LRB093 04014 DRH 14873 a

_	AMENDMENT	TO	HOUSE	BILL	1237

- 2 AMENDMENT NO. ____. Amend House Bill 1237 on page 1,
- 3 below line 3, by inserting the following:
- 4 "Section 3. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 5 changing Section 11-501 as follows:
- 6 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)
- 7 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of
- 8 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or
- 9 compounds or any combination thereof.
- 10 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 11 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 12 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood
- or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of
- blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
- 15 (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 16 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating
- 17 compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a
- 18 degree that renders the person incapable of driving
- 19 safely;
- 20 (4) under the influence of any other drug or
- 21 combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person
- incapable of safely driving;

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- (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
 - (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.
- (c) Except as provided under paragraphs (c-3), (c-4), and (d) of this Section, every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, in addition to any other criminal or administrative action, for any second conviction of violating this Section or a similar provision of a law of another state or local ordinance committed within 5 years of a previous violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall be mandatorily sentenced to a minimum of 5 days of imprisonment or assigned to a minimum of 30 days of community service as may be determined by the court. Every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance shall subject to an additional mandatory minimum fine of \$500 and an additional mandatory 5 days of community service benefiting children if the person committed a program violation of paragraph (a) or a similar provision of a local ordinance while transporting a person under age 16. Every

1 person convicted a second time for violating this Section or 2 a similar provision of a local ordinance within 5 years of a previous violation of this Section or a similar provision of 3 4 a law of another state or local ordinance shall be subject to mandatory minimum fine of \$500 and an 5 additional б additional 10 days of mandatory community service in a 7 program benefiting children if the current offense was 8 committed while transporting a person under age 16. The 9 imprisonment or assignment under this subsection shall not be subject to suspension nor shall the person be eligible for 10 11 probation in order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

- (c-1) (1) A person who violates this Section during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- (2) A person who violates this Section a third time during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- (3) A person who violates this Section a fourth or subsequent time during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, Section 11-501.1, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401, or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 2 felony.
- 32 (c-2) (Blank).

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33 (c-3) Every person convicted of violating this Section 34 or a similar provision of a local ordinance who had a child

- 1 under age 16 in the vehicle at the time of the offense shall
- 2 have his or her punishment under this Act enhanced by 2 days
- 3 of imprisonment for a first offense, 10 days of imprisonment
- 4 for a second offense, 30 days of imprisonment for a third
- 5 offense, and 90 days of imprisonment for a fourth or
- 6 subsequent offense, in addition to the fine and community
- 7 service required under subsection (c) and the possible
- 8 imprisonment required under subsection (d). The imprisonment
- 9 or assignment under this subsection shall not be subject to
- 10 suspension nor shall the person be eligible for probation in
- order to reduce the sentence or assignment.
- 12 (c-4) When a person is convicted of violating Section
- 13 11-501 of this Code or a similar provision of a local
- 14 ordinance, the following penalties apply when his or her
- 15 blood, breath, or urine was .16 or more based on the
- 16 definition of blood, breath, or urine units in Section
- 17 11-501.2 or when that person is convicted of violating this
- 18 Section while transporting a child under the age of 16:
- 19 (1) A person who is convicted of violating
- 20 subsection (a) of Section 11-501 of this Code a first
- 21 time, in addition to any other penalty that may be
- imposed under subsection (c), is subject to a mandatory
- 23 minimum of 100 hours of community service and a minimum
- 24 fine of \$500.
- 25 (2) A person who is convicted of violating
- subsection (a) of Section 11-501 of this Code a second
- time within 10 years, in addition to any other penalty
- that may be imposed under subsection (c), is subject to a
- 29 mandatory minimum of 2 days of imprisonment and a minimum
- 30 fine of \$1,250.
- 31 (3) A person who is convicted of violating
- 32 subsection (a) of Section 11-501 of this Code a third
- time within 20 years is guilty of a Class 4 felony and,
- in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed

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under subsection (c), is subject to a mandatory minimum of 90 days of imprisonment and a minimum fine of \$2,500.

