11 condition of that conditional discharge or supervision has
- 12 occurred, the court may:
- 13 (1) Conduct a hearing instanter if the offender is
- 14 present in court;
- 15 (2) Order the issuance by the court clerk of a notice to
- the offender to be present for a hearing for violation;
- 17 (3) Order summons to the offender to be present; or
- 18 (4) Order a warrant for the offender's arrest.
- 19 The oral motion, if the defendant is present, or the
- 20 issuance of such warrant, summons or notice shall toll the
- 21 period of conditional discharge or supervision until the
- 22 final determination of the charge, and the term of
- 23 conditional discharge or supervision shall not run until the
- 24 hearing and disposition of the petition for violation.
- 25 (b) The Court shall admit the offender to bail pending
- 26 the hearing.
- 27 (c) The State has the burden of going forward with the
- 28 evidence and proving the violation by the preponderance of
- 29 the evidence. The evidence shall be presented in open court
- 30 with the right of confrontation, cross-examination, and
- 31 representation by counsel.
- 32 (d) Conditional discharge or supervision shall not be
- 33 revoked for failure to comply with the conditions of the

- discharge or supervision which imposed financial obligations
- 2 upon the offender unless such failure is due to his wilful
- 3 refusal to pay.
- 4 (e) If the court finds that the offender has violated a
- 5 condition at any time prior to the expiration or termination
- of the period, it may continue him on the existing sentence
- 7 or supervision with or without modifying or enlarging the
- 8 conditions, or may impose any other sentence that was
- 9 available under Section 5-5-3 of this Code or Section 11-501
- 10 of the Illinois Vehicle Code at the time of initial
- 11 sentencing.
- 12 (f) The conditions of conditional discharge and of
- 13 supervision may be modified by the court on motion of the
- 14 probation officer or on its own motion or at the request of
- 15 the offender after notice to the defendant and a hearing.
- 16 (g) A judgment revoking supervision is a final
- 17 appealable order.
- 18 (h) Resentencing after revocation of conditional
- 19 discharge or of supervision shall be under Article 4. Time
- 20 served on conditional discharge or supervision shall be
- 21 credited by the court against a sentence of imprisonment or
- 22 periodic imprisonment unless the court orders otherwise.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 81-815.)
- 24 (730 ILCS 5/5-8-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-8-7)
- Sec. 5-8-7. Calculation of Term of Imprisonment.
- 26 (a) A sentence of imprisonment shall commence on the
- 27 date on which the offender is received by the Department or
- 28 the institution at which the sentence is to be served.
- 29 (b) The offender shall be given credit on the
- 30 determinate sentence or maximum term and the minimum period
- 31 of imprisonment for time spent in custody as a result of the
- 32 offense for which the sentence was imposed, at the rate
- 33 specified in Section 3-6-3 of this Code. Except when

- 1 prohibited by subsection (d), the trial court may give credit
- 2 to the defendant for time spent in home detention, or when
- 3 the defendant has been confined for psychiatric or substance
- 4 abuse treatment prior to judgment, if the court finds that
- 5 the detention or confinement was custodial.
- 6 (c) An offender arrested on one charge and prosecuted on
- 7 another charge for conduct which occurred prior to his arrest
- 8 shall be given credit on the determinate sentence or maximum
- 9 term and the minimum term of imprisonment for time spent in
- 10 custody under the former charge not credited against another
- 11 sentence.
- 12 (d) An offender sentenced to a term of imprisonment for
- an offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of
- 14 Section 5-5-3 of this Code or in paragraph (3) of subsection
- 15 (c-1) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall
- 16 not receive credit for time spent in home detention prior to
- 17 judgment.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 88-119; 89-647, eff. 1-1-97.)