

Rep. Jay Hoffman

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Vehicle Code.

Filed: 6/1/2019

10100SB1939ham002

LRB101 06618 HLH 61571 a

1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1939
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1939, AS AMENDED,
3	by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
4	following:
5	"ARTICLE 5. TRANSPORTATION FUNDING PROTECTION
6	Section 5-1. Short title. This Article may be cited as the
7	Transportation Funding Protection Act. References in this
8	Article to "this Act" mean this Article.
9	Section 5-10. Transportation funding.
10	(a) It is known that transportation funding is generated by
11	several transportation fees outlined in Section 2 of the Motor
12	Fuel Tax Act, Section 5-1035.1 of the Counties Code, Section

8-11-2.3 of the Illinois Municipal Code, and Sections 3-805,

3-806, 3-815, 3-818, 3-819, 3-821, and 6-118 of the Illinois

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(b) The proceeds of the funds described in this Act and all other funds described in Section 11 of Article IX of the Illinois Constitution are dedicated to transportation purposes and shall not, by transfer, offset, or otherwise, be diverted by any local government, including, without limitation, any home rule unit of government, to any purpose other than transportation purposes. This Act is declarative of existing law.

ARTICLE 15. AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

- Section 15-10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing 10 11 Section 9 as follows:
- 12 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)
- 13 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency 14 15 of this State, each retailer required or authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the 16 17 amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time 18 when he is required to file his return for the period during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to 19 20 January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 21 2.2 reimburse the retailer for expenses incurred in collecting the 23 tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting

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the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. In the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final. A retailer need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the sale of the same property.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State), may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of the selling price actually received during such tax return period.

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the

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twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require. On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

- 1. The name of the seller;
- 2. The address of the principal place of business from which he engages in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this State;
- 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible

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- personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;
- 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
 5. Act;
 - 5. The amount of tax due;
- 7 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 8 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department 9 may require.
 - If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the

funds transfer.

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1 sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered 2 3 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 4 The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 5 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 6 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 7 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has 8 9 a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 10 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make 11 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the

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requirements of this Section.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and

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the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the

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requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average

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monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, the Department shall issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to the Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a

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similar taxpayer under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess payment is shown on an original monthly return and is made after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, unless requested by the taxpayer. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted by the taxpayer to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department subsequently determines that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February, and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given

- year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return 1
- for October, November and December of a given year being due by 2
- 3 January 20 of the following year.
- 4 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or
- 5 quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax
- liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department 6
- may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with 7
- 8 the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the
- 9 following year.
- 10 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and
- 11 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly
- 12 returns.
- 13 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning
- 14 the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the
- 15 case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business
- 16 which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act,
- such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the 17
- 18 Department not more than one month after discontinuing such
- 19 business.
- 20 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft,
- 2.1 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with
- 22 an agency of this State, except as otherwise provided in this
- 23 Section, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal
- 24 property shall file, with the Department, upon a form to be
- 25 prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return
- 26 for each such item of tangible personal property which the

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retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this Act, then that seller may report the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every person who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such items and who, in connection with such business, sells any such item to a retailer for the purpose of resale is, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, authorized to meet the return-filing requirement of this Act by reporting the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transferred for resale during a month to the

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1 Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form on or before the 20th of the month following the month in which the transfer takes place. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, all returns filed under this paragraph must be filed by electronic means in the manner and form as required by the Department.

The transaction reporting return in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other information as the Department may reasonably

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The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax that is imposed by this Act may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom, the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required)

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1 if the Department and such agency or State officer determine 2 this procedure will expedite the processing of

3 applications for title or registration.

> With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property.

> No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

> If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of

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tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use tax which such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the

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1 Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department by 2 3 such retailer. If the retailer has not previously remitted the 4 amount of such tax to the Department, he is entitled to no 5 deduction under this Act upon refunding such tax to the 6 purchaser.

Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased by him at retail from a retailer, but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not collected from the retailer filing such return, and such retailer shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable retailers, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by both Acts on the one form.

Where the retailer has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration under this Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall

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1 pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special

fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, the net

revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax

imposed under this Act.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the

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1 selling price of sales tax holiday items.

> Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

> Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

> Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds

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collected under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under this Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3

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of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided,

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that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise

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1 payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

18	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
19	1993	\$0
20	1994	53,000,000
21	1995	58,000,000
22	1996	61,000,000
23	1997	64,000,000
24	1998	68,000,000
25	1999	71,000,000
26	2000	75,000,000

1	2001	80,000,000
2	2002	93,000,000
3	2003	99,000,000
4	2004	103,000,000
5	2005	108,000,000
6	2006	113,000,000
7	2007	119,000,000
8	2008	126,000,000
9	2009	132,000,000
10	2010	139,000,000
11	2011	146,000,000
12	2012	153,000,000
13	2013	161,000,000
14	2014	170,000,000
15	2015	179,000,000
16	2016	189,000,000
17	2017	199,000,000
18	2018	210,000,000
19	2019	221,000,000
20	2020	233,000,000
21	2021	246,000,000
22	2022	260,000,000
23	2023	275,000,000
24	2024	275,000,000
25	2025	275,000,000
26	2026	279,000,000

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1	2027	292,000,000
2	2028	307,000,000
3	2029	322,000,000
4	2030	338,000,000
5	2031	350,000,000
6	2032	350,000,000
7	and	
8	each fiscal year	
9	thereafter that bonds	
10	are outstanding under	
11	Section 13.2 of the	
12	Metropolitan Pier and	
13	Exposition Authority Act,	
14	but not after fiscal year 2060.	

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit",

has been deposited.

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Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section

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hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place

1 Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the 2 Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and 3 Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department 4 shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to 5 represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes 6 imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the 7 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, 8 9 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 10 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 11 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 12 the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the 13 amount estimated to represent 32% of the net revenue realized 14 from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 15 July 1, 2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of 16 amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 17 Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy 18 19 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration 20 Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each 2.1 month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 48% 22 of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 23 24 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and 25 Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the 26 McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax

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Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of this Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount

- 1 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
- 2 for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this
- 3 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.
- 4 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue
- 5 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
- paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 6
- overpayment of liability. 7
- For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, 8
- 9 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in
- 10 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may
- 11 assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the
- Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such 12
- 13 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written
- 14 objection to the Department to this arrangement.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16;
- 99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 16
- 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19.) 17
- Section 15-15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by 18
- 19 changing Section 9 as follows:
- 20 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)
- 21 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
- 22 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
- 23 of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he
- 24 is required to file his return for the period during which such

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tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final. A serviceman need not remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service involving the incidental transfer by him of the same property.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. On and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically.

- 1 Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the
- Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may 2
- petition the Department to waive the electronic filing 3
- 4 requirement.
- 5 The Department may require returns to be filed on a
- quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 6
- quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 7
- 8 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
- 9 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
- 10 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
- 11 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:
- 1. The name of the seller: 12
- 13 2. The address of the principal place of business from 14 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
- 15 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
- 16 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
- from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed 17
- 18 by law;
- 19 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this
- 20 Act;
- 5. The amount of tax due; 2.1
- 22 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 23 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
- 24 may require.
- 25 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
- 26 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,

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the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic

1 funds transfer.

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Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by

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1 January 20 of the following year.

> If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

> Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

> Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

> Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation Tax, retailers'

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occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Service Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by both Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration hereunder, such serviceman shall not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special fund in

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1 the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act. 2

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually

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by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, this Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case

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may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois

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Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge

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1 set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

14		Total
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
15	1993	\$0
16	1994	53,000,000
17	1995	58,000,000
18	1996	61,000,000
19	1997	64,000,000
20	1998	68,000,000
21	1999	71,000,000
22	2000	75,000,000
23	2001	80,000,000
24	2002	93,000,000
25	2003	99,000,000

1	2004	103,000,000
2	2005	108,000,000
3	2006	113,000,000
4	2007	119,000,000
5	2008	126,000,000
6	2009	132,000,000
7	2010	139,000,000
8	2011	146,000,000
9	2012	153,000,000
10	2013	161,000,000
11	2014	170,000,000
12	2015	179,000,000
13	2016	189,000,000
14	2017	199,000,000
15	2018	210,000,000
16	2019	221,000,000
17	2020	233,000,000
18	2021	246,000,000
19	2022	260,000,000
20	2023	275,000,000
21	2024	275,000,000
22	2025	275,000,000
23	2026	279,000,000
24	2027	292,000,000
25	2028	307,000,000
26	2029	322,000,000

1	2030	338,000,000
2	2031	350,000,000
3	2032	350,000,000
4	and	
5	each fiscal year	
6	thereafter that bonds	
7	are outstanding under	
8	Section 13.2 of the	
9	Metropolitan Pier and	
10	Exposition Authority Act,	
11	but not after fiscal year 2060.	

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

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1 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2 3 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 4 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 5 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property. 6

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the

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collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department

1 shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to 2 represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and 3 4 until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the 5 State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, 6 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 7 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 8 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 9 the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the 10 amount estimated to represent 32% of the net revenue realized 11 from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of 12 13 amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the 14 Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 15 Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy 16 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each 17 month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 48% 18 19 of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor 20 fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 21 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the 22 McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 23 24 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 25 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 26 the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the

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amount estimated to represent 64% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this

- 1 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.
- Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 2
- 3 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
- 4 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
- 5 overpayment of liability.
- (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 6
- 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 7
- 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19.) 8
- 9 Section 15-20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
- 10 changing Section 9 as follows:
- 11 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)
- 12 Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to collect
- 13 the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department the amount
- 14 of such tax at the time when he is required to file his return
- for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a 15
- discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and 16
- after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is 17
- 18 greater, which is allowed to reimburse the serviceman for
- expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, 19
- 20 preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying
- 21 data to the Department on request. The discount allowed under
- 22 this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the
- 23 manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the
- 24 discount for servicemen whose certificate of registration is

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1 revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the decision 2 Department's t.o revoke the certificate of

3 registration has become final.

> Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may collect, for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to the part of the selling price actually received during such tax return period.

> Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require. On and after January 1, 2018, with respect to servicemen whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Servicemen who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

> The Department may require returns to be filed on a

- 1 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar
- quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 2
- 3 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
- 4 taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each
- 5 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
- the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating: 6
- 1. The name of the seller: 7
- 8 2. The address of the principal place of business from
- 9 which he engages in business as a serviceman in this State;
- 10 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
- 11 during the preceding calendar month, including receipts
- from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed 12
- 13 by law;
- 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 14
- 15 Act;
- 16 5. The amount of tax due;
- 17 5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 18 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
- 19 may require.
- 20 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after
- 2.1 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
- 22 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be
- due on the return shall be deemed assessed. 23
- 24 Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1,
- 25 2004 a serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit
- 26 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use

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Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted prior to October 1, 2003 or on or after September 1, 2004 by a serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to September 1, 2004 shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for

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1 October, November and December of a given year being due by 2 January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has

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an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer.

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments

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in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or Use Tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. serviceman shall not previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all

- 1 the return information required by all said Acts on the one
- 2 form.
- 3 Where the serviceman has more than one business registered
- 4 with the Department under separate registrations hereunder,
- 5 such serviceman shall file separate returns for each registered
- 6 business.
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 7
- 8 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue realized for
- 9 the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.
- 10 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
- 11 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the
- revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general 12
- 13 rate.
- Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 14
- 15 pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the
- 16 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
- rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. 17
- Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall 18
- pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the revenue 19
- 20 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
- 2.1 transfers of tangible personal property.
- Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall 22
- 23 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
- 24 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
- 25 selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.
- 26 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall

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1 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the 2 3 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of 4 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had 5 been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that 6 are now taxed at 6.25%.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, this Act, and the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State Crime Laboratory Fund.

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Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to

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the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond

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Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

1		Total
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
2	1993	\$0
3	1994	53,000,000
4	1995	58,000,000
5	1996	61,000,000
6	1997	64,000,000
7	1998	68,000,000
8	1999	71,000,000
9	2000	75,000,000
10	2001	80,000,000
11	2002	93,000,000
12	2003	99,000,000
13	2004	103,000,000
14	2005	108,000,000
15	2006	113,000,000
16	2007	119,000,000
17	2008	126,000,000
18	2009	132,000,000
19	2010	139,000,000
20	2011	146,000,000
21	2012	153,000,000
22	2013	161,000,000
23	2014	170,000,000
24	2015	179,000,000
25	2016	189,000,000

1	2017 199,000,000
2	2018 210,000,000
3	2019 221,000,000
4	2020 233,000,000
5	2021 246,000,000
6	2022 260,000,000
7	2023 275,000,000
8	2024 275,000,000
9	2025 275,000,000
10	2026 279,000,000
11	2027 292,000,000
12	2028 307,000,000
13	2029 322,000,000
14	2030 338,000,000
15	2031 350,000,000
16	2032 350,000,000
17	and
18	each fiscal year
19	thereafter that bonds
20	are outstanding under
21	Section 13.2 of the
22	Metropolitan Pier and
23	Exposition Authority Act,
24	but not after fiscal year 2060.
25	Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal
26	year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the

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certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (q) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the

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1 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this 2 3 paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of 4 5 the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the 6 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois

Public Transportation Act.

