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1 AN ACT concerning alcoholic liquor.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Liquor Control Act of 1934 is amended by changing Section 7-5 as follows:

6 (235 ILCS 5/7-5) (from Ch. 43, par. 149)

7 Sec. 7-5. The local liquor control commissioner may revoke or suspend any license issued by him if he determines that the 8 licensee has violated any of the provisions of this Act or of 9 any valid ordinance or resolution enacted by the particular 10 city council, president, or board of trustees or county board 11 (as the case may be) or any applicable rule or regulations 12 established by the local liquor control commissioner or the 13 14 State commission which is not inconsistent with law. Upon 15 notification by the Illinois Department of Revenue, the State Commission shall refuse the issuance or renewal of a license or 16 17 suspend or revoke any license issued by it if the licensee or 18 <u>license applicant</u> has violated the provisions of Section 3 of 19 the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act. In addition to the suspension, the local liquor control commissioner in any county 20 or municipality may levy a fine on the licensee for such 21 22 violations. The fine imposed shall not exceed \$1000 for a first violation within a 12-month period, \$1,500 for a second 23 violation within a 12-month period, and \$2,500 for a third or 24 25 subsequent violation within a 12-month period. Each day on 26 which a violation continues shall constitute a separate violation. Not more than \$15,000 in fines under this Section 27 28 may be imposed against any licensee during the period of his license. Proceeds from such fines shall be paid into the 29 30 general corporate fund of the county or municipal treasury, as the case may be. 31

However, no such license shall be so revoked or suspended

and no licensee shall be fined except after a public hearing by the local liquor control commissioner with a 3 day written notice to the licensee affording the licensee an opportunity to appear and defend. All such hearings shall be open to the public and the local liquor control commissioner shall reduce all evidence to writing and shall maintain an official record of the proceedings. If the local liquor control commissioner has reason to believe that any continued operation of a particular licensed premises will immediately threaten the welfare of the community he may, upon the issuance of a written order stating the reason for such conclusion and without notice or hearing order the licensed premises closed for not more than 7 days, giving the licensee an opportunity to be heard during that period, except that if such licensee shall also be engaged in the conduct of another business or businesses on the licensed premises such order shall not be applicable to such other business or businesses.

The local liquor control commissioner shall within 5 days after such hearing, if he determines after such hearing that the license should be revoked or suspended or that the licensee should be fined, state the reason or reasons for such determination in a written order, and either the amount of the fine, the period of suspension, or that the license has been revoked, and shall serve a copy of such order within the 5 days upon the licensee.

If the premises for which the license was issued are located outside of a city, village or incorporated town having a population of 500,000 or more inhabitants, the licensee after the receipt of such order of suspension or revocation shall have the privilege within a period of 20 days after the receipt of such order of suspension or revocation of appealing the order to the State commission for a decision sustaining, reversing or modifying the order of the local liquor control commissioner. If the State commission affirms the local commissioner's order to suspend or revoke the license at the first hearing, the appellant shall cease to engage in the

business for which the license was issued, until the local commissioner's order is terminated by its own provisions or reversed upon rehearing or by the courts.

If the premises for which the license was issued are located within a city, village or incorporated town having a population of 500,000 or more inhabitants, the licensee shall have the privilege, within a period of 20 days after the receipt of such order of fine, suspension or revocation, of appealing the order to the local license appeal commission and upon the filing of such an appeal by the licensee the license appeal commission shall determine the appeal upon certified record of proceedings of the local liquor commissioner in accordance with the provisions of Section 7-9. Within 30 days after such appeal was heard the license appeal commission shall render a decision sustaining or reversing the order of the local liquor control commissioner.

17 (Source: P.A. 93-22, eff. 6-20-03.)