LRB093 06024 DRJ 13375 a

- 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1955
- 2 AMENDMENT NO. ____. Amend House Bill 1955 by replacing
- 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:
- 4 "Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 2-21, 2-27, 2-29, 3-30, and 4-27 as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (705 ILCS 405/2-21) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-21)
- 8 Sec. 2-21. Findings and adjudication.
- 9 (1) The court shall state for the record the manner in
- 10 which the parties received service of process and shall note
- 11 whether the return or returns of service, postal return
- 12 receipt or receipts for notice by certified mail, or
- 13 certificate or certificates of publication have been filed in
- 14 the court record. The court shall enter any appropriate
- orders of default against any parent who has been properly
- 16 served in any manner and fails to appear.
- No further service of process as defined in Sections 2-15
- 18 and 2-16 is required in any subsequent proceeding for a
- 19 parent who was properly served in any manner, except as
- 20 required by Supreme Court Rule 11.
- 21 The caseworker shall testify about the diligent search
- 22 conducted for the parent.

- 1 After hearing the evidence the court shall determine
- whether or not the minor is abused, neglected, or dependent.
- 3 If it finds that the minor is not such a person, the court
- 4 shall order the petition dismissed and the minor discharged.
- 5 The court's determination of whether the minor is abused,
- 6 neglected, or dependent shall be stated in writing with the
- 7 factual basis supporting that determination.
- 8 If the court finds that the minor is abused, neglected,
- 9 or dependent, the court shall then determine and put in
- 10 writing the factual basis supporting that determination, and
- 11 specify, to the extent possible, the acts or omissions or
- 12 both of each parent, guardian, or legal custodian that form
- 13 the basis of the court's findings. That finding shall appear
- in the order of the court.
- 15 If the court finds that the child has been abused,
- 16 neglected or dependent, the court shall admonish the parents
- 17 that they must cooperate with the Department of Children and
- 18 Family Services, comply with the terms of the service plan,
- 19 and correct the conditions that require the child to be in
- 20 care, or risk termination of parental rights.
- 21 If the court determines that a person has inflicted
- 22 physical or sexual abuse upon a minor, the court shall report
- 23 that determination to the Department of State Police, which
- 24 shall include that information in its report to the President
- of the school board for a school district that requests a
- 26 criminal background investigation of that person as required
- 27 under Section 10-21.9 or 34-18.5 of the School Code.
- 28 (2) If, pursuant to subsection (1) of this Section, the
- 29 court determines and puts in writing the factual basis
- 30 supporting the determination that the minor is either abused
- 31 or neglected or dependent, the court shall then set a time
- 32 not later than 30 days after the entry of the finding for a
- 33 dispositional hearing (unless an earlier date is required
- 34 pursuant to Section 2-13.1) to be conducted under Section

1 2-22 at which hearing the court shall determine whether it is 2 consistent with the health, safety and best interests of the minor and the public that he be made a ward of the court. 3 4 assist the court in making this and other determinations at 5 the dispositional hearing, the court may order that an 6 investigation be conducted and a dispositional report be 7 prepared concerning the minor's physical and mental history 8 and condition, family situation and background, economic 9 status, education, occupation, history of delinquency or criminality, personal habits, and any other information that 10

- 11 may be helpful to the court. The dispositional hearing may
- 12 be continued once for a period not to exceed 30 days if the
- 13 court finds that such continuance is necessary to complete
- 14 the dispositional report.
- 15 (3) The time limits of this Section may be waived only
- 16 by consent of all parties and approval by the court, as
- 17 determined to be consistent with the health, safety and best
- 18 interests of the minor.
- 19 (4) For all cases adjudicated prior to July 1, 1991, for
- 20 which no dispositional hearing has been held prior to that
- 21 date, a dispositional hearing under Section 2-22 shall be
- 22 held within 90 days of July 1, 1991.
- 23 (5) The court may terminate the parental rights of a
- 24 parent at the initial dispositional hearing if all of the
- 25 following conditions are met:
- 26 (i) the original or amended petition contains a 27 request for termination of parental rights and 28 appointment of a guardian with power to consent to
- adoption; and
- 30 (ii) the court has found by a preponderance of 31 evidence, introduced or stipulated to at an adjudicatory 32 hearing, that the child comes under the jurisdiction of
- the court as an abused, neglected, or dependent minor
- 34 under Section 2-18; and