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1 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois 2 Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 3 beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month 4 5 into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys 6 required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate

Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 32% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of

1 amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the 2 McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 3 4 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 5 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 6 the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the 7 amount estimated to represent 48% of the net revenue realized 8 from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 9 July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of 10 amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the 11 Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 12 13 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 14 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 15 the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the 16 amount estimated to represent 64% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on 17 July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the County 18 19 and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, 20 the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project 2.1 Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy 22 Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each 23 24 month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% 25 of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor 26 fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has

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- 1 the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel
- Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in 2
- 3 Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for such year, cost of goods

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1 used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the 2 taxpayer's business during such year and any additional 3 4 reasonable information which the Department deems would be 5 helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore 6 provided for in this Section. 7

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows:

- (i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.
- (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by the

- 1 Department shall include a warning that the person signing the
- return may be liable for perjury. 2
- The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing 3
- 4 of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman
- 5 who is not required to file an income tax return with the
- United States Government. 6
- As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon 7
- 8 certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller
- 9 shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from
- 10 the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount
- 11 equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act
- for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this 12
- 13 transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.
- Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 14
- 15 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount
- 16 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for
- overpayment of liability. 17
- For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be 18
- 19 permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose
- 20 products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, and who
- 2.1 wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for accounting and
- 22 paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with
- respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do 23
- 24 not make written objection to the Department to this
- 25 arrangement.
- (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 26

- 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff. 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 1
- 2 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19.)
- 3 Section 15-25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is amended
- 4 by changing Section 3 as follows:
- (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442) 5
- 6 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before
- 7 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person engaged
- 8 in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail
- 9 in this State during the preceding calendar month shall file a
- return with the Department, stating: 10
- 11 1. The name of the seller;
- 12 2. His residence address and the address of
- 13 principal place of business and the address of
- 14 principal place of business (if that is a different
- address) from which he engages in the business of selling 15
- 16 tangible personal property at retail in this State;
- 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during the 17
- 18 preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may be,
- 19 from sales of tangible personal property, and from services
- 20 furnished, by him during such preceding calendar month or
- 21 quarter;
- 22 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding
- 23 calendar month or quarter on charge and time sales of
- 24 tangible personal property, and from services furnished,

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- 1 by him prior to the month or quarter for which the return is filed:
 - 5. Deductions allowed by law;
- 4 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during the 5 preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed; 6
- 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 7 8 Act;
 - 8. The amount of tax due;
 - 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and
- 11 10. Such other reasonable information the as 12 Department may require.

On and after January 1, 2018, except for returns for motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, with respect to retailers whose annual gross receipts average \$20,000 or more, all returns required to be filed pursuant to this Act shall be filed electronically. Retailers who demonstrate that they do not have access to the Internet or demonstrate hardship in filing electronically may petition the Department to waive the electronic filing requirement.

If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

26 Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of

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1 prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is 2 claimed.

Prior to October 1, 2003, and on and after September 1, 2004 a retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted by a retailer prior to October 1, 2003 and on and after September 1, 2004 as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit reported on any original or amended return filed under this Act after October 20, 2003 for reporting periods prior to shall be disallowed. Manufacturer's September 1, 2004 Purchaser Credit reported on annual returns due on or after January 1, 2005 will be disallowed for periods prior to September 1, 2004. No Manufacturer's Purchase Credit may be used after September 30, 2003 through August 31, 2004 to satisfy any tax liability imposed under this Act, including any audit liability.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the

- 1 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The
- taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each 2
- 3 of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before
- 4 the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:
 - 1. The name of the seller;
- 2. The address of the principal place of business from 6 which he engages in the business of selling tangible 7
- 8 personal property at retail in this State;
- 9 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him
- 10 during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible
- personal property by him during such preceding calendar 11
- month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but 12
- 13 less all deductions allowed by law;
- 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this 14
- 15 Act;

- 16 5. The amount of tax due; and
- 17 6. Such other reasonable information as the Department
- may require. 18
- Beginning on October 1, 2003, any person who is not a 19
- 20 licensed distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer,
- as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, but is engaged in 2.1
- 22 the business of selling, at retail, alcoholic liquor shall file
- 23 a statement with the Department of Revenue, in a format and at
- 24 a time prescribed by the Department, showing the total amount
- 25 paid for alcoholic liquor purchased during the preceding month
- 26 and such other information as is reasonably required by the

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Department. The Department may adopt rules to require that this statement be filed in an electronic or telephonic format. Such rules may provide for exceptions from the filing requirements of this paragraph. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "alcoholic liquor" shall have the meaning prescribed in the Liquor Control Act of 1934.

Beginning on October 1, 2003, every distributor, importing distributor, and manufacturer of alcoholic liquor as defined in the Liquor Control Act of 1934, shall file a statement with the Department of Revenue, no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which transactions occurred, by electronic means, showing the total amount of gross receipts from the sale of alcoholic liquor sold or distributed during the preceding month to purchasers; identifying the purchaser to it was sold or distributed; the purchaser's tax registration number; and such other information reasonably required by the Department. A distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer of alcoholic liquor personally deliver, mail, or provide by electronic means to each retailer listed on the monthly statement a report containing a cumulative total of that distributor's, importing distributor's, or manufacturer's total sales of alcoholic liquor to that retailer no later than the 10th day of the month for the preceding month during which the transaction occurred. The distributor, importing distributor, or manufacturer shall notify the retailer as to the method by which the distributor,

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1 importing distributor, or manufacturer will provide the sales information. If the retailer is unable to receive the sales 2 information by electronic means, the distributor, importing 3 4 distributor, or manufacturer shall furnish the 5 information by personal delivery or by mail. For purposes of 6 this paragraph, the term "electronic means" includes, but is not limited to, the use of a secure Internet website, e-mail, 7 8 or facsimile.

If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered

- 1 by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year.
- 2 The term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of
- the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 3
- 4 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the
- 5 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year
- 6 divided by 12. Beginning on October 1, 2002, a taxpayer who has
- a tax liability in the amount set forth in subsection (b) of 7
- 8 Section 2505-210 of the Department of Revenue Law shall make
- 9 all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic
- 10 funds transfer.
- 11 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the
- Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments 12
- 13 by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make
- 14 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
- 15 for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.
- 16 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic
- funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 17
- 18 with the permission of the Department.
- 19 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds
- 20 transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make
- 2.1 payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments
- 22 in the manner authorized by the Department.
- 23 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
- 24 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
- 25 requirements of this Section.
- 26 Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any

less than 50 cents.

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1 return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest 2 3 whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a 4 dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the nearest 5 whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a dollar is

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as monthly returns.

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Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final return under this Act with the Department not more than one month after discontinuing such business.

Where the same person has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, except as otherwise provided in this Section, every retailer selling this kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle trailer to retailer or trailer retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or

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1 trailer to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this Act, then that seller may 2 report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles 3 4 or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on 5 the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, 6 Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of the 7 Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any 8

boat equipped with an inboard motor.

In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, every person who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such items and who, in connection with such business, sells any such item to a retailer for the purpose of resale is, notwithstanding any other provision of this Section to the contrary, authorized to meet the return-filing requirement of this Act by reporting the transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transferred for resale during a month to Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form on or before the 20th of the month following the month in which the transfer takes place. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act to the contrary, all returns filed under this paragraph must be filed by electronic means in the manner and form as required by the Department.

Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft,

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aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation tax liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on such transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file monthly or quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall be required to file returns on an annual basis.

The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and

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1 such other information as the Department may reasonably 2 require.

The transaction reporting return in the case of watercraft or aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of the property sold, and such other information as the Department may reasonably require.

Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the Illinois use tax may be transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State officer with whom the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if

1 titling or registration is required) if the Department and such

agency or State officer determine that this procedure will

expedite the processing of applications for title

registration.

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With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of title or registration to such tangible personal property.

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer

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wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer and may (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return period to purchasers, on account of tangible personal property returned to the seller, shall be allowed as a deduction under subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly return, as the case may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the receipts from the sale of such tangible personal property in a return filed by him and had paid the tax imposed by this Act with respect to such receipts.

Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on

- 1 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president,
- 2 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly
- accredited agent of such corporation. 3
- 4 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the return
- 5 filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall be
- signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent of 6
- the limited liability company. 7

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Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. In the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic return. The discount allowed under this Section is allowed only for returns that are filed in the manner required by this Act. The Department may disallow the discount for retailers whose certificate of registration is revoked at the time the return is filed, but only if the

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Department's decision to revoke the certificate of registration has become final.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's

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actual liability for the month or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's

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actual liability for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpaver may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of guarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters

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(excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due as a payment and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis.

The provisions of this paragraph apply before October 1,

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2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters, shall file a return with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to September 1, 1985 (the effective date of Public Act 84-221), each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding calendar year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of

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quarter monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments previously due.

The provisions of this paragraph apply on and after October 1, 2001. Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes that average in excess of \$20,000 per month during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters shall file a return with the Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which the liability is incurred. Each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of the quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month filed under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. Once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter

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monthly payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until the taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax collections during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarters is less than \$20,000. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and interest on such difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments previously due.

If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department. If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the Department under this Act,

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the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the Service 1 Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules 2 3 regulations prescribed by the Department. If the Department 4 subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit 5 taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% 6 and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken and that actually 7 8 due, and that taxpayer shall be liable for penalties and 9 interest on such difference.

If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability to the Department under this Act for the month which the taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax imposed under this Act.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the

- 1 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25%
- 2 rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning
- 3 September 1, 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the
- 4 County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue
- 5 realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
- 6 selling price of sales tax holiday items.
- 7 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall
- 8 pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue
- 9 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on
- 10 the selling price of tangible personal property.
- Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall
- pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue
- realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the
- selling price of motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning September 1,
- 15 2010, each month the Department shall pay into the Local
- 16 Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the
- 17 preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of
- 18 sales tax holiday items.
- 19 Beginning October 1, 2009, each month the Department shall
- 20 pay into the Capital Projects Fund an amount that is equal to
- an amount estimated by the Department to represent 80% of the
- 22 net revenue realized for the preceding month from the sale of
- 23 candy, grooming and hygiene products, and soft drinks that had
- been taxed at a rate of 1% prior to September 1, 2009 but that
- 25 are now taxed at 6.25%.
- Beginning July 1, 2011, each month the Department shall pay

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into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of sorbents used in Illinois in the process of sorbent injection as used to comply with the Environmental Protection Act or the federal Clean Air Act, but the total payment into the Clean Air Act Permit Fund under this Act and the Use Tax Act shall not exceed \$2,000,000 in any fiscal year.

Beginning July 1, 2013, each month the Department shall pay into the Underground Storage Tank Fund from the proceeds collected under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act an amount equal to the average monthly deficit in the Underground Storage Tank Fund during the prior year, as certified annually by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency, but the total payment into the Underground Storage Tank Fund under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, and the Service Occupation Tax Act shall not exceed \$18,000,000 in any State fiscal year. As used in this paragraph, the "average monthly deficit" shall be equal to the difference between the average monthly claims for payment by the fund and the average monthly revenues deposited into the fund, excluding payments made pursuant to this paragraph.

Beginning July 1, 2015, of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and this Act, each month the Department shall deposit \$500,000 into the State

Crime Laboratory Fund.

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Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount (as hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the "Annual Specified Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 1986 through 1993:

22	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
23	1986	\$54,800,000
24	1987	\$76,650,000
25	1988	\$80,480,000
26	1989	\$88,510,000

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1	1990	\$115,330,000
2	1991	\$145,470,000
3	1992	\$182,730,000
4	1993	\$206,520,000;

and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under clause (b) of the first sentence in this paragraph shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is

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sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (now Governor's Office of Management and Budget). If on the last business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to that clause (b). The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond

1 Act.

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Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the specified fiscal years.

14		Total
	Fiscal Year	Deposit
15	1993	\$0
16	1994	53,000,000
17	1995	58,000,000
18	1996	61,000,000
19	1997	64,000,000
20	1998	68,000,000
21	1999	71,000,000
22	2000	75,000,000
23	2001	80,000,000
24	2002	93,000,000
25	2003	99,000,000

1	2004	103,000,000
2	2005	108,000,000
3	2006	113,000,000
4	2007	119,000,000
5	2008	126,000,000
6	2009	132,000,000
7	2010	139,000,000
8	2011	146,000,000
9	2012	153,000,000
10	2013	161,000,000
11	2014	170,000,000
12	2015	179,000,000
13	2016	189,000,000
14	2017	199,000,000
15	2018	210,000,000
16	2019	221,000,000
17	2020	233,000,000
18	2021	246,000,000
19	2022	260,000,000
20	2023	275,000,000
21	2024	275,000,000
22	2025	275,000,000
23	2026	279,000,000
24	2027	292,000,000
25	2028	307,000,000
26	2029	322,000,000

1	2030	338,000,000
2	2031	350,000,000
3	2032	350,000,000
4	and	
5	each fiscal year	
6	thereafter that bonds	
7	are outstanding under	
8	Section 13.2 of the	
9	Metropolitan Pier and	
10	Exposition Authority Act,	
11	but not after fiscal year 2060.	

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the

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1 preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993 and ending on September 30, 2 3 2013, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax 4 Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 5 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property. 6

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning with the receipt of the first report of taxes paid by an eligible business and continuing for a 25-year period, the Department shall each month pay into the Energy Infrastructure Fund 80% of the net revenue realized from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of Illinois-mined coal that was sold to an eligible business. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible business" means a new electric generating facility certified pursuant to Section 605-332 of the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity Law of the Civil Administrative Code of Illinois.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, and the Energy Infrastructure Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments to this Section hereafter enacted, beginning on the first day of the first calendar month to occur on or after August 26, 2014 (the effective date of Public Act 98-1098), each month, from the

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collections made under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Department shall pay into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund, to be used, subject to appropriation, to fund additional auditors and compliance personnel at the Department of Revenue, an amount equal to 1/12 of 5% of 80% of the cash receipts collected during the preceding fiscal year by the Audit Bureau of the Department under the Use Tax Act, the Service Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and associated local occupation and use taxes administered by the Department.

Subject to payments of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, beginning on July 1, 2018 the Department shall pay each month into the Downstate Public Transportation Fund the moneys required to be so paid under Section 2-3 of the Downstate Public Transportation Act.

