

Rep. Richard T. Bradley

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	09300HB5892ham001 LRB093 19335 AMC 49257 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 5892
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 5892 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Department of Professional Regulation Law
5	of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by
6	changing Section 2105-75 as follows:
7	(20 ILCS 2105/2105-75) (was 20 ILCS 2105/61f)
8	Sec. 2105-75. Design professionals <u>designated</u> Dedicated
9	employees. There are established within the Department certain
10	design professionals <u>designated</u> dedicated employees. These
11	employees shall be devoted <u>primarily</u> exclusively to the
12	administration and enforcement of the Illinois Architecture
13	Practice Act, the Illinois Professional Land Surveyor Act of
14	1989, the Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989, and
15	the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989. The design
16	professionals <u>designated</u> dedicated employees that the Director
17	shall employ, in conformity with the Personnel Code, <u>shall</u>
18	<u>include but not be limited to</u> at a minimum shall consist of one
19	full-time Design Licensing <u>Manager</u> Coordinator , one full-time
20	Assistant Licensing Manager Coordinator, 4 full-time licensing
21	clerks, one full-time attorney, and 2 full-time investigators.
22	These employees shall work <u>primarily</u> exclusively in the
23	licensing and enforcement of the design profession Acts set
24	forth in this Section and may shall not be used, when

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1 <u>available, for</u> for the licensing and enforcement of any other

Act or other duties in the Department <u>subject to the</u>
<u>authorization of the Department</u>.
(Source: P.A. 91-91, eff. 7-9-99; 91-239, eff. 1-1-00; 91-357,
eff. 7-29-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01.)".

6 Section 10. The Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989 7 is amended by changing Sections 3, 4, 13, and 36 as follows:

8 (225 ILCS 305/3) (from Ch. 111, par. 1303)

9

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

10 Sec. 3. Application of Act. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed or construed to prevent the practice of structural 11 12 engineering as defined in the Structural Engineering Practice 13 Act of 1989, the practice of professional engineering as defined in the Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989, 14 or the preparation of documents used to prescribe work to be 15 16 inside buildings for non-loadbearing done interior 17 construction, furnishings, fixtures and equipment, or the 18 offering or preparation of environmental analysis, feasibility 19 studies, programming or construction management services by persons other than those licensed in accordance with this Act, 20 the Structural Engineering Practice Act of 1989 or the 21 22 Professional Engineering Practice Act of 1989.

23 Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the draftsmen, 24 students, project representatives and other employees of those lawfully practicing as licensed architects under 25 the 26 provisions of this Act, from acting under the direct 27 supervision and control of their employers, or to prevent the 28 employment of project representatives for enlargement or 29 alteration of buildings or any parts thereof, or prevent such 30 representatives from acting under the direct project supervision and control of the licensed architect by whom the 31 32 construction documents including drawings and specifications 1 of any such building, enlargement or alteration were prepared.

Nothing in this Act or any other Act shall prevent a <u>licensed</u> registered architect from practicing interior design services. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as requiring the services of an interior designer for the interior designing of a single family residence.

7 <u>The involvement of a licensed architect is not required for</u>
8 <u>the following</u> This Act does not apply to any of the following:

9 (A) The building, remodeling or repairing of any 10 building or other structure outside of the corporate limits 11 of any city or village, where such building or structure is 12 to be, or is used for farm purposes, or for the purposes of 13 outbuildings or auxiliary buildings in connection with 14 such farm premises.

(B) The construction, remodeling or repairing of adetached single family residence on a single lot.

17 (C) The construction, remodeling or repairing of a
 18 two-family residence of wood frame construction on a single
 19 lot, not more than two stories and basement in height.

(D) Interior design services for buildings which do not
 involve life safety or structural changes.

However, when an ordinance of a unit of local government 22 requires the involvement of a licensed architect for any 23 24 buildings included in the preceding paragraphs (A) through (D), 25 the requirements of this Act shall apply. All all buildings not 26 included in the preceding paragraphs (A) through (D), including multi-family buildings and buildings previously exempt from 27 28 the involvement of a licensed architect under those paragraphs 29 but subsequently non-exempt due to a change in occupancy or use, are subject to the requirements of this Act. Interior 30 31 alterations which result in life safety or structural changes 32 of the building are subject to the requirements of this Act. (Source: P.A. 91-91, eff. 1-1-00; 91-133, eff. 1-1-00; 92-16, 33 eff. 6-28-01.) 34

