

103RD GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2023 and 2024 SB3395

Introduced 2/8/2024, by Sen. Sara Feigenholtz

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act
5 ILCS 140/7.5
35 ILCS 5/203
35 ILCS 5/222
35 ILCS 5/241 new
35 ILCS 5/242 new
35 ILCS 17/10-1
35 ILCS 17/10-5
35 ILCS 17/10-10
35 ILCS 17/10-15
35 ILCS 17/10-20
35 ILCS 17/10-25
35 ILCS 17/10-25
35 ILCS 17/10-30
35 ILCS 17/10-40
35 ILCS 17/10-40

Creates the Music and Musicians Tax Credit and Jobs Act. Provides that the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity may award credits to qualified music companies. Creates the Music Education Scholarship Act. Provides that the Board of Higher Education may award scholarships to applicants who are enrolled in or accepted for admission to an associate, baccalaureate, or graduate degree program in music education and who agree to meet certain teaching obligations. Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Creates certain income tax credits for theater infrastructure projects. Amends the Live Theater Production Tax Credit Act. Renames the Act as the Live Music and Theater Production Tax Credit Act. Provides that the Act also applies to musical performances.

LRB103 36174 HLH 66266 b

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1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 ARTICLE 5. MUSIC AND MUSICIANS TAX CREDIT AND JOBS ACT
- Section 5-1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Music and Musicians Tax Credit and Jobs Act. References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.
- 8 Section 5-5. Purpose. The State's economy depends heavily 9 music, professional musicians, music teachers, educators. Illinois is a cultural crown jewel of the United 10 11 States. Illinois and Chicago boast a robust history and 12 community of creative artists, writers, musicians, architects, 13 orchestras, live music and entertainment venues, civic operas, recording studios, and universities. The COVID-19 pandemic and 14 15 the economic fallout that ensued brought on especially 16 difficult circumstances for the live entertainment industry at large. Throughout the State, this has meant the closure of and 17 18 overall decrease in culturally engaging aspects of Illinois cities from Cairo to Chicago. 19
 - According to the Americans for the Arts Action Fund, arts and culture represent 3.1% of the State's gross domestic product and 190,078 jobs. In fact, in 2020, Illinois arts and

culture was larger than the State's agriculture industry. In 2015, nonprofit arts organizations in the State generated \$4,000,000,000 in economic activity that supported 111,068 jobs and generated \$478,500,000 in State and local government revenue. In Chicago specifically, nonprofit arts groups generated \$3,200,000,000 in total economic activity and \$336,500,000 in State and local government revenue. Audiences exceeded 36,000,000 people.

Yet, during the COVID-19 pandemic, the arts suffered. As a result, Illinois arts and culture value added decreased by 9% between 2019 and 2020 and employment decreased by 12%. Ultimately, \$3,200,000,000 and 26,644 jobs were lost. Even as live performances have resumed, audience sizes remain below pre-pandemic levels. Regional theaters, local orchestras, opera houses, and performing arts organizations are reporting persistent drops in attendance.

It is the policy of this State to promote and encourage the training and hiring of Illinois residents who represent the diversity of the Illinois population through the creation and implementation of training, education, and recruitment programs organized in cooperation with Illinois colleges and universities, labor organizations, and the commercial for-profit music industry.

- 24 Section 5-10. Definitions.
- 25 "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic

1 Opportunity.

"Expenditure in the State" means (i) an expenditure to acquire, from a source within the State, property that is subject to the tax under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, or the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act or (ii) an expenditure for compensation for services performed within the State that is subject to State income tax under the Illinois Income Tax Act.

"Illinois labor expenditure" means gross salary or wages including, but not limited to, taxes, benefits, and any other consideration incurred or paid to artist employees of the applicant for services rendered to and on behalf of the qualified music company, provided that the expenditure is:

- (1) incurred or paid by the applicant on or after the effective date of this Act for services related to any portion of a qualified music company from rehearsals, performances, and any other qualified music company related activities;
- (2) limited to the first \$100,000 of wages incurred or paid to each employee of a qualified music production in each tax year;
- (3) included in the federal income tax basis of the property;
- (4) paid in the tax year for which the applicant is claiming the tax credit award or no later than 60 days after the end of the tax year;

- 1 (5) paid to persons residing in Illinois at the time 2 payments were made; and
 - (6) reasonable under the circumstances.

"Qualified music company" means an entity that (i) is authorized to do business in Illinois, (ii) is engaged directly or indirectly in the production, distribution, or promotion of music, (iii) is certified by the Department as meeting the eligibility requirements of this Act, and (iv) has executed a contract with the Department providing the terms and conditions for its participation.

"QMC payroll" means wages reported by the qualified music company in box 1 of each W-2 form prepared for an employee of the qualified music company who is an Illinois resident.

"Resident copyright" means the copyright of a musical composition written by an Illinois resident or owned by an Illinois-domiciled music company, as evidenced by documents of ownership, including, but not limited to, registration with the United States Copyright Office.

"Sound recording" means a recording of music, poetry, or a spoken-word performance made, in whole or in part, in Illinois. "Sound recording" does not include the audio portions of dialogue or words spoken and recorded as part of television news coverage or athletic events.

"Sound recording production company" means a company engaged in the business of producing sound recordings. "Sound recording production company" does not include any person or

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company, or any company owned, affiliated, or controlled, in whole or in part, by any company or person, that is in default on a loan made by the State or a loan guaranteed by the State, nor which has ever declared bankruptcy under which an obligation of the company or person to pay or repay public funds or moneys was discharged as a part of the bankruptcy.

"State-certified production" means a sound recording production, or a series of productions, including but not limited to master and demonstration recordings, occurring over the course of 12-month period, and the production-related investment that is approved by the Department within 180 days after receipt by the Department of complete application for initial certification production. If the production is not approved within 180 days, the Department shall provide a written report to the Senate Executive Committee and the House Executive Committee that states the reason why the production has not been approved.

"Tax credit award" means the issuance to a taxpayer by the Department of a tax credit award in conformance with Sections 10-40 and 10-45 of this Act.

Section 5-15. Powers of the Department. The Department, in addition to those powers granted under the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, is granted and has all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this Act, including, but not

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- limited to, the power and authority to:
 - (1) adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate for the administration of this Act;
 - (2) establish forms for applications, notifications, contracts, or any other agreements with respect to tax credits under this Act and to accept applications for tax credits under this Act at any time during the year;
 - (3) assist applicants for tax credits under this Act to promote, foster, and support sound recording and live theater development and production and its related job creation or retention within the State;
 - (3) gather information and conduct inquiries, provided in this Act, required for the Department to comply with the provisions of this Act and, without limitation, to obtain information with respect applicants for the purpose of making any designations or certifications necessary or desirable to assist the Department with any recommendation or guidance in the furtherance of the purposes of this Act and relating to applicants' participation in training, education, and recruitment programs that are organized in cooperation with Illinois colleges and universities or labor organizations designed to promote and encourage the training and hiring of Illinois residents who represent the diversity of the Illinois population;
 - (4) provide for sufficient personnel to permit

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administrative, staffing, operating, and related support required to adequately discharge the Department's duties and responsibilities under this Act from funds as may be appropriated by the General Assembly for the administration of this Act; and

(5) require that the applicant at all times keep proper books and records of accounts relating to the tax credit award, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied, and make those books and records available for reasonable Department inspection and audit, upon reasonable written request by the Department, during the applicant's normal business hours. Any documents or data made available Department or received by the Department from applicant by any agent, employee, officer, or service provider shall be deemed confidential and shall not constitute public records to the extent that the documents or data consist of commercial or financial information regarding the operation by the applicant of any theater or any accredited theater production or any recipient of any tax credit award under this Act.

Section 5-20. Application for certification of qualified music company. Any applicant that operates a qualified music company located in the State or is proposing to operate a qualified music company in the State may apply to the

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1	Department	to	have	the	qualified	music	company	certified	bу
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- 2 the Department as a qualified music company.
- 3 Section 5-25. Review of applications for qualified music 4 company certificates.
 - (a) The Department shall issue a qualified music company certificate to an applicant if it finds that a preponderance of the following conditions exists:
 - (1) the applicant is engaged directly or indirectly in the production, distribution, and promotion of music;
 - (2) the applicant intends to make the expenditure in the State required for certification of the qualified music company;
 - (3) the applicant's qualified music company is economically sound and will benefit the people of the State of Illinois by increasing opportunities for employment and will strengthen the economy of Illinois;
 - (4) the following requirements related to the implementation of a diversity plan have been met:
 - (A) the applicant has filed with the Department a diversity plan outlining specific goals for hiring Illinois labor expenditure eligible minority persons and women, as defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act, and for using vendors receiving certification under the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and

Persons with Disabilities Act;

- (B) the Department has approved the plan as meeting the requirements established by the Department and verified that the applicant has met or made good faith efforts in achieving those goals; and
- (C) the Department has adopted any rules that are necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions set forth in this paragraph (4) and any rules that are necessary to show that the applicant's plan reflects the diversity of the population of this State;
- (5) the applicant's qualified music company application indicates whether the applicant intends to participate in training, education, and recruitment programs that are organized in cooperation with Illinois colleges and universities, labor organizations, and the holders of qualified music company certificates and are designed to promote and encourage the training and hiring of Illinois residents who represent the diversity of Illinois; and
- (6) the tax credit award will result in an overall positive impact to the State, as determined by the Department using the best available data.
- (b) If any of the provisions in this Section conflict with any existing collective bargaining agreements, the terms and conditions of those collective bargaining agreements shall control.