- (4) A person who is convicted of violating this subsection (c-4) a fourth or subsequent time is guilty of a Class 2 felony and, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed under subsection (c), is not eligible for a sentence of probation or conditional discharge and is subject to a minimum fine of \$2,500.
- (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:
 - (A) the person committed a violation of this Section, or a similar provision of a law of another state or a local ordinance when the cause of action is the same as or substantially similar to this Section, for the third or subsequent time;
 - (B) the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) while driving a school bus with children on board;
 - (C) the person in committing a violation of paragraph (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries;
 - (D) the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds as an element

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of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) of this paragraph (1); or

- (E) the person, in committing a violation of paragraph (a) while driving at any speed in a school speed zone at a time when a speed limit of 20 miles per hour was in effect under subsection (a) of Section 11-605 of this Code, was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in bodily harm, other than great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, to another person, when the violation of paragraph (a) was a proximate cause of the bodily harm.
- (2) Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is a Class 4 felony. For a violation of subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of this subsection (d), the defendant, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years. For any prosecution under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any prior conviction.
- (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem, and undergo the imposition of treatment as appropriate. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human Services. The cost of any professional evaluation shall be paid for by the individual required to undergo the

- 1 professional evaluation.
- 2 (e-1) Any person who is found quilty of or pleads quilty
- 3 to violating this Section, including any person receiving a
- 4 <u>disposition of court supervision for violating this Section,</u>
- 5 may be required by the Court to attend a victim impact panel
- 6 offered by, or under contract with, a County State's
- 7 Attorney's office, a probation and court services department,
- 8 Mothers Against Drunk Driving, or the Alliance Against
- 9 <u>Intoxicated Motorists. All costs generated by the victim</u>
- 10 <u>impact panel shall be paid from fees collected from the</u>
- offender or as may be determined by the court.
- 12 (f) Every person found guilty of violating this Section,
- 13 whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this
- 14 Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an
- 15 appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the
- 16 expense of an emergency response as provided under Section
- 17 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- 18 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
- 19 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a
- 20 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- (h) Every person sentenced under paragraph (2) or (3) of
- 22 subsection (c-1) of this Section or subsection (d) of this
- 23 Section and who receives a term of probation or conditional
- 24 discharge shall be required to serve a minimum term of either
- 25 60 days community service or 10 days of imprisonment as a
- 26 condition of the probation or conditional discharge. This
- 27 mandatory minimum term of imprisonment or assignment of
- 28 community service shall not be suspended and shall not be
- 29 subject to reduction by the court.
- 30 (i) The Secretary of State shall require the use of
- 31 ignition interlock devices on all vehicles owned by an
- 32 individual who has been convicted of a second or subsequent
- 33 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local
- 34 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and

regulation the procedures for certification and use of the interlock system.

(j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, 3 4 a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating 5 this Section, including any person placed on supervision for violating this Section, shall be fined \$100, 6 7 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money 8 to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest. person has been previously convicted of violating this 9 Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the fine 10 11 shall be \$200. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the \$100 or \$200 shall be shared 12 13 equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (j) shall be used to purchase law 14 15 enforcement equipment that will assist in the prevention of 16 alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State. This shall include, but is not limited to, in-car video cameras, 17 radar and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath 18 19 testers. Any moneys received by the Department of State Police under this subsection (j) shall be deposited into the 20 21 State Police DUI Fund and shall be used to purchase law 22 enforcement equipment that will assist in the prevention of 23 alcohol related criminal violence throughout the State. (Source: P.A. 91-126, eff. 7-16-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 24 91-692, eff. 4-13-00; 91-822, eff. 6-13-00; 92-248, eff. 25 8-3-01; 92-418, eff. 8-17-01; 92-420, eff. 8-17-01; 92-429, 26

Section 4. The Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act is amended by changing Sections 2-2, 5-7. 5-7.1, 5-7.2, 5-7.3, 5-7.4, and 5-7.5 and adding Section 5-7.6 as follows:

eff. 1-1-02; 92-431, eff. 1-1-02; 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)

31 (625 ILCS 40/2-2) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 602-2)

32 Sec. 2-2. Inspection; seizure; impoundment.

2 police officers may stop and inspect any snowmobile at any

time for the purpose of determining if the provisions of this

4 Act are being complied with. If the inspecting officer or

agent discovers any violation of the provisions of this Act,

6 he must issue a summons to the operator of such snowmobile

requiring that the operator appear before the circuit court

- 8 for the county within which the offense was committed.
- 9 (b) Every snowmobile subject to this Act, if under way
- 10 and upon being hailed by a designated law enforcement
- 11 officer, must stop immediately.
- 12 (c) Agents of the Department and other duly authorized
- 13 police officers may seize and impound, at the owner's
- 14 expense, any snowmobile involved in an accident or a
- violation of subsection B of Section 5-1 or of Section 5-7 of
- 16 <u>this Act.</u>

