

93RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2003 and 2004

HB4592

Introduced 02/04/04, by Robert Rita

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/14-3

from Ch. 38, par. 14-3

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961. Exempts from an eavesdropping violation, recordings made simultaneously with a security video recording by a fixed, publicly visible camera in vehicles used by authorized public mass transit districts in the normal course of public transportation; provided, the audio recordings are confined to the passenger boarding or driver areas of the vehicle, or both, and a sign is posted in clear view of the boarding passengers indicating that both audio and video are being recorded.

LRB093 14866 RLC 40432 b

HB4592

1

6

AN ACT in relation to criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing
Section 14-3 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/14-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 14-3)

Sec. 14-3. Exemptions. The following activities shall be
exempt from the provisions of this Article:

9 (a) Listening to radio, wireless and television 10 communications of any sort where the same are publicly made;

(b) Hearing conversation when heard by employees of any common carrier by wire incidental to the normal course of their employment in the operation, maintenance or repair of the equipment of such common carrier by wire so long as no information obtained thereby is used or divulged by the hearer;

16 (c) Any broadcast by radio, television or otherwise whether 17 it be a broadcast or recorded for the purpose of later 18 broadcasts of any function where the public is in attendance 19 and the conversations are overheard incidental to the main 20 purpose for which such broadcasts are then being made;

21 (d) Recording or listening with the aid of any device to 22 any emergency communication made in the normal course of operations by any federal, state or local law enforcement 23 agency or institutions dealing 24 in emergency services, 25 including, but not limited to, hospitals, clinics, ambulance 26 services, fire fighting agencies, any public utility, 27 emergency repair facility, civilian defense establishment or 28 military installation;

(e) Recording the proceedings of any meeting required to beopen by the Open Meetings Act, as amended;

31 (f) Recording or listening with the aid of any device to 32 incoming telephone calls of phone lines publicly listed or - 2 - LRB093 14866 RLC 40432 b

HB4592

1 advertised as consumer "hotlines" by manufacturers or 2 retailers of food and drug products. Such recordings must be 3 destroyed, erased or turned over to local law enforcement 4 authorities within 24 hours from the time of such recording and 5 shall not be otherwise disseminated. Failure on the part of the 6 individual or business operating any such recording or listening device to comply with the requirements of this 7 8 subsection shall eliminate any civil or criminal immunity 9 conferred upon that individual or business by the operation of 10 this Section;

11 (g) With prior notification to the State's Attorney of the 12 county in which it is to occur, recording or listening with the 13 aid of any device to any conversation where a law enforcement officer, or any person acting at the direction of law 14 15 enforcement, is a party to the conversation and has consented 16 to it being intercepted or recorded under circumstances where 17 the use of the device is necessary for the protection of the law enforcement officer or any person acting at the direction 18 19 of law enforcement, in the course of an investigation of a 20 forcible felony, a felony violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, a felony violation of the Cannabis Control Act, 21 or any "streetgang related" or "gang-related" felony as those 22 23 terms are defined in the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act. Any recording or evidence derived as the result 24 25 of this exemption shall be inadmissible in any proceeding, 26 criminal, civil or administrative, except (i) where a party to 27 the conversation suffers great bodily injury or is killed 28 during such conversation, or (ii) when used as direct 29 impeachment of a witness concerning matters contained in the 30 interception or recording. The Director of the Department of 31 State Police shall issue regulations as are necessary concerning the use of devices, retention of tape recordings, 32 and reports regarding their use; 33

34 (g-5) With approval of the State's Attorney of the county 35 in which it is to occur, recording or listening with the aid of 36 any device to any conversation where a law enforcement officer, - 3 - LRB093 14866 RLC 40432 b

HB4592

or any person acting at the direction of law enforcement, is a 1 2 party to the conversation and has consented to it being 3 intercepted or recorded in the course of an investigation of any offense defined in Article 29D of this Code. In all such 4 5 cases, an application for an order approving the previous or 6 continuing use of an eavesdropping device must be made within 48 hours of the commencement of such use. In the absence of 7 such an order, or upon its denial, any continuing use shall 8 9 immediately terminate. The Director of State Police shall issue 10 rules as are necessary concerning the use of devices, retention 11 of tape recordings, and reports regarding their use.

12 Any recording or evidence obtained or derived in the course of an investigation of any offense defined in Article 29D of 13 this Code shall, upon motion of the State's Attorney or 14 Attorney General prosecuting any violation of Article 29D, be 15 16 reviewed in camera with notice to all parties present by the 17 court presiding over the criminal case, and, if ruled by the court to be relevant and otherwise admissible, it shall be 18 19 admissible at the trial of the criminal case.