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- 1 (c) The Department shall act expeditiously regarding 2 approval of applications for qualified music companies so as 3 to accommodate the operations and needs of those companies.
- Section 5-30. Training programs for skills in critical demand. To accomplish the purposes of this Act, the Department may use the training programs provided under Section 605-800 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- 9 Section 5-35. Issuance of tax credit award certificate.
 - (a) In order to qualify for a tax credit award under this Act, an applicant must file an application for each qualified music company at each of the applicant's qualified facilities, on forms prescribed by the Department, providing information necessary to calculate the tax credit award and any additional information as reasonably required by the Department.
 - (b) Upon satisfactory review of the application, the Department shall issue a tax credit award certificate stating the amount of the tax credit award to which the applicant is entitled for that tax year and shall contemporaneously notify the applicant and the Department of Revenue.
- 21 Section 5-40. Amount and payment of the tax credit award.
- 22 (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 23 2025, the Department may award tax credit awards to qualified

- music companies. The award may not exceed 10% of the Illinois labor expenditures for the State-certified production if the QMC payroll of the qualified music company for the taxable year does not exceed \$150,000 or 15% of the Illinois labor expenditures for the State-certified production if the QMC payroll of the qualified music company for the taxable year exceeds \$150,000, plus all of the following::
 - (1) an additional 15% of the Illinois labor expenditures for the State-certified production generated by the employment of Illinois residents in geographic areas of high poverty or high unemployment in each tax year, as determined by the Department; and
 - (2) an additional 7% of the Illinois labor expenditures for the State-certified production generated by the employment of individuals who are employed at a wage of no less than the general prevailing hourly rate as paid for work of a similar character in the locality in which the work is performed; and
 - (3) an additional 7% of the Illinois labor expenditures for the State-certified production incurred by a qualified music company and spent on post-production sound recording for television or film work completed in Illinois.
 - (b) To the extent that the base investment by a qualified music company is expended on a sound recording production of a resident copyright, the investor shall be allowed an

- 1 additional 10% increase in the base investment rate.
- 2 (c) The aggregate amount of credits certified for all investors pursuant to this Section during any calendar year shall not exceed \$25,000,000. No more than \$500,000 in tax
- 5 credits may be granted per calendar year for any single
- 6 qualified music company.
- 7 (d) Company-based QMC payroll credit. A business shall be 8 eligible for participation in the program if the business 9 meets all of the following criteria:
- 10 (1) The business is engaged directly or indirectly in 11 the production, distribution, and promotion of music.
- 12 (2) The business is approved by the Director of
 13 Commerce and Economic Opportunity.
- (e) Upon approval of a tax credit award under this Act, the
 Department shall issue a tax credit certificate to the
 applicant.
- 17 Section 5-45. Qualified music program evaluation and reports.
- 19 (a) The Department's qualified music program tax credit 20 award evaluation must include:
- 21 (1) an assessment of the effectiveness of the program 22 in creating and retaining new jobs in Illinois;
- 23 (2) an assessment of the revenue impact of the 24 program;
- 25 (3) in the discretion of the Department, a review of

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1	the	practices	and	experiences	of	other	states	or	nations
2	with	n similar p	rogr	ams; and					

- 3 (4) an assessment of the overall success of the 4 program.
- 5 The Department may make a recommendation to extend, modify, or 6 not extend the program based on the evaluation.
- 7 (b) At the end of each fiscal quarter, the Department 8 shall submit to the General Assembly a report that includes, 9 without limitation:
 - (1) an assessment of the economic impact of the program, including the number of jobs created and retained, and whether the job positions are entry level, management, vendor, or production related;
 - (2) the amount of qualified music company spending brought to Illinois, including the amount of spending and type of Illinois vendors hired in connection with a qualified music company; and
 - (3) a determination of whether those receiving qualifying Illinois labor expenditure salaries or wages reflect the geographic, racial and ethnic, gender, and income level diversity of the State of Illinois.
 - (c) At the end of each fiscal year, the Department shall submit to the General Assembly a report that includes, without limitation:
- 25 (1) the identification of each vendor that provided 26 goods or services that were included in an qualified music

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company's Illinois spending;

- (2) a statement of the amount paid to each identified vendor by the qualified music program and whether the vendor is a minority-owned or women-owned business as defined in Section 2 of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act; and
- (3) a description of the steps taken by the Department to encourage qualified music company to use vendors who are minority-owned or women-owned businesses.

Section 5-50. Program terms and conditions. Any documentary materials or data made available or received from an applicant by any agent or employee of the Department are confidential and are not public records to the extent that the materials or data consist of commercial or financial information regarding the operation of or the production of the applicant or recipient of any tax credit award under this Act.

18 ARTICLE 10. MUSIC EDUCATION SCHOLARSHIP ACT

- Section 10-1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Music Education Scholarship Act. References in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.
- 22 Section 10-5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

- 1 "Academic year" means the period of time from September 1
- of one year through August 31 of the next year or as otherwise
- 3 defined by the academic institution.
- 4 "Approved institution" means a public community college,
- 5 private junior college, or public or private college or
- 6 university with a pre-licensure music education program
- 7 located in this State.
- 8 "Board" means the Board of Higher Education created by the
- 9 Board of Higher Education Act.
- "Enrollment" means the establishment and maintenance of an
- individual's status as a student in an approved institution,
- 12 regardless of the terms used at the institution to describe
- 13 such status.
- "Fees" means those mandatory charges, in addition to
- 15 tuition, that all enrolled students must pay, including
- 16 required course or lab fees.
- "Full-time student" means a student enrolled for at least
- 18 12 hours per term or as otherwise determined by the academic
- 19 institution.
- "Graduate degree in music program" means a program offered
- 21 by an approved institution and leading to a master's degree in
- 22 music education or any other graduate degree in music
- 23 education.
- "Music education employment obligation" means employment
- in this State as a certified teacher with a music education
- 26 specialization, for at least one year for each year of

1 scholarship assistance received through the program under this

2 Act.

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"Part-time student" means a person who is enrolled for at least one-third of the number of hours required per term by a school for its full-time students.

"Student in good standing" means a student maintaining a cumulative grade point average equivalent to at least the academic grade of a "C".

"Tuition" means the established charges of an institution of higher learning for instruction at that institution.

- 11 Section 10-10. Music education scholarships.
 - (a) Beginning with the fall term of the 2024-2025 academic year, the Board, in accordance with rules adopted by it for the purposes of this Act, shall provide scholarships to individuals selected from among those applicants who qualify for scholarships under this Act. An applicant qualifies for a scholarship under this Act if:
 - (1) the applicant has been a resident of this State for at least one year prior to application and is a citizen or a lawful permanent resident of the United States;
 - (2) the applicant is enrolled in or accepted for admission to an associate, baccalaureate, or graduate degree program in music education at an approved institution; and
 - (3) the applicant agrees to meet the music education

- 1 employment obligation.
 - (b) If, in any year, the number of qualified applicants exceeds the number of scholarships to be awarded, the Board shall consider the following factors in granting priority in awarding scholarships:
 - (1) the applicant's financial need, as shown on a standardized financial needs assessment form used by the approved institution for students who will pursue their education on a full-time basis;
 - (2) whether the applicant is already employed as a music educator and is pursuing a graduate degree in music education to pursue employment in an approved institution that educates music educators in undergraduate and graduate programs;
 - (3) the applicant's merit, as shown through the applicant's grade point average, class rank, and other academic and extracurricular activities; and
 - (4) any other criteria set by the Board by rule.

Unless otherwise indicated, scholarships shall be awarded to recipients at approved institutions for a period of up to 2 years if the recipient is enrolled in an associate degree in music educator, up to 4 years if the recipient is enrolled in a baccalaureate degree in music education program, and up to 5 years if the recipient is enrolled in a graduate degree in music education program. At least 40% of the scholarships awarded shall be for recipients who are pursuing baccalaureate

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degrees; 30% of the scholarships awarded shall be for recipients who are pursuing associate degrees; and 30% of the scholarships awarded shall be for recipients who are pursuing

4 a graduate degree.

During the 2024-2025 academic year, subject to appropriation, the Board may award a total of \$500,000 in scholarships under this Section.

Section 10-15. Amount of scholarships. In determining the amount of the scholarships awarded under this Act, the Board shall consider tuition and fee charges at approved institutions well as projected living as expenses for students. Seventy-five percent of the weighted tuition and fees charged by community colleges in Illinois shall be added to the uniform living allowance reported in the weighted Monetary Award Program (MAP) budget to determine the full-time scholarship amount for students pursuing an associate degree at an Illinois community college. Scholarship amounts for students pursuing associate, baccalaureate, or graduate degrees at a college or university shall include 75% of the weighted tuition and fees charged by public universities in Illinois, plus the uniform living allowance reported in the weighted MAP budget. The Board may provide that scholarships shall be awarded on a quarterly or semi-annual basis and shall be contingent upon the student diligently pursuing music education studies and being a student in good standing.