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- 17 <u>(d) If a snowmobile is causing a traffic hazard because</u>
- 18 of its position in relation to the highway or its physical
- 19 <u>appearance is causing the impeding of traffic, its immediate</u>
- 20 removal from the highway or private property adjacent to the
- 21 <u>highway by a towing service may be authorized by a law</u>
- 22 <u>enforcement agency having jurisdiction.</u>
- (e) Whenever a peace officer reasonably believes that a
- 24 person under arrest for a violation of subsection B of
- 25 <u>Section 5-1 or Section 5-7 of this Act or similar provision</u>
- of a local ordinance, is likely, upon release, to commit a
- 27 <u>subsequent violation of subsection B of Section 5-1 or</u>
- 28 <u>Section 5-7 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the</u>
- 29 <u>arresting officer shall have the snowmobile which the person</u>
- 30 was operating at the time of the arrest impounded for a
- 31 period of not more than 12 hours after the time of the
- 32 <u>arrest. The snowmobile may be released by the arresting law</u>
- 33 <u>enforcement agency without impoundment, or may be released</u>
- 34 prior to the end of the impoundment period, however, if:

1	(1) the snowmobile was not owned by the person
2	under arrest, and the lawful owner requesting release of
3	the snowmobile possesses proof of ownership, and would
4	not, as determined by the arresting law enforcement
5	agency: (i) indicate a lack of ability to operate a
6	snowmobile in a safe manner, or (ii) otherwise, by
7	operating the snowmobile, be in violation of this Act; or
8	(2) the snowmobile is owned by the person under
9	arrest, and the person under arrest gives permission to
10	another person to operate the snowmobile, and the other
11	person would not, as determined by the arresting law
12	enforcement agency: (i) indicate a lack of ability to
13	operate a snowmobile in a safe manner, or (ii) otherwise,
14	by operating the snowmobile, be in violation of this Act.
15	(Source: P.A. 77-1312.)
16	(625 ILCS 40/5-7)
17	Sec. 5-7. Operating a snowmobile while under the
18	influence of alcohol or other drug or drugs, intoxicating
19	compound or compounds, or a combination of them; criminal
20	penalties; suspension of operating privileges.
21	(a) A person may not operate or be in actual physical
22	<pre>control of a snowmobile within this State while:</pre>
23	1. The alcohol concentration in that person's blood
24	or breath is a concentration at which driving a motor
25	vehicle is prohibited under subdivision (1) of subsection
26	(a) of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code;
27	2. The person is under the influence of alcohol;
28	3. The person is under the influence of any other
29	drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders
30	that person incapable of safely operating a snowmobile;
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	3.1. The person is under the influence of any
32	3.1. The person is under the influence of any intoxicating compound or combination of intoxicating

of safely operating a snowmobile;

- 4. The person is under the combined influence of alcohol and any other drug or drugs or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders that person incapable of safely operating a snowmobile; or
- 5. There is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in that person's <u>breath</u>, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, er controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or intoxicating compound listed in the use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- (b) The fact that a person charged with violating this Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, er other drug or drugs, any intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination of them does not constitute a defense against a charge of violating this Section.
- (c) Every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor, except as otherwise provided in this Section.
- 21 (d) Every person convicted of violating this Section is 22 guilty of a Class 4 felony if:
- 23 1. The person has a previous conviction under this 24 Section; or
 - 2. The offense results in personal injury where a person other than the operator suffers great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries. A person guilty of a Class 4 felony under this paragraph 2, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to not less than one year nor more than 12 years; or
- 3. The offense occurred during a period in which
 the person's privileges to operate a snowmobile are
 revoked or suspended, and the revocation or suspension

1 was for a violation of this Section or was imposed under
2 Section 5-7.1.

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(e) Every person convicted of violating this Section is guilty of a Class 2 felony if the offense results in the death of a person. A person guilty of a Class 2 felony under this subsection (e), if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be sentenced to a term of not less than 3 years and not more than 14 years.