- 1 (iii) the court finds, on the basis of clear and 2 convincing evidence admitted at the adjudicatory hearing that the parent is an unfit person under subdivision D of 3 4 Section 1 of the Adoption Act; and (iv) the court determines in accordance with the 5 rules of evidence for dispositional proceedings, that: 6 7 (A) it is in the best interest of the minor 8 and public that the child be made a ward of the 9 court; (A-5) reasonable efforts under 10 subsection (1-1) of Section 5 of the Children and Family 11 Services Act are inappropriate or such efforts were 12 made and were unsuccessful; and 13 (B) termination of parental 14 rights and 15 appointment of a guardian with power to consent to 16 adoption is in the best interest of the child pursuant to Section 2-29. 17 The court may not deny a request for termination of 18 parental rights and appointment of a guardian with power to 19 consent to adoption for the sole reason that there is not a 20 21 prospective adoptive parent for the minor. (Source: P.A. 89-704, eff. 8-16-97 (changed from 1-1-98 22 P.A. 90-443); 90-27, eff. 1-1-98; 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-443, 23 eff. 8-16-97; 90-566, eff. 1-2-98; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98.) 24
- 27 (1) If the court determines and puts in writing the 28 factual basis supporting the determination of whether the 29 parents, guardian, or legal custodian of a minor adjudged a 30 ward of the court are unfit or are unable, for some reason 31 other than financial circumstances alone, to care for,

(705 ILCS 405/2-27) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-27)

Sec. 2-27. Placement; legal custody or guardianship.

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- other than illiancial circumstances afone, to care for,
- 32 protect, train or discipline the minor or are unwilling to do
- 33 so, and that the health, safety, and best interest of the

- minor will be jeopardized if the minor remains in the custody of his or her parents, guardian or custodian, the court may at this hearing and at any later point:
 - (a) place the minor in the custody of a suitable relative or other person as legal custodian or guardian;
 - (a-5) with the approval of the Department of Children and Family Services, place the minor in the subsidized guardianship of a suitable relative or other person as legal guardian; "subsidized guardianship" means a private guardianship arrangement for children for whom the permanency goals of return home and adoption have been ruled out and who meet the qualifications for subsidized guardianship as defined by the Department of Children and Family Services in administrative rules;
 - (b) place the minor under the guardianship of a probation officer;
 - (c) commit the minor to an agency for care or placement, except an institution under the authority of the Department of Corrections or of the Department of Children and Family Services;
 - (d) commit the minor to the Department of Children and Family Services for care and service; however, a minor charged with a criminal offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or adjudicated delinquent shall not be placed in the custody of or committed to the Department of Children and Family Services by any court, except a minor less than 13 years of age and committed to the Department of Children and Family Services under Section 5-710 of this Act. The Department shall be given due notice of the pendency of the action and the Guardianship Administrator of the Department of Children and Family Services shall be appointed guardian of the person of the minor. Whenever the Department seeks to discharge a minor from its care and service, the Guardianship Administrator

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shall petition the court for an order terminating guardianship. The Guardianship Administrator designate one or more other officers of the Department, appointed as Department officers by administrative order of the Department Director, authorized to affix the signature of the Guardianship Administrator to documents affecting the guardian-ward relationship of children for whom he or she has been appointed guardian at such times he or she is unable to perform the duties of his or her office. The signature authorization shall include but not be limited to matters of consent of marriage, enlistment in the armed forces, legal proceedings, adoption, major medical and surgical treatment and for driver's application license. Signature authorizations made pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall be filed with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of State shall provide upon payment of the customary fee, certified copies of the authorization to any court or individual who requests a copy.