Scholarship awards may be provided to part-time students; for part-time students, the amount of the scholarship shall be determined by applying the proportion represented by the part-time enrollment to full-time enrollment ratio to the average per-term scholarship amount for a student in the same degree category.

Section 10-20. Approved institutions. An approved institution must maintain compliance with all applicable State and federal laws. An approved institution is not eligible for other programs administered by the Board and is not required to meet the definition of "institution of higher learning", "qualified institution", or "institution", as defined in Section 10 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act. The Board may establish, by rule, additional requirements for approved institutions.

Section 10-25. Duties of the Board. The Board shall:

- (1) prepare and supervise the issuance of public information about this Act;
- (2) prescribe the form and regulate the submission of applications for scholarships under this Act;
 - (3) determine the eligibility of applicants for scholarships under this Act;
 - (4) award the appropriate scholarships under this Act;
 - (5) prescribe the contracts or other acknowledgments

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1	of	scholarship	that	an	applicant	is	required	to	execute;
2	and	f							

3 (6) determine whether all or any part of a recipient's 4 scholarship must be monetarily repaid, or has been excused 5 from repayment, and the extent of any repayment or excused 6 repayment.

The Board may require a recipient to reimburse the State for expenses, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, incurred by the Board or any other agent of the State for a successful legal action against the recipient for a breach of any provision of the scholarship contract. The Board may adopt rules to carry out the duties set forth in this Act.

ARTICLE 15. AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Section 15-3. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by changing Section 7.5 as follows:

16 (5 ILCS 140/7.5)

17 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 103-472)

Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be exempt from inspection and copying:

(a) All information determined to be confidential under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and Development Act.

- (b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.
 - (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
 - (d) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
 - (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
 - (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
 - (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
 - (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and records of any lawfully created State or local inspector

general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.

- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.
- (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the Capital Crimes Litigation Act (repealed). This subsection

- 1 (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the 2 case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the 3 death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
 - (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
 - (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act (repealed).
 - (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Record Review Act.
 - (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
 - (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
 - (t) (Blank).
 - (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).

- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- (v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
- (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of an eligible adult maintained in the Registry established

- 1 under Section 7.5 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
 - (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
 - (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
 - (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
 - (dd) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
 - (ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
 - (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
 - (gg) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
 - (hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
 - (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of

the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

- (jj) Information and reports that are required to be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act.
- (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.
- (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
- (nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.
- (00) Communications, notes, records, and reports arising out of a peer support counseling session prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to an employee of an emergency services provider or law enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (qq) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives collected under the Reproductive Health Act.

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1	(rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
2	the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.
3	(ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of
4	Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois
5	Human Rights Act.
6	(tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy
7	Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that
8	Act.
9	(uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
10	Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.
11	(vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
12	subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois
13	Public Aid Code.
14	(ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
15	Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.
16	(xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or
17	information that shall not be made public under the
18	Illinois Insurance Code.
19	(yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
20	the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.
21	(zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under
22	the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.
23	(aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed
24	under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code.

(bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure

by the Illinois Police Training Act and the Illinois State

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- 2 (ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section 3 2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil 4 Administrative Code of Illinois.
 - (ddd) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, or Stalking Act.
 - (eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed under subsection (b) of Section 75 of the Domestic Violence Fatality Review Act.
 - (fff) Images from cameras under the Expressway Camera
 Act. This subsection (fff) is inoperative on and after
 July 1, 2025.
 - (ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse Agency Licensing Act.
 - (hhh) Information submitted to the Illinois State Police in an affidavit or application for an assault weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement, .50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
 - (iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the School Safety Drill Act.
- 26 (jjj) (hhh) Information exempt from disclosure under

- 1 Section 30 of the Insurance Data Security Law.
- 2 (kkk) (iii) Confidential business information
- 3 prohibited from disclosure under Section 45 of the Paint
- 4 Stewardship Act.
- 5 (lll) (Reserved).
- 6 <u>(mmm)</u> (iii) Information prohibited from being
- 7 disclosed under subsection (e) of Section 1-129 of the
- 8 Illinois Power Agency Act.
- 9 (nnn) Materials received by the Department of Commerce
- 10 <u>and Economic Opportunity that are confidential under</u>
- 11 Section 5-50 of the Music and Musicians Tax Credit and
- Jobs Act.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, eff. 1-1-22;
- 14 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff.
- 15 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 7-1-22;
- 16 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23; 103-8, eff.
- 17 6-7-23; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23; 103-142, eff. 1-1-24; 103-372,
- 18 eff. 1-1-24; 103-508, eff. 8-4-23; 103-580, eff. 12-8-23;
- 19 revised 1-2-24.)
- 20 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 103-472)
- 21 Sec. 7.5. Statutory exemptions. To the extent provided for
- 22 by the statutes referenced below, the following shall be
- 23 exempt from inspection and copying:
- 24 (a) All information determined to be confidential
- under Section 4002 of the Technology Advancement and

- 1 Development Act.
 - (b) Library circulation and order records identifying library users with specific materials under the Library Records Confidentiality Act.
 - (c) Applications, related documents, and medical records received by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board and any and all documents or other records prepared by the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures Board or its staff relating to applications it has received.
 - (d) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives relating to known or suspected cases of sexually transmissible disease or any information the disclosure of which is restricted under the Illinois Sexually Transmissible Disease Control Act.
 - (e) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under Section 30 of the Radon Industry Licensing Act.
 - (f) Firm performance evaluations under Section 55 of the Architectural, Engineering, and Land Surveying Qualifications Based Selection Act.
 - (g) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 50 of the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Act.
 - (h) Information the disclosure of which is exempted under the State Officials and Employees Ethics Act, and

records of any lawfully created State or local inspector general's office that would be exempt if created or obtained by an Executive Inspector General's office under that Act.

- (i) Information contained in a local emergency energy plan submitted to a municipality in accordance with a local emergency energy plan ordinance that is adopted under Section 11-21.5-5 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (j) Information and data concerning the distribution of surcharge moneys collected and remitted by carriers under the Emergency Telephone System Act.
- (k) Law enforcement officer identification information or driver identification information compiled by a law enforcement agency or the Department of Transportation under Section 11-212 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (1) Records and information provided to a residential health care facility resident sexual assault and death review team or the Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team Act.
- (m) Information provided to the predatory lending database created pursuant to Article 3 of the Residential Real Property Disclosure Act, except to the extent authorized under that Article.
- (n) Defense budgets and petitions for certification of compensation and expenses for court appointed trial counsel as provided under Sections 10 and 15 of the

- Capital Crimes Litigation Act <u>(repealed)</u>. This subsection (n) shall apply until the conclusion of the trial of the case, even if the prosecution chooses not to pursue the death penalty prior to trial or sentencing.
 - (o) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 4 of the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances Registry Act.
 - (p) Security portions of system safety program plans, investigation reports, surveys, schedules, lists, data, or information compiled, collected, or prepared by or for the Department of Transportation under Sections 2705-300 and 2705-616 of the Department of Transportation Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois, the Regional Transportation Authority under Section 2.11 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act, or the St. Clair County Transit District under the Bi-State Transit Safety Act (repealed).
 - (q) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Personnel Record Review Act.
 - (r) Information prohibited from being disclosed by the Illinois School Student Records Act.
 - (s) Information the disclosure of which is restricted under Section 5-108 of the Public Utilities Act.
 - (t) (Blank).
 - (u) Records and information provided to an independent team of experts under the Developmental Disability and

Mental Health Safety Act (also known as Brian's Law).

- (v) Names and information of people who have applied for or received Firearm Owner's Identification Cards under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act or applied for or received a concealed carry license under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, unless otherwise authorized by the Firearm Concealed Carry Act; and databases under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, records of the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, and law enforcement agency objections under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.
- (v-5) Records of the Firearm Owner's Identification Card Review Board that are exempted from disclosure under Section 10 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- (w) Personally identifiable information which is exempted from disclosure under subsection (g) of Section 19.1 of the Toll Highway Act.
- (x) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 5-1014.3 of the Counties Code or Section 8-11-21 of the Illinois Municipal Code.
- (y) Confidential information under the Adult Protective Services Act and its predecessor enabling statute, the Elder Abuse and Neglect Act, including information about the identity and administrative finding against any caregiver of a verified and substantiated decision of abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation of

1	an	eligible	adult	maint	ained	in	the	Registr	ry est	ablished
2	unc	der Sectio	n 7.5 o	of the	Adult.	Pro	otect	tive Ser	vices	Act.