Beginning July 1, 2021 and until July 1, 2022, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in

1 this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road 2 Fund the amount estimated to represent 16% of the net revenue 3 realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. 4 Beginning July 1, 2022 and until July 1, 2023, subject to the 5 payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District 6 Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, 7 the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 8 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 9 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 10 the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the 11 amount estimated to represent 32% of the net revenue realized 12 from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning 13 July 1, 2023 and until July 1, 2024, subject to the payment of 14 amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the 15 Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the 16 McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax 17 Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, 18 19 the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the 20 amount estimated to represent 48% of the net revenue realized 21 from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning July 1, 2024 and until July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of 22 23 amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the 24 Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the 25 McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax 26 Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax

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Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 64% of the net revenue realized from the taxes imposed on motor fuel and gasohol. Beginning on July 1, 2025, subject to the payment of amounts into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the Local Government Tax Fund, the Build Illinois Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, the Illinois Tax Increment Fund, the Energy Infrastructure Fund, and the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund as provided in this Section, the Department shall pay each month into the Road Fund the amount estimated to represent 80% of the net revenue rea<u>lized from the taxes imposed on motor</u> fuel and gasohol. As used in this paragraph "motor fuel" has the meaning given to that term in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Act, and "gasohol" has the meaning given to that term in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual

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information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include a statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of Revenue for the same period, the retailer shall attach to his annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The retailer's annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the retailer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the retailer during such year, payroll information of retailer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in this Section.

If the annual information return required by this Section is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be liable as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month

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1 until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other 3 penalty provided for in this Act.

> (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished annual return form prescribed by the accordingly. The Department shall include a warning that the person signing the return may be liable for perjury.

The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made.

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue

overpayment of liability.

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1 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 2

4 For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, 5 importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in 6 Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the 7 8 Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such 9 sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written

objection to the Department to this arrangement.

Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, including any transient merchant as defined by Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a report with the Department providing the name of the merchant's business, the name of the person or persons engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of the merchant, the dates and location of the event and other reasonable information that the Department may require. The report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following the month during which the event with retail sales was held. Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section commits a business offense and is subject to a fine not to

1 exceed \$250.

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2 Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type 3 4 of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art shows, 5 flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 6 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report of 7 8 the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily 9 payment of the full amount of tax due. The Department shall 10 impose this requirement when it finds that there is a 11 significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence 12 13 that a substantial number of concessionaires or other sellers 14 who are not residents of Illinois will be engaging in the 15 business of selling tangible personal property at retail at the 16 exhibition or event, or other evidence of a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify 17 18 concessionaires and other sellers affected by the imposition of 19 this requirement. In the absence of notification by the 20 Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file 2.1 their returns as otherwise required in this Section. (Source: P.A. 99-352, eff. 8-12-15; 99-858, eff. 8-19-16; 22

24 7-1-18; 100-863, eff. 8-14-18; 100-1171, eff. 1-4-19.)

Section 15-30. The Motor Fuel Tax Law is amended by

99-933, eff. 1-27-17; 100-303, eff. 8-24-17; 100-363, eff.

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- 1 changing Sections 2 and 8 and by adding Section 8b as follows:
- (35 ILCS 505/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 418) 2
- 3 Sec. 2. A tax is imposed on the privilege of operating 4 motor vehicles upon the public highways and recreational-type 5 watercraft upon the waters of this State.
 - (a) Prior to August 1, 1989, the tax is imposed at the rate of 13 cents per gallon on all motor fuel used in motor vehicles operating on the public highways and recreational type watercraft operating upon the waters of this State. Beginning on August 1, 1989 and until January 1, 1990, the rate of the tax imposed in this paragraph shall be 16 cents per gallon. Beginning January 1, 1990 and until July 1, 2019, the rate of tax imposed in this paragraph, including the tax on compressed natural gas, shall be 19 cents per gallon. Beginning July 1, 2019, the rate of tax imposed in this paragraph shall be 38 cents per gallon and increased on July 1 of each subsequent year by an amount equal to the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for all items published by the United States Department of Labor for the 12 months ending in March of each year.
 - (b) The tax on the privilege of operating motor vehicles which use diesel fuel, liquefied natural gas, or propane shall be the rate according to paragraph (a) plus an additional 2 1/2 cents per gallon. Beginning July 1, 2019, the rate of tax imposed in this paragraph shall be 7.5 cents per gallon.

- 1 "Diesel fuel" is defined as any product intended for use or
- offered for sale as a fuel for engines in which the fuel is 2
- injected into the combustion chamber and ignited by pressure 3
- 4 without electric spark.
- 5 (c) A tax is imposed upon the privilege of engaging in the
- business of selling motor fuel as a retailer or reseller on all 6
- motor fuel used in motor vehicles operating on the public 7
- 8 highways and recreational type watercraft operating upon the
- 9 waters of this State: (1) at the rate of 3 cents per gallon on
- 10 motor fuel owned or possessed by such retailer or reseller at
- 11 12:01 a.m. on August 1, 1989; and (2) at the rate of 3 cents per
- gallon on motor fuel owned or possessed by such retailer or 12
- 13 reseller at 12:01 A.M. on January 1, 1990.
- 14 Retailers and resellers who are subject to this additional
- 15 tax shall be required to inventory such motor fuel and pay this
- 16 additional tax in a manner prescribed by the Department of
- 17 Revenue.
- 18 The tax imposed in this paragraph (c) shall be in addition
- 19 to all other taxes imposed by the State of Illinois or any unit
- 20 of local government in this State.
- (d) Except as provided in Section 2a, the collection of a 2.1
- 22 tax based on gallonage of gasoline used for the propulsion of
- 23 any aircraft is prohibited on and after October 1, 1979.
- 24 (e) The collection of a tax, based on gallonage of all
- 25 products commonly or commercially known or sold as 1-K
- 26 kerosene, regardless of its classification or uses,

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prohibited (i) on and after July 1, 1992 until December 31, 1999, except when the 1-K kerosene is either: (1) delivered into bulk storage facilities of a bulk user, or (2) delivered directly into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles and (ii) on and after January 1, 2000. Beginning on January 1, 2000, the collection of a tax, based on gallonage of all products commonly or commercially known or sold as 1-K kerosene, regardless of its classification or uses, is prohibited except when the 1-K kerosene is delivered directly into a storage tank that is located at a facility that has withdrawal facilities that are readily accessible to and are capable of dispensing 1-K kerosene into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles. For purposes of this subsection (e), a facility is considered to have withdrawal facilities that are not "readily accessible to and capable of dispensing 1-K kerosene into the fuel supply tanks of motor vehicles" only if the 1-K kerosene is delivered from: (i) a dispenser hose that is short enough so that it will not reach the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle or (ii) a dispenser that is enclosed by a fence or other physical barrier so that a vehicle cannot pull alongside the dispenser to permit fueling.

Any person who sells or uses 1-K kerosene for use in motor vehicles upon which the tax imposed by this Law has not been paid shall be liable for any tax due on the sales or use of 1-K kerosene.

(Source: P.A. 100-9, eff. 7-1-17.)

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- (35 ILCS 505/8) (from Ch. 120, par. 424) 1
- Sec. 8. Except as provided in subsection (a-1) of this 3 Section, Section 8a, subdivision (h)(1) of Section 12a, Section 4 13a.6, and items 13, 14, 15, and 16 of Section 15, all money 5 received by the Department under this Act, including payments made to the Department by member jurisdictions participating in 6 the International Fuel Tax Agreement, shall be deposited in a 7 8 special fund in the State treasury, to be known as the "Motor 9 Fuel Tax Fund", and shall be used as follows:
 - (a) 2 1/2 cents per gallon of the tax collected on special fuel under paragraph (b) of Section 2 and Section 13a of this Act shall be transferred to the State Construction Account Fund in the State Treasury; the remainder of the tax collected on special fuel under paragraph (b) of Section 2 and Section 13a of this Act shall be deposited into the Road Fund;
 - (a-1) Beginning on July 1, 2019, an amount equal to the amount of tax collected under subsection (a) of Section 2 as a result of the increase in the tax rate under this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall be transferred each month into the Transportation Renewal Fund.
 - (b) \$420,000 shall be transferred each month to the State Boating Act Fund to be used by the Department of Natural Resources for the purposes specified in Article X of the Boat Registration and Safety Act;
 - (c) \$3,500,000 shall be transferred each month to the Grade

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Crossing Protection Fund to be used as follows: not less than \$12,000,000 each fiscal year shall be used for the construction or reconstruction of rail highway grade separation structures; \$2,250,000 in fiscal years 2004 through 2009 and \$3,000,000 in fiscal year 2010 and each fiscal year thereafter shall be transferred to the Transportation Regulatory Fund and shall be accounted for as part of the rail carrier portion of such funds and shall be used to pay the cost of administration of the Illinois Commerce Commission's railroad safety program in connection with its duties under subsection (3) of Section 18c-7401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, with the remainder to be used by the Department of Transportation upon order of the Illinois Commerce Commission, to pay that part of the cost apportioned by such Commission to the State to cover the interest of the public in the use of highways, roads, streets, or pedestrian walkways in the county highway system, township and district road system, or municipal street system as defined in the Illinois Highway Code, as the same may from time to time be amended, for separation of grades, for installation, construction or reconstruction of crossing protection or reconstruction, alteration, relocation including construction or improvement of any existing highway necessary for access to property or improvement of any grade crossing and grade crossing surface including the necessary highway approaches thereto of any railroad across the highway or public road, or installation, construction, reconstruction, for the

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maintenance of a pedestrian walkway over or under a railroad right-of-way, as provided for in and in accordance with Section 18c-7401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. The Commission may order up to \$2,000,000 per year in Grade Crossing Protection Fund moneys for the improvement of grade crossing surfaces and up to \$300,000 per year for the maintenance and renewal of 4-quadrant gate vehicle detection systems located at non-high speed rail grade crossings. The Commission shall not order more than \$2,000,000 per year in Grade Crossing Protection Fund moneys for pedestrian walkways. In entering orders for projects for which payments from the Grade Crossing Protection Fund will be made, the Commission shall account for expenditures authorized by the orders on a cash rather than an accrual basis. For purposes of this requirement an "accrual basis" assumes that the total cost of the project is expended in the fiscal year in which the order is entered, while a "cash basis" allocates the cost of the project among fiscal years as expenditures are actually made. To meet the requirements of this subsection, the Illinois Commerce Commission shall develop annual and 5-year project plans of rail crossing capital improvements that will be paid for with moneys from the Grade Crossing Protection Fund. The annual project plan shall identify projects for the succeeding fiscal year and the 5-year project plan shall identify projects for the 5 directly succeeding fiscal years. The Commission shall submit the annual and 5-year project plans for this Fund to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the

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- 1 Senate Minority Leader, the Speaker of the House Representatives, and the Minority Leader of the House of 2
- 3 Representatives on the first Wednesday in April of each year;
 - (d) of the amount remaining after allocations provided for in subsections (a), (a-1), (b) and (c), a sufficient amount shall be reserved to pay all of the following:
 - the costs of the Department of Revenue administering this Act;
 - (2) the costs of the Department of Transportation in performing its duties imposed by the Illinois Highway Code for supervising the use of motor fuel tax funds apportioned to municipalities, counties and road districts;
 - (3) refunds provided for in Section 13, refunds for overpayment of decal fees paid under Section 13a.4 of this Act, and refunds provided for under the terms of the International Fuel Tax Agreement referenced in Section 14a:
 - (4) from October 1, 1985 until June 30, 1994, the administration of the Vehicle Emissions Inspection Law, which amount shall be certified monthly by Environmental Protection Agency to the State Comptroller and shall promptly be transferred by the State Comptroller and Treasurer from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund to the Vehicle Inspection Fund, and for the period July 1, 1994 through June 30, 2000, one-twelfth of \$25,000,000 each month, for the period July 1, 2000 through June 30, 2003, one-twelfth

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of \$30,000,000 each month, and \$15,000,000 on July 1, 2003, and \$15,000,000 on January 1, 2004, and \$15,000,000 on each July 1 and October 1, or as soon thereafter as may be practical, during the period July 1, 2004 through June 30, 2012, and \$30,000,000 on June 1, 2013, or as soon thereafter as may be practical, and \$15,000,000 on July 1 and October 1, or as soon thereafter as may be practical, during the period of July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2015, for the administration of the Vehicle Emissions Inspection Law of 2005, to be transferred by the State Comptroller and Treasurer from the Motor Fuel Tax Fund into the Vehicle Inspection Fund;

- (5) amounts ordered paid by the Court of Claims; and
- (6) payment of motor fuel use taxes due to member jurisdictions under the terms of the International Fuel Tax Agreement. The Department shall certify these amounts to the Comptroller by the 15th day of each month; the Comptroller shall cause orders to be drawn for such amounts, and the Treasurer shall administer those amounts on or before the last day of each month;
- (e) after allocations for the purposes set forth in subsections (a), (a-1), (b), (c) and (d), the remaining amount shall be apportioned as follows:
- 24 (1) Until January 1, 2000, 58.4%, and beginning January 25 1, 2000, 45.6% shall be deposited as follows:
 - (A) 37% into the State Construction Account Fund,

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- (B) 63% into the Road Fund, \$1,250,000 of which 2 shall be reserved each month for the Department of 3 4 Transportation to be used in accordance with the 5 provisions of Sections 6-901 through 6-906 of the Illinois Highway Code; 6
 - (2) Until January 1, 2000, 41.6%, and beginning January 1, 2000, 54.4% shall be transferred to the Department of Transportation to be distributed as follows:
 - (A) 49.10% to the municipalities of the State,
 - (B) 16.74% to the counties of the State having 1,000,000 or more inhabitants,
- 13 (C) 18.27% to the counties of the State having less 14 than 1,000,000 inhabitants,
 - (D) 15.89% to the road districts of the State.