- (1.5) In making a determination under this Section, the court shall also consider whether, based on health, safety, and the best interests of the minor,
- 23 (a) appropriate services aimed at family family reunification 24 preservation and have been 25 unsuccessful in rectifying the conditions that have led to a finding of unfitness or inability to care for, 26 protect, train, or discipline the minor, or 27
- 28 (b) no family preservation or family reunification 29 services would be appropriate,

and if the petition or amended petition contained an allegation that the parent is an unfit person as defined in subdivision (D) of Section 1 of the Adoption Act, and the order of adjudication recites that parental unfitness was established by clear and convincing evidence, the court

2 minor, enter an order terminating parental rights and

appointing a guardian with power to consent to adoption in

accordance with Section 2-29. The court may not deny a

request for termination of parental rights and appointment of

a guardian with power to consent to adoption for the sole

7 reason that there is not a prospective adoptive parent for

8 the minor.

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9 When making a placement, the court, wherever possible, shall require the Department of Children and Family Services 10 11 to select a person holding the same religious belief as that 12 of the minor or a private agency controlled by persons of like religious faith of the minor and shall require the 13 Department to otherwise comply with Section 7 of the Children 14 and Family Services Act in placing the child. In addition, 15 16 whenever alternative plans for placement are available, the court shall ascertain and consider, to the extent appropriate 17 in the particular case, the views and preferences of the 18 19 minor.

When a minor is placed with a suitable relative or other person pursuant to item (a) of subsection (1), the court shall appoint him or her the legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor. When a minor is committed to any agency, the court shall appoint the proper officer or representative thereof as legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor. Legal custodians and of the person of the minor have the respective quardians rights and duties set forth in subsection (9) of Section except as otherwise provided by order of court; but no guardian of the person may consent to adoption of the minor unless that authority is conferred upon him or her in accordance with Section 2-29. An agency whose representative is appointed guardian of the person or legal custodian of the minor may place the minor in any child care facility, but the

- 1 facility must be licensed under the Child Care Act of 1969 or
- 2 have been approved by the Department of Children and Family
- 3 Services as meeting the standards established for such
- 4 licensing. No agency may place a minor adjudicated under
- 5 Sections 2-3 or 2-4 in a child care facility unless the
- 6 placement is in compliance with the rules and regulations for
- 7 placement under this Section promulgated by the Department of
- 8 Children and Family Services under Section 5 of the Children
- 9 and Family Services Act. Like authority and restrictions
- 10 shall be conferred by the court upon any probation officer
- 11 who has been appointed guardian of the person of a minor.
- 12 (3) No placement by any probation officer or agency
- whose representative is appointed guardian of the person or
- 14 legal custodian of a minor may be made in any out of State
- 15 child care facility unless it complies with the Interstate
- 16 Compact on the Placement of Children. Placement with a
- parent, however, is not subject to that Interstate Compact.
- 18 (4) The clerk of the court shall issue to the legal
- 19 custodian or guardian of the person a certified copy of the
- order of court, as proof of his authority. No other process
- is necessary as authority for the keeping of the minor.
- 22 (5) Custody or guardianship granted under this Section
- 23 continues until the court otherwise directs, but not after
- 24 the minor reaches the age of 19 years except as set forth in
- 25 Section 2-31.
- 26 (6) (Blank).
- 27 (Source: P.A. 90-27, eff. 1-1-98; 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-512,
- 28 eff. 8-22-97; 90-590, eff. 1-1-99; 90-608, eff. 6-30-98;
- 29 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)
- 30 (705 ILCS 405/2-29) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-29)
- 31 Sec. 2-29. Adoption; appointment of guardian with power
- 32 to consent.
- 33 (1) With leave of the court, a minor who is the subject

2 may be the subject of a petition for adoption under the

3 Adoption Act.

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(1.1) The parent or parents of a child in whose interest a petition under Section 2-13 of this Act is pending may, in the manner required by the Adoption Act, (a) surrender him or her for adoption to an agency legally authorized or licensed to place children for adoption, (b) consent to his or her adoption, or (c) consent to his or her adoption by a specified person or persons. Nothing in this Section requires that the parent or parents execute the surrender, consent, or consent to adoption by a specified person in open court.