- (z) Records and information provided to a fatality review team or the Illinois Fatality Review Team Advisory Council under Section 15 of the Adult Protective Services Act.
- (aa) Information which is exempted from disclosure under Section 2.37 of the Wildlife Code.
 - (bb) Information which is or was prohibited from disclosure by the Juvenile Court Act of 1987.
 - (cc) Recordings made under the Law Enforcement Officer-Worn Body Camera Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
 - (dd) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 45 of the Condominium and Common Interest Community Ombudsperson Act.
 - (ee) Information that is exempted from disclosure under Section 30.1 of the Pharmacy Practice Act.
 - (ff) Information that is exempted from disclosure under the Revised Uniform Unclaimed Property Act.
 - (gg) Information that is prohibited from being disclosed under Section 7-603.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (hh) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 1A-16.7 of the Election Code.
 - (ii) Information which is exempted from disclosure

1	under Section 2505-800 of the Department of Revenue Law of
2	the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

- (jj) Information and reports that are required to be submitted to the Department of Labor by registering day and temporary labor service agencies but are exempt from disclosure under subsection (a-1) of Section 45 of the Day and Temporary Labor Services Act.
- (kk) Information prohibited from disclosure under the Seizure and Forfeiture Reporting Act.
- (11) Information the disclosure of which is restricted and exempted under Section 5-30.8 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (mm) Records that are exempt from disclosure under Section 4.2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act.
- (nn) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 70 of the Higher Education Student Assistance Act.
- (00) Communications, notes, records, and reports arising out of a peer support counseling session prohibited from disclosure under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (pp) Names and all identifying information relating to an employee of an emergency services provider or law enforcement agency under the First Responders Suicide Prevention Act.
- (qq) Information and records held by the Department of Public Health and its authorized representatives collected

1	under the Reproductive Health Act.
2	(rr) Information that is exempt from disclosure under
3	the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act.

- (ss) Data reported by an employer to the Department of Human Rights pursuant to Section 2-108 of the Illinois Human Rights Act.
- (tt) Recordings made under the Children's Advocacy Center Act, except to the extent authorized under that Act.
- (uu) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of the Sexual Assault Evidence Submission Act.
- (vv) Information that is exempt from disclosure under subsections (f) and (j) of Section 5-36 of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (ww) Information that is exempt from disclosure under Section 16.8 of the State Treasurer Act.
- (xx) Information that is exempt from disclosure or information that shall not be made public under the Illinois Insurance Code.
- (yy) Information prohibited from being disclosed under the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act.
- (zz) Information prohibited from being disclosed under the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.
- (aaa) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 1-167 of the Illinois Pension Code.
 - (bbb) Information that is prohibited from disclosure

1	by the 1	Illinois	Police	Training	Act	and	the	Illinois	State
2	Police A	Act.							

- (ccc) Records exempt from disclosure under Section 2605-304 of the Illinois State Police Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.
- (ddd) Information prohibited from being disclosed under Section 35 of the Address Confidentiality for Victims of Domestic Violence, Sexual Assault, Human Trafficking, or Stalking Act.
- (eee) Information prohibited from being disclosed under subsection (b) of Section 75 of the Domestic Violence Fatality Review Act.
- (fff) Images from cameras under the Expressway Camera
 Act. This subsection (fff) is inoperative on and after
 July 1, 2025.
- (ggg) Information prohibited from disclosure under paragraph (3) of subsection (a) of Section 14 of the Nurse Agency Licensing Act.
- (hhh) Information submitted to the Illinois State Police in an affidavit or application for an assault weapon endorsement, assault weapon attachment endorsement, .50 caliber rifle endorsement, or .50 caliber cartridge endorsement under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- 25 (iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section 50 of 26 the School Safety Drill Act.

- 1 <u>(jjj)</u> (hhh) Information exempt from disclosure under 2 Section 30 of the Insurance Data Security Law.
- 3 (kkk) (iii) Confidential business information 4 prohibited from disclosure under Section 45 of the Paint 5 Stewardship Act.
- 6 (111) (iii) Data exempt from disclosure under Section
 7 2-3.196 of the School Code.
- 8 (mmm) (iii) Information prohibited from being 9 disclosed under subsection (e) of Section 1-129 of the 10 Illinois Power Agency Act.
- 11 (nnn) Materials received by the Department of Commerce

 12 and Economic Opportunity that are confidential under

 13 Section 5-50 of the Music and Musicians Tax Credit and

 14 Jobs Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 102-36, eff. 6-25-21; 102-237, eff. 1-1-22;
- 16 102-292, eff. 1-1-22; 102-520, eff. 8-20-21; 102-559, eff.
- 17 8-20-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-946, eff. 7-1-22;
- 18 102-1042, eff. 6-3-22; 102-1116, eff. 1-10-23; 103-8, eff.
- 19 6-7-23; 103-34, eff. 6-9-23; 103-142, eff. 1-1-24; 103-372,
- 20 eff. 1-1-24; 103-472, eff. 8-1-24; 103-508, eff. 8-4-23;
- 21 103-580, eff. 12-8-23; revised 1-2-24.)
- 22 Section 15-5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
- 23 changing Sections 203 and 222 and by adding Sections 241 and
- 24 242 as follows:

l (35 ILCS 5/203)

- 2 Sec. 203. Base income defined.
 - (a) Individuals.
 - (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
 - (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income, except stock dividends of qualified public utilities described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income for the taxable year;
 - (C) An amount equal to the amount received during the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and for which a deduction was previously taken under

subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July
1, 1991, the retrospective application date of Article
4 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or
multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on
the taxpayer's principal residence shall be that
portion of the total taxes for the entire property
which is attributable to such principal residence;

- (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of adjusted gross income;
- (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a medical care savings account and the interest earned on the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;
- (D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;
 - (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an

amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a

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member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other

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or

than a state which requires mandatory unitary 1 2 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 3 with respect to such interest; or (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 6 taxpayer can establish, based 7 preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: 8 9 (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest 10 11 to a person that is not a related member, and 12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 13 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 14 person did not have as a principal purpose the 15 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 16 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 17 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 18 terms; or 19 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on 20 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest 21 paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract 22 or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates 23 and terms and the principal purpose for the 24 payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of

the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section The addition modification required by subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same reduction t.o t.he addition modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or

indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
- (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the

intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of

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insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from included in the unitary business group because he or is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to addition modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act;

(D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after

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January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) adopts and determines that its offering materials comply with the College Savings Plans Network's disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to inform financial intermediaries distributing the program to inform in-state residents of the existence of in-state qualified tuition programs at least

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annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts if it makes disclosures (which may use the term "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified (i) directly to prospective programs by name) participants in its offering materials or makes a public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) where applicable, to intermediaries selling the out-of-state program in the same manner that the out-of-state program distributes its offering materials:

(D-20.5) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of a distribution from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code, other than a distribution from a qualified ABLE program created under Section 16.6 of the State Treasurer Act, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529A(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the

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State to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the amount of moneys previously deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section;

(D-21.5) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, in the case of the transfer of moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 or a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by this State to an ABLE account established under an out-of-state ABLE account program, an amount equal to the contribution component of the transferred amount that was previously deducted from base income under subsection (a) (2) (Y) or subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this Section;

(D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and prior to January 1, 2018, in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State that is not used for qualified expenses at an eligible education institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal refund that was previously deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that the withdrawal or refund did not result from the beneficiary's death or disability. For

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taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018: (1) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund, as defined under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, of moneys from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously deducted from base income under subsection (a)(2)(Y) of this Section, and (2) in the case of a nonqualified withdrawal or refund from a qualified ABLE program under Section 529A of the Internal Revenue Code administered by the State that is not used for qualified disability expenses, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund that was previously deducted from base income under subsection (a) (2) (HH) of this Section;

(D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

(D-24) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year;

(D-25) In the case of a resident, an amount equal

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to the amount of tax for which a credit is allowed pursuant to Section 201(p)(7) of this Act;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

(E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other state. For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of any compensation (including but not limited to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a resident by reason of being a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United

States and in respect of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;
 - (G) The valuation limitation amount;
- (H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;
 - (I) An amount equal to all amounts included in

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such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

- (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which business operations in а River conducts Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Redevelopment Zone Act, Edae and conducts substantially all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (K);
- (L) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits and railroad retirement benefits included in such total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal Revenue Code;

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(M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 1 2 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 5 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 6 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the 7 Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 8 9 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the 10 Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending 11 on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of 12 the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount 13 14 included in gross income under Section 87 of the 15 Revenue Code; the provisions of this 16 subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 17 250;

(N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

1	(0) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
2	job training project established pursuant to the Tax
3	Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

- (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year;
- (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as an indemnity for a terminal illness;
- (R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal or State bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;
- (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the contribution is accepted by the account administrator

as provided in that Act;

- (T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);
- (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;
- (V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and

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does not exceed the taxable income attributable to that taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or Subchapter S corporation income; except that no deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The amount of the health insurance and long-term care insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be determined by multiplying total health insurance and long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer times а number that represents the fractional percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

- (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial

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or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income

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for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes this subparagraph, contributions made by employer on behalf of an employee, or matching contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return