This subsection (g-5) is inoperative on and after January 1, 2005. No conversations recorded or monitored pursuant to this subsection (g-5) shall be <u>inadmissible</u> inadmissable in a court of law by virtue of the repeal of this subsection (g-5) on January 1, 2005;

(h) Recordings made simultaneously with a video recording
of an oral conversation between a peace officer, who has
identified his or her office, and a person stopped for an
investigation of an offense under the Illinois Vehicle Code;

29 (i) Recording of a conversation made by or at the request 30 of a person, not a law enforcement officer or agent of a law 31 enforcement officer, who is a party to the conversation, under 32 reasonable suspicion that another party to the conversation is committing, is about to commit, or has committed a criminal 33 offense against the person or a member of his or her immediate 34 35 household, and there is reason to believe that evidence of the 36 criminal offense may be obtained by the recording;

- 4 - LRB093 14866 RLC 40432 b

HB4592

1 (j) The use of a telephone monitoring device by either (1) 2 a corporation or other business entity engaged in marketing or opinion research or (2) a corporation or other business entity 3 4 engaged in telephone solicitation, as defined in this 5 subsection, to record or listen to oral telephone solicitation 6 conversations or marketing or opinion research conversations by an employee of the corporation or other business entity 7 when: 8

9 (i) the monitoring is used for the purpose of service 10 quality control of marketing or opinion research or 11 telephone solicitation, the education or training of 12 employees or contractors engaged in marketing or opinion 13 research or telephone solicitation, or internal research 14 related to marketing or opinion research or telephone 15 solicitation; and

16 (ii) the monitoring is used with the consent of at 17 least one person who is an active party to the marketing or 18 opinion research conversation or telephone solicitation 19 conversation being monitored.

20 No communication or conversation or any part, portion, or aspect of the communication or conversation made, acquired, or 21 22 obtained, directly or indirectly, under this exemption (j), may 23 be, directly or indirectly, furnished to any law enforcement officer, agency, or official for any purpose or used in any 24 inquiry or investigation, or used, directly or indirectly, in 25 26 any administrative, judicial, or other proceeding, or divulged 27 to any third party.

28 When recording or listening authorized by this subsection 29 (j) on telephone lines used for marketing or opinion research 30 or telephone solicitation purposes results in recording or 31 listening to a conversation that does not relate to marketing 32 or opinion research or telephone solicitation; the person recording or listening shall, immediately upon determining 33 34 that the conversation does not relate to marketing or opinion 35 research or telephone solicitation, terminate the recording or listening and destroy any such recording as soon as is 36

HB4592

1 practicable.

Business entities that use a telephone monitoring or telephone recording system pursuant to this exemption (j) shall provide current and prospective employees with notice that the monitoring or recordings may occur during the course of their employment. The notice shall include prominent signage notification within the workplace.

8 Business entities that use a telephone monitoring or 9 telephone recording system pursuant to this exemption (j) shall 10 provide their employees or agents with access to personal-only 11 telephone lines which may be pay telephones, that are not 12 subject to telephone monitoring or telephone recording.

For the purposes of this subsection (j), "telephone solicitation" means a communication through the use of a telephone by live operators:

16

(i) soliciting the sale of goods or services;

17 (ii) receiving orders for the sale of goods or 18 services;

19

(iii) assisting in the use of goods or services; or

20 (iv) engaging in the solicitation, administration, or
 21 collection of bank or retail credit accounts.

For the purposes of this subsection (j), "marketing or 22 23 opinion research" means a marketing or opinion research interview conducted by a live telephone interviewer engaged by 24 25 a corporation or other business entity whose principal business 26 is the design, conduct, and analysis of polls and surveys 27 measuring the opinions, attitudes, and responses of 28 respondents toward products and services, social or or 29 political issues, or both; -

30 (k) Electronic recordings, including but not limited to, a 31 motion picture, videotape, digital, or other visual or audio 32 recording, made of a custodial interrogation of an individual 33 at a police station or other place of detention by a law 34 enforcement officer under Section 5-401.5 of the Juvenile Court 35 Act of 1987 or Section 103-2.1 of the Code of Criminal 36 Procedure of 1963; and HB4592

1 <u>(1)</u> (k) Recording the interview or statement of any person 2 when the person knows that the interview is being conducted by 3 a law enforcement officer or prosecutor and the interview takes 4 place at a police station that is currently participating in 5 the Custodial Interview Pilot Program established under the 6 Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act; and -

7 (m) Recordings made simultaneously with a security video recording by a fixed, publicly visible camera in vehicles used 8 9 by authorized public mass transit districts in the normal course of public transportation. The audio recordings must be 10 11 confined to the passenger boarding or driver areas of the vehicle, or both. Every vehicle so equipped must have a sign 12 13 posted in clear view of the boarding passengers indicating that both audio and video are being recorded. 14

15 (Source: P.A. 92-854, eff. 12-5-02; 93-206, eff. 7-18-03;
16 93-517, eff. 8-6-03; 93-605, eff. 11-19-03; revised 12-9-03.)