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	(225 ILCS 305/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 1304)
2	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)
3	Sec. 4. Definitions. In this Act:
4	(a) "Department" means the Department of Professional
5	Regulation.
6	(b) "Director" means the Director of Professional
7	Regulation.
8	(c) "Board" means the Illinois Architecture Licensing
9	Board appointed by the Director.
10	(d) "Public health" as related to the practice of
11	architecture means the state of the well-being of the body or
12	mind of the building user.
13	(e) "Public safety" as related to the practice of
14	architecture means the state of being reasonably free from risk
15	of danger, damage, or injury.
16	(f) "Public welfare" as related to the practice of
17	architecture means the well-being of the building user
18	resulting from the state of a physical environment that
19	accommodates human activity.
20	(Source: P.A. 86-702.)
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$\angle \perp$	(225 ILCS 305/13) (from Ch. 111, par. 1313)
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22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010) Sec. 13. Qualifications of applicants. Any person who is of good moral character may take an examination for licensure if he or she is a graduate with a first professional degree in architecture from a program accredited by the National Architectural Accrediting Board and has completed such
22 23 24 25 26 27	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010) Sec. 13. Qualifications of applicants. Any person who is of good moral character may take an examination for licensure if he or she is a graduate with a first professional degree in architecture from a program accredited by the National Architectural Accrediting Board and has completed such diversified professional training, including academic
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010) Sec. 13. Qualifications of applicants. Any person who is of good moral character may take an examination for licensure if he or she is a graduate with a first professional degree in architecture from a program accredited by the National Architectural Accrediting Board and has completed such diversified professional training, including academic training, as is required by rules of the Department. <u>Until</u>

32 accredited by the National Architectural Accrediting Board,

1 the Department may admit an applicant who is a graduate with a pre-professional 4 year baccalaureate degree accepted for 2 3 direct entry into a first professional master of architecture 4 degree program, and who has completed such additional 5 diversified professional training, including academic training, as is required by rules of the Department. The 6 7 Department may adopt, as its own rules relating to diversified 8 professional training, those guidelines published from time to time by the National Council of Architectural Registration 9 10 Boards.

Good moral character means such character as will enable a 11 person to discharge the fiduciary duties of an architect to 12 13 that person's client and to the public in a manner which protects health, safety and welfare. Evidence of inability to 14 15 discharge such duties may include the commission of an offense 16 justifying discipline under Section 19. In addition, the Department may take into consideration whether the applicant 17 18 has engaged in conduct or actions that would constitute grounds 19 for discipline under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 91-133, eff. 1-1-00.) 20

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(225 ILCS 305/36) (from Ch. 111, par. 1336)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2010)

Sec. 36. Violations. Each of the following Acts constitutes 23 24 a Class A misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class 4 25 felony for a second or subsequent offense:

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(a) the practice, attempt to practice or offer to 27 practice architecture, or the advertising or putting out of 28 any sign or card or other device which might indicate to 29 the public that the person is entitled to practice 30 architecture, without a license as a licensed architect, or 31 registration as a professional design firm issued by the 32 Department. Each day of practicing architecture or attempting to practice architecture, and each instance of 33

offering to practice architecture, without a license as a
 licensed architect or registration as a professional
 design firm constitutes a separate offense;

4 (b) the making of any wilfully false oath or
5 affirmation in any matter or proceeding where an oath or
6 affirmation is required by this Act;

7 (c) the affixing of a licensed architect's seal to any 8 construction documents which have not been prepared by that 9 architect or under the architect's direct supervision and 10 control;

11 (d) the violation of any provision of this Act or its 12 rules;

(e) using or attempting to use an expired, inactive,
suspended, or revoked license, or the certificate or seal
of another, or impersonating another licensee;

16 (f) obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or 17 registration by fraud; or

(g) If any person, sole proprietorship, professional 18 19 service corporation, limited liability company, 20 corporation or partnership, or other entity practices 21 architecture or advertises or displays any sign or card or 22 other device that might indicate to the public that the person or entity is entitled to practice as an architect or 23 use the title "architect" or any of its derivations unless 24 25 the person or other entity holds an active license as an 26 architect or registration as a professional design firm in 27 the State; then, in addition to any other penalty provided by law any person or other entity who violates this 28 29 subsection (g) shall forfeit and pay to the Design Professionals Administration and Investigation Fund a 30 31 civil penalty in an amount determined by the Department of not more than \$5,000 for each offense. 32

An unlicensed person who has completed the education
 requirements, is actively participating in the diversified

1	professional training, and maintains in good standing	a
2	training record as required for licensure by this Act may us	se
3	the title "architectural intern", but may not engage in th	ıe
4	practice of architecture.	
5	(Source: P.A. 88-428.)".	