1	under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
2	Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
3	thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
4	(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
5	deduction taken for the taxable year on the
6	taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
7	for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
8	taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
9	168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not
10	including the bonus depreciation deduction;
11	(2) for taxable years ending on or before
12	December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
13	and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
14	0.429); and
15	(3) for taxable years ending after December
16	31, 2005:
17	(i) for property on which a bonus
18	depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
19	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
20	30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
21	by 0.429);
22	(ii) for property on which a bonus
23	depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
24	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
25	1.0;
26	(iii) for property on which a bonus

depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the depreciation deduction that would be allowed on that property if the taxpayer had made the election under Section 168(k)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus depreciation on that property; and

(iv) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of a percentage other than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or after December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation on the property (that is, 100(bonus%)) and then divided by 100 times 1 minus the percentage bonus depreciation on the property (that is, 100(1-bonus%)).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (Z) and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;
- (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

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203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with such transaction under Section respect to 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of deductions allocable thereto) with respect transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but

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not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from beina included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person. This subparagraph (EE) is

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exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison. This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(GG) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to add back anv insurance premiums under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract that part of a reimbursement received from the insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250:

(HH) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and prior to January 1, 2028, a maximum of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to a

qualified ABLE account under Section 16.6 of the State Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) or Section 529A(c)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys contributed under this subparagraph (HH). For purposes of this subparagraph (HH), contributions made by an employer on behalf of an employee, or matching contributions made by an employee;

- (II) For taxable years that begin on or after January 1, 2021 and begin before January 1, 2026, the amount that is included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income pursuant to Section 61 of the Internal Revenue Code as discharge of indebtedness attributable to student loan forgiveness and that is not excluded from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income pursuant to paragraph (5) of subsection (f) of Section 108 of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (JJ) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment operating in this State and licensed under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing organization operating in this State and licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that

were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be added back under this subsection. The provisions of this subparagraph (JJ) are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(KK) (JJ) To the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, any amount awarded or paid to the taxpayer as a result of a judgment or settlement for fertility fraud as provided in Section 15 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, donor fertility fraud as provided in Section 20 of the Illinois Fertility Fraud Act, or similar action in another state; and -

(LL) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2024, an amount equal to the qualified expenses paid or incurred by a qualified artist educator in connection with teaching or conducting music lessons; this subparagraph (LL) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. As used in this subparagraph (LL):

"Qualified expenses" means deductions allowed by Section 162 of the federal Internal Revenue Code; and

"Qualified artist educator" means a musician
who offers private or public music lessons for
amateur or professional artists in any setting or

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any capacity, regardless of the size of the class.

(b)	Corporations.
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- (1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions received from regulated investment companies during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
 - (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;
 - (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount of the capital gain dividends designated as such in accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section 852(b)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code, attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act

of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing law and is not a new enactment);

- (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;
- (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:
 - (i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and
 - (ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the

taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the corporation claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

(E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under

subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different

subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or
- (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest

to a person that is not a related member, and

- (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or
- (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or
- (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective

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date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary

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business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused reduction to the addition а modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs

1	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
2	indirectly, from a transaction with a person who
3	is subject in a foreign country or state, other
4	than a state which requires mandatory unitary
5	reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
6	with respect to such item; or
7	(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
8	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
9	indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based
10	on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the
11	following:
12	(a) the person during the same taxable
13	year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
14	intangible expense or cost to a person that is
15	not a related member, and
16	(b) the transaction giving rise to the
17	intangible expense or cost between the
18	taxpayer and the person did not have as a
19	principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois
20	income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract
21	or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms;
22	or
23	(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
24	paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
25	indirectly, from a transaction with a person if

the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing

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evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the any other Director from making adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is pursuant to regulation adopted by made Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph

shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

(E-15) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

(E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

(E-17) For taxable years ending on or after

1	December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
2	allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
3	for the taxable year;
4	(E-18) for taxable years beginning after December
5	31, 2018, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
6	under Section 250(a)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue
7	Code for the taxable year;
8	(E-19) for taxable years ending on or after June
9	30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
10	under Section 250(a)(1)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue
11	Code for the taxable year;
12	(E-20) for taxable years ending on or after June
13	30, 2021, an amount equal to the deduction allowed
14	under Sections 243(e) and 245A(a) of the Internal
15	Revenue Code for the taxable year.
16	and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the
17	following amounts:
18	(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
19	imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
20	and included in such total for the taxable year;
21	(G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
22	total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;
23	(H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
24	an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
25	dividends as defined in subsection (b)(5) of Section
26	852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders

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for the taxable year;

(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in the case of a life insurance company with gross income from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in the case of a life insurance company allowed a deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt

from the provisions of Section 250;

- (J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (L) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under

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this subparagraph (L);

any taxpayer that is a financial organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using for this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification available to the taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250:

(M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of

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this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by property which is eligible for the High Impact Business Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into the basis of the Section 201 (h) investment credit property which secures the loan or loans, using for this purpose the original basis of such property on the date that it was placed in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the deduction provided under subparagraph (M-1). The subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the eligible property as calculated under the previous sentence;

(N) Two times any contribution made during the taxable year to a designated zone organization to the

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extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a charitable contribution under subsection (c) of Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must, by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage equal to the percentage allowable under Section 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the amount by which dividends included in taxable income and received from a corporation that is not created or organized under the laws of the United States or any state or political subdivision thereof, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends

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received from a captive real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the amount by which dividends, included in taxable income and received, including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive real estate investment trust, from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of Section 1504(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code be treated as a member of the group which includes affiliated the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends. For taxable years ending on or after June 30, 2021, (i) for purposes of this subparagraph, the term "dividend" does not include any amount treated as a dividend under Section 1248 of the Internal Revenue Code, and (ii) this subparagraph shall not apply to dividends for which a deduction is allowed under Section 245(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (0) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a

job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

- (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts

1	allocable to organizations exempt from federal income
2	tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal
3	Revenue Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the
4	provisions of Section 250;
5	(T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the

- (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (3) for taxable years ending after December
 31, 2005:
 - (i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by

1	30 and then divided by /0 (or "y" multiplied
2	by 0.429);
3	(ii) for property on which a bonus
4	depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
5	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6	1.0;
7	(iii) for property on which a bonus
8	depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
9	basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
10	after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
11	depreciation deduction that would be allowed
12	on that property if the taxpayer had made the
13	election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
14	Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
15	depreciation on that property; and
16	(iv) for property on which a bonus
17	depreciation deduction of a percentage other
18	than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
19	was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
20	December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
21	by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation
22	on the property (that is, 100(bonus%)) and
23	then divided by 100 times 1 minus the
24	percentage bonus depreciation on the property
25	(that is, 100(1-bonus%)).
26	The aggregate amount deducted under this

subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (T) and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account

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for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203 (b) (2) (E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect such transaction under Section to 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make addition modification with respect to an transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(W) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to

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transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203 (b) (2) (E-12) for interest paid, accrued, incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(X) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for

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taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the taxable year under same Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person. This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to back any insurance premiums under Section 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract that part of a reimbursement received from insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back to income the amount subtracted by the

taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (Z) The difference between the nondeductible controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and without regard to any net operating loss deduction. This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and
- (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment operating in this State and licensed under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing organization operating in this State and licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be added back under this subsection. The provisions of this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions of Section 250.
- (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2)(A), "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company,

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for tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

(c) Trusts and estates.

- (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
 - (B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a trust which, under its governing instrument, is required to distribute all of its income currently, \$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in the computation of taxable income;
 - (C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

- (D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net operating loss carried forward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986;
- (E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed:
 - (i) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of addition modification under this subparagraph (E) which related to that net operating loss and which was taken into account in calculating the base income of an earlier taxable year, and
 - (ii) the addition modification relating to the

net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

- (F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this Act;
- (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
- (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section

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(G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

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indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or

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incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 1 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 2 3 than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or 6 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 7 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if establish, based 8 the taxpayer can 9 preponderance of the evidence, both of 10 following: 11 (a) the person, during the same taxable 12 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest 13 to a person that is not a related member, and 14 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 15 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 16 person did not have as a principal purpose the 17 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 18 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 19 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 20 terms; or 21 (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on

clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract

or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates

and terms and the principal purpose for the

payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance;

or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business

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activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused а reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or

management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
- (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is

not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

(G-14) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs directly or indirectly paid, incurred, accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this

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- (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;
 - (G-16) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year;

and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the following amounts:

- (H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;
 - (I) The valuation limitation amount;
- (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

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- (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of or Constitution or by reason Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;
- (L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this

subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 2 250;

- (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (O) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (O);
- (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of

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the Internal Revenue Code;

(Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or her status as a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of income, to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived from or in any way related to assets stolen from, hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, during, and immediately after World War II, including, but limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable as insurance under policies issued to a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance companies immediately prior to and during World War II; provided, however, this subtraction from federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery

and who is a victim of persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and
 - (3) for taxable years ending after December

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1	31,	2005:
2		(i) for property on which a bonus
3		depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
4		basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
5		30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
6		by 0.429);
7		(ii) for property on which a bonus
8		depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
9		basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10		1.0;
11		(iii) for property on which a bonus
12		depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
13		basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
14		after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
15		depreciation deduction that would be allowed
16		on that property if the taxpayer had made the
17		election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
18		Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
19		depreciation on that property; and
20		(iv) for property on which a bonus
21		depreciation deduction of a percentage other
22		than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
23		was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
24		December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied

by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation

on the property (that is, 100(bonus%)) and

then divided by 100 times 1 minus the percentage bonus depreciation on the property (that is, 100(1-bonus%)).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (R) and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

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This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(U) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that

person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(V) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or

she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted by the decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from Section 250;
- (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such total of any tax deducted for federal income tax purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to add back any insurance premiums under Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract that part of a reimbursement received from the insurance company equal to the amount of the expense

or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (Z) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2018 and before January 1, 2026, the amount of excess business loss of the taxpayer disallowed as a deduction by Section 461(1)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
- (AA) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment operating in this State and licensed under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing organization operating in this State and licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be added back under this subsection. The provisions of

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this subparagraph (AA) are exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(3) Limitation. The amount of any modification otherwise required under this subsection shall, under regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

(d) Partnerships.