As soon as may be after the first day of each month the Department of Transportation shall allot to each municipality share of the amount apportioned to the municipalities which shall be in proportion to the population of such municipalities as determined by the last preceding municipal census if conducted by the Federal Government or Federal census. If territory is annexed to any municipality subsequent to the time of the last preceding census the corporate authorities of such municipality may cause a census to be taken of such annexed territory and the population so ascertained for such territory shall be added to the population

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of the municipality as determined by the last preceding census for the purpose of determining the allotment for that municipality. If the population of any municipality was not determined by the last Federal census preceding apportionment, the apportionment to such municipality shall be in accordance with any census taken by such municipality. Any municipal census used in accordance with this Section shall be certified to the Department of Transportation by the clerk of such municipality, and the accuracy thereof shall be subject to approval of the Department which may make such corrections as it ascertains to be necessary.

As soon as may be after the first day of each month the Department of Transportation shall allot to each county its share of the amount apportioned to the several counties of the State as herein provided. Each allotment to the several counties having less than 1,000,000 inhabitants shall be in proportion to the amount of motor vehicle license fees received from the residents of such counties, respectively, during the preceding calendar year. The Secretary of State shall, on or before April 15 of each year, transmit to the Department of Transportation a full and complete report showing the amount of motor vehicle license fees received from the residents of each county, respectively, during the preceding calendar year. The Department of Transportation shall, each month, use allotment purposes the last such report received from the Secretary of State.

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As soon as may be after the first day of each month, the Department of Transportation shall allot to the several counties their share of the amount apportioned for the use of road districts. The allotment shall be apportioned among the several counties in the State in the proportion which the total mileage of township or district roads in the respective counties bears to the total mileage of all township and district roads in the State. Funds allotted to the respective counties for the use of road districts therein shall be allocated to the several road districts in the county in the proportion which the total mileage of such township or district roads in the respective road districts bears to the total mileage of all such township or district roads in the county. After July 1 of any year prior to 2011, no allocation shall be made for any road district unless it levied a tax for road and bridge purposes in an amount which will require the extension of such tax against the taxable property in any such road district at a rate of not less than either .08% of the value thereof, based upon the assessment for the year immediately prior to the year in which such tax was levied and as equalized by the Department of Revenue or, in DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, whichever is less. Beginning July 1, 2011 and each July 1 thereafter, an allocation shall be made for any road district if it levied a tax for road and bridge purposes. In counties other than DuPage County, if the

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amount of the tax levy requires the extension of the tax against the taxable property in the road district at a rate that is less than 0.08% of the value thereof, based upon the assessment for the year immediately prior to the year in which the tax was levied and as equalized by the Department of Revenue, then the amount of the allocation for that road district shall be a percentage of the maximum allocation equal to the percentage obtained by dividing the rate extended by the district by 0.08%. In DuPage County, if the amount of the tax levy requires the extension of the tax against the taxable property in the road district at a rate that is less than the lesser of (i) 0.08% of the value of the taxable property in the road district, based upon the assessment for the year immediately prior to the year in which such tax was levied and as equalized by the Department of Revenue, or (ii) a rate that will yield an amount equal to \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, then the amount of the allocation for the road district shall be a percentage of the maximum allocation equal to the percentage obtained by dividing the rate extended by the district by the lesser of (i) 0.08% or (ii) the rate that will yield an amount equal to \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district.

Prior to 2011, if any road district has levied a special tax for road purposes pursuant to Sections 6-601, 6-602 and 6-603 of the Illinois Highway Code, and such tax was levied in an amount which would require extension at a rate of not less

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than .08% of the value of the taxable property thereof, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue, or, in DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, whichever is less, such levy shall, however, be deemed a proper compliance with this Section and shall qualify such road district for an allotment under this Section. Beginning in 2011 and thereafter, if any road district has levied a special tax for road purposes under Sections 6-601, 6-602, and 6-603 of the Illinois Highway Code, and the tax was levied in an amount that would require extension at a rate of not less than 0.08% of the value of the taxable property of that road district, as equalized or assessed by the Department of Revenue or, in DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, whichever is less, that levy shall be deemed a proper compliance with this Section and shall qualify such road district for a full, rather than proportionate, allotment under this Section. If the levy for the special tax is less than 0.08% of the value of the taxable property, or, in DuPage County if the levy for the special tax is less than the lesser (i) 0.08% or (ii) \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, and if the levy for the special tax is more than any other levy for road and bridge purposes, then the levy for the special tax qualifies the road district for a proportionate, rather than full, allotment under

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1 this Section. If the levy for the special tax is equal to or

less than any other levy for road and bridge purposes, then any

allotment under this Section shall be determined by the other

levy for road and bridge purposes.

Prior to 2011, if a township has transferred to the road and bridge fund money which, when added to the amount of any tax levy of the road district would be the equivalent of a tax levy requiring extension at a rate of at least .08%, or, in DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, whichever is less, such transfer, together with any such tax levy, shall be deemed a proper compliance with this Section and shall qualify the road district for an allotment under this Section.

In counties in which a property tax extension limitation is imposed under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law, road districts may retain their entitlement to a motor fuel tax allotment or, beginning in 2011, their entitlement to a full allotment if, at the time the property tax extension limitation was imposed, the road district was levying a road and bridge tax at a rate sufficient to entitle it to a motor fuel tax allotment and continues to levy the maximum allowable amount after the imposition of the property tax extension limitation. Any road district may in all circumstances retain its entitlement to a motor fuel tax allotment or, beginning in 2011, its entitlement to a full allotment if it levied a road

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and bridge tax in an amount that will require the extension of the tax against the taxable property in the road district at a rate of not less than 0.08% of the assessed value of the property, based upon the assessment for the year immediately preceding the year in which the tax was levied and as equalized by the Department of Revenue or, in DuPage County, an amount equal to or greater than \$12,000 per mile of road under the jurisdiction of the road district, whichever is less.

As used in this Section the term "road district" means any road district, including a county unit road district, provided for by the Illinois Highway Code; and the term "township or district road" means any road in the township and district road system as defined in the Illinois Highway Code. For the purposes of this Section, "township or district road" also includes such roads as are maintained by park districts, forest preserve districts and conservation districts. The Department of Transportation shall determine the mileage of all township and district roads for the purposes of making allotments and allocations of motor fuel tax funds for use in road districts.

Payment of motor fuel tax moneys to municipalities and counties shall be made as soon as possible after the allotment is made. The treasurer of the municipality or county may invest these funds until their use is required and the interest earned by these investments shall be limited to the same uses as the principal funds.

(Source: P.A. 97-72, eff. 7-1-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 98-24,

1	eff. 6-19-13; 98-674, eff. 6-30-14.)
2	(35 ILCS 505/8b new)
3	Sec. 8b. Transportation Renewal Fund; creation;
4	distribution of proceeds.
5	(a) The Transportation Renewal Fund is hereby created as a
6	special fund in the State treasury. Moneys in the Fund shall be
7	used as provided in this Section:
8	(1) 80% of the moneys in the Fund shall be used for
9	highway maintenance, highway construction, bridge repair,
10	congestion relief, and construction of aviation
11	<pre>facilities; of that 80%:</pre>
12	(A) the State Comptroller shall order transferred
13	and the State Treasurer shall transfer 60% to the State
14	Construction Account Fund; those moneys shall be used
15	solely for construction, reconstruction, improvement,
16	repair, maintenance, operation, and administration of
17	highways and are limited to payments made pursuant to
18	design and construction contracts awarded by the
19	Department of Transportation;
20	(B) 40% shall be distributed by the Department of
21	Transportation to municipalities, counties, and road
22	districts as follows:
23	(i) 49.10% to the municipalities of the State;
24	(ii) 16.74% to the counties of the State having
25	1,000,000 or more inhabitants;

1	(iii) 18.27% to the counties of the State
2	having less than 1,000,000 inhabitants; and
3	(iv) 15.89% to the road districts of the State;
4	<u>and</u>
5	(2) 20% of the moneys in the Fund shall be used for
6	projects related to rail facilities and mass transit
7	facilities, as defined in Section 2705-305 of the
8	Department of Transportation Law of the Civil
9	Administrative Code of Illinois, including rapid transit,
10	rail, high-speed rail, bus and other equipment in
11	connection with the State or a unit of local government,
12	special district, municipal corporation, or other public
13	agency authorized to provide and promote public
14	transportation within the State; of that 20%:
15	(A) 90% shall be deposited into the Regional
16	Transportation Authority Capital Improvement Fund, a
17	special fund created in the State Treasury; moneys in
18	the Regional Transportation Authority Capital
19	Improvement Fund shall be used by the Regional
20	Transportation Authority for deferred maintenance on
21	mass transit facilities; and
22	(B) 10% shall be deposited into the Downstate Mass
23	Transportation Capital Improvement Fund, a special
24	fund created in the State Treasury; moneys in the
25	Downstate Mass Transportation Capital Improvement Fund
26	shall be used by local mass transit districts other

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2	deferred	mai	ntenan	ice (on mass	tra	nsit fac	ilities.	
3	(b)Beginning	on	Julv	1,	2020,	the	Auditor	General	shall

conduct an annual financial audit of the obligations, expenditures, receipt, and use of the funds deposited into the Transportation Reform Fund and provide specific recommendations to help ensure compliance with State and federal statutes, rules, and regulations.

Section 15-40. The Illinois Municipal Code is amended by adding Section 8-11-2.3 as follows:

11 (65 ILCS 5/8-11-2.3 new)

> Sec. 8-11-2.3. Motor fuel tax. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in addition to any other tax that may be imposed, a municipality in a county with a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants may also impose, by ordinance, a tax on motor fuel at a rate not to exceed \$0.03 per gallon.

> A license that is issued to a distributor or a receiver under the Motor Fuel Tax Law shall permit that distributor or receiver to act as a distributor or receiver, as applicable, under this Section. The provisions of Sections 2b, 2d, 6, 6a, 12, 12a, 13, 13a.2, 13a.7, 13a.8, 15.1, and 21 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law that are not inconsistent with this Section shall apply as far as practicable to the subject matter of this Section to the same extent as if those provisions were included

in this Section.

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The Department shall immediately pay over to the State Treasurer, ex officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected under this Section. Those taxes and penalties shall be deposited into the Municipal Motor Fuel Tax Fund, a trust fund created in the State treasury. Moneys in the Municipal Motor Fuel Tax Fund shall be used to make payments to municipalities and for the payment of refunds under this Section. The amount to be paid to each municipality shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected by the Department from the tax imposed by that municipality under this Section during the second preceding calendar month, plus an amount the Department determines is necessary to offset amounts that were erroneously paid to a different municipality, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of the municipality, and not including any amount that the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts that were payable to a different municipality but were erroneously paid to the municipality, less 1.5% of the remainder, which the Department shall transfer into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement, shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the amount to be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund under this Section. Within 10 days after receipt by the Comptroller of the disbursement

- 1 certification to the municipalities and the Tax Compliance and
- Administration Fund provided for in this Section to be given to 2
- the Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause 3
- 4 the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in accordance
- 5 with the directions contained in the certification.
- Section 15-45. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 6
- 7 changing Sections 3-805, 3-806, 3-815, 3-815.1, 3-818, 3-819,
- 8 and 3-821 as follows:

- 9 (625 ILCS 5/3-805) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-805)
- Sec. 3-805. Electric vehicles. Until January 1, 2020, the 10

The owner of a motor vehicle of the first division or a motor

- vehicle of the second division weighing 8,000 pounds or less 12
- 13 propelled by an electric engine and not utilizing motor fuel,
- 14 may register such vehicle for a fee not to exceed \$35 for a
- 2-year registration period. The Secretary may, in his 15
- discretion, prescribe that electric vehicle registration 16
- plates be issued for an indefinite term, such term to 17
- 18 correspond to the term of registration plates issued generally,
- 19 as provided in Section 3-414.1. In no event may the
- 20 registration fee for electric vehicles exceed \$18 per
- 21 Beginning on January 1, 2020, registration year. the
- 22 registration fee for these vehicles shall be equal to the fee
- 23 set forth in Section 3-806 for motor vehicles of the first
- division, other than Autocycles, Motorcycles, Motor Driven 24

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Autocycles

Cycles, and Pedalcycles. In addition to the registration fees,

the Secretary shall assess an additional \$100 per year in lieu

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of the payment of motor fuel taxes. \$1 of the additional fees 3 4 shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services 5 Fund and the remainder of the additional fees shall be 6 deposited into the Road Fund. (Source: P.A. 96-1135, eff. 7-21-10.) 7 8 (625 ILCS 5/3-806) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-806) 9 Sec. 3-806. Registration Fees; Motor Vehicles of the First 10 Division. Every owner of any other motor vehicle of the first division, except as provided in Sections 3-804, 3-804.01, 11 12 3-804.3, 3-805, 3-806.3, 3-806.7, and 3-808, and every second division vehicle weighing 8,000 pounds or less, shall pay the 13 14 Secretary of State an annual registration fee at the following 15 rates: 16 SCHEDULE OF REGISTRATION FEES 17 REQUIRED BY LAW 18 Beginning with the 2021 2010 registration year 19 Annual Fee Motor vehicles of the first division other 20 21 than Autocycles, Motorcycles, Motor 22 Driven Cycles and Pedalcycles \$148 \$98 2.3

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Motorcycles, Motor Driven 2

3 Cycles and Pedalcycles 38

A \$1 surcharge shall be collected in addition to the above 4 5 fees for motor vehicles of the first division, autocycles, 6 motorcycles, motor driven cycles, and pedalcycles to be

deposited into the State Police Vehicle Fund.

8 All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by 9 Public Act 96-34 shall be deposited into the Capital Projects 10 Fund.