If a petition or motion alleges and the court finds that it is in the best interest of the minor that parental rights be terminated and the petition or motion requests that a guardian of the person be appointed and authorized to consent to the adoption of the minor, the court, with the consent of the parents, if living, or after finding, based upon clear and convincing evidence, that a parent is an unfit person as defined in Section 1 of the Adoption Act, may terminate parental rights and empower the guardian of the person of the minor, in the order appointing him or her such guardian, to appear in court where any proceedings for the adoption of the minor may at any time be pending and to consent to the adoption. Such consent is sufficient to authorize the court in the adoption proceedings to enter a proper order or judgment of adoption without further notice to, or consent by, the parents of the minor. An order empowering the guardian to consent to adoption deprives the parents of the minor of all legal rights as respects the minor and relieves them of all parental responsibility for him or her, and frees the minor from all obligations of maintenance and obedience to his or her natural parents. The court may not deny a request for termination of parental

- 1 rights and appointment of a quardian with power to consent to
- 2 <u>adoption</u> for the sole reason that there is not a prospective
- 3 <u>adoptive parent for the minor.</u>
- If the minor is over 14 years of age, the court may, in
- 5 its discretion, consider the wishes of the minor in
- 6 determining whether the best interests of the minor would be
- 7 promoted by the finding of the unfitness of a non-consenting
- 8 parent.
- 9 (2.1) Notice to a parent who has appeared or been served
- 10 with summons personally or by certified mail, and for whom an
- 11 order of default has been entered on the petition for
- 12 wardship and has not been set aside shall be provided in
- 13 accordance with Supreme Court Rule 11. Notice to a parent
- 14 who was served by publication and for whom an order of
- default has been entered on the petition for wardship and has
- 16 not been set aside shall be provided in accordance with
- 17 Sections 2-15 and 2-16.
- 18 (3) Parental consent to the order terminating parental
- 19 rights and authorizing the guardian of the person to consent
- 20 to adoption of the minor must be in writing and signed in the
- 21 form provided in the Adoption Act, but no names of
- 22 petitioners for adoption need be included.
- 23 (4) A finding of the unfitness of a parent must be made
- 24 in compliance with the Adoption Act, without regard to the
- likelihood that the child will be placed for adoption, and be
- 26 based upon clear and convincing evidence. Provisions of the
- 27 Adoption Act relating to minor parents and to mentally ill or
- 28 mentally deficient parents apply to proceedings under this
- 29 Section and any findings with respect to such parents shall
- 30 be based upon clear and convincing evidence.
- 31 (Source: P.A. 89-704, eff. 8-16-97 (changed from 1-1-98 by
- 32 P.A. 90-443); 90-28, eff. 1-1-98; 90-443, eff. 8-16-97;
- 33 90-608, eff. 6-30-98.)

1 (705 ILCS 405/3-30) (from Ch. 37, par. 803-30)

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2 Sec. 3-30. Adoption; appointment of guardian with power to consent. (1) A ward of the court under this Act, with the 3 4 consent of the court, may be the subject of a petition for 5 adoption under "An Act in relation to the adoption of persons, and to repeal an Act therein named", approved July 6 7 17, 1959, as amended, or with like consent his or her parent 8 or parents may, in the manner required by such Act, surrender 9 her for adoption to an agency legally authorized or licensed to place children for adoption. 10

If the petition prays and the court finds that it is in the best interests of the minor that a guardian of the person be appointed and authorized to consent to the adoption of the minor, the court with the consent of the parents, if living, or after finding, based upon clear and convincing evidence, that a non-consenting parent is an unfit person as defined in Section 1 of "An Act in relation to the adoption of persons, and to repeal an Act therein named", approved July 17, 1959, as amended, may empower the guardian of the person of the minor, in the order appointing him or her as such guardian, to appear in court where any proceedings for the adoption of the minor may at any time be pending and to consent to the adoption. Such consent is sufficient to authorize the court in the adoption proceedings to enter a proper order or judgment of adoption without further notice to, or consent by, the parents of the minor. An order so empowering the guardian to consent to adoption terminates parental rights, deprives the parents of the minor of all legal rights as respects the minor and relieves them of all parental responsibility for him or her, and frees the minor from all obligations of maintenance and obedience to his or her natural parents. The court may not deny a request for termination of parental rights and appointment of a guardian with power to consent to adoption for the sole reason that

- there is not a prospective adoptive parent for the minor.
- 2 If the minor is over 14 years of age, the court may, in
- 3 its discretion, consider the wishes of the minor in
- 4 determining whether the best interests of the minor would be
- 5 promoted by the finding of the unfitness of a non-consenting
- 6 parent.