- (1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).
- (2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:
 - (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
 - (B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for the taxable year;
 - (C) The amount of deductions allowed to the partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the

Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable
income;

- (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income;
- (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (O) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition

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modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

(D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the

Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or
- (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:
 - (a) the person, during the same taxable year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest to a person that is not a related member, and
 - (b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or
 - (iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on

clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; and

(D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable

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years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition

modification required under Section 203(d) (2) (D-7) of this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets;

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

- (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or
- (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based

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on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 1 2 following: (a) the person during the same taxable 3 paid, accrued, or incurred, intangible expense or cost to a person that is 6 not a related member, and 7 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 8 intangible expense or cost between the 9 taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 10 11 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 12 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 13 or 14 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 15 accrued, or incurred, directly 16 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if 17 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 18 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 19 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 20 writing to the application or use 21 alternative method of apportionment under Section 22 304(f);23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the from 24 making any other adjustment

otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act

for any tax year beginning after the effective

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date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

For taxable years ending on or December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs

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1	were directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or
2	accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the
3	extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to
4	the addition modification required under Section
5	203(d)(2)(D-7) or Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;
6	(D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to
7	the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act,
8	determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this
9	Act;
10	(D-11) For taxable years ending on or after
11	December 31, 2017, an amount equal to the deduction
12	allowed under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code
13	for the taxable year;
14	and by deducting from the total so obtained the following
15	amounts:
16	(E) The valuation limitation amount;
17	(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
18	imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
19	and included in such total for the taxable year;
20	(G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
21	taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
22	(C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
23	State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
24	or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes

of the United States; provided that, in the case of any

statute of this State that exempts income derived from

bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

- (H) Any income of the partnership which constitutes personal service income as defined in Section 1348(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater; this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income distributable to an entity subject to the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act including amounts distributable to organizations exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a)(2) and 265(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years

ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (K) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total which were paid by a corporation which conducts business operations in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;
- (L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a job training project established pursuant to the Real Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;
- (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in such total that were paid by a corporation that conducts business operations in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided

that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);

- (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code;
- (O) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:
 - (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction;
 - (2) for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

1	(3) for taxable years ending after December
2 31	, 2005:
3	(i) for property on which a bonus
4	depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted
5	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
6	30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied
7	by 0.429);
8	(ii) for property on which a bonus
9	depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
10	basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
11	1.0;
12	(iii) for property on which a bonus
13	depreciation deduction of 100% of the adjusted
14	basis was taken in a taxable year ending on or
15	after December 31, 2021, "x" equals the
16	depreciation deduction that would be allowed
17	on that property if the taxpayer had made the
18	election under Section 168(k)(7) of the
19	Internal Revenue Code to not claim bonus
20	depreciation on that property; and
21	(iv) for property on which a bonus
22	depreciation deduction of a percentage other
23	than 30%, 50% or 100% of the adjusted basis
24	was taken in a taxable year ending on or after
25	December 31, 2021, "x" equals "y" multiplied
26	by 100 times the percentage bonus depreciation

on the property (that is, 100(bonus%)) and then divided by 100 times 1 minus the percentage bonus depreciation on the property (that is, 100(1-bonus%)).

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which a subtraction is allowed with respect to that property under subparagraph (O) and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any

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one piece of property.

This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

- (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with such transaction under Section to 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt from Section 250;
- (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business

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activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from included in the unitary business group because he or is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest paid, accrued, incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from Section 250;

(S) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being

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included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250;

(T) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to add back any insurance premiums under Section 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract that part of a reimbursement received from the insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

(U) For taxable years beginning on or after

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January 1, 2023, for any cannabis establishment operating in this State and licensed under the Cannabis Regulation and Tax Act or any cannabis cultivation center or medical cannabis dispensing organization operating in this State and licensed under the Compassionate Use of Medical Cannabis Program Act, an amount equal to the deductions that were disallowed under Section 280E of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year and that would not be added back under this subsection. The provisions of this subparagraph (U) are exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

- (e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.
- (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) and subsection (b)(3), for purposes of this Section and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable

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year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess of addition modifications over subtraction modifications for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), trust, or estate is less than zero and addition modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an addition modification must be made under subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax purposes shall mean:
 - (A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life

insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of distribution from pre-1984 policyholder surplus accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the Internal Revenue Code;

- (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code, insurance company taxable income;
- (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of a regulated investment company subject to the tax imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, investment company taxable income;
- (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real estate investment trust taxable income;
- (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, taxable income determined as if such corporation had filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be

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determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years;

(F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative corporation or association, the taxable income of such organization determined in accordance with provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal Revenue Code, but without regard to prohibition against offsetting losses from patronage activities against income from nonpatronage activities; except that a cooperative corporation or association may make an election to follow its federal income tax treatment of patronage losses nonpatronage losses. In the event such election is made, such losses shall be computed and carried over in a manner consistent with subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred. The election shall be effective for all taxable years with original returns due on or after the date of the election. In addition, the cooperative may file an amended return or returns, allowed under this Act, to provide that the election shall be effective for losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years occurring prior to

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the date of the election. Once made, the election may only be revoked upon approval of the Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting forth requirements for documenting the elections and any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke elections. Public Act 96-932 is declaratory of existing law;

- (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with Section 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such corporation determined in accordance with the federal Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and
 - (H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,

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taxable income determined in accordance with Section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable income shall take into account those items which are required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated but which would be taken into account by an individual in calculating his taxable income.

(3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or business has been classified as business income and in a later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years related to that asset or business that generated the non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as business income in the year of the disposition of the asset or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding taxable years.

- (f) Valuation limitation amount.
 - (1) In general. The valuation limitation amount

referred to in subsections (a)(2)(G), (c)(2)(I) and (d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

- (A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus
- (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of capital gain) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).
- (2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.
- (A) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for determining gain) for such property on that date (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized and reportable for federal income tax purposes in

respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of such property.

- (B) If the fair market value of property referred to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is that amount which bears the same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the property for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding period for the property.
- (C) The Department shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this paragraph.
- (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item to be deducted more than once.
- (h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable

- 1 year, or in the amount of such items entering into the
- 2 computation of base income and net income under this Act for
- 3 such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
- 4 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 102-558, eff. 8-20-21;
- 6 102-658, eff. 8-27-21; 102-813, eff. 5-13-22; 102-1112, eff.
- 7 12-21-22; 103-8, eff. 6-7-23; 103-478, eff. 1-1-24; revised
- 8 9-26-23.)
- 9 (35 ILCS 5/222)
- 10 Sec. 222. Live music and theater production credit.
- 11 (a) For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2012 and
- 12 beginning prior to January 1, 2027, a taxpayer who has
- 13 received a tax credit award under the Live Music and Theater
- 14 Production Tax Credit Act is entitled to a credit against the
- 15 taxes imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of
- 16 this Act in an amount determined under that Act by the
- 17 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity.
- 18 (b) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2023, if
- 19 the taxpayer is a partnership, limited liability partnership,
- 20 limited liability company, or Subchapter S corporation, the
- 21 tax credit award is allowed to the partners, unit holders, or
- 22 shareholders in accordance with the determination of income
- and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704
- 24 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. For taxable
- years ending on or after December 31, 2023, if the taxpayer is

Opportunity.

- a partnership or Subchapter S corporation, then the provisions of Section 251 apply.
- 3 (c) A sale, assignment, or transfer of the tax credit
 4 award may be made by the taxpayer earning the credit within one
 5 year after the credit is awarded in accordance with rules
 6 adopted by the Department of Commerce and Economic
- 8 (d) The Department of Revenue, in cooperation with the 9 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity, shall adopt 10 rules to enforce and administer the provisions of this
- 11 Section.