(e-1) Every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance who had a child under the age of 16 on board the snowmobile at the time of offense shall be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 and shall be subject to a mandatory minimum of 5 days of community service in a program benefiting children. The assignment under this subsection shall not be subject to suspension nor shall the person be eligible for probation in order to reduce the assignment.

(e-2) Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a snowmobile while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

(e-3) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities, a person who is found quilty of violating this Section, including any person placed on court supervision, shall be fined \$100, payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money to the law enforcement agency that made the arrest. In the event that more than one agency is responsible for the arrest, the \$100 shall be shared equally. Any moneys received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection (e-3) shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment or to provide law enforcement training that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal violence

- 1 throughout the State. Law enforcement equipment shall
- 2 include, but is not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar
- 3 and laser speed detection devices, and alcohol breath
- 4 testers.
- 5 (f) In addition to any criminal penalties imposed, the
- 6 Department of Natural Resources Conservation shall suspend
- 7 the snowmobile operation privileges of a person convicted or
- 8 <u>found quilty</u> of a misdemeanor under this Section for a period
- 9 of one year, except that first-time offenders receiving
- 10 <u>supervision</u> are exempt from this mandatory one year
- 11 suspension.
- 12 (g) In addition to any criminal penalties imposed, the
- 13 <u>Department of Natural Resources shall suspend for a period of</u>
- 14 <u>5 years the snowmobile operation privileges of any person</u>
- 15 <u>convicted or found guilty of a felony under this Section</u> er
- 16 for-a-period-of-5-years-if-the-person-is-convicted-of-a
- 17 felony-under-this-Section.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 92-615, eff. 1-1-03.)
- 19 (625 ILCS 40/5-7.1)
- Sec. 5-7.1. Implied consent.
- 21 (a) A person who operates <u>or is in actual physical</u>
- 22 <u>control of</u> a snowmobile in this State is deemed to have given
- 23 consent to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or
- 24 urine for the purpose of determining the <u>content of</u> alcohol,
- 25 or other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds,
- or a combination of them in content-of that person's blood if
- 27 arrested for a violation of Section 5-7. The <u>chemical</u> test
- 28 or tests shall be administered at the direction of the
- 29 arresting officer. The law enforcement agency employing the
- 30 officer shall designate which tests shall be administered. A
- 31 urine test may be administered even after a blood or breath
- 32 test or both has been administered.
- 33 (a-1) For the purposes of this Section, an Illinois law

1 enforcement officer of this State who is investigating the 2 person for any offense defined in Section 5-7 may travel into 3 an adjoining state, where the person has been transported for 4 medical care to complete an investigation and to request that the person submit to the test or tests set forth in this 5 Section. The requirements of this Section that the person be 6 arrested are inapplicable, but the officer shall issue the 7 8 person a uniform citation for an offense as defined in 9 Section 5-7 or a similar provision of a local ordinance prior 10 to requesting that the person submit to the test or tests. 11 The issuance of the uniform citation shall not constitute an arrest, but shall be for the purpose of notifying the person 12 13 that he or she is subject to the provisions of this Section and of the officer's belief of the existence of probable 14 cause to arrest. Upon returning to this State, the officer 15 16 shall file the uniform citation with the circuit clerk of the 17 county where the offense was committed and shall seek the issuance of an arrest warrant or a summons for the person. 18 (a-2) Notwithstanding any ability to refuse under this 19 20 Act to submit to these tests or any ability to revoke the implied consent to these tests, if a law enforcement officer 2.1 22 has probable cause to believe that a snowmobile operated by or under actual physical control of a person under the 23 24 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination of them has caused 25 the death or personal injury to another, that person shall 26 submit, upon the request of a law enforcement officer, to a 27 chemical test or tests of his or her blood, breath, or urine 28 for the purpose of determining the alcohol content or the 29 presence of any other drug or combination of both. For the 30 31 purposes of this Section, a personal injury includes severe bleeding wounds, distorted extremities, and injuries that 32 require the injured party to be carried from the scene for 33 34 immediate professional attention in either a doctor's office

or a medical facility.