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- 7 (3) Parental consent to the order authorizing the
- 8 guardian of the person to consent to adoption of the Minor
- 9 shall be given in open court whenever possible and otherwise
- 10 must be in writing and signed in the form provided in "An Act
- in relation to the adoption of persons, and to repeal an Act
- therein named", approved July 17, 1959, as amended, but no
- 13 names of petitioners for adoption need be included. A finding
- 14 of the unfitness of a nonconsenting parent must be made in
- 15 compliance with that Act and be based upon clear and
- 16 convincing evidence. Provisions of that Act relating to
- 17 minor parents and to mentally ill or mentally deficient
- 18 parents apply to proceedings under this Section and shall be
- 19 based upon clear and convincing evidence.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 85-601.)
- 21 (705 ILCS 405/4-27) (from Ch. 37, par. 804-27)
- Sec. 4-27. Adoption; appointment of guardian with power
- 23 to consent. (1) A ward of the court under this Act, with the
- 24 consent of the court, may be the subject of a petition for
- 25 adoption under "An Act in relation to the adoption of
- 26 persons, and to repeal an Act therein named", approved July
- 27 17, 1959, as amended, or with like consent his or her parent
- or parents may, in the manner required by such Act, surrender
- 29 him or her for adoption to an agency legally authorized or
- 30 licensed to place children for adoption.
- 31 (2) If the petition prays and the court finds that it is
- 32 in the best interests of the minor that a guardian of the
- 33 person be appointed and authorized to consent to the adoption

1 of the minor, the court with the consent of the parents, if 2 living, or after finding, based upon clear and convincing evidence, that a non-consenting parent is an unfit person as 3 defined in Section 1 of "An Act in relation to the adoption 4 of persons, and to repeal an Act therein named", approved 5 б July 17, 1959, as amended, may empower the guardian of the 7 person of the minor, in the order appointing him or her as such guardian, to appear in court where any proceedings 8 9 the adoption of the minor may at any time be pending and to consent to the adoption. Such consent is sufficient to 10 11 authorize the court in the adoption proceedings to enter a proper order or judgment of adoption without further notice 12 to, or consent by, the parents of the minor. An order so 13 empowering the guardian to consent to adoption terminates 14 15 parental rights, deprives the parents of the minor of all 16 legal rights as respects the minor and relieves them of all parental responsibility for him or her, and frees the minor 17 from all obligations of maintenance and obedience to his 18 19 her natural parents. The court may not deny a request for 20 termination of parental rights and appointment of a guardian 2.1 with power to consent to adoption for the sole reason that 22 there is not a prospective adoptive parent for the minor. 23

If the minor is over 14 years of age, the court may, in its discretion, consider the wishes of the minor in determining whether the best interests of the minor would be promoted by the finding of the unfitness of a non-consenting parent.

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(3) Parental consent to the order authorizing the guardian of the person to consent to adoption of the Minor shall be given in open court whenever possible and otherwise must be in writing and signed in the form provided in "An Act in relation to the adoption of persons, and to repeal an Act therein named", approved July 17, 1959, as amended, but no names of petitioners for adoption need be included. A finding

- of the unfitness of a nonconsenting parent must be made in
- 2 compliance with that Act and be based upon clear and
- 3 convincing evidence. Provisions of that Act relating to
- 4 minor parents and to mentally ill or mentally deficient
- 5 parents apply to proceedings under this Section and shall be
- 6 based upon clear and convincing evidence.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 85-601.)".