- 12 (e) The tax credit award may not be carried back. If the
- amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year,
- 14 the excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax
- liability of the 5 tax years following the excess credit year.
- 16 The tax credit award shall be applied to the earliest year for
- 17 which there is a tax liability. If there are credits from more
- 18 than one tax year that are available to offset liability, the
- 19 earlier credit shall be applied first. In no event may a credit
- 20 under this Section reduce the taxpayer's liability to less
- 21 than zero.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 102-16, eff. 6-17-21; 103-396, eff. 1-1-24.)
- 23 (35 ILCS 5/241 new)
- Sec. 241. Music and Musicians Tax Credits and Jobs Act.
- 25 Taxpayers who have been awarded a credit under the Music and

1	Musicians Tax Credits and Jobs Act are entitled to a credit
2	against the taxes imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of
3	Section 201 as provided in that Act.
4	(35 ILCS 5/242 new)
5	Sec. 242. Theater infrastructure projects.
6	(a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
7	2025, the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity may
8	award the following credits against the taxes imposed by
9	subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201:
10	(1) Credits for investments in State-certified higher
11	education musical or theatrical infrastructure projects.
12	Investments in a State-certified higher education musical
13	or theatrical infrastructure project attributable to areas
14	other than where live performances will take place may
15	comprise no more than 25% of total qualifying
16	expenditures.
17	As used in this paragraph (1):
18	"State-certified higher education musical or
19	theatrical infrastructure project" means a project
20	certified by the Department of Commerce and Economic
21	Opportunity that involves the construction of a new
22	<pre>proscenium or black-box theater facility that:</pre>
23	(A) is primarily designed to host live
24	<pre>performances;</pre>

(B) is situated on a parcel of land that is located

1	on the campus of a higher education institution in
2	this State;
3	(C) is owned by a higher education campus
4	institution or support foundation related to the
5	campus that is primarily designed to benefit and
6	support campus students and the higher education
7	facility; and
8	(D) has a minimum fixed seating capacity of 250.
9	(2) Credits for investments in State-certified musical
10	or theatrical facility infrastructure projects.
11	As used in this paragraph (2):
12	"State-certified musical or theatrical facility
13	infrastructure project" means a capital infrastructure
14	project in the State that is certified by the Department
15	of Commerce and Economic Opportunity and is directly
16	related to the production or performance of musical or
17	theatrical productions.
18	(3) Credits for investments in State-certified sound
19	scoring infrastructure projects.
20	As used in this paragraph (3):
21	"State-certified sound scoring infrastructure
22	project" means a sound scoring infrastructure project at a
23	new or rehabilitated facility in the State that is
24	primarily designed to record live music for film or
25	television.
26	(b) In no event shall a credit under this Section reduce

- 1 the taxpayer's liability to less than zero. If the amount of
- 2 the credit exceeds the tax liability for the year, the excess
- 3 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the
- 4 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The tax
- 5 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is
- 6 a tax liability. If there are credits for more than one year
- 7 that are available to offset a liability, the earlier credit
- 8 shall be applied first.
- 9 (c) For partners of partnerships and shareholders of
- 10 <u>Subchapter S corporations, the provisions of Section 251 shall</u>
- apply with respect to the credit under this Section.
- 12 (d) This Section is exempt from the provisions of Section
- 13 250.
- 14 Section 15-10. The Live Theater Production Tax Credit Act
- is amended by changing Sections 10-1, 10-5, 10-10, 10-15,
- 16 10-20, 10-25, 10-30, 10-40, and 10-50 as follows:
- 17 (35 ILCS 17/10-1)
- 18 Sec. 10-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
- 19 Live Music and Theater Production Tax Credit Act. References
- in this Article to "this Act" mean this Article.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)
- 22 (35 ILCS 17/10-5)
- 23 Sec. 10-5. Purpose. The Illinois economy depends heavily

on the commercial for-profit live theater industry and the 1 2 accredited theater productions that are presented in Illinois. 3 As a result of intense competition from other prominent theater cities in the United States and abroad in attracting 5 theater productions, Illinois must move aggressively with new business development investment tools so that Illinois is more 6 7 competitive in site location decision making for 8 increasingly global economy, Illinois' producers. In an 9 long-term development will benefit from the rational, 10 strategic use of State resources in support of accredited 11 theater productions. It is the purpose of this Act to preserve 12 and expand the existing work force used in live theater and 13 music and enhance the marketing of the presentation of live 14 theater and music in Illinois. It shall be the policy of this 15 State to promote and encourage the training and hiring of 16 Illinois residents who represent the diversity of the Illinois 17 population through the creation and implementation of training, education, and recruitment programs organized in 18 cooperation with Illinois colleges and universities, labor 19 20 organizations, and the commercial for-profit live theater and music industry. 21

- 22 (Source: P.A. 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)
- 23 (35 ILCS 17/10-10)
- Sec. 10-10. Definitions. As used in this Act:
- 25 "Accredited theater production" means a for-profit live

stage presentation in a qualified production facility, as defined in this Section, that is either (i) a pre-Broadway production; or (ii) a long-run production for which the aggregate Illinois labor and marketing expenditures exceed \$100,000; or (iii) a musical production. For credits awarded under this Act in State Fiscal Year 2023, "accredited theater production" also includes any commercial Broadway touring show.

"Commercial Broadway touring show" means a production that

(i) is performed in a qualified production facility and plays
in more than 2 other markets in North America outside of
Illinois within 12 months of its Illinois presentation and

(ii) has Illinois production spending of not less than
\$100,000, as shown on the applicant's application for the

credit.

"Pre-Broadway production" means a live stage production that, in its original or adaptive version, is performed in a qualified production facility having a presentation scheduled for Broadway's Theater District in New York City within 12 months after its Illinois presentation.

"Long-run production" means a live stage production that is performed in a qualified production facility for longer than 8 weeks, with at least 6 performances per week, and includes a production that spans the end of one tax year and the commencement of a new tax year that, in combination, meets the criteria set forth in this definition making it a long-run

production eligible for a theater tax credit award in each tax year or portion thereof.

"Accredited theater production certificate" means a certificate issued by the Department certifying that the production is an accredited theater production that meets the quidelines of this Act.

"Applicant" means a taxpayer that is a theater producer, owner, licensee, operator, or presenter that is presenting or has presented a live stage presentation located within the State of Illinois who:

- (1) owns or licenses the theatrical rights of the stage presentation for the Illinois production period; or
- (2) has contracted or will contract directly with the owner or licensee of the theatrical rights or a person acting on behalf of the owner or licensee to provide live performances of the production.

An applicant that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or operates multiple qualified production facilities shall be presumed to be and considered for the purposes of this Act to be a single applicant; provided, however, that as to each of the applicant's qualified production facilities, the applicant shall be eligible to separately and contemporaneously (i) apply for and obtain accredited theater production certificates, (ii) stage accredited theater productions, and (iii) apply for and receive a tax credit award certificate for each of the applicant's accredited theater productions

performed at each of the applicant's qualified production
facilities.

3 "Department" means the Department of Commerce and Economic
4 Opportunity.

"Director" means the Director of the Department.

"Illinois labor expenditure" means gross salary or wages including, but not limited to, taxes, benefits, and any other consideration incurred or paid to non-talent employees of the applicant for services rendered to and on behalf of the accredited theater production. To qualify as an Illinois labor expenditure, the expenditure must be:

- (1) incurred or paid by the applicant on or after the effective date of the Act for services related to any portion of an accredited theater production from its pre-production stages, including, but not limited to, the writing of the script, casting, hiring of service providers, purchases from vendors, marketing, advertising, public relations, load in, rehearsals, performances, other accredited theater production related activities, and load out;
- (2) directly attributable to the accredited theater production;
- (3) limited to the first \$100,000 of wages incurred or paid to each employee of an accredited theater production in each tax year;
 - (4) included in the federal income tax basis of the

- (5) paid in the tax year for which the applicant is claiming the tax credit award, or no later than 60 days after the end of the tax year;
 - (6) paid to persons residing in Illinois at the time payments were made; and
 - (7) reasonable in the circumstances.
- "Illinois production spending" means any and all expenses directly or indirectly incurred relating to an accredited theater production presented in any qualified production facility of the applicant, including, but not limited to, expenditures for:
 - (1) national marketing, public relations, and the creation and placement of print, electronic, television, billboard, and other forms of advertising; and
 - (2) the construction and fabrication of scenic materials and elements; provided, however, that the maximum amount of expenditures attributable to the construction and fabrication of scenic materials and elements eligible for a tax credit award shall not exceed \$500,000 per applicant per production in any single tax year.

