AN ACT concerning municipalities.

```
Be it enacted by the People of the state of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:
```

Section 5. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by changing sections $3.1-15-30$, $3.1-15-35$, and 3.1-15-40 as follows:
(65 ILCS 5/3.1-15-30) (from Ch. 24, par. 3.1-15-30)
Sec. 3.1-15-30. Minority representation.
(a) Whenever the question of incorporation as a city under this Code is submitted for adoption to the electors of any territory, village, incorporated town, or city under special charter, there may be submitted at the same time for adoption or rejection the question of minority representation in the city council. The proposition shall be in the following form:

Shall minority representation in the city council be adopted?
(a-5) Whenever the question of incorporation as a village under this Code is submitted for adoption to the electors of any territory, incorporated town, city, or city under special charter, there may be submitted at the same time for adoption or rejection the question of minority representation in the village board. The proposition shall be in the following form:

Shall minority representation in the village board
be adopted?
(a-10) Whenever the question of incorporation as an incorporated town under this Code is submitted for adoption to the electors of any territory, village, city, or city under special charter, there may be submitted at the same time for adoption or rejection the question of minority
representation in the town board．The proposition shall be in the following form：

Shall minority representation in the town board be adopted？
（b）If a majority of the votes cast on the question at any election are for minority representation in the eiもy council or board，the members of the eity council or board， except as otherwise provided，thereafter shall be elected as provided in Section 3．1－15－35．
（c）The eity council or board，at least 30 days before the first day fixed by law for the filing of candidate petitions for the next general municipal election，shall apportion the municipality eity by dividing its population， as ascertained by an official publication of any national， state，school，or local eity census，by any number not less than 2 nor more than 176 ．The quotient shall be the ratio of representation in the ėも\＃council or board．Districts shall be formed of contiguous and compact territory and contain，as near as practicable，an equal number of inhabitants．
（d）If a majority of the votes cast on the question at any election are against minority representation in the eiもサ council or board，the members of the eity council or board shall be elected as otherwise provided in this Code．
（e）At any time after the incorporation of any form of municipality a－eiもy under this Code，on petition of electors equal in number to one－eighth the number of legal votes cast at the next preceding general municipal election，the eiもy clerk shall certify the question of the adoption or retention of minority representation to the proper election authority for submission to the electors of that municipality eiもy．The proposition shall be in the same form as provided in this Section，except that the word＂retained＂shall be substituted for the word＂adopted＂when appropriate．A question of minority representation，however，shall not be submitted more
than once within 32 months．
（f）If the eity council or board of any municipality eiもy adopting minority representation as provided in this Section has not fixed a ratio of representation and formed the districts by the time specified in this Section，those acts may be done by any later eity or village council．All official acts done and ordinances passed by a eity council or board elected at large by the electors of a municipality eiもy that has adopted a minority representation plan shall be as valid and binding as if the aldermen had been elected from districts．
（Source：P．A．87－1119．）
（65 ILCS 5／3．1－15－35）（from Ch．24，par．3．1－15－35）
Sec．3．1－15－35．Aldermen and board members under minority representation plan．Every district under a minority representation plan shall be entitled to 3 aldermen or board members．Aldermen and board members shall hold their offices for 4 years and until their successors have been elected and qualified，except in municipalities eiもies that have adopted a 2 year term under Section 3．1－10－65．There shall be elected in each district as many aldermen or board members as the district is entitled to．In all of these elections for aldermen or board members，each elector may cast as many votes as there are aldermen or board members to be elected in the elector＇s district，or may distribute his or her votes，or equal parts of the votes，among the candidates as the elector sees fit．The candidate highest in votes is elected if only one alderman or board member is elected；the candidates highest and next highest in votes are elected if only 2 aldermen or board members are elected；and the 3 highest candidates in votes are elected when 3 aldermen or board members are elected．Vacancies shall be filled as provided in Sections 3．1－10－50 and 3．1－10－55 by either

```
interim election or appointment. An appointment to fill a
vacancy shall be made within 60 days after the vacancy
occurs. The requirement that an appointment be made within
6 0 \text { days is an exclusive power and function of the State and}
is a denial and limitation under Article VII, Section 6,
subsection (h) of the Illinois Constitution of the power of a
home rule municipality to require that an appointment be made
within a different period after the vacancy occurs.
(Source: P.A. 87-1052; 87-1119; 88-45.)
    (65 ILCS 5/3.1-15-40) (from Ch. 24, par. 3.1-15-40)
    Sec. 3.1-15-40. Staggered elections under minority
plans. In all municipalities eities that adopt or have
adopted the minority representation plan for the election of
aldermen or board members and have not already staggered the
terms of their aldermen or board members, the eity council
may provide by ordinance that at any ensuing general
municipal election for municipal eity officers the aldermen
or board members in every alternate district shall be elected
for one term of 2 years and, at the expiration of that term
of 2 years, for regular terms of 4 years. This Section does
not prohibit a municipality eiも# from voting in favor of a 2
year term for municipal eiもy officers as provided in Section
3.1-10-65. The provisions of the general election law shall
govern elections under this Section.
(Source: P.A. 87-1119.)
```