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- (b) A person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a condition rendering that person incapable of refusal, is deemed not to have withdrawn the consent provided in subsection (a), and the test or tests may be administered.
- (c) A person requested to submit to a test as provided in this Section shall be verbally advised by the law enforcement officer requesting the test that a refusal to submit to the test will result in suspension of that person's privilege to operate a snowmobile for a minimum of 2 years.
- 11 (d) Following this warning, if a person under arrest refuses upon the request of a law enforcement officer to 12 submit to a test designated by the officer, no tests test may 13 be given, but the law enforcement officer shall file with the 14 clerk of the circuit court for the county in which the arrest 15 16 was made, and with the Department of Natural Resources, a 17 sworn statement naming the person refusing to take and complete the chemical test or tests requested under the 18 19 provisions of this Section. The sworn statement shall identify the arrested person, the person's current residence 20 2.1 address and shall specify that a refusal by that person to 22 take the chemical test or tests was made. The sworn statement 23 shall include a statement that the officer had reasonable cause to believe the person was operating or was in actual 24 25 physical control of the snowmobile within this State while under the influence of alcohol, or other drug or drugs, an 26 27 intoxicating compound or compound, or a combination of them and that <u>a chemical</u> test or tests were requested as 28 29 incident to and following the lawful arrest for an offense as 30 defined in Section 5-7 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and that the person, after being arrested for an 31 32 offense arising out of acts alleged to have been committed while operating a snowmobile, refused to submit to and 33 34 complete a chemical test or tests as requested by the law

1 enforcement officer.

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(e) The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn statement shall serve immediate written notice upon the person refusing the chemical test or tests that the person's privilege to operate a snowmobile within this State will be suspended for a period of 2 years unless, within 28 days from the date of the notice, the person requests in writing a hearing on the suspension. The-clerk-shall-notify-the-person in-writing-that-the-person's--privilege--to---operate---a snowmobile-will-be-suspended-for-a-minimum-of-2-years-unless, within-28--days-from-the-date-of-mailing-of-the-notice, that person-requests-a-hearing-in-writing.

If the person desires a hearing, the person shall file a complaint in the circuit court in the county where that person was arrested within 28 days from the date of--mailing of the notice. The hearing shall proceed in the court in the same manner as other civil proceedings. The hearing shall cover only the following issues: (1) whether the person was placed under arrest for an offense as defined in Section 5-7 or a similar provision of a local ordinance as evidenced by issuance of a uniform citation; (2) whether the t.he arresting officer had reasonable grounds to believe that person was operating a snowmobile while under the influence of alcohol, or other drug or drugs, an intoxicating compound or compounds, or a combination of them; and (3) whether that person refused to submit to and complete the chemical test or tests upon the request of the law enforcement officer. Whether the person was informed that the person's privilege to operate a snowmobile would be suspended if that person refused to submit to the chemical test or tests may not be an issue in the hearing.

If the person fails to request a hearing in writing within 28 days of the date of the notice, or if a hearing is held and the court finds against the person on the issues

- 1 before the court, the clerk shall immediately notify the
- 2 Department of <u>Natural Resources</u> Conservation-of-the-court's
- 3 deeision, and the Department shall suspend the snowmobile
- 4 operation privileges of that person for at least 2 years.
- 5 (f) (Blank) If-the-person-fails-to-request-a-hearing-in
- 6 writing-within-28-days-of-the-date-of-mailing-of-the--notice-
- 7 the---elerk---shall--immediately--notify--the--Department--of
- 8 Conservation-that-no--request--for--a--hearing--was--received
- 9 within-the-statutory-time-period,-and-the-Department-shall
- 10 suspend-the-snowmobile-operation-privileges--of--that--person
- 11 for-at-least-2-years.
- 12 <u>(f-1) If the person submits to a test that discloses an</u>
- 13 <u>alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a</u>
- 14 drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in the person's
- 15 <u>breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use of</u>
- 16 <u>cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled</u>
- 17 <u>substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,</u>
- or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating
- 19 <u>Compounds Act, the law enforcement officer shall immediately</u>
- 20 <u>submit a sworn report to the circuit clerk of venue and the</u>
- 21 <u>Department of Natural Resources, certifying that the test or</u>
- 22 <u>tests was or were requested under subsection (a-1) of this</u>
- 23 <u>Section and the person submitted to testing that disclosed an</u>
- 24 <u>alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.</u>
- In cases where the blood alcohol concentration of 0.08 or
- 26 greater or any amount of drug, substance, or compound
- 27 <u>resulting from the unlawful use of cannabis, a controlled</u>
- 28 <u>substance</u>, or an intoxicating compound is established by a
- 29 <u>subsequent analysis of blood or urine collected at the time</u>
- 30 <u>of arrest, the arresting officer or arresting agency shall</u>
- 31 <u>immediately submit a sworn report to the circuit clerk of</u>
- 32 <u>venue and the Department of Natural Resources upon receipt of</u>
- 33 <u>the test results.</u>
- 34 (g) A person must submit to each <u>chemical</u> test offered