"Musical production" means a live musical performance that occurs in the State in front of a live audience, whether or not there is a charge for admission, and includes the producing, rehearsing, marketing, administration, recording, performing,

- or filming of that performance. "Musical production" includes,
- 2 but is not limited to, drama, comedy, comedy revue, opera,
- 3 ballet, jazz, cabaret, and variety entertainment.
- 4 "Qualified production facility" means a facility located
- 5 in the State in which live theatrical or musical productions
- 6 are, or are intended to be, exclusively presented that
- 7 contains at least one stage, a seating capacity of 1,200 or
- 8 more seats, and dressing rooms, storage areas, and other
- 9 ancillary amenities necessary for the accredited theater
- 10 production.
- "Tax credit award" means the issuance to a taxpayer by the
- 12 Department of a tax credit award in conformance with Sections
- 13 10-40 and 10-45 of this Act.
- "Tax year" means a calendar year for the period January 1
- to and including December 31.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)
- 17 (35 ILCS 17/10-15)
- 18 Sec. 10-15. Powers of the Department. The Department, in
- 19 addition to those powers granted under the Civil
- 20 Administrative Code of Illinois, is granted and has all the
- 21 powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the
- 22 purposes and provisions of this Act, including, but not
- 23 limited to, the power and authority to:
- 24 (1) adopt rules deemed necessary and appropriate for
- 25 the administration of the Tax Credit Award program;

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- establish forms for applications, notifications,

 contracts, or any other agreements; and accept

 applications at any time during the year;
 - (2) assist applicants pursuant to the provisions of this Act to promote, foster, and support live theater development and production and its related job creation or retention within the State;
 - (3) gather information and conduct inquiries, in the manner and by the methods set forth in this Act, required for the Department to comply with Section 10-40 and, without limitation, obtain information with respect to applicants for the purpose of making any designations or certifications necessary or desirable to assist Department with any recommendation or guidance in the furtherance of the purposes of this Act and relating to applicants' participation in training, education, and recruitment programs that are organized in cooperation universities Illinois colleges with and or labor organizations designed to promote and encourage the training and hiring of Illinois residents who represent the diversity of the Illinois population;
 - (4) provide for sufficient personnel to permit administrative, staffing, operating, and related support required to adequately discharge its duties and responsibilities described in this Act from funds as may be appropriated by the General Assembly for the

administration of this Act; and

(5) require that the applicant at all times keep proper books and records of accounts relating to the tax credit award, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles consistently applied, and make, upon reasonable written request by the Department, those books and records available for reasonable Department inspection and audit during the applicant's normal business hours. Any documents or data made available to or received from the applicant by any agent, employee, officer, or service provider to the Department shall be deemed confidential and shall not constitute public records to the extent that the documents or data consist of commercial or financial information regarding the operation by the applicant of any theater or any accredited theater production, or any recipient of any tax credit award under this Act.

(Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

(35 ILCS 17/10-20)

Sec. 10-20. Tax credit award. Subject to the conditions set forth in this Act, an applicant is entitled to a tax credit award as approved by the Department for qualifying Illinois labor expenditures and Illinois production spending for each tax year in which the applicant is awarded an accredited theater production certificate issued by the Department. The amount of tax credits awarded pursuant to this Act shall not

exceed \$2,000,000 in any State fiscal year, except that the 1 2 amount of tax credits awarded pursuant to this Act for the State fiscal year ending on June 30, 2023 shall not exceed 3 \$4,000,000. For the State fiscal year ending on June 30, 2023, 5 no more than \$2,000,000 in credits may be awarded to 6 accredited theater productions that are not commercial 7 Broadway touring shows, and no more than \$2,000,000 in credits 8 may be awarded to commercial Broadway touring shows. Credits 9 shall be awarded on a first-come, first-served basis. 10 Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the amount of credits 11 applied for in any fiscal year exceeds the amount authorized 12 to be awarded under this Section, the excess credit amount shall be awarded in the next fiscal year in which credits 13 14 remain available for award and shall be treated as having been 15 applied for on the first day of that fiscal year.

16 (Source: P.A. 102-700, eff. 4-19-22; 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)

(35 ILCS 17/10-25)

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Sec. 10-25. Application for certification of accredited theater production. Any applicant proposing an accredited theater production located or planned to be located in Illinois may request an accredited theater production certificate by application to the Department.

23 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

(35 ILCS 17/10-30)

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- Sec. 10-30. Review of application for accredited theater production certificate.
 - (a) The Department shall issue an accredited theater production certificate to an applicant if it finds that by a preponderance the following conditions exist:
 - (1) the applicant intends to make the expenditure in the State required for certification of the accredited theater production;
 - (2) the applicant's accredited theater production is economically sound and will benefit the people of the State of Illinois by increasing opportunities for employment and will strengthen the economy of Illinois;
 - following requirements related to (3) the implementation of a diversity plan have been met: (i) the applicant has filed with the Department a diversity plan outlining specific goals for hiring Illinois expenditure eligible minority persons and women, defined in the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act, and for using vendors receiving certification under the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act; (ii) the Department has approved the plan as meeting the requirements established by the Department and verified that the applicant has met or made good faith efforts in achieving those goals; and (iii) the Department has adopted any rules that are necessary to ensure compliance

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with the provisions set forth in this paragraph and necessary to require that the applicant's plan reflects the diversity of the population of this State;

- (4) the applicant's accredited theater production application indicates whether the applicant intends to participate in training, education, and recruitment programs that are organized in cooperation with Illinois colleges and universities, labor organizations, and the holders of accredited theater production certificates and are designed to promote and encourage the training and hiring of Illinois residents who represent the diversity of Illinois;
- (5) except for commercial Broadway touring shows qualifying in the State fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, not for the tax credit award, the applicant's accredited theater production would not occur in Illinois, which may be demonstrated by any means, including, but not limited to, evidence that: (i) the applicant, presenter, owner, or licensee of the production rights has other state or international location options at which to present the production and could reasonably efficiently locate outside of the State, (ii) at least one other state or nation could be considered for the production, (iii) the receipt of the tax award credit is a major factor in the decision of the applicant, presenter, production owner or licensee as to where the production

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1	will be presented and that without the tax credit award
2	the applicant likely would not create or retain jobs in
3	Illinois, or (iv) receipt of the tax credit award is
4	essential to the applicant's decision to create or retain
5	new jobs in the State; and

- (6) the production will contribute to establishing the State as a leader in the live performance industry;
- (7) the production will increase the availability and utilization of federal and State incentives in the financing or operation of the production; and
- (8) (6) the tax credit award will result in an overall positive impact to the State, as determined by the Department using the best available data.
- (b) If any of the provisions in this Section conflict with any existing collective bargaining agreements, the terms and conditions of those collective bargaining agreements shall control.
- 18 (c) The Department shall act expeditiously regarding
 19 approval of applications for accredited theater production
 20 certificates so as to accommodate the pre-production work,
 21 booking, commencement of ticket sales, determination of
 22 performance dates, load in, and other matters relating to the
 23 live theater productions for which approval is sought.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 102-1112, eff. 12-21-22.)

- 1 Sec. 10-40. Issuance of Tax Credit Award Certificate.
- 2 (a) In order to qualify for a tax credit award under this
- 3 Act, an applicant must file an application for each accredited
- 4 theater production at each of the applicant's qualified
- 5 production facilities, on forms prescribed by the Department,
- 6 providing information necessary to calculate the tax credit
- 7 award and any additional information as reasonably required by
- 8 the Department.
- 9 (b) Upon satisfactory review of the application, the
- 10 Department shall issue a tax credit award certificate stating
- 11 the amount of the tax credit award to which the applicant is
- 12 entitled for that tax year and shall contemporaneously notify
- the applicant and Illinois Department of Revenue in accordance
- 14 with Section 222 of the Illinois Income Tax Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)
- 16 (35 ILCS 17/10-50)
- 17 Sec. 10-50. Live theater and music tax credit award
- 18 program evaluation and reports.
- 19 (a) The Department's live theater <u>and music</u> tax credit
- 20 award evaluation must include:
- 21 (i) an assessment of the effectiveness of the program
- in creating and retaining new jobs in Illinois;
- 23 (ii) an assessment of the revenue impact of the
- 24 program;
- 25 (iii) in the discretion of the Department, a review of

1	the	practices	and	experiences	of	other	states	or	nations
2	with	n similar p	rogr	ams; and					

- (iv) an assessment of the overall success of the program. The Department may make a recommendation to extend, modify, or not extend the program based on the evaluation.
- (b) At the end of each fiscal quarter, the Department shall submit to the General Assembly a report that includes, without limitation:
 - (i) an assessment of the economic impact of the program, including the number of jobs created and retained, and whether the job positions are entry level, management, vendor, or production related;
 - (ii) the amount of accredited theater production spending brought to Illinois, including the amount of spending and type of Illinois vendors hired in connection with an accredited theater production; and
 - (iii) a determination of whether those receiving qualifying Illinois labor expenditure salaries or wages reflect the geographical, racial and ethnic, gender, and income level diversity of the State of Illinois.
- (c) At the end of each fiscal year, the Department shall submit to the General Assembly a report that includes, without limitation:
- 25 (i) the identification of each vendor that provided 26 goods or services that were included in an accredited

theater production's Illinois production spending;

(ii) a statement of the amount paid to each identified vendor by the accredited theater production and whether the vendor is a minority-owned or women-owned business as defined in Section 2 of the Business Enterprise for Minorities, Women, and Persons with Disabilities Act; and

(iii) a description of the steps taken by the Department to encourage accredited theater productions to use vendors who are minority-owned or women-owned businesses.

(Source: P.A. 100-391, eff. 8-25-17.)

ARTICLE 95. NON-ACCELERATION

Section 95-95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other Public Act.