A \$2 surcharge shall be collected in addition to the above fees for motor vehicles of the first division, autocycles, motorcycles, motor driven cycles, and pedalcycles to be deposited into the Park and Conservation Fund for the Department of Natural Resources to use for conservation efforts. The monies deposited into the Park and Conservation Fund under this Section shall not be subject to administrative charges or chargebacks unless otherwise authorized by this Act.

division other than Autocycles, Motorcycles, Motor Driven Cycles, and Pedalcycles, \$1 of the fees shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services Fund and \$49 of the fees shall be deposited into the Road Fund.

Of the fees collected for motor vehicles of the first

24 (Source: P.A. 97-412, eff. 1-1-12; 97-811, eff. 7-13-12;

25 97-1136, eff. 1-1-13; 98-463, eff. 8-16-13; 98-777, eff.

1-1-15.26

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1	(625 ILCS	5/3-815)	(from Ch.	95 1/2,	par. $3-815$)

2 Sec. 3-815. Flat weight tax; vehicles of the second 3 division.

(a) Except as provided in Section 3-806.3 and 3-804.3, every owner of a vehicle of the second division registered under Section 3-813, and not registered under the mileage weight tax under Section 3-818, shall pay to the Secretary of State, for each registration year, for the use of the public highways, a flat weight tax at the rates set forth in the following table, the rates including the \$10 registration fee:

SCHEDULE OF FLAT WEIGHT TAX

12 REQUIRED BY LAW

13	Gross Weight in Lbs.		Total Fees
14	Including Vehicle		each Fiscal
15	and Maximum Load	Class	year
16	8,000 lbs. and less	В	<u>\$148</u>
17	8,001 lbs. to 10,000 lbs.	С	<u>218</u> 118
18	10,001 lbs. to 12,000 lbs.	D	<u>238</u> 138
19	12,001 lbs. to 16,000 lbs.	F	<u>342</u> 242
20	16,001 lbs. to 26,000 lbs.	Н	<u>590</u> 490
21	26,001 lbs. to 28,000 lbs.	J	<u>730</u> 630
22	28,001 lbs. to 32,000 lbs.	K	<u>942</u> 842
23	32,001 lbs. to 36,000 lbs.	L	<u>1,082</u> 982
24	36,001 lbs. to 40,000 lbs.	N	<u>1,302</u> 1,202
25	40,001 lbs. to 45,000 lbs.	Р	1,490 1,390

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1	45,001 lbs.	to 50,000	lbs.	Q	<u>1,638</u> 1,538
2	50,001 lbs.	to 54,999	lbs.	R	1,798 1,698
3	55,000 lbs.	to 59,500	lbs.	S	<u>1,930</u> 1,830
4	59,501 lbs.	to 64,000	lbs.	Т	<u>2,070</u> 1,970
5	64,001 lbs.	to 73,280	lbs.	V	<u>2,394</u> 2,294
6	73,281 lbs.	to 77,000	lbs.	X	<u>2,722</u> 2,622
7	77,001 lbs.	to 80,000	lbs.	Z	<u>2,890</u> 2,790

Beginning with the 2010 registration year a \$1 surcharge shall be collected for vehicles registered in the 8,000 lbs. and less flat weight plate category above to be deposited into the State Police Vehicle Fund.

Beginning with the 2014 registration year, a \$2 surcharge shall be collected in addition to the above fees for vehicles registered in the 8,000 lb. and less flat weight plate category as described in this subsection (a) to be deposited into the Park and Conservation Fund for the Department of Natural Resources to use for conservation efforts. The monies deposited into the Park and Conservation Fund under this Section shall not be subject to administrative charges or chargebacks unless otherwise authorized by this Act.

Of the fees collected under this subsection, \$1 of the fees shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services

Fund and \$99 of the fees shall be deposited into the Road Fund.

All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by Public Act 96-34 this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly shall be deposited into the Capital Projects Fund.

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(a-1) A Special Hauling Vehicle is a vehicle or combination of vehicles of the second division registered under Section 3-813 transporting asphalt or concrete in the plastic state or a vehicle or combination of vehicles that are subject to the gross weight limitations in subsection (a) of Section 15-111 for which the owner of the vehicle or combination of vehicles has elected to pay, in addition to the registration fee in subsection (a), \$125 to the Secretary of State for each registration year. The Secretary shall designate this class of vehicle as a Special Hauling Vehicle.

(a-5) Beginning January 1, 2015, upon the request of the vehicle owner, a \$10 surcharge shall be collected in addition to the above fees for vehicles in the 12,000 lbs. and less flat weight plate categories as described in subsection (a) to be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. The \$10 surcharge is to identify vehicles in the 12,000 lbs. and less flat weight plate categories as a covered farm vehicle. The \$10 surcharge is an annual, flat fee that shall be based on an applicant's new or existing registration year for each vehicle in the 12,000 lbs. and less flat weight plate categories. A designation as a covered farm vehicle under this subsection (a-5) shall not alter a vehicle's registration as a registration in the 12,000 lbs. or less flat weight category. The Secretary shall adopt any rules necessary to implement this subsection (a-5).

(a-10) Beginning January 1, 2019, upon the request of the

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vehicle owner, the Secretary of State shall collect a \$10 surcharge in addition to the fees for second division vehicles in the 8,000 lbs. and less flat weight plate category described in subsection (a) that are issued a registration plate under Article VI of this Chapter. The \$10 surcharge shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. The \$10 surcharge is to identify a vehicle in the 8,000 lbs. and less flat weight plate category as a covered farm vehicle. The \$10 surcharge is an annual, flat fee that shall be based on an applicant's new or existing registration year for each vehicle in the 8,000 lbs. and less flat weight plate category. A designation as a covered farm vehicle under this subsection (a-10) shall not alter a vehicle's registration in the 8,000 lbs. or less flat weight category. The Secretary shall adopt any rules necessary to implement this subsection (a-10).

(b) Except as provided in Section 3-806.3, every camping trailer, motor home, mini motor home, travel trailer, truck camper or van camper used primarily for recreational purposes, and not used commercially, nor for hire, nor owned by a commercial business, may be registered for each registration year upon the filing of a proper application and the payment of a registration fee and highway use tax, according to the following table of fees:

25 MOTOR HOME, MINI MOTOR HOME, TRUCK CAMPER OR VAN CAMPER 26 Gross Weight in Lbs. Total Fees

1	Including Vehicle and	Each
2	Maximum Load	Calendar Year
3	8,000 lbs and less	\$78
4	8,001 Lbs. to 10,000 Lbs	90
5	10,001 Lbs. and Over	102
6	CAMPING TRAILER OR TRAVEL TRAILER	
7	Gross Weight in Lbs.	Total Fees
8	Including Vehicle and	Each
9	Maximum Load	Calendar Year
10	3,000 Lbs. and Less	\$18
11	3,001 Lbs. to 8,000 Lbs.	30
12	8,001 Lbs. to 10,000 Lbs.	38
13	10,001 Lbs. and Over	50
14	Every house trailer must be registered under	Section 3-819.
15	(c) Farm Truck. Any truck used exclusively f	or the owner's
16	own agricultural, horticultural or lives	tock raising
17	operations and not-for-hire only, or any truck us	sed only in the
18	transportation for-hire of seasonal, fresh, per	rishable fruit
19	or vegetables from farm to the point of first p	rocessing, may
20	be registered by the owner under this paragra	ph in lieu of
21	registration under paragraph (a), upon filing	g of a proper
22	application and the payment of the \$10 registration	ion fee and the
23	highway use tax herein specified as follows:	
24	SCHEDULE OF FEES AND TAXES	
25	Gross Weight in Lbs. To	otal Amount for
26	Including Truck and	each

1	Maximum Load	Class	Fiscal Year
2	16,000 lbs. or less	VF	<u>\$250</u> \$150
3	16,001 to 20,000 lbs.	VG	<u>326</u> 226
4	20,001 to 24,000 lbs.	VH	<u>390</u> 290
5	24,001 to 28,000 lbs.	VJ	<u>478</u> 378
6	28,001 to 32,000 lbs.	VK	<u>606</u> 506
7	32,001 to 36,000 lbs.	VL	<u>710</u> 610
8	36,001 to 45,000 lbs.	VP	<u>910</u> 810
9	45,001 to 54,999 lbs.	VR	<u>1,126</u> 1,026
10	55,000 to 64,000 lbs.	VT	<u>1,302</u> 1,202
11	64,001 to 73,280 lbs.	VV	<u>1,390</u> 1,290
12	73,281 to 77,000 lbs.	VX	<u>1,450</u> 1,350
13	77,001 to 80,000 lbs.	VZ	<u>1,590</u> 1,490

Of the fees collected under this subsection, \$1 of the fees shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services
Fund and \$99 of the fees shall be deposited into the Road Fund.

In the event the Secretary of State revokes a farm truck registration as authorized by law, the owner shall pay the flat weight tax due hereunder before operating such truck.

Any combination of vehicles having 5 axles, with a distance of 42 feet or less between extreme axles, that are subject to the weight limitations in subsection (a) of Section 15-111 for which the owner of the combination of vehicles has elected to pay, in addition to the registration fee in subsection (c), \$125 to the Secretary of State for each registration year shall be designated by the Secretary as a Special Hauling Vehicle.

- 1 (d) The number of axles necessary to carry the maximum load provided shall be determined from Chapter 15 of this Code. 2
- 3 (e) An owner may only apply for and receive 5 farm truck registrations, and only 2 of those 5 vehicles shall exceed 4 5 59,500 gross weight in pounds per vehicle.
- (f) Every person convicted of violating this Section by 6 failure to pay the appropriate flat weight tax to the Secretary 7 8 of State as set forth in the above tables shall be punished as 9 provided for in Section 3-401.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 100-734, eff. 1-1-19; 100-956, eff. 1-1-19; 11 revised 10-15-18.)
- 12 (625 ILCS 5/3-815.1)
- Sec. 3-815.1. Commercial distribution fee. Beginning July 13 14 1, 2003, in addition to any tax or fee imposed under this Code:
- (a) Vehicles of the second division with a gross 15 vehicle weight that exceeds 8,000 pounds and that incur any 16 tax or fee under subsection (a) of Section 3-815 of this 17 Code or subsection (a) of Section 3-818 of this Code, as 18 19 applicable, shall pay to the Secretary of State a commercial distribution fee, for each registration year, 20 21 for the use of the public highways, State infrastructure, 22 and State services, in an amount equal to: (i) for a 23 registration year beginning on or after July 1, 2003 and 24 before July 1, 2005, 36% of the taxes and fees incurred 25 under subsection (a) of Section 3-815 of this Code, or

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subsection (a) of Section 3-818 of this Code, as applicable, rounded up to the nearest whole dollar; (ii) for a registration year beginning on or after July 1, 2005 and before July 1, 2006, 21.5% of the taxes and fees incurred under subsection (a) of Section 3-815 of this Code, or subsection (a) of Section 3-818 of this Code, as applicable, rounded up to the nearest whole dollar; and (iii) for a registration year beginning on or after July 1, 2006, 14.35% of the taxes and fees incurred under subsection (a) of Section 3-815 of this Code, or subsection (a) of Section 3-818 of this Code, as applicable, rounded up to the nearest whole dollar.

(b) Until June 30, 2004, vehicles of the second division with a gross vehicle weight of 8,000 pounds or less and that incur any tax or fee under subsection (a) of Section 3-815 of this Code or subsection (a) of Section 3-818 of this Code, as applicable, and have claimed the rolling stock exemption under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Use Tax Act, Service Occupation Tax Act, or Service Use Tax Act shall pay to the Illinois Department of Revenue (or the Secretary of State under an intergovernmental agreement) a commercial distribution fee, for each registration year, for the use of the public highways, State infrastructure, and State services, in an amount equal to 36% of the taxes and fees incurred under subsection (a) of Section 3-815 of this Code or subsection

- 1 (a) of Section 3-818 of this Code, as applicable, rounded
- up to the nearest whole dollar. 2
- 3 The fees paid under this Section shall be deposited by the
- 4 Secretary of State into the General Revenue Fund.
- 5 This Section is repealed on July 1, 2020.
- (Source: P.A. 93-23, eff. 6-20-03; 93-1033, eff. 9-3-04.) 6
- 7 (625 ILCS 5/3-818) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-818)
- 8 Sec. 3-818. Mileage weight tax option.
- 9 (a) Any owner of a vehicle of the second division may elect
- 10 to pay a mileage weight tax for such vehicle in lieu of the
- flat weight tax set out in Section 3-815. Such election shall 11
- 12 be binding to the end of the registration year. Renewal of this
- 13 election must be filed with the Secretary of State on or before
- 14 July 1 of each registration period. In such event the owner
- 15 shall, at the time of making such election, pay the \$10
- registration fee and the minimum guaranteed mileage weight tax, 16
- as hereinafter provided, which payment shall permit the owner 17
- to operate that vehicle the maximum mileage in this State 18
- 19 hereinafter set forth. Any vehicle being operated on mileage
- 20 plates cannot be operated outside of this State. In addition
- 21 thereto, the owner of that vehicle shall pay a mileage weight
- 22 tax at the following rates for each mile traveled in this State
- 23 in excess of the maximum mileage provided under the minimum
- 24 quaranteed basis:
- 25 BUS, TRUCK OR TRUCK TRACTOR

1				Maximum	Mileage
2			Minimum	Mileage	Weight Tax
3			Guaranteed	Permitted	for Mileage
4	Gross Weight		Mileage	Under	in excess of
5	Vehicle and		Weight	Guaranteed	Guaranteed
6	Load	Class	Tax	Tax	Mileage
7	12,000 lbs. or less	MD	<u>\$173</u> \$73	5,000	26 Mills
8	12,001 to 16,000 lbs.	MF	<u>220</u> 120	6,000	34 Mills
9	16,001 to 20,000 lbs.	MG	<u>280</u> 180	6,000	46 Mills
10	20,001 to 24,000 lbs.	МН	<u>335</u> 235	6,000	63 Mills
11	24,001 to 28,000 lbs.	MJ	<u>415</u> 315	7,000	63 Mills
12	28,001 to 32,000 lbs.	MK	<u>485</u> 385	7,000	83 Mills
13	32,001 to 36,000 lbs.	ML	<u>585</u> 485	7,000	99 Mills
14	36,001 to 40,000 lbs.	MN	<u>715</u> 615	7,000	128 Mills
15	40,001 to 45,000 lbs.	MP	<u>795</u> 695	7,000	139 Mills
16	45,001 to 54,999 lbs.	MR	<u>953</u> 853	7,000	156 Mills
17	55,000 to 59,500 lbs.	MS	<u>1,020</u> 920	7,000	178 Mills
18	59,501 to 64,000 lbs.	МТ	<u>1,085</u> 985	7,000	195 Mills
19	64,001 to 73,280 lbs.	MV	<u>1,273</u> 1,173	7,000	225 Mills
20	73,281 to 77,000 lbs.	MX	<u>1,428</u> 1,328	7,000	258 Mills
21	77,001 to 80,000 lbs.	MZ	<u>1,515</u> 1,415	7,000	275 Mills
22		7	TRAILER		
23				Maximum	Mileage
24			Minimum	Mileage	Weight Tax
25			Guaranteed	Permitted	for Mileage
26	Gross Weight		Mileage	Under	in excess of

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1	Vehicle and		Weight	Guaranteed	Guaranteed
2	Load	Class	Tax	Tax	Mileage
3	14,000 lbs. or less	ME	<u>\$175</u>	5,000	31 Mills
4	14,001 to 20,000 lbs.	MF	<u>235</u> 135	6,000	36 Mills
5	20,001 to 36,000 lbs.	ML	<u>640</u> 540	7,000	103 Mills
6	36,001 to 40,000 lbs.	MM	<u>850</u> 750	7,000	150 Mills

Of the fees collected under this subsection, \$1 of the fees shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services Fund and \$99 of the fees shall be deposited into the Road Fund.

(a-1) A Special Hauling Vehicle is a vehicle or combination of vehicles of the second division registered under Section 3-813 transporting asphalt or concrete in the plastic state or a vehicle or combination of vehicles that are subject to the gross weight limitations in subsection (a) of Section 15-111 for which the owner of the vehicle or combination of vehicles has elected to pay, in addition to the registration fee in subsection (a), \$125 to the Secretary of State for each registration year. The Secretary shall designate this class of vehicle as a Special Hauling Vehicle.

In preparing rate schedules on registration applications, the Secretary of State shall add to the above rates, the \$10 registration fee. The Secretary may decline to accept any renewal filed after July 1st.

The number of axles necessary to carry the maximum load provided shall be determined from Chapter 15 of this Code.

Every owner of a second division motor vehicle for which he

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has elected to pay a mileage weight tax shall keep a daily record upon forms prescribed by the Secretary of State, showing the mileage covered by that vehicle in this State. Such record shall contain the license number of the vehicle and the miles traveled by the vehicle in this State for each day of the calendar month. Such owner shall also maintain records of fuel consumed by each such motor vehicle and fuel purchases therefor. On or before the 10th day of July the owner shall certify to the Secretary of State upon forms prescribed therefor, summaries of his daily records which shall show the miles traveled by the vehicle in this State during the preceding 12 months and such other information as the Secretary of State may require. The daily record and fuel records shall be filed, preserved and available for audit for a period of 3 years. Any owner filing a return hereunder shall certify that such return is a true, correct and complete return. Any person who willfully makes a false return hereunder is guilty of perjury and shall be punished in the same manner and to the same extent as is provided therefor.

At the time of filing his return, each owner shall pay to the Secretary of State the proper amount of tax at the rate herein imposed.

Every owner of a vehicle of the second division who elects to pay on a mileage weight tax basis and who operates the vehicle within this State, shall file with the Secretary of State a bond in the amount of \$500. The bond shall be in a form

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1 approved by the Secretary of State and with a surety company approved by the Illinois Department of Insurance to transact 2 business in this State as surety, and shall be conditioned upon 3 4 such applicant's paying to the State of Illinois all money 5 becoming due by reason of the operation of the second division 6 vehicle in this State, together with all penalties and interest 7 thereon.

Upon notice from the Secretary that the registrant has failed to pay the excess mileage fees, the surety shall immediately pay the fees together with any penalties and interest thereon in an amount not to exceed the limits of the bond.

(b) Beginning January 1, 2016, upon the request of the vehicle owner, a \$10 surcharge shall be collected in addition to the above fees for vehicles in the 12,000 lbs. and less mileage weight plate category as described in subsection (a) to be deposited into the Secretary of State Special License Plate Fund. The \$10 surcharge is to identify vehicles in the 12,000 lbs. and less mileage weight plate category as a covered farm vehicle. The \$10 surcharge is an annual flat fee that shall be based on an applicant's new or existing registration year for each vehicle in the 12,000 lbs. and less mileage weight plate category. A designation as a covered farm vehicle under this subsection (b) shall not alter a vehicle's registration as a registration in the 12,000 lbs. or less mileage weight category. The Secretary shall adopt any rules necessary to

- 1 implement this subsection (b).
- 2 (Source: P.A. 99-57, eff. 7-16-15; 99-642, eff. 7-28-16.)
- 3 (625 ILCS 5/3-819) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-819)
- 4 Sec. 3-819. Trailer; Flat weight tax.
- 5 (a) Farm Trailer. Any farm trailer drawn by a motor vehicle of the second division registered under paragraph (a) or (c) of 6 7 Section 3-815 and used exclusively by the owner for his own 8 agricultural, horticultural or livestock raising operations 9 and not used for hire, or any farm trailer utilized only in the 10 transportation for-hire of seasonal, fresh, perishable fruit or vegetables from farm to the point of first processing, and 11 any trailer used with a farm tractor that is not an implement 12 13 of husbandry may be registered under this paragraph in lieu of 14 registration under paragraph (b) of this Section upon the 15 filing of a proper application and the payment of the \$10 registration fee and the highway use tax herein for use of the 16 public highways of this State, at the following rates which 17 18 include the \$10 registration fee:

19 SCHEDULE OF FEES AND TAXES

20	Gross Weight in Lbs.	Class	Total Amount
21	Including Vehicle		each
22	and Maximum Load		Fiscal Year
23	10,000 lbs. or less	VDD	<u>\$160</u> \$60
24	10,001 to 14,000 lbs.	VDE	<u>206</u> 106
25	14,001 to 20,000 lbs.	VDG	<u> 266</u> 166

<u>1,602</u> 1,502

1	20,001 to 28,000 lbs. VDJ		<u>478</u> 378
2	28,001 to 36,000 lbs. VDL		<u>750</u> 650
3	An owner may only apply for and re	ceive two	farm trailer
4	registrations.		
5	(b) All other owners of trailers, o	ther than a	apportionable
6	trailers registered under Section 3-40	2.1 of thi	s Code, used
7	with a motor vehicle on the public high	nways, shal	ll pay to the
8	Secretary of State for each registration	ion year a	flat weight
9	tax, for the use of the public highways	s of this S	State, at the
10	following rates (which includes the re	egistratio	n fee of \$10
11	required by Section 3-813):		
12	SCHEDULE OF TRAILER H	FLAT	
13	WEIGHT TAX REQUIRE	D	
14	BY LAW		
15	Gross Weight in Lbs.		Total Fees
16	Including Vehicle and		each
17	Maximum Load	Class	Fiscal Year
18	3,000 lbs. and less	TA	<u>\$118</u>
19	5,000 lbs. and more than 3,000	TB	<u>154</u> 54
20	8,000 lbs. and more than 5,000	TC	<u>158</u> 58
21	10,000 lbs. and more than 8,000	TD	<u>206</u> 106
22	14,000 lbs. and more than 10,000	TE	<u>270</u> 170
23	20,000 lbs. and more than 14,000	TG	<u>358</u> 258
24	32,000 lbs. and more than 20,000	TK	<u>822</u> 722
25	36,000 lbs. and more than 32,000	TL	<u>1,182</u> 1,082

26 40,000 lbs. and more than 36,000 TN

1	Of the fees collected under this subsection, \$1 of the fees
2	shall be deposited into the Secretary of State Special Services
3	Fund and \$99 of the additional fees shall be deposited into the
4	Road Fund.
5	(c) The number of axles necessary to carry the maximum load
6	provided shall be determined from Chapter 15 of this Code.
7	(Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09.)
8	(625 ILCS 5/3-821) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 3-821)
9	Sec. 3-821. Miscellaneous registration and title fees.
10	(a) Except as provided under subsection (h), the fee to be
11	paid to the Secretary of State for the following certificates,
12	registrations or evidences of proper registration, or for
13	corrected or duplicate documents shall be in accordance with
14	the following schedule:
15	Certificate of Title, except for an all-terrain
16	vehicle or off-highway motorcycle, prior to July 1,
17	<u>2019</u> \$95
18	Certificate of Title, except for an all-terrain
19	vehicle, off-highway motorcycle, or motor home, mini
20	motor home or van camper, on and after July 1, 2019 \$150
21	Certificate of Title for a motor home, mini motor
22	home, or van camper, on and after July 1,2019 \$250
23	Certificate of Title for an all-terrain vehicle
24	or off-highway motorcycle \$30
25	Certificate of Title for an all-terrain vehicle

1	or off-highway motorcycle used for production	
2	agriculture, or accepted by a dealer in trade	13
3	Certificate of Title for a low-speed vehicle	30
4	Transfer of Registration or any evidence of	
5	proper registration	\$25
6	Duplicate Registration Card for plates or other	
7	evidence of proper registration	3
8	Duplicate Registration Sticker or Stickers, each	20
9	Duplicate Certificate of Title, prior to July 1,	
10	2019	95
11	Duplicate Certificate of Title, on and after July	
12	<u>1, 2019</u>	\$50
13	Corrected Registration Card or Card for other	
14	evidence of proper registration	3
15	Corrected Certificate of Title	95
16	Salvage Certificate, prior to July 1, 2019	4
17	Salvage Certificate, on and after July 1, 2019	<u>\$20</u>
18	Fleet Reciprocity Permit	15
19	Prorate Decal	1
20	Prorate Backing Plate	3
21	Special Corrected Certificate of Title	15
22	Expedited Title Service (to be charged in addition	
23	to other applicable fees)	30
24	Dealer Lien Release Certificate of Title	20
25	Junking Certificate, on and after July 1, 2019	\$10
26	A special corrected certificate of title shall be	issued

- 1 (i) to remove a co-owner's name due to the death of the
- co-owner, to transfer title to a spouse if the decedent-spouse 2
- 3 was the sole owner on the title, or due to a divorce; (ii) to
- 4 change a co-owner's name due to a marriage; or (iii) due to a
- 5 name change under Article XXI of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- There shall be no fee paid for a Junking Certificate prior 6
- 7 to July 1, 2019.
- There shall be no fee paid for a certificate of title 8
- 9 issued to a county when the vehicle is forfeited to the county
- 10 under Article 36 of the Criminal Code of 2012.
- 11 (a-5) The Secretary of State may revoke a certificate of
- title and registration card and issue a corrected certificate 12
- 13 of title and registration card, at no fee to the vehicle owner
- 14 lienholder, if there is proof that the
- 15 identification number is erroneously shown on the original
- 16 certificate of title.
- (a-10) The Secretary of State may issue, in connection with 17
- the sale of a motor vehicle, a corrected title to a motor 18
- vehicle dealer upon application and submittal of a lien release 19
- 20 letter from the lienholder listed in the files of the
- 2.1 Secretary. In the case of a title issued by another state, the
- 22 dealer must submit proof from the state that issued the last
- title. The corrected title, which shall be known as a dealer 23
- 24 lien release certificate of title, shall be issued in the name
- 25 of the vehicle owner without the named lienholder. If the motor
- 26 vehicle is currently titled in a state other than Illinois, the

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1 applicant must submit either (i) a letter from the current 2 lienholder releasing the lien and stating that the lienholder has possession of the title; or (ii) a letter from the current 3 4 lienholder releasing the lien and a copy of the records of the 5 department of motor vehicles for the state in which the vehicle 6 is titled, showing that the vehicle is titled in the name of the applicant and that no liens are recorded other than the 7 lien for which a release has been submitted. The fee for the 8 9 dealer lien release certificate of title is \$20.

- (b) The Secretary may prescribe the maximum service charge to be imposed upon an applicant for renewal of a registration by any person authorized by law to receive and remit or transmit to the Secretary such renewal application and fees therewith.
- (c) If payment is delivered to the Office of the Secretary of State as payment of any fee or tax under this Code, and such payment is not honored for any reason, the registrant or other person tendering the payment remains liable for the payment of such fee or tax. The Secretary of State may assess a service charge of \$25 in addition to the fee or tax due and owing for all dishonored payments.

If the total amount then due and owing exceeds the sum of \$100 and has not been paid in full within 60 days from the date the dishonored payment was first delivered to the Secretary of State, the Secretary of State shall assess a penalty of 25% of such amount remaining unpaid.

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All amounts payable under this Section shall be computed to the nearest dollar. Out of each fee collected for dishonored payments, \$5 shall be deposited in the Secretary of State Special Services Fund.

- (d) The minimum fee and tax to be paid by any applicant for apportionment of a fleet of vehicles under this Code shall be \$15 if the application was filed on or before the date specified by the Secretary together with fees and taxes due. If an application and the fees or taxes due are filed after the date specified by the Secretary, the Secretary may prescribe the payment of interest at the rate of 1/2 of 1% per month or fraction thereof after such due date and a minimum of \$8.
- (e) Trucks, truck tractors, truck tractors with loads, and 13 14 motor buses, any one of which having a combined total weight in 15 excess of 12,000 lbs. shall file an application for a Fleet 16 Reciprocity Permit issued by the Secretary of State. This permit shall be in the possession of any driver operating a 17 vehicle on Illinois highways. Any foreign licensed vehicle of 18 19 the second division operating at any time in Illinois without a 20 Fleet Reciprocity Permit other proper Illinois or 2.1 registration, shall subject the operator to the penalties provided in Section 3-834 of this Code. For the purposes of 22 23 this Code, "Fleet Reciprocity Permit" means any second division 24 motor vehicle with a foreign license and used only in 25 interstate transportation of goods. The fee for such permit 26 shall be \$15 per fleet which shall include all vehicles of the

fleet being registered.

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- 2 (f) For purposes of this Section, "all-terrain vehicle or 3 off-highway motorcycle used for production agriculture" means 4 any all-terrain vehicle or off-highway motorcycle used in the 5 raising of or the propagation of livestock, crops for sale for 6 human consumption, crops for livestock consumption, production seed stock grown for the propagation of feed grains 7 and the husbandry of animals or for the purpose of providing a 8 9 food product, including the husbandry of blood stock as a main source of providing a food product. "All-terrain vehicle or 10 11 off-highway motorcycle used in production agriculture" also means any all-terrain vehicle or off-highway motorcycle used in 12 13 animal husbandry, floriculture, aquaculture, horticulture, and 14 viticulture.
- 15 (g) All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by 16 Public Act 96-34 shall be deposited into the Capital Projects 17 Fund.
- (h) The fee for a duplicate registration sticker or stickers shall be the amount required under subsection (a) or the vehicle's annual registration fee amount, whichever is less.
- 22 <u>(i) All of the proceeds of the additional fees imposed by</u>
 23 <u>this amendatory Act of the 101st General Assembly shall be</u>
 24 <u>deposited into the Road Fund.</u>
- 25 (Source: P.A. 99-260, eff. 1-1-16; 99-607, eff. 7-22-16;
- 26 100-956, eff. 1-1-19.)

- Section 15-50. The State Finance Act is amended by adding 1
- Sections 5.891, 5.893, and 5.894 as follows: 2
- 3 (30 ILCS 105/5.891 new)
- Sec. 5.891. The Transportation Renewal Fund. 4
- 5 (30 ILCS 105/5.893 new)
- 6 Sec. 5.893. The Regional Transportation Authority Capital
- 7 Improvement Fund.
- (30 ILCS 105/5.894 new) 8
- 9 Sec. 5.894. The Downstate Mass Transportation Capital
- 10 Improvement Fund.
- 11 ARTICLE 20. ILLINOIS VEHICLE CODE; VIOLATIONS
- Section 20-5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 12
- changing Section 11-208.3 as follows: 13
- (625 ILCS 5/11-208.3) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-208.3) 14
- Sec. 11-208.3. Administrative adjudication of violations 15
- 16 of traffic regulations concerning the standing, parking, or
- 17 condition of vehicles, automated traffic law violations, and
- 18 automated speed enforcement system violations.
- 19 (a) Any municipality or county may provide by ordinance for

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a system of administrative adjudication of vehicular standing and parking violations and vehicle compliance violations as described in this subsection, automated traffic law violations as defined in Section 11-208.6, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1, and automated speed enforcement system violations as defined in Section 11-208.8. The administrative system shall have as its purpose the fair and efficient enforcement of municipal or county regulations through the administrative adjudication of automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violations and violations of municipal or county ordinances regulating the standing and parking of vehicles, the condition and use of vehicle equipment, and the display of municipal or county wheel tax licenses within the municipality's or county's borders. The administrative system shall only have authority to adjudicate civil offenses carrying fines not in excess of \$500 or requiring the completion of a traffic education program, or both, that occur after the effective date of the ordinance adopting such a system under this Section. For purposes of this Section, "compliance violation" means a violation of municipal or county regulation governing the condition or use of equipment on a vehicle or governing the display of a municipal or county wheel tax license.

- (b) Any ordinance establishing a system of administrative adjudication under this Section shall provide for:
- 25 (1) A traffic compliance administrator authorized to 26 adopt, distribute and process parking, compliance, and

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automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violation notices and other notices required by this Section, collect money paid as fines and penalties for violation of parking and compliance ordinances automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violations, and operate an administrative adjudication system. The traffic compliance administrator also may make a certified report to the Secretary of State under Section 6 - 306.5.

(2) A parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation notice that shall specify or include the date, time, and place of violation of a parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law regulation; the particular regulation violated; any requirement to complete a traffic education program; the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment failure to complete a required traffic education program, or both, when so provided by ordinance; the vehicle make or a photograph of the vehicle; the and state registration number of the vehicle; and the identification number of the person issuing the notice. With regard to automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violations, vehicle make shall be specified on the automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violation notice if the notice does not include a

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photograph of the vehicle and the make is available and readily discernible. With regard to municipalities or counties with a population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number or vehicle make specified is incorrect. The violation notice shall state that the completion of any required traffic education program, the payment of any indicated fine, and the payment of any applicable penalty for late payment or failure to complete a required traffic education program, or both, shall operate as a final disposition of the violation. The notice also shall contain information as to the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits. The violation notice shall specify the time and manner in which a hearing may be had.

(3) Service of \underline{a} the parking, standing, or compliance violation notice by: (i) affixing the original or a facsimile of the notice to an unlawfully parked or standing vehicle; or (ii) by handing the notice to the operator of a vehicle if he or she is present; or (iii) mailing the notice to the address of the registered owner or lessee of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State or the lessor of the motor vehicle within 30 days after the Secretary of State or the lessor of the motor vehicle notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the owner or lessee of the vehicle, but not later than 90 days

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after date of the violation, except that in the case of a lessee of a motor vehicle, service of a parking, standing, or compliance violation notice may occur no later than 210 days after the violation; and service of an automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violation notice by mail to the address of the registered owner or lessee of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State or the lessor of the motor vehicle within 30 days after the Secretary of State or the lessor of the motor vehicle notifies the municipality or county of the identity of the owner or lessee of the vehicle, but not later than 90 days after the violation, except that in the case of a lessee of a motor vehicle, service of an automated traffic law violation notice may occur no later than 210 days after the violation. A person authorized by ordinance to issue and serve parking, standing, and compliance violation notices shall certify as to the correctness of the facts entered on the violation notice by signing his or her name to the notice at the time of service or in the case of a notice produced by a computerized device, by signing a single certificate to be kept by the traffic compliance administrator attesting to the correctness of all notices produced by the device while it was under his or her control. In the case of an automated traffic law violation, the ordinance shall require a determination by a technician employed or contracted by the municipality or county that,

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based on inspection of recorded images, the motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11-208.6, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1 or a local ordinance. If technician determines that the vehicle entered the intersection as part of a funeral procession or in order to yield the right-of-way to an emergency vehicle, a citation shall not be issued. In municipalities with a population of less than 1,000,000 inhabitants and counties with a population of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, automated traffic law ordinance shall require that all determinations by a technician that a motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11-208.6, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1 or a local ordinance must be reviewed and approved by a law enforcement officer or retired law enforcement officer of the municipality or county issuing the violation. In municipalities with a population of 1,000,000 or more inhabitants and counties with population of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, the automated traffic law ordinance shall require that all determinations by a technician that a motor vehicle was being operated in violation of Section 11-208.6, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1 or a local ordinance must be reviewed and approved by a law enforcement officer or retired law enforcement officer of the municipality or county issuing the violation or by an additional fully-trained reviewing technician who is not employed by the contractor who

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employs the technician who made the initial determination. In the case of an automated speed enforcement system violation, the ordinance shall require a determination by a technician employed by the municipality, based upon an inspection of recorded video images, or documentation, including documentation of the speed limit and automated speed enforcement signage, and documentation of the inspection, calibration, and certification of the speed equipment, that the vehicle was being operated in violation of Article VI of Chapter 11 of this Code or a similar local ordinance. If the technician determines that the vehicle speed was not determined by a calibrated, certified speed equipment device based upon the speed equipment documentation, or if the vehicle was an emergency vehicle, a citation may not be issued. The automated speed ordinance shall enforcement require that all determinations by a technician that a violation occurred be reviewed and approved by a law enforcement officer or retired law enforcement officer of the municipality issuing the violation or by an additional fully trained reviewing technician who is not employed by the contractor technician employs the who made the initial determination. Routine and independent calibration of the speeds produced by automated speed enforcement systems and equipment shall be conducted annually by a qualified technician. Speeds produced by automated an

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enforcement system shall be compared with speeds produced by lidar or other independent equipment. Radar or lidar equipment shall undergo an internal validation test no less frequently than once each week. Qualified technicians shall test loop based equipment no less frequently than once a year. Radar equipment shall be checked for accuracy by a qualified technician when the unit is serviced, when unusual or suspect readings persist, or when deemed necessary by a reviewing technician. Radar equipment shall be checked with the internal frequency generator and the internal circuit test whenever the radar is turned on. Technicians must be alert for any unusual or suspect readings, and if unusual or suspect readings of a radar unit persist, that unit shall immediately be removed from service and not returned to service until it has been checked by a qualified technician and determined to be functioning properly. Documentation of the calibration results, including the equipment tested, test date, technician performing the test, and test results, shall be maintained and available for use in determination of an automated speed enforcement system violation and issuance of a citation. The technician performing the calibration and testing of the automated speed enforcement equipment shall be trained and certified in the use of equipment for speed enforcement purposes. Training on the speed enforcement equipment may be

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conducted by law enforcement, civilian, or manufacturer's personnel and if applicable may be equivalent to the equipment use and operations training included in the Speed Measuring Device Operator Program developed National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA). The vendor or technician who performs the work shall keep accurate records on each piece of equipment the technician calibrates and tests. As used in this paragraph, "fully-trained reviewing technician" means a person who has received at least 40 hours of supervised training in image inspection and which shall include subjects interpretation, the elements necessary to prove violation, license plate identification, and traffic safety and management. In all municipalities and counties, the automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law ordinance shall require that no additional fee shall be charged to the alleged violator for exercising his or her right to an administrative hearing, and persons shall be given at least 25 days following an administrative hearing to pay any civil penalty imposed by a finding that Section 11-208.6, 11-208.8, 11-208.9, or 11-1201.1 or a similar local ordinance has been violated. The original or a facsimile of the violation notice or, in the case of a notice produced by a computerized device, a printed record generated by the device showing the facts entered on the notice, shall be retained by the traffic compliance

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administrator, and shall be a record kept in the ordinary course of business. A parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation notice issued, signed and served accordance with this Section, a copy of the notice, or the computer generated record shall be prima facie correct and shall be prima facie evidence of the correctness of the facts shown on the notice. The notice, copy, or computer generated record shall be admissible in any subsequent administrative or legal proceedings.

(4) An opportunity for a hearing for the registered owner of the vehicle cited in the parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, automated traffic law violation notice in which the owner may contest the merits of the alleged violation, and during which formal or technical rules of evidence shall not apply; provided, however, that under Section 11-1306 of this Code the lessee of a vehicle cited in the violation notice likewise shall be provided an opportunity for a hearing of the same kind afforded the registered owner. The hearings shall be recorded, and the person conducting the hearing on behalf of the traffic compliance administrator shall be empowered to administer oaths and to secure by subpoena both the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of relevant books and papers. Persons appearing at a hearing under this Section may

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represented by counsel at their expense. The ordinance may also provide for internal administrative review following the decision of the hearing officer.

- (5) Service of additional notices, sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address of the registered owner of the cited vehicle as recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database, or, under Section 11-1306 or subsection (p) of Section 11-208.6 or 11-208.9, or subsection (p) of Section 11-208.8 of this Code, to the lessee of the cited vehicle at the last address known to the lessor of the cited vehicle at the time of lease or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database. The service shall be deemed complete as of the date of deposit in the United States mail. The notices shall be in the following sequence and shall include but not be limited to the information specified herein:
 - (i) A second notice of parking, standing, or compliance violation if the first notice of the violation was issued by affixing the original or a facsimile of the notice to the unlawfully parked vehicle or by handing the notice to the operator. This notice shall specify or include the date and location

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of the violation cited in the parking, standing, or compliance violation notice, the particular regulation violated, the vehicle make or a photograph of the vehicle, the and state registration number of the vehicle, any requirement to complete a traffic education program, the fine and any penalty that may be assessed for late payment or failure to complete a traffic education program, or both, when so provided by ordinance, the availability of a hearing in which the violation may be contested on its merits, and the time and manner in which the hearing may be had. The notice of violation shall also state that failure to complete a required traffic education program, to pay the indicated fine and any applicable penalty, or to appear at a hearing on the merits in the time and manner specified, will result in a final determination of violation liability for the cited violation in the amount of the fine or penalty indicated, and that, upon the occurrence of a final determination of violation liability for the failure, and the exhaustion of, or failure to exhaust, available administrative or judicial procedures for review, any incomplete traffic education program or any unpaid fine or penalty, or both, will constitute a debt due and owing the municipality or county.

(ii) A notice of final determination of parking,

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standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation liability. This notice shall be sent following a final determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation liability and the conclusion of judicial review procedures taken under this Section. The notice shall state that the incomplete traffic education program or the unpaid fine or penalty, or both, is a debt due and owing the municipality or county. The notice shall contain warnings that failure to complete any required traffic education program or to pay any fine or penalty due and owing the municipality or county, or both, within the time specified may result in the municipality's or county's filing of a petition in the Circuit Court to have the incomplete traffic education program or unpaid fine or penalty, or both, rendered a judgment as provided by this Section, or may result in suspension of the person's drivers license for failure to complete a traffic education program or to pay fines or penalties, or both, for 10 or more parking violations under Section 6-306.5, or a combination of 5 or more automated traffic law violations under Section 11-208.6 or 11-208.9 or automated speed enforcement system violations under Section 11-208.8.

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(6) A notice of impending drivers license suspension. This notice shall be sent to the person liable for failure to complete a required traffic education program or to pay any fine or penalty that remains due and owing, or both, on 10 or more parking violations or combination of 5 or more unpaid automated speed enforcement system or automated traffic law violations. The notice shall state that failure to complete a required traffic education program or to pay the fine or penalty owing, or both, within 45 days of the notice's date will result in the municipality or county notifying the Secretary of State that the person is eligible for initiation of suspension proceedings under Section 6-306.5 of this Code. The notice shall also state that the person may obtain a photostatic copy of an original ticket imposing a fine or penalty by sending a self addressed, stamped envelope to the municipality or county along with a request for the photostatic copy. The notice of impending drivers license suspension shall be sent by first class United States mail, postage prepaid, to the address recorded with the Secretary of State or, if any notice to that address is returned as undeliverable, to the last known address recorded in a United States Post Office approved database.

(7) Final determinations of violation liability. A final determination of violation liability shall occur following failure to complete the required traffic

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education program or to pay the fine or penalty, or both, after a hearing officer's determination of violation liability and the exhaustion of or failure to exhaust any administrative review procedures provided by ordinance. Where a person fails to appear at a hearing to contest the alleged violation in the time and manner specified in a prior mailed notice, the hearing officer's determination of violation liability shall become final: (A) upon denial of a timely petition to set aside that determination, or (B) upon expiration of the period for filing the petition without a filing having been made.

(8) A petition to set aside a determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation liability that may be filed by a person owing an unpaid fine or penalty. A petition to set aside a determination of liability may also be filed by a person required to complete a traffic education program. The petition shall be filed with and ruled upon by the traffic compliance administrator in the manner and within the time specified by ordinance. The grounds for the petition may be limited to: (A) the person not having been the owner or lessee of the cited vehicle on the date the violation notice was issued, (B) the person having already completed the required traffic education program or paid the fine or penalty, or both, for the violation in question, and (C) excusable failure to appear

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at or request a new date for a hearing. With regard to municipalities or counties with a population of 1 million or more, it shall be grounds for dismissal of a parking violation if the state registration number, or vehicle make, only if specified in the violation notice, is incorrect. After the determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, automated traffic law violation liability has been set aside upon a showing of just cause, the registered owner shall be provided with a hearing on the merits for that violation.

- (9) Procedures for non-residents. Procedures by which persons who are not residents of the municipality or county may contest the merits of the alleged violation without attending a hearing.
- (10) A schedule of civil fines for violations of vehicular standing, parking, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law regulations enacted by ordinance pursuant to this Section, and a schedule of penalties for late payment of the fines or failure to complete required traffic education programs, provided, however, that the total amount of the fine and penalty for any one violation shall not exceed \$250, except as provided in subsection (c) of Section 11-1301.3 of this Code.
 - (11) Other provisions as are necessary and proper to

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1 carry into effect the powers granted and purposes stated in this Section.

- (c) Any municipality or county establishing vehicular standing, parking, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law regulations under this Section may also provide by ordinance for a program of vehicle immobilization for the purpose of facilitating enforcement of those regulations. The program of vehicle immobilization shall provide for immobilizing any eligible vehicle upon the public way by presence of a restraint in a manner to prevent operation of the vehicle. Any ordinance establishing a program of vehicle immobilization under this Section shall provide:
 - (1) Criteria for the designation of vehicles eligible immobilization. A vehicle shall be eliqible for immobilization when the registered owner of the vehicle has accumulated the number of incomplete traffic education parking, programs or unpaid final determinations of standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation liability, or both, as determined by ordinance.
 - (2) A notice of impending vehicle immobilization and a right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the notice by disproving liability for the incomplete traffic education programs or unpaid final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation liability, or

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both, listed on the notice.

- (3) The right to a prompt hearing after a vehicle has been immobilized or subsequently towed without the completion of the required traffic education program or payment of the outstanding fines and penalties on parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violations, or both, for which final determinations have been issued. An order issued after the hearing is a final administrative decision within the meaning of Section 3-101 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (4) A post immobilization and post-towing notice advising the registered owner of the vehicle of the right to a hearing to challenge the validity of the impoundment.
- (d) Judicial review of final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violations and final administrative decisions issued after hearings regarding immobilization and impoundment made under this Section shall be subject to the provisions of the Administrative Review Law.
- Any fine, penalty, incomplete traffic education program, or part of any fine or any penalty remaining unpaid after the exhaustion of, or the failure to administrative remedies created under this Section and the conclusion of any judicial review procedures shall be a debt due and owing the municipality or county and, as such, may be

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collected in accordance with applicable law. Completion of any required traffic education program and payment in full of any fine or penalty resulting from a standing, parking, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation shall constitute a final disposition of that violation.

(f) After the expiration of the period within which judicial review may be sought for a final determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation, the municipality or county may commence a proceeding in the Circuit Court for purposes of obtaining a judgment on the final determination of violation. Nothing in this Section shall prevent a municipality or county from consolidating multiple final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violations against a person in a proceeding. Upon commencement of the action, the municipality or county shall file a certified copy or record of the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation, which shall be accompanied by a certification that recites facts sufficient to show that the final determination of violation was issued in accordance with this Section and the applicable municipal or county ordinance. Service of summons and a copy of the petition may be by any method provided by Section 2-203 of the Code of Civil Procedure or by

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certified mail, return receipt requested, provided that the total amount of fines and penalties for final determinations of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violations does not exceed \$2500. If the court is satisfied that the final determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation was entered in accordance with the requirements of this Section and the applicable municipal or county ordinance, and that registered owner or the lessee, as the case may be, had an opportunity for an administrative hearing and for judicial review as provided in this Section, the court shall render judgment in favor of the municipality or county and against the registered owner or the lessee for the amount indicated in the determination of parking, standing, compliance, automated speed enforcement system, or automated traffic law violation, plus costs. The judgment shall have the same effect and may be enforced in the same manner as other judgments for the recovery of money.

The fee for participating in a traffic education program under this Section shall not exceed \$25.

A low-income individual required to complete a traffic education program under this Section who provides proof of eligibility for the federal earned income tax credit under Section 32 of the Internal Revenue Code or the Illinois earned income tax credit under Section 212 of the Illinois Income Tax

- 1 Act shall not be required to pay any fee for participating in a
- 2 required traffic education program.
- (Source: P.A. 97-29, eff. 1-1-12; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-672, 3
- 4 eff. 7-1-12; 98-556, eff. 1-1-14; 98-1028, eff. 8-22-14.)
- 5 ARTICLE 25. COUNTY MOTOR FUEL TAX
- 6 Section 25-5. The Counties Code is amended by changing
- 7 Section 5-1035.1 as follows:
- 8 (55 ILCS 5/5-1035.1) (from Ch. 34, par. 5-1035.1)
- Sec. 5-1035.1. County Motor Fuel Tax Law. 9
- 10 (a) The county board of the counties of DuPage, Kane, Lake,
- 11 Will, and McHenry may, by an ordinance or resolution adopted by
- 12 an affirmative vote of a majority of the members elected or
- 13 appointed to the county board, impose a tax upon all persons
- engaged in the county in the business of selling motor fuel, as 14
- now or hereafter defined in the Motor Fuel Tax Law, at retail 15
- for the operation of motor vehicles upon public highways or for 16
- 17 the operation of recreational watercraft upon waterways. Kane
- 18 County may exempt diesel fuel from the tax imposed pursuant to
- 19 this Section. The initial tax rate may not be less than be
- 20 imposed, in half-cent increments, at a rate not exceeding 4
- 21 cents per gallon of motor fuel sold at retail within the county
- 2.2 for the purpose of use or consumption and not for the purpose
- 23 of resale and may not exceed 8 cents per gallon of motor fuel

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1 sold at retail within the county for the purpose of use or consumption and not for the purpose of resale. The proceeds 2 3 from the tax shall be used by the county solely for the purpose 4 of operating, constructing and improving public highways and 5 waterways, and acquiring real property and right-of-ways for 6 public highways and waterways within the county imposing the 7 tax.

(a-5) By June 1, 2020, and by June 1 of each year thereafter, the Department of Revenue shall determine an annual rate increase to take effect on July 1 of that calendar year and continue through June 30 of the next calendar year. Not later than June 1 of each year, the Department of Revenue shall publish on its website the rate that will take effect on July 1 of that calendar year. The rate shall be equal to the product of the rate in effect multiplied by the transportation fee index factor determined under Section 2e of the Motor Fuel Tax Law. The rate shall be rounded to the nearest one-tenth of a one cent. Each new rate may not exceed the rate in effect on June 30 of the previous year plus one cent.

(b) A tax imposed pursuant to this Section, and all civil penalties that may be assessed as an incident thereof, shall be administered, collected and enforced by the Department of Revenue in the same manner as the tax imposed under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, as now or hereafter amended, insofar as may be practicable; except that in the event of a conflict with the provisions of this Section, this

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1 Section shall control. The Department of Revenue shall have full power: to administer and enforce this Section; to collect 2 3 all taxes and penalties due hereunder; to dispose of taxes and 4 penalties so collected in the manner hereinafter provided; and 5 to determine all rights to credit memoranda arising on account of the erroneous payment of tax or penalty hereunder. 6

(c) Whenever the Department determines that a refund shall be made under this Section to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to the person named, in the notification from the Department. The refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the County Option Motor Fuel Tax Fund.

(d) The Department shall forthwith pay over to the State Treasurer, ex-officio, as trustee, all taxes and penalties collected hereunder, which shall be deposited into the County Option Motor Fuel Tax Fund, a special fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created. On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the Department shall prepare and certify to the State Comptroller the disbursement of stated sums of money to named counties for which taxpayers have paid taxes or penalties hereunder to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to each county shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected hereunder from retailers within the county during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, but not including

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an amount equal to the amount of refunds made during the second preceding calendar month by the Department on behalf of the county; less 2% of the balance, which sum shall be retained by the State Treasurer to cover the costs incurred by the Department in administering and enforcing the provisions of this Section. The Department, at the time of each monthly disbursement to the counties, shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the amount so retained by the State Treasurer, which shall be transferred into the Tax Compliance and Administration Fund.

(e) A county may direct, by ordinance, that all or a portion of the taxes and penalties collected under the County Option Motor Fuel Tax shall be deposited into the Transportation Development Partnership Trust Fund.

(f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to authorize a county to impose a tax upon the privilege of engaging in any business which under the Constitution of the United States may not be made the subject of taxation by this State.

(q) An ordinance or resolution imposing a tax hereunder or effecting a change in the rate thereof shall be effective on the first day of the second calendar month next following the month in which the ordinance or resolution is adopted and a certified copy thereof is filed with the Department of Revenue, whereupon the Department of Revenue shall proceed to administer and enforce this Section on behalf of the county as of the effective date of the ordinance or resolution. Upon a change in

- rate of a tax levied hereunder, or upon the discontinuance of 1
- the tax, the county board of the county shall, on or not later 2
- than 5 days after the effective date of the ordinance or 3
- 4 resolution discontinuing the tax or effecting a change in rate,
- 5 transmit to the Department of Revenue a certified copy of the
- 6 resolution effecting the ordinance or change
- 7 discontinuance.
- 8 (h) This Section shall be known and may be cited as the
- 9 County Motor Fuel Tax Law.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 98-1049, eff. 8-25-14.)
- ARTICLE 30. SUPPLEMENTAL TRANSPORTATION FUNDING 11
- 12 Section 30-5. The Department of Transportation Law of the
- 13 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding
- Section 2705-615 as follows: 14
- 15 (20 ILCS 2705/2705-615 new)
- 16 2705-615. Supplemental funding; Illinois
- 17 Transportation Enhancement Program.
- 18 (a) In addition to any other funding that may be provided
- 19 to the Illinois Transportation Enhancement Program from
- federal, State, or other sources, including, but not limited 20
- to, the Transportation Alternatives Set-Aside of the Surface 21
- 2.2 Transportation Block Grant Program, the Department shall set
- 23 aside \$50,000,000 received by the Department from the Road Fund

1	for the projects in the following categories: pedestrian and
2	bicycle facilities and the conversion of abandoned railroad
3	corridors to trails.
4	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), funds set aside
5	under subsection (a) shall be administered according to the
6	requirements of the current Guidelines Manual published by the
7	Department for the Illinois Transportation Enhancement
8	Program, including, but not limited to, decision-making by the
9	Department and the applicable Metropolitan Planning
10	Organization and proportional fund distribution according to
11	population size.
12	(c) For projects funded under this Section:
13	(1) local matching funding shall be required according
14	to a sliding scale based on community size, median income,
15	and total property tax base;
16	(2) Phase I Studies and Phase I Engineering Reports are
17	not required to be completed before application is made;
18	<u>and</u>
19	(3) at least 25% of funding shall be directed towards
20	projects in high-need communities, based on community
21	median income and total property tax base.
22	(d) The Department shall adopt rules necessary to implement
23	this Section.
24	(e) The Department shall adhere to a 2-year funding cycle
25	for the Illinois Transportation Enhancement Program with calls

for projects at least every other year.

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- (f) The Department shall make all funded and unfunded the 1
- Illinois Transportation Enhancement Program applications 2
- publicly available upon completion of each funding cycle, 3
- 4 including how each application scored on the program criteria.
- 5 ARTICLE 99. EFFECTIVE DATE
- 6 Section 999. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 7 becoming law.".