- 1 by the law enforcement officer in order to comply with
- 2 implied consent provisions of this Section.
- 3 (h) The provision of Section 11-501.2 of the Illinois
- 4 Vehicle Code concerning the certification and use of chemical
- 5 tests applies to the use of those tests under this Section.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 89-55, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 7 (625 ILCS 40/5-7.2)
- 8 Sec. 5-7.2. Chemical and other tests.
- 9 (a) Upon the trial of a civil or criminal action or
- 10 proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been committed
- 11 while under the influence of alcohol, the concentration of
- 12 alcohol in the person's blood or breath at the time alleged
- as shown by analysis of the person's blood, urine, breath, or
- 14 other bodily substance gives rise to the presumptions
- specified in subdivisions 1, 2, and 3 of subsection (b) of
- 16 Section 11-501.2 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 17 (b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not be
- 18 construed as limiting the introduction of any other relevant
- 19 evidence bearing upon the question whether the person was
- 20 under the influence of alcohol.
- 21 (c) If a person under arrest refuses to submit to a
- 22 chemical test under the provisions of Section 5-7.1, evidence
- 23 of refusal is admissible in a civil or criminal action or
- 24 proceeding arising out of acts alleged to have been committed
- while the person under the influence of alcohol, or other
- 26 drug or drugs, an intoxicating compound or compounds, or a
- 27 <u>combination of them</u> was operating a snowmobile.
- 28 (Source: P.A. 89-55, eff. 1-1-96; 90-215, eff. 1-1-98.)
- 29 (625 ILCS 40/5-7.3)
- 30 Sec. 5-7.3. Supervision of operator; notification; 6
- 31 hour operating limitation.
- 32 (a) The owner of a snowmobile or person given

- 1 supervisory authority over a snowmobile, may not knowingly
- 2 permit a snowmobile to be operated by a person under the
- 3 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, an intoxicating
- 4 <u>compound or compounds</u>, or a combination of them.
- 5 (b) Whenever a person is convicted or found guilty of a
- 6 violation of Section 5-7, <u>including any person placed on</u>
- 7 <u>court supervision</u>, the court shall notify the Office of Law
- 8 Enforcement of the Department of Natural Resources with the
- 9 records essential for the performance of the Department's
- 10 duties to monitor and enforce an order of suspension or
- 11 revocation concerning the person's privilege to operate a
- 12 snowmobile.
- 13 (c) A person who has been arrested and charged with
- 14 violating Section 5-7 may not operate a snowmobile within
- 15 this State for a period of $\underline{24}$ 6 hours after that person's
- 16 arrest.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 89-55, eff. 1-1-96.)
- 18 (625 ILCS 40/5-7.4)
- 19 Sec. 5-7.4. Admissibility of <u>chemical tests of</u> blood
- 20 <u>conducted</u> in the regular course of providing emergency
- 21 <u>medical treatment</u> alcohol-tests.
- 22 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
- 23 written results of blood alcohol tests performed for the
- 24 purpose of determining the content of alcohol, other drug or
- 25 drugs, intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination
- 26 <u>of them in an individual's blood</u> conducted upon persons
- 27 receiving medical treatment in a hospital emergency room, are
- admissible in evidence as a business record exception to the
- 29 hearsay rule only in prosecutions for a violation of Section
- 30 5-7 of this Act or a similar provision of a local ordinance
- 31 or in prosecutions for reckless homicide brought under the
- 32 Criminal Code of 1961.
- The results of the tests are admissible only when each of

the following criteria are met:

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- 1. The chemical tests performed upon an 2 3 individual's blood were ordered in the regular course of 4 providing emergency treatment and not at the request of 5 law enforcement authorities; and The-blood-alcohol-tests were-ordered-by-a--physician--on--duty--at--the--hospital 6 7 emergency--room--and-were-performed-in-the-regular-course 8 of-providing-emergency--medical--treatment--in--order--to 9 assist-the-physician-in-diagnosis-or-treatment;
 - 2. The chemical tests performed upon an individual's blood were performed by the laboratory routinely used by the hospital. The-blood--alcohol--tests were-performed-by-the-hospital-s-own-laboratory;-and
- 14 (Blank) The-written-results-of-the-blood-alcohol 15 tests--were--received--and-considered-by-the-physician-on 16 duty-at--the--hospital--emergency--room--to--assist--that 17 physician-in-diagnosis-or-treatment.
- Results of chemical tests performed upon an individual's blood are admissible into evidence regardless of the time 19 20 that the records were prepared.
- 21 (b) The confidentiality provisions of law pertaining to 22 medical records and medical treatment are not applicable with 23 regard to chemical blood--alcohol tests performed upon a person's blood or urine under the provisions of this Section 24 25 in prosecutions as specified in subsection (a) of this No person shall be liable for civil damages as a 26 Section. result of the evidentiary use of the results of chemical 27 testing of the individual's blood alcohol-tests-results under 28 29 this Section or as a result of that person's testimony made available under this Section. 30
- (Source: P.A. 89-55, eff. 1-1-96; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.) 31
- (625 ILCS 40/5-7.5) 32
- 33 Sec. 5-7.5. Preliminary breath screening test. If a law

1 enforcement officer has reasonable suspicion probable -- eause 2 to believe that a person is violating or has violated Section 5-7 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, the officer, 3 4 before an arrest, may request the person to provide a sample of his or her breath for a preliminary breath screening test 5 using a portable device approved by the Department of State 6 7 Police. The results of this preliminary breath screening 8 test may be used by the law enforcement officer for the purpose of assisting with the determination of whether to 9 require a chemical test, as authorized under Sections 5-7.1 10 11 and 5-7.2 and the appropriate type of test to request. chemical test authorized under Sections 5-7.1 and 5-7.2 may 12 be requested by the officer regardless of the result of the 13 preliminary breath screening test if probable cause for an 14 15 arrest exists. The result of a preliminary breath screening 16 test may be used by the defendant as evidence in an administrative or court proceeding involving a violation of 17 Section 5-7 σr -5-7-1. 18 (Source: P.A. 91-828, eff. 1-1-01.) 19

- 20 (625 ILCS 40/5-7.6 new)
- 21 <u>Sec. 5-7.6. Reporting of test results of blood or urine</u>
 22 <u>conducted in the regular course of providing emergency</u>
 23 <u>medical treatment.</u>
- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 24 25 results of blood or urine tests performed for the purpose of determining the content of alcohol, other drug or drugs, 26 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination of 27 them in an individual's blood or urine, conducted upon 28 persons receiving medical treatment in a hospital emergency 29 30 room for injuries resulting from a snowmobile accident, shall be disclosed to the Department of Natural Resources, or local 31 law enforcement agencies of jurisdiction, upon request. The 32 33 blood or urine tests are admissible in evidence as a business

- 1 record exception to the hearsay rule only in prosecutions for
- 2 <u>violations of Section 5-7 of this Code or a similar provision</u>
- 3 <u>of a local ordinance, or in prosecutions for reckless</u>
- 4 <u>homicide brought under the Criminal Code of 1961.</u>
- 5 (b) The confidentiality provisions of the law pertaining
- 6 to medical records and medical treatment shall not be
- 7 applicable with regard to tests performed upon an
- 8 <u>individual's blood or urine under the provisions of</u>
- 9 <u>subsection (a) of this Section. No person shall be liable for</u>
- 10 <u>civil damages or professional discipline as a result of</u>
- 11 <u>disclosure</u> or reporting of the tests or the evidentiary use
- of an individual's blood or urine test results under this
- 13 <u>Section or Section 5-7.4 or as a result of that person's</u>
- 14 <u>testimony made available under this Section or Section 5-7.4</u>,
- except for willful or wanton misconduct."; and
- on page 15, line 19, after "Code,", by inserting "Section 5-7
- of the Snowmobile Registration and Safety Act, " and
- on page 15, line 22, after "11-501,", by inserting "Section
- 19 